### **Question Paper**

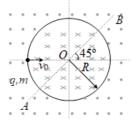
# Physics Multiple Correct (Maximum Marks: 32)

### Question No. 1

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

A particle having mass 0.5kg and charge 0.2C is projected with a speed  $V_0 = 10\,$  m/s from the periphery of a circle of radius R = 5m towards the centre as shown in the figure such that region inside the circle carries a uniform magnetic field of strength  $B_0 = 5T\,$  into the plane and in the outside region has a uniform magnetic field of the same strength coming out of the plane then, (Assume the center O to be the origin of the coordinate axis)



- A. the motion of the charged particle is periodic
- B. the particle crosses line AB after nearly 5.1 s of its start from the periphery
- C. the force on the charged particle due to uniform magnetic field is  $20\ N$
- D. the co-ordinates of the center of the circle at t = 2s is (5, 5)

### Question No. 2

## One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Two radioactive material  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  have decay constants of  $10\lambda_0$  and  $\lambda_0$ . If initially they have same number of nuclei, the ratio of number of their undecayed nuclei will be (1/e) after a time

A. 
$$\frac{1}{\lambda_0}$$
B.  $\frac{1}{\Omega^2}$ 

C. 
$$\frac{1}{10\lambda_0}$$

#### Question No. 3

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

An object of mass m is at rest in equilibrium at the origin. At t = 0 a force  $\vec{F}(t)$  is applied which has the components

$$F_X(y) = K_1 + K_2 y$$

$$F_v(t) = K_3 t$$

Where  $K_1, K_2, K_3$  are constants. Then

- A. X-component of its velocity at any time  $\hat{a} \in \hat{a} \in V_X = \frac{K_1 t}{m} + \frac{K_2 K_3}{24m^2} t^4$
- B. X-component of acceleration at any time t is  $(\frac{K_1}{m} + \frac{K_2K_3}{6m^2}t^3)$
- C. Y-coordinate of object at any time  $\hat{a} \in \hat{t} \hat{a} \in \mathbb{T}^{M}$  is  $\frac{K_3 t^2}{3m}$
- D. none of these

# Question No. 4

### One or More Options Correct Type

Consider a hypothetical hydrogen like atom in which electrostatic potential between electron and nucleus is given by  $V = \frac{k}{r^3}$  where k is a constant. If n be the principle quantum number of the orbit, v = speed of the electron, v = radius of the orbit of electron. Assuming Bohr's theory valid for this atom,

A. 
$$v \propto \frac{1}{n}$$
  
B.  $v \propto n^{-3}$   
C.  $r \propto \frac{1}{n^2}$   
D.  $r \propto n^0$ 

### Question No. 5

# **One or More Options Correct Type**

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

A monatomic gas undergoes a thermodynamic process such that  $T \propto V^{-\frac{2}{7}}$  (T = temperature and V = volume of the gas) As heat is supplied to the gas, mark incorrect options

- A. rms velocity of gas molecules increases
- B. rms velocity of gas molecules decreases
- C. work done on the gas is positive
- D. density of the gas increases

#### Question No. 6

#### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

In a screw gauge, there are 100 divisions in circular scale and each main scale division is of 1 mm. When there is no gap between the jaws, 97th divisions coincides with the main scale zero and zero of main scale is not visible. While measuring the diameter of a ball, the circular scale is between 3 mm mark and 4 mm mark such that the 76th division of circular scale coincides with the reference line. Select the incorrect alternative

- A. the least count of the micrometer is 0.01 cm
- B. the zero error is -0.04 mm
- C. the diameter of the ball is 3.79 cm
- D. the main scale reading is 4 mm

### Question No. 7

# **One or More Options Correct Type**

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

The equation of standing wave in a string of mass 100 g length 1m and fixed at both ends is given by  $y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} \sin \frac{\pi x}{10} \cos \frac{\pi t}{5}$ , which of the following is/are correct? (x and y are in cm and t in sec)

- A. number of nodes is 10
- B. tension in the string is  $4 \times 10^5 N$
- C. two points having amplitudes 0.1 cm each are separated by 5 cm
- D. potential energy of antinode is zero

# Question No. 8

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

If the two slits of double slit experiment were moved symmetrically apart with small relative velocity v and the distance between screen and mid point of slits is fixed and equal to D. Consider a point P on the screen at a distance x from central maxima then -

Rate of change of number of fringes between central maxima and point P changes with respect to time

- A. is  $\frac{xv}{2D}$
- B. number of fringes contained between central maxima and point P increases with time
- C. fringe width decreases as time passes
- D. fringe width increases as time passes

# Physics Numerical (Maximum Marks: 24)

Question No. 1

### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

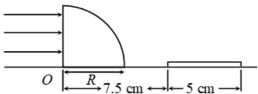
The light of radiation 300 nm falls on a photocell operating in the saturation mode. The spectral sensitivity is 4.8 mA/Watt. The yield of photoelectrons (i.e. number of electrons produced per photon) is K, Find 100K and roundoff to nearest integer.

