

## Ch 5 1 ModelSelect

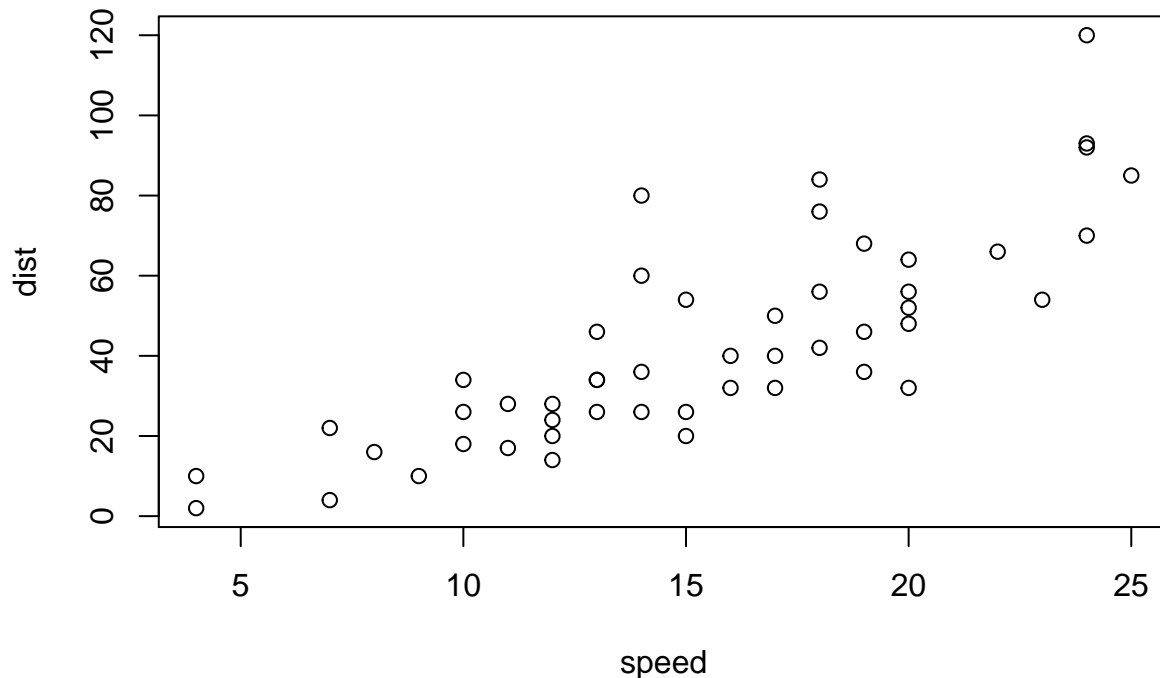
This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see <http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com>.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

```
summary(cars)
```

```
##      speed      dist
##  Min.   : 4.0    Min.   :  2.00
## 1st Qu.:12.0    1st Qu.: 26.00
## Median :15.0    Median : 36.00
## Mean   :15.4    Mean   : 42.98
## 3rd Qu.:19.0    3rd Qu.: 56.00
## Max.   :25.0    Max.   :120.00
```

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the `echo = FALSE` parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

```
library(ISLR)
summary(Hitters)
```

```
##      AtBat      Hits      HmRun      Runs
##  Min.   : 16.0    Min.   :  1    Min.   : 0.00    Min.   :  0.00
## 1st Qu.:255.2    1st Qu.: 64    1st Qu.: 4.00    1st Qu.: 30.25
## Median :379.5    Median : 96    Median : 8.00    Median : 48.00
```

```
## Mean :380.9 Mean :101 Mean :10.77 Mean : 50.91
## 3rd Qu.:512.0 3rd Qu.:137 3rd Qu.:16.00 3rd Qu.: 69.00
## Max. :687.0 Max. :238 Max. :40.00 Max. :130.00
##
## RBI Walks Years CAtBat
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.00 Min. : 1.000 Min. : 19.0
## 1st Qu.: 28.00 1st Qu.: 22.00 1st Qu.: 4.000 1st Qu.: 816.8
## Median : 44.00 Median : 35.00 Median : 6.000 Median : 1928.0
## Mean : 48.03 Mean : 38.74 Mean : 7.444 Mean : 2648.7
## 3rd Qu.: 64.75 3rd Qu.: 53.00 3rd Qu.:11.000 3rd Qu.: 3924.2
## Max. :121.00 Max. :105.00 Max. :24.000 Max. :14053.0
##
## CHits CHmRun CRuns CRBI
## Min. : 4.0 Min. : 0.00 Min. : 1.0 Min. : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 209.0 1st Qu.: 14.00 1st Qu.: 100.2 1st Qu.: 88.75
## Median : 508.0 Median : 37.50 Median : 247.0 Median : 220.50
## Mean : 717.6 Mean : 69.49 Mean : 358.8 Mean : 330.12
## 3rd Qu.:1059.2 3rd Qu.: 90.00 3rd Qu.: 526.2 3rd Qu.: 426.25
## Max. :4256.0 Max. :548.00 Max. :2165.0 Max. :1659.00
##
## CWalks League Division PutOuts Assists
## Min. : 0.00 A:175 E:157 Min. : 0.0 Min. : 0.0
## 1st Qu.: 67.25 N:147 W:165 1st Qu.: 109.2 1st Qu.: 7.0
## Median : 170.50 Median : 212.0 Median : 39.5
## Mean : 260.24 Mean : 288.9 Mean :106.9
## 3rd Qu.: 339.25 3rd Qu.: 325.0 3rd Qu.:166.0
## Max. :1566.00 Max. :1378.0 Max. :492.0
##
## Errors Salary NewLeague
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 67.5 A:176
## 1st Qu.: 3.00 1st Qu.: 190.0 N:146
## Median : 6.00 Median : 425.0
## Mean : 8.04 Mean : 535.9
## 3rd Qu.:11.00 3rd Qu.: 750.0
## Max. :32.00 Max. :2460.0
## NA's :59
```

