ANTOINE GERMAIN

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Business address

Caster Building 213 3701 Locust Walk Philadelphia, PA 19104-6214, USA Personal information

Birth year: 1997 Citizenship : Belgian

Last update: October 22, 2025

RESEARCH FIELDS

Primary fields: public economics, labor economics, welfare economics Secondary fields: economic history, inequality measurement

REFERENCES

François Maniquet
UCLouvain
francois.maniquet@uclouvain.be

Emmanuel Saez
UC Berkeley
esaez@berkeley.edu

Ioana Marinescu University of Pennsylvania ioma@upenn.edu

CURRENT POSITION

Postdoctoral Fellow, University of Pennsylvania School of Social Policy and Practice July 2025 - ...

EDUCATION

UCLouvain, PhD in Economics and European Doctoral Program

Dec. 2020- June 2025
Thesis title: Redistributing Leisure and Consumption

Supervisor: François Maniquet

Jury: Jan Eeckhout, Malka Guillot, Rigas Oikonomou, Bruno Van der Linden

Bocconi University, MSc in Economics and Social sciences, 110/110 cum Laude 2018-2020

UCLouvain, MA in Economics, Grande distinction

2018-2020

UCLouvain, B. Sc. in Economics and Management, Grande distinction. Rank:1st/176 2015-2018

ACADEMIC VISITS

UNamur sponsored by Benoit Decerf

2024-2025

University of California, Berkeley sponsored by Emmanuel Saez

Fall 2023

London School of Economics sponsored by Camille Landais as EDP student

Spring 2023

Maastricht University, exchange student

Spring 2018

JOB MARKET PAPER

Working time reductions and monopsony power [Link]

This paper studies the consequences of working time reductions in general equilibrium. I use newly digitized datasets to evaluate one of the first-ever labor regulations in Belgium: a maximum 9-hour workday in coal mines in 1910. The reform substantially reduced firms' profits. On average, hourly wages and employment increased. However, these effects were size-dependent: hourly wages decreased in small firms, while all employment gains were concentrated in large firms. I argue that these results are inconsistent with three common assumptions: (i) workers choose hours, (ii) competitive wages, and (iii) jobs and hours enter multiplicatively in the production function. I rationalize these results in a directed search model where firms with heterogeneous TFP post vacancies, hours and wages internalizing workers' leisure preferences. Monopsony power leads to long hours. Either a firm reacts to the reform by increasing wages to substitute lost hours with new hires, or it cuts wages to restore markdowns. Which mechanism dominates depends on firm size, even holding monopsony power constant. Welfare analysis with sufficient statistics suggests that the 1910 reform redistributed from firms' profits to workers' welfare.

WORKING PAPERS

Basic income versus fairness: redistribution with inactive agents [Link]

Revisions requested at Journal of Public Economics (2nd round)

Some philosophers diverge on whether redistributive transfers to able-bodied inactives would be fair. This paper evaluates their claims. Labor markets feature multidimensional heterogeneity in leisure preferences, disutilities of participation, wages and home production. The social objective champions the ethics of equality of opportunity while upholding the Pareto principle. In the Mirrleesian second-best, it turns out that welfare analysis is reduced to a sufficient statistic. Its empirical application suggests that an inactivity benefit would not be welfare-improving in most high-income countries. Overall, the equity gains of introducing a basic income with respect to equality of opportunity are tenuous, whatever its efficiency costs.

Consumer welfare beyond GDP [Link]

This paper builds axiomatically a measure of consumer welfare in a general consumption space where agents may differ in their preferences, endowments and prices. The axioms reflect the ethics of equality of opportunity: unequal budgets create welfare-relevant inequalities but heterogeneous preferences do not. When combined with an appropriate cross-economy robustness condition, these axioms single out a consumer welfare measure. Like aggregate consumption in national accounts, this measure sums up individual expenditure functions. Unlike national accounts, these functions are evaluated at a common price vector for all individuals. I show that standard measures of cost of living, standards of living, and purchasing power parity can be modified to reflect welfare as equality of opportunity without additional data.