Question No. 2

### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

A glass ( $\mu$  = 2) prism is in the shape of a quarter cylinder of length L and radius R = 5 cm , lying on a horizontal table. A uniform horizontal light beam fall on its vertical plane surfaces, as shown in figure. If a plane paper of width 5 cm and length L is placed at a distance 7.5 cm from O, then the fraction of light (in percentage) falling on the prism that will fall come out of prism is \_\_\_\_\_

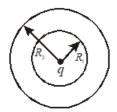


Question No. 3

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

The region between two concentric spheres of radii  $R_1$  and  $R_2(R_1 < R_2)$  has volume charge density  $\rho = b/r$ , where b is constant and r is the radial distance. A point charge  $q = 16\mu\text{C}$  is placed at the origin, r = 0. Find the value of b (in SI units) for which the electric field in the region between spheres is constant. (take  $R_2 = 2R_1 = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}}$  mm)



Question No. 4

#### **Numerical Type**

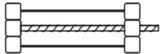
The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

The minimum colatitude which can directly receive a signal from a geostationary satellite can be written as  $\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{\alpha})$  find  $\alpha = ?$  (closest integer)

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

A steel bolt of cross-sectional area  $A_b = 5 \times 10^{-5} \ m^2$  is passed through a cylindrical tube made of aluminium. Cross-sectional area of the tube material is  $\underline{A}_t = 10^{-4}$  m<sup>2</sup> and its length is  $\ell = 50$  cm . The bolt is just taut so that there is no stress in the bolt. And temperature of the assembly is increases through  $\Delta\theta = 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Given, coefficient of linear thermal expansion of steel,  $\alpha_b = 10^{-5/^{\circ}\text{C}}$ .



Young's modulus of steel  $Y_b = 2 \times 10^{11}~N-m^{-2}~$ . Young's modulus of Al,  $Y_t = 10^{11}~N-m^{-2}~$ , coefficient of linear thermal expansion of Al is  $\alpha_t = 2 \times 10^{-5} \, / ^{\circ} C \;\;$  . The compressive strain in tube is \_\_\_\_\_×10^{-5} \;.

# Question No. 6

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

A particle is projected upwards with a velocity of 100 m/sec at an angle of 60° with the vertical. Find the time when the particle will move perpendicular to its initial direction, taking  $g = 10 \text{ m/sec}^2$ .

# Physics Paragraph Type (Maximum Marks: 12)

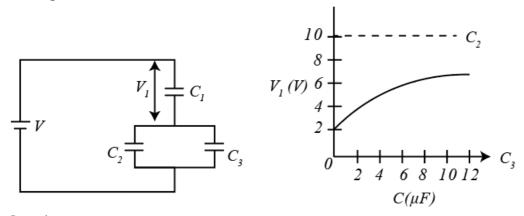
**Question No. 1** 

### **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

Capacitor  $C_3$  in the circuit is a variable capacitor (its capacitance can be varied). Graph is plotted between potential difference  $V_1$  (across capacitor  $C_1$ ) versus  $C_3$ . Electric potential  $V_1$  approaches on asymtote of 10 V as  $C_3 \rightarrow \infty$ .



### Question

The electric potential V across the battery is equal to:

- A. 10 V
- в. 12 V
- c. 16 V
- p. 20 V

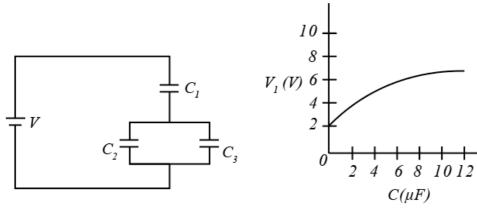
# Question No. 2

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

Capacitor  $C_3$  in the circuit is a variable capacitor (its capacitance can be varied). Graph is plotted between potential difference  $V_1$  (across capacitor  $C_1$ ) versus  $C_3$ . Electric potential  $V_1$  approaches on asymtote of 10 V as  $C_3 \to \infty$ .



