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Research articles

Beyond R₀: heterogeneity in secondary infections and probabilistic epidemic forecasting

Laurent Hébert-Dufresne, Benjamin M. Althouse, Samuel V. Scarpino and Antoine Allard ⊡

WHO Statement regarding cluster of pneumonia cases in Wuhan, China

...and then January 2020 came along.

BRIEF REPORT

A Novel Coronavirus from Patients with Pneumonia in China, 2019

Na Zhu, Ph.D., Dingyu Zhang, M.D., Wenling Wang, Ph.D., Xingwang Li, M.D., Bo Yang, M.S., Jingdong Song, Ph.D., Xiang Zhao, Ph.D., Baoying Huang, Ph.D., Weifeng Shi, Ph.D., Roujian Lu, M.D., Peihua Niu, Ph.D., Faxian Zhan, Ph.D., Xuejun Ma, Ph.D., Dayan Wang, Ph.D., Wenbo Xu, M.D., Guizhen Wu, M.D., George F. Gao, D.Phil., and Wenjie Tan, M.D., Ph.D., for the China Novel Coronavirus Investigating and Research Team

Notes from the Field

A Novel Coronavirus Genome Identified in a Cluster of Pneumonia Cases — Wuhan, China 2019–2020

Wenjie Tan¹²⁴; Xiang Zhao'; Xuejun Ma'; Wenling Wang'; Peihua Niu'; Wenbo Xu'; George F. Gao'; Guizhen Wu¹²⁴

Outbreak of pneumonia of unknown etiology in Wuhan, China: The mystery and the miracle

Hongzhou Lu¹ | Charles W. Stratton² | Yi-Wei Tang³ o

Cause of Wuhan's mysterious pneumonia cases still unknown, Chinese officials say

By Helen Branswell Jan. 5, 2020



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Asia China India

China pneumonia outbreak: Mystery virus probed in Wuhan

Novel human virus? Pneumonia cases linked to seafood market in China stir concern

The health department of Wuhan initially reported 27 cases, but the tally stands at 59 as of 6 January

cbc.ca

Previously unknown virus may be causing pneumonia outbreak in China, WHO says I CBC News

Thomson Reuters - Posted: Jan 09, 2020 11:27 AM ET I Last Updated: January 9, 2020 ...and then January 2020 came along.

statnews.com

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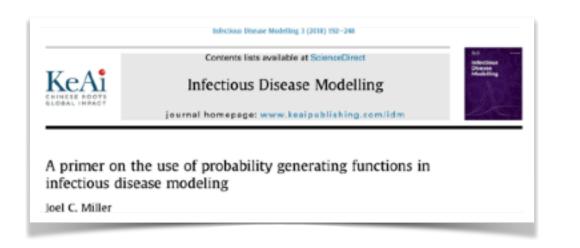
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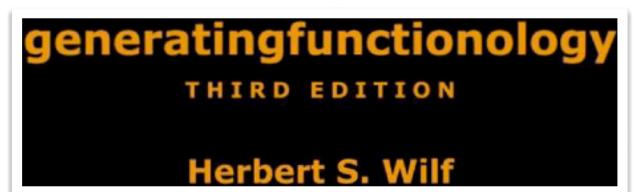
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Contact network epidemiology





Probability generating functions (PGFs)

- a PGF is a formal power series whose coefficients are a probability mass function $\{a_n\}_{n\geq 0}$

$$A(x) = \sum_{n\geq 0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + \dots$$

computing the moments

$$A(1) = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} a_n = 1 \; ; \qquad \langle n \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n \, a_n = \left. \frac{dA(x)}{dx} \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \sum_{n>0}^{\infty} n^p \, a_n = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \right|_{x=1} = A'(1) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p \rangle = \left. \left(x \frac{d}{dx} \right)^p A(x) \; ; \qquad \langle n^p$$

extracting the coefficients

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n!} \frac{d^n A(x)}{dx^n} \bigg|_{x=0} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} A(e^{i\theta}) e^{-in\theta} d\theta$$

sum of a fix/random number of variables drawn independently

$$B_2^{\text{fix}}(x) = \sum_{l \ge 0} b_l x^l = \sum_{l \ge 0} \sum_{n=0}^l a_n a_{l-n} x^l = \sum_{n \ge 0}^\infty a_n x^n \sum_{m \ge 0}^\infty a_m x^m = [A(x)]^2; \qquad B_p^{\text{fix}}(x) = [A(x)]^p; \qquad C^{\text{rand}}(x) = \sum_{n \ge 0}^\infty a_n [A(x)]^n = A(A(x))$$