State Of Rajasthan vs Hitendra Kumar Bhatt on 1 August, 1997

Equivalent citations: AIR 1998 SUPREME COURT 91, 1997 (6) SCC 574, 1997 AIR SCW 4043, 1998 LAB. I. C. 378, 1997 (2) UJ (SC) 400, 1997 UJ(SC) 2 400, 1997 (5) SCALE 393, (1997) 7 JT 287 (SC), (1998) 1 SERVLJ 56, 1997 (7) JT 287, (1997) 3 LAB LN 70, (1997) 77 FACLR 240, (1997) 4 SCT 32, (1997) 3 ESC 1455, (1997) 2 CURLR 478, (1997) 5 SCALE 393, (1997) 5 SERVLR 236, (1997) 7 SUPREME 128, 1997 SCC (L&S) 1744, (1998) 1 RAJ LW 5, (1998) 2 LABLJ 59

Bench: Sujata V. Manohar, M. Jagannadha Rao

	PETITIONER: STATE OF RAJASTHAN
	Vs.
	RESPONDENT: HITENDRA KUMAR BHATT
	DATE OF JUDGMENT: 01/08/1997
	BENCH: SUJATA V. MANOHAR, M. JAGANNADHA RAO
	ACT:
	HEADNOTE:
	JUDGMENT:
THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1997 Present:	

Hon'ble Mrs.Justice Sujata V.Manohar Hon'ble mr.Justice M.Jagannadha Rao K.S.Bhati, M.K.Singh, Advs. for the appellant Rajendra Singhvi and A.K.Singh, Advs for the Respondent O R D E R The following Order of the Court was delivered:

ORDER Leave granted.

Heard both sides. In the Advertisement No.1 of 1992 which was issued on 9.6.92 it was stated that the application form must reach the office of the Zila Parishad,

1

Dungarpur latest by 5.00 p.m. on 29.6.92. The prescribed qualifications of B.S.T.C. or its equivalent, recognised by the State Government. The last paragraph of advertisement stated that no certificates/marks-sheet will be accepted after the receipt of application forms in the office.

The respondent did not possess the requisite technical qualification on 29.6.92 which was the last date for submitting application. He had appeared for the B.Ed. examination but the results were not declared on 29.6.97. The results were declared only on 6.8.92. The interviews for the advertised posts were held from 1st of September, 1992 onwards.

The respondent was not called for an interview since on the date of the receipt of his application, he did not possess any technical qualification. On 1.9.92 he filed a writ petition in the High Court of Rajasthan and obtained an interim order requiring the appellant to call him for an interview. Pursuant to this interim order, he was interviewed and thereafter, on the basis of the directions which the respondent obtained from the High Court, he was included in the list of selected candidates. He was appointed thereafter on a provisional basis subject to the outcome of this writ petition.

According tot he respondent he has now been confirmed.

The writ petition was dismissed by a Single Judge of the High Court by this order dated 17.7.95, holding that the cut-off date for ascertaining the eligibility of the respondent under the said advertisement was the last date prescribed for submission of the application i.e. 29.6.92. On 5.2.96 the services of the respondent were discontinued. The respondent filed an appeal before the Division Bench of the High Court which has been allowed. The present appeal is from the decision of the Division Bench.

Looking to the clear terms of the advertisement which we have referred to above, the respondent was not eligible for consideration. It is submitted by the respondent before us that since he has been continued and has now been confirmed we should not disturb his appointment. He has requested that his case should be considered sympathetically. The fact, however, remains that the appellants have taken the correct stand right from the beginning. The respondent's application was not considered and he was not called for an interview. It was on account of interim orders which were obtained by the respondent that he was given appointment and continued. He was aware that his appointment was subject to the outcome of his petition. One cannot, therefore, take too sympathetic a view of the situation in which the respondent find himself. A cut-off date by which all the requirements relating to qualifications have to be met, cannot be ignored in an individual case. There may be other persons who would have applied had they known that the date of acquiring qualifications was flexible. They may not have applied because they did not possesss

the requisite qualification on the prescribed date. Relaxing he prescribed requirements in the case of one individual may, therefore, cause injustice to others.

In the premises, the respondent was not eligible for consideration. We, therefore, allows the appeal, set aside the impugned order of the High Court and dismiss the writ petition filed by the respondent. There shall be no order as to costs.