# Question

 $C_1/C_2$  has value:

- A. 4
- в. 1/4
- c. 2
- D. 1/2

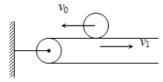
Question No. 3

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

A sphere of radius r and mass m has a linear velocity  $v_0$ , directed to the left and no angular velocity as it is placed on a belt at t=0. The belt is moving to the right with a constant velocity  $v_1$ . If after sliding on the belt the sphere has no linear velocity of its centre of mass with respect to ground as it starts pure rolling on the belt without sliding at  $t=t_1$ , and coefficient of friction between the belt and the sphere is  $\mu_k$ .



### Question

The required value of  $v_0$ 

- A.  $\frac{3}{5} v_1$
- B.  $\frac{3}{5}v_1$
- C. V<sub>1</sub>
- D.  $\frac{7}{5} v_1$

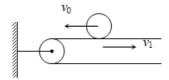
Question No. 4

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

A sphere of radius r and mass m has a linear velocity  $v_0$ , directed to the left and no angular velocity as it is placed on a belt at t = 0. The belt is moving to the right with a constant velocity  $v_1$ . If after sliding on the belt the sphere has no linear velocity of its centre of mass with respect to ground as it starts pure rolling on the belt without sliding at  $t = t_1$ , and coefficient of friction between the belt and the sphere is  $\mu_k$ .



# Question

The distance moved by sphere relative to belt in time  $t_1$ 

- A.  $\frac{2}{25} \frac{v_1^2}{\mu g}$ B.  $\frac{9}{50} \frac{v_1^2}{\mu g}$ C.  $\frac{12}{25} \frac{v_1^2}{\mu g}$ D.  $\frac{8v_1^2}{25\mu g}$

Chemistry Multiple Correct (Maximum Marks: 32)

Question No. 1

### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

The major product formed in the following reaction is

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & CHCl_3 \\
 & EtONa
\end{array}$$

Question No. 2

# **One or More Options Correct Type**

Acid-catalysed reaction of D-glucose with benzaldehyde produces the 4,6-O-benzylidene derivative. Reduction with NaBH4, followed by excess HIO4 cleavage and acid hydrolysis yields a  $C_4H_8O_4$  tetrose and benzaldehyde. What is the configuration of this tetrose?

A. 2 S, 3 S

B. 2R, 3S

c. 2R, 3R

D. 2 S, 3R

### Question No. 3

# **One or More Options Correct Type**

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Zinc oxide is normally white but turns yellow on heating and becomes white again on cooling, because of (select incorrect option)

- A. d-d transition spectra as well as a crystal defect
- B. the two-dimensional network structure of ZnO
- C. its high transition temperature  $(T_c)$
- D. various types of lattice defects because of which the oxygen ion is lost during heating

#### Question No. 4

# **One or More Options Correct Type**

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Match the following:

vater the following.			
	Column-I		Column- II
(a)	$t_{1/2} \propto a^{-1}$ (a = initial concentration of reactants)	(p)	$E_f < E_b(E_f \text{ and } E_b \text{ are activation}$ energies of forward and backward reaction )
(b)	Rate constant (k) has unit = $Lmol^{-1} s^{-1}$	(p)	Order of reaction is 0.
(c)	Equilibrium constant (K) has infinitely large value.	(r)	Order of reaction is 2.
(d)	$t_{1/2}$ decreases linearly with time	(s)	$[A] = \frac{[A]_0}{1+kt[A]_0}$ $[A]_0 = \text{initial concentration,}$ $[A] = \text{instantaneous concentration,}$ $k = \text{rate constant.}$

A. 
$$\frac{a}{r,s}$$
  $\frac{b}{r,s}$   $\frac{c}{p}$   $\frac{d}{q}$ 

B. 
$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} a & b & c & d \\ \hline r,s & r & q & p \end{array}$$

$$C. \begin{array}{c|cccc} a & b & c & d \\ \hline r & rs & q & p \end{array}$$

# Question No. 5

# One or More Options Correct Type

Among the following which reactions are possible

A. 
$$F_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow HF + O_2$$
  
B.  $Cl_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow HCl + HClO$   
C.  $Br_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow HBr + HBrO$   
D.  $I_2 + H_2O \longrightarrow Hl + HIO$ 

