

Deberta Report

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2024-02-07

Project Summary: ACLED Data Automatic Labelling

Introduction

This document outlines the methodology and results of a project aimed at training a classifier for the automatic labelling of Armed Conflict Location & Event Data (ACLED) using hand-labelled observations.

Model Selection

- The model chosen for this task was **DeBERTa Base**.
- No experiments were conducted with other Language Models (LMs) or different sized versions of DeBERTa.

Dataset and Training

- The initial dataset comprised **4,405 observations**, which were split into training, validation, and test sets with **2,643**, **881**, and **881** observations respectively.
- The classifier was fine-tuned using the following hyperparameters:
 - Warm-up steps: **500**
 - Batch size: **8**
 - Weight decay: **0.01**
 - Learning rate: **1e-4** (to be confirmed by Maksim)
- The choice of batch size was influenced by cost constraints, allowing the training to run on a default Google Colab setup. Other parameters were selected based on default settings, and no hyperparameter tuning was conducted.

Performance Metrics

The classifier’s performance on the test set is summarized as follows:

Label	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
Cultural	87%	100%	93%
Economic	84%	89%	86%
Environmental	90%	91%	91%
Legal	93%	93%	93%
Political	99%	95%	97%
Social	88%	91%	89%
War (anti)	97%	97%	97%
War (pro)	99%	100%	99%

Overall Performance

- **Micro Average:**
 - Precision: 95%
 - Recall: 95%
 - F1 Score: 95%
- **Macro Average:**
 - Precision: 92%
 - Recall: 95%
 - F1 Score: 93%

Conclusion

The project demonstrates effective use of the DeBERTa Base model for the automatic classification of ACLED data, with significant precision and recall across a range of labels.