WORK IN PROGRESS

Top x%, income inequality and social welfare (with François Maniquet)

Labor market incompleteness and nonlinear taxes (with Albert-Jan Hummel)

Payroll tax incidence and monopsony power (with Ioana Marinescu)

FELLOWSHIPS, AWARDS AND GRANTS

Best Young Scholar Paper

2024

17th Meeting of the Society for Social Choice and Welfare for Basic income versus Fairness.

E.G. de Barsy Research Fellowship

2021-2025

National Fund for Scientific Research FRS-FNRS . Most competitive full doctoral grant.

Various travel grants: Fondation Chimay-Wartoise, FNRS, FWB, Stone Center UC Berkeley

Alumni Association of Economists, UCLouvain

2020

Prize for the Best Master Thesis in Economics

Fondo Sostegno Giovani

2019

Italian Ministry for Education, Universities and Research

Rotary Chimay-Couvin Rhetorical Contest

2015

Audience and Jury awards, Tournoi des idées

TALKS

2025	Tor Vergata , Université Laval, CEREC Seminar (Saint-Louis UCLouvain), THEMA
	(CY Paris-Cergy Université), 19th Belgian Day of Labor Economics (KU Leuven), Ap-
	plied micro lunch (UPenn Econ)
2024	EAYE Annual Meeting (PSE), EDP Jamboree 2024 (Pompeu Fabra), 23rd LAGV (Aix-
	Marseille), 17th Meeting of the SSCW (PSE), IIPF Congress (Prague VSE), EEA-ESEM
	Congress (Erasmus Rotterdam), EALE Conference (Bergen NHH), UNamur
2023	Public Economics Work-in-Progress (LSE), 1st WAP Conference (Bordeaux School of
	Economics), EDP Jamboree 2023 (Paris School of Economics), IIPF Congress (Utah
	State), Public Finance Seminar (UC Berkeley), IRLE Seminar (UC Berkeley, twice)
2022	17th Belgian Day of Labor Economics (Federal Planning Bureau, Brussels), PET Con-
	ference (Aix-Marseille), ECORES Summer School (KULeuven)

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Head Lecturer	Economics for Social Policy: (MA, ENG, UPenn): Fall 2025 Ethics and Social Choice (MRes - ENG, UCL): Fall 2024
Graduate TA	Adv. Micro. I - Decision theory & General Equilibrium (MRes - ENG, UCL): Fall 2020, Fall 2021, Fall 2022 Adv. Micro. II - Game theory & Mechanism Design (MRes - ENG, UCL): Spring 2021
	Adv. Macro. II - Heterogeneous agents & Dynamics (MRes - ENG, UCL) : Spring 2023, Spring 2024
Undergraduate TA	Economie politique (BA1- French, UCL) : Fall 2019, Fall 2020 Microéconomie (BA2 - French) : Fall 2020, Spring 2021
Guest lecturer	Top income taxes (BSc Public Economics- French, UCLouvain, May 2025) Le marché du travail en Belgique (High School, ISM Pesche, November 2024)
Tutoring	Statistiques en économie et gestion (BA1- French, UCL) : Spring 2017

OTHER RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Federal Planning Bureau, Intern	Brussels, 2019
Itinera Institute, Intern	Brussels, 2019

 $Macro\'{e}conomie$ (BA2- French, UCL) : Fall 2018

POLICY PAPERS

2024	Sommes-nous au plein emploi en Belgique? Regards Economiques Numéro 186.
2022	Inégalités d'inflation, prix de l'énergie et crise sanitaire (with J. Hindriks). Regards Economiques Numéro 169 .
2020	Chiffrage des programmes électoraux : une analyse post-mortem (with I. Lebrun et al.) Federal Planning Bureau Working Paper series, D/2020/7433/8. [French and Dutch]

MISCELLANEOUS

Refereeing	International Tax and Public Finance, EAYE Annual Meeting, Social Choice and Wel-
	fare $(\times 7)$, Review of Economics and Statistics
Services	Scientific member of UCLouvain administrative boards: Doctoral Commission Econ
	(2022-2025), LIDAM Bureau (2024-2025), CORE Board (2022-2025), ESL Bureau
	(2020-2021), CORSCI council (2021-2022). Organizer of PhD Seminar (2023-2025).
Languages	French (mother tongue), English (fluent), Italian (conversational), Dutch (passive)