#### Question No. 6

#### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

SRP of Ag|AgCl electrode is 0.2 V and that of a Ag electrode is 0.79 V. The max. amount of AgCl that can dissolve in 10<sup>6</sup> L of a 0.1MAgNO<sub>3</sub> solution is

- A. 0.5 mmol
- B. 1.0 mmol
- c. 2.0 mmol
- D. 2.5 mmol

#### Question No. 7

#### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Which of the given statements is true for the following reaction?  $[Cu(H_2O)_4]^{2^+} + 4NH_3 \rightleftharpoons [Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2^+} + 4H_2O$ 

$$[Cu(H_2O)_4]^{2+} + 4NH_3 \rightleftharpoons [Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+} + 4H_2O$$

- A. It is a ligand-substitution reaction.
- B. NH<sub>3</sub> is a relatively strong-field ligand while H<sub>2</sub>O is a weak-field ligand.
- C. During the reaction, there is a change in colour from light blue to dark blue.
- D.  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$  has a tetrahedral structure, and is paramagnetic.

### Question No. 8

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

How many of the following are arranged in the increasing order of the property indicated against them?

- A. CH<sub>3</sub>OH < CH<sub>3</sub>COOH CH<sub>3</sub>OH<sub>2</sub> : Acidic character B. CH<sub>3</sub>COONa < PhONa < EtONa : Basic character
- $c.: CBr_2 <: CCl_2 <: CF_2 : Stability$
- D. MeSH < MeOH < EtOH < PhOH : Boiling point

Chemistry Numerical (Maximum Marks: 24)

### Question No. 1

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

$$H_3C$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

No. of transition states in the above conversion = X

No. of intermediates which are more stable than the intermediate formed in the third step during course of reaction = y

Report your answer as (X + Y + 1)/2 = 3

### Question No. 2

### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

Calculate the number of moles of AgI, which may be dissolved in 1.0 L of 1.0 M CN $^-$  solution.  $K_{SP}$  for AgI and  $K_C$  for Ag(CN) $_2^-$  are  $1.2 \times 10^{-17}$  M $^2$  and  $7.1 \times 10^{19}$  M $^{-2}$  respectively (roundoff to one decimal place).

#### Question No. 3

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

# Consider the Equilibrium:

$$NH_2COONH_4(s) \rightleftharpoons N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) + CO(g) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g)$$

The value of  $K_p$  (in suitable atm units) is  $3^x 2^y$  and the total pressure at equilibrium is 11 atm. What is the value of x + y?

#### Question No. 4

### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

A long cylindrical glass tube, equipped with a porous disc at the centre, contain methane gas at 5.0 atmosphere on one side and He gas at 2.0 atmosphere on the other side of the disc as shown in the diagram below:

Disc is permeable to both gases and rate of diffusion is directly proportional to the gas pressure and inversely proportional to square root of molar masses as:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
CH_4 & He \\
5.0 \text{ atm.} & 2.0 \text{ atm.}
\end{array}$$

 $-\frac{dp}{dt} = k \frac{P}{\sqrt{M}}$  where, k is a constant.

If k for the diffusion of methane gas is  $2.5 \times 10^{-2}$  second  $^{-1}$ , determine time after which pressure of methane chamber will drop to 4.0 atmospheres (nearest integer).

### Question No. 5

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

A galvanic cell consist of a Zn electrode in a  $0.1 \mathrm{MZn}^{2^+}$  solution and a second half-cell with a Pt electrode in  $0.1 \mathrm{M}$  solution of HIO<sub>3</sub>. Calculate the cell potential if  $K_a$  of HIO<sub>3</sub> is 0.20. [Given :

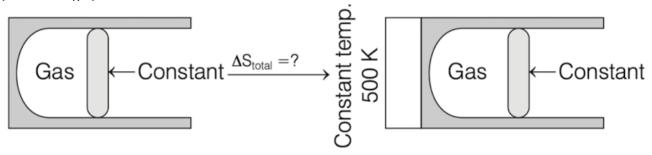
$$E^{\circ}(Zn^{2+}/Zn) = -0.76 \text{ V}$$