There are missing values, before we proceed we will remove them:

```
with(Hitters, sum(is.na(Salary)))
```

```
## [1] 59
```

```
Hitters=na.omit(Hitters)
with(Hitters, sum(is.na(Salary)))
```

```
## [1] 0
```

## Best Subset regression

We will now use the package `leaps` to evaluate all the best-subset models.

```
library(leaps)
regfit.full = regsubsets(Salary~., data=Hitters)
summary(regfit.full)
```

```
## Subset selection object
## Call: regsubsets.formula(Salary ~ ., data = Hitters)
## 19 Variables (and intercept)
##           Forced in Forced out
## AtBat      FALSE      FALSE
## Hits       FALSE      FALSE
## HmRun       FALSE      FALSE
## Runs       FALSE      FALSE
## RBI        FALSE      FALSE
## Walks      FALSE      FALSE
## Years      FALSE      FALSE
## CAtBat     FALSE      FALSE
## CHits      FALSE      FALSE
## CHmRun     FALSE      FALSE
## CRuns      FALSE      FALSE
## CRBI       FALSE      FALSE
## CWalks     FALSE      FALSE
## LeagueN    FALSE      FALSE
## DivisionW  FALSE      FALSE
## PutOuts    FALSE      FALSE
## Assists    FALSE      FALSE
## Errors     FALSE      FALSE
## NewLeagueN FALSE      FALSE
## 1 subsets of each size up to 8
## Selection Algorithm: exhaustive
##           AtBat Hits HmRun Runs RBI Walks Years CAtBat CHits CHmRun CRuns
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " " " " " " "*" " " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " " "*" " " "*" "*" " "
## 8 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " " " " " " "*" " " " " "*" "*"
##           CRBI CWalks LeagueN DivisionW PutOuts Assists Errors NewLeagueN
## 1 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " " " " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " " " "*" " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " "*" "*" " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " "*" "*" " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) "*" " " " " "*" "*" " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " " "*" "*" " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " "*" "*" " " " " " "
```

By default, it gives the first 8 variables best-subset models. Let's do it again for all the variables:

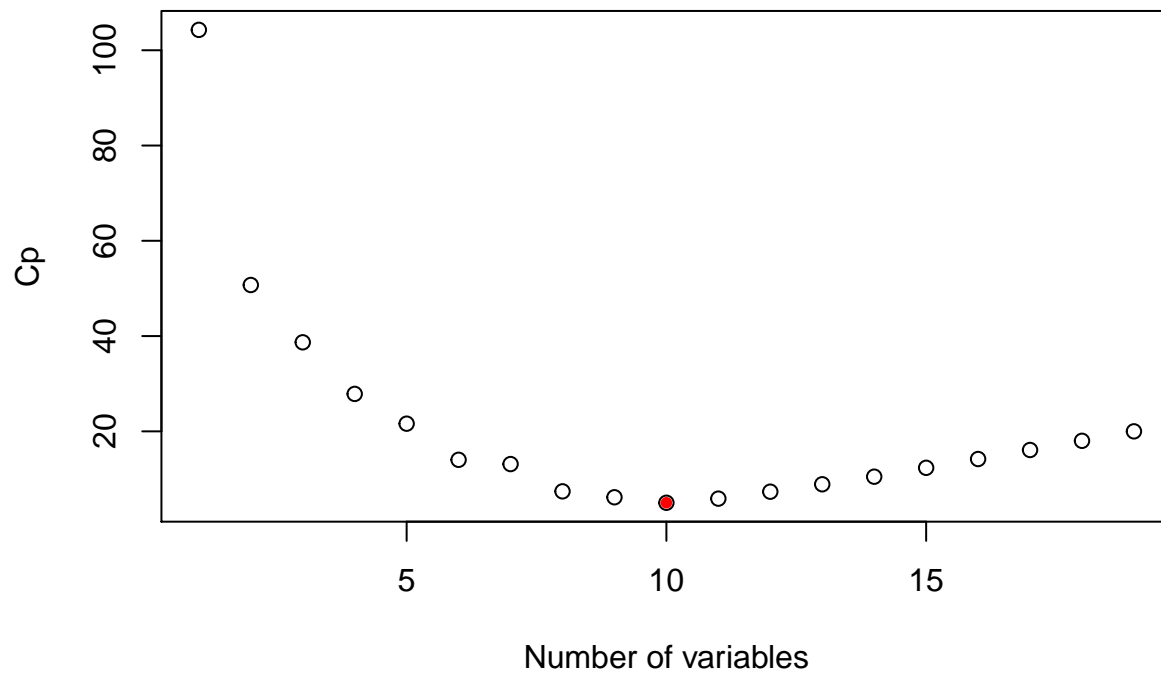
```
regfit.full = regsubsets(Salary~., data=Hitters, nvmax=19)
reg.summary = summary(regfit.full)
names(reg.summary)
```

```
## [1] "which" "rsq" "rss" "adjr2" "cp" "bic" "outmat" "obj"
```

```
plot(reg.summary$cp, xlab="Number of variables", ylab="Cp")
which.min(reg.summary$cp)
```

```
## [1] 10
```

```
points(10, reg.summary$cp[10], pch=20, col="red")
```



There is a method for the `regsubset` object:

```
plot(regfit.full, scale="Cp")
```

