## Math 230H, Extra Credit Problems

These are hard and interesting problems. It might improve your score, but should be used for fun. Only the first solution will be graded. The solutions should be presents orally before November 18

1. Given n vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \dots, \mathbf{v}_n$ , denote by A the sum n numbers  $\|\mathbf{v}_i\|^2$  and by B the sum of n(n-1)/2 numbers  $\|\mathbf{v}_i - \mathbf{v}_j\|^2$  for  $1 \le i < j \le n$ . Show that

$$nA \geqslant B$$
.

- 2. Two sets  $\Gamma$  and  $\Delta$  in the Euclidean space are called *equidistant* if the distance function from  $\Gamma$  is constant on  $\Delta$  and the distance function from  $\Delta$  is constant on  $\Gamma$ . (For example, two concentric circles in one plane are equidistant.)

  Describe all the pairs of equidistant circles in the Euclidean space.
- 3. Given two vectors  $\mathbf{x}_0$  and  $\mathbf{v}$ , describe geometrically the set of solutions of the vector equation

$$\mathbf{x} \times (\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{x}_0 \times (\mathbf{x}_0 \times \mathbf{v})$$

with unknown vector  $\mathbf{x}$ .

4. Given two vectors  ${\bf v}$  and  ${\bf w},$  describe geometrically the set of solutions of the vector equation

$$(\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{v}) \times (\mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{w}) = \mathbf{0}$$

with unknown vector  $\mathbf{x}$ .