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

3 moles of an ideal gas  $(C_V, m = \frac{3}{2}R)$  are initially in an insulated piston - fitted cylinder at a constant

pressure. The volume of the gas is initially 40~L. The cylinder is then placed in contact with a constant temperature bath at 500~K. Bringing the bath in contact with the cylinder causes 6.236~kJ of heat to transfer into the cylinder and causes the gas to expand. The value of  $\Delta S$  total for this process is \_\_\_\_\_ in Joules (nearest integer)



Chemistry Paragraph Type (Maximum Marks: 12)

Question No. 1

#### **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

A solid organic ' P' of formula  $C_{15}H_{15}ON$ , was found to be insoluble in water, dil. HCl or dil. NaOH in cold. After prolonged heating of ' A' with aqueous NaOH, a liquid ' R' was found to be floating on the surface of alkaline mixture. ' R' did not solidified on cooling to room temperature. It was steam distilled and separated. Also, acidification of alkaline mixture with hydrochloric acid caused precipitation of a white solid ' S' ( $C_8H_8O_2$ ). Some additional informations are as follows:

$$R \xrightarrow{NaNO_2} \xrightarrow{\beta-naphthol} Highly coloured solid$$

$$R \xrightarrow{Br_2} C_7H_6NBr_3$$

Son treatment with  $Br_2/FeBr_3$  in  $CCl_4$  produced a single isomer  $C_8H_7O_2Br$  while heating 'S' with soda lime gave toluene.

# Question

The most likely structural formula of 'P' is

A. 
$$CH_3$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 

C. 
$$CH_3$$
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_3$ 
 $CH_4$ 
 $CH_5$ 
 $CH_5$ 

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

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$$R \xrightarrow{\text{NaNO}_2} \xrightarrow{\text{B-naphthol}} \text{Highly coloured solid}$$

$$R \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_2} \text{H}_2\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{NBr}_3}$$

Son treatment with  $Br_2/FeBr_3$  in  $CCl_4$  produced a single isomer  $C_8H_7O_2Br$  while heating 'S' with soda lime gave toluene.

# Question

It S is treated with SOCl<sub>2</sub> followed by addition of benzene and some AlCl<sub>3</sub> would produce

#### **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

### Paragraph

Athletes sometimes disturb the buffering of their blood through a process called hyperventilation. In the excitement and anxiety of a contest, they breathe more rapidly and deeply they need to. When hyperventilation occurs, a person expels more  $CO_2$  than necessary, upsetting the carbonic acid equilibrium. According to Le-Chatelier's principle (LCP) as the  $CO_2$  is exhaled, more  $H_2CO_3$  decomposes to replace the  $CO_2$  in the reaction

 $H_2CO_3 \rightleftharpoons H_2O + CO_2$ 

As  $H_2CO_3$  is used, the equilibrium between carbonic acid and hydrogen carbonate gets disturbed and  $HCO_3$  gets consumed in replacing the  $H_2CO_3$ .

 $HCO_3^- + H_3O^+ \rightleftharpoons H_2CO_3 + H_2O;$ 

Eventually, the  $HCO_3^-$  concentration drops to the point at which it is insufficient to maintain the blood pH at a safe level. As  $HCO_3^-$  also consumes  $H_3O^+$ , the blood pH is raised (becomes more basic). Once response of the body to this condition is achieved, there is constriction of the cerebral blood vessels. As the blood flow to the brain is reduced, the individual becomes dizzy and can lapse into unconsciousness. At that point the body's reflex mechanism usually restore normal breathing and the blood pH returns to normal.

# Question

To maintain a pH of 7.4 for blood at normal condition, which is 2M in  $H_2CO_3$  (at equilibrium), what volume of 5M NaHCO  $_3$  solution is required to mix with 10 mL of blood? [Given that pK  $_a$  for  $H_2CO_3$  in blood is 6.002 and log 2 = 0.3010 ]

- A. 100 mL
- в. 150 mL
- c. 50 mL
- D. 25 mL

**Question No. 4** 

### **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

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### Question

The administration of a medicine containing  $H_2PO_4^-$  in significant amount will

- A. increase the exhaling of  $CO_2$
- B. decrease the exhaling of CO<sub>2</sub>
- C. doesn't affect the liberation of  $CO_2$
- D. none of these

Mathematics Multiple Correct (Maximum Marks: 32)

Question No. 1

#### One or More Options Correct Type

Let  $f: R \to R, g: R \to R$  be two continuous function satisfying equation  $f(x) + f(x+1) = x + \{x\}; g(x) + g(2-x) = 2$ , then

A. 
$$\int_{-1}^{1} f(x+1)dx = 2$$
  
B.  $\int_{-1}^{1} f(x+1)dx = 1$   
C.  $\int_{1/2}^{3/2} g(g(x))dx = 2$   
D.  $\int_{1/2}^{3/2} g(g(x))dx = 1$ 

#### Question No. 2

### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

x + y = 2 and x - y = 2 are tangents on a parabola at (1, 1) and (4, 2) respectively. Which of the followings is/are correct.

- A. Equation of directrix is x + 3y = 2
- B. Equation of axis is 3x y = 5
- C. Focus of the parabola is at  $(\frac{8}{5}, \frac{6}{5})$
- D. Vertex of the parabola is at  $(\frac{33}{20}, \frac{13}{20})$

### Question No. 3

### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

If  $\alpha = \tan^{-1}(1) + \frac{1}{2}\tan^{-1}(2) + \frac{1}{3}\tan^{-1}(3)$ ,  $\beta = \tan^{-1}(1) + 2\tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}) + 3\tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{3})$  and  $|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{p\pi}{q} + \frac{r}{s}\cot^{-1}(3)$ , where  $p, q, r, s \in N$  and are in their lowest form, then which of the following is/are INCORRECT?

A. 
$$p - r = 0$$
  
B.  $q = 4s$   
C.  $p + q + r + s = 42$   
D.  $pr = 1 + q$ 

# Question No. 4

### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

The equations of four circles are  $(x \pm a)^2 + (y \pm a)^2 = a^2$ . The radius of a circle touching all the four circles is

A. 
$$(\sqrt{2} - 1)a$$
  
B.  $2\sqrt{2}a$   
C.  $(\sqrt{2} + 1)a$   
D.  $(2 + \sqrt{2})a$ 

# Question No. 5

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

If  $f(x) = \{b^2 + (a-1)b + 2\}x - \int (\sin^2 x + \cos^4 x) dx$  be an increasing function of  $x \in R$  and  $b \in R$ , then a can take value(s)

В. 1

C. 2

D. 4

Question No. 6

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Let *T* be the triangle with vertices (0,0),  $(0,c^2)$  and  $(c,c^2)$  and let *R* be the region between y=cx and  $y = x^2$ , where c > 0, then

A. Area(R) = 
$$\frac{c^3}{6}$$

B. Area (*R*) = 
$$\frac{c^3}{3}$$

$$C. \lim_{c \to 0^+} \frac{Area(T)}{Area(R)} = 3$$

A. Area(
$$R$$
) =  $\frac{c^3}{6}$   
B. Area ( $R$ ) =  $\frac{c^3}{3}$   
C.  $\lim_{c \to 0^+} \frac{\text{Area}(T)}{\text{Area}(R)} = 3$   
D.  $\lim_{c \to 0^+} \frac{\text{Area}(T)}{\text{Area}(R)} = \frac{3}{2}$ 

Question No. 7

# One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

The projection of line 3x - y + 2z - 1 = 0 = x + 2y - z - 2 on the plane 3x + 2y + z = 0

A. 
$$\frac{x+1}{11} = \frac{y-1}{-9} = \frac{z-1}{-15}$$

B. 
$$\frac{x+12}{11} = \frac{y+8}{-9} = \frac{z+14}{15}$$

A. 
$$\frac{x+1}{11} = \frac{y-1}{-9} = \frac{z-1}{-15}$$
  
B.  $\frac{x+12}{11} = \frac{y+8}{-9} = \frac{z+14}{15}$   
C.  $3x - 8y + 7z + 4 = 0 = 3x + 2y + z$ 

D. 
$$3x - 8y + 7z + 4 = 0 = 3x + 2y + 2z$$

Question No. 8

### One or More Options Correct Type

The question has multiple options out of which ONE or MORE is/are correct.

Let matrix  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and A is 3 ordered square matrix such that AB = BA. If all entries of matrix

A are whole numbers whose sum is 6, then-

- A. If there are exactly 3 zero's in matrix A, then det(A) = 1
- B. If trace A = 6, then det(A) = 8
- C. A is always an invertible matrix
- D. there are 4 such matrices A.

Mathematics Numerical (Maximum Marks: 24)

Question No. 1

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

Let  $z \in C$  satisfies the equation  $\left| \frac{z+\bar{z}}{2 \operatorname{Re}(z)} \right| - |z| = \frac{2}{|\bar{z}|} - \left| \frac{z-\bar{z}}{\operatorname{Im}(z)} \right|$ . If locus of z is curve  $C_1$  or  $C_2(C_1)$  lies in  $C_2$ ) and chord AB of curve  $C_2$  touches  $C_1$  and from A and B two tangents are drawn to  $C_1$  which meet at C lying on  $C_2$  and if area of  $\triangle ABC = \sqrt{k}$  , then find the value of  $\left[\frac{k}{4}\right]$  .

[Note: [y] denotes greatest integer less than or equal to y.]

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

If the coordinates of the point where the line x-2y+z-1=0=x+2y-2z-5 intersects the plane x+y-2z=7 is  $(\alpha,\beta,\gamma)$ , then find the value of  $(|\alpha|+|\beta|+|\gamma|)$ .

#### Question No. 3

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

# Number of solution(s) of equation

$$x \in [0,\pi]$$

$$(\cos^5 x) + (\sin x)(\cos^4 x) - (\sin^4 x) + (\sin^3 x) + (\cos x)(\sin^2 x) - (\cos^2 x) = 0$$
 is

### Question No. 4

#### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

If 
$$\cos^{-1}(2-x^2) + \sin^{-1}(2-x^2) + \tan^{-1}x \ge \frac{2\pi}{3}$$
 have no solution if  $x < \alpha$  or  $x > \beta$  (for  $\alpha < \beta$ ), then  $\{\frac{1}{\max(\alpha)} + (\min(\beta))^2\} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

#### Question No. 5

### **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

If 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{ae^x - b\cos x + ce^{-x}}{x\sin x} = 2$$
 then the value of  $a + b + c =$ 

# Question No. 6

# **Numerical Type**

The answer has to be filled into the input box provided below.

The number of ordered triplets (a, b, c) such that L.C.M. (a, b) = 1000, L.C.M. (b, c) = 2000 and L.C.M. (c, a) = 2000 is k, then  $\frac{k}{10}$  is

# Mathematics Paragraph Type (Maximum Marks: 12)

#### Question No. 1

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

Let 
$$L_1:4x-3y+13=0$$
,  $L_2:4x-3y=37$ ,  $L_3:3x+4y=34$  are three lines in xy plane and  $L_4:(1+\lambda)x+(1-\lambda)y=24$  is a variable line. P(a, b) is centre of circle which touches lines  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$  and  $L_3$ .

## Question

On the basis of above information, answer the following questions:

Maximum value of a + b is-

- A. 13
- в. 15
- c. 17

### **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

Let  $L_1: 4x - 3y + 13 = 0$ ,  $L_2: 4x - 3y = 37$ ,  $L_3: 3x + 4y = 34$ are three lines in xy plane and  $L_4: (1+\lambda)x + (1-\lambda)y = 24$  is a variable line. P(a,b) is centre of circle which touches lines  $L_1, L_2$ and  $L_3$ .

# Question

If  $L_1$ ,  $L_2$ ,  $L_3$  and  $L_4$  form a quadrilateral, then the value of  $\lambda$  for which slope of line  $L_4$  takes least positive integral value is-

- A.  $\frac{4}{3}$  B. 2 C.  $\frac{7}{5}$
- D.  $\frac{5}{4}$

# Question No. 3

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

If 
$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n {}^n C_k x^{n-k} a^k$$
. Let  $k({}^{10}C_k)$ ,  $b_k = (10-k)({}^{10}C_k)$  and  $A_k = \begin{bmatrix} a_k & 0 \\ 0 & b_k \end{bmatrix}$ . If

$$A = \sum_{k=1}^{9} A_k = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} .$$

Find the sum of digits of trace of the matrix *A* 

- A. 5
- в. 14
- C. 8
- D. None of these

# Question No. 4

# **Only One Option Correct Type**

Each question has multiple options out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

# **Paragraph**

If 
$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n {}^nC_kx^{n-k}a^k$$
. Let  $k({}^{10}C_k)$ ,  $b_k = (10-k)({}^{10}C_k)$  and  $A_k = \begin{bmatrix} a_k & 0 \\ 0 & b_k \end{bmatrix}$ . If

$$A = \sum_{k=1}^{9} A_k = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} .$$

# Question

Which of the following is correct about ' *ab* '?

- A. ' *ab* ' has 4 prime factors
- B. Largest prime factor of 'ab' is a three digit prime number
- c. ' ab ' is a 5 digit number
- D. None of these