Extra credit problems

Math 485

- 0. Find a mistake or misprint in "Extra pearls". (The score depends on the type of mistake.)
- 1. Assume d_1, \ldots, d_p is a sequence of integers in a nonincreasing order. Show that it is multigraphic if and only if $d_p \geq 0$, the sum $d_1 + \cdots + d_p$ is even and

$$d_1 \le d_2 + \dots + d_p.$$

(A sequence of integers d_1, \ldots, d_p is called *multigraphic* if it appears as a sequence of degrees of a multigraph.)

2. Assume that a sequence d_1, \ldots, d_p is graphic, $d_i \geq 1$ for each i and

$$d_1 + \dots + d_p \ge 2 \cdot (p-1).$$

Show that there is a *connected* graph G with the degree sequence d_1, \ldots, d_p .

- 3. Show that in any connected graph G there is a vertex v such that G v is connected.
- 4. Let G be a connected graph. Show that any two paths of maximum length in G have a common vertex.
- 5. Assume two trees R and S have the vertices r_1, \ldots, r_n and s_1, \ldots, s_n correspondingly. Assume that $R r_i$ is isomorphic to $S s_i$ for each i. Show that R is isomorphic to S.
- 6. Let G be a critical graph and $\chi(G) = k + 1$. Show that after removing any k 1 edges from G the obtained graph remains connected.
- 7. Assume both sequences d_1, \ldots, d_p and $d_1 1, \ldots, d_p 1$ are graphic. Show that there is a graph with a 1-factor and degree sequence d_1, \ldots, d_p .
- 8. Show that any 4-regular graph has a 2-factor.
- 9. Show that any edge of cubic graph lies in an even number of Hamiltonian cycles.

- 10. Assume that the edges of a complete graph are colored in two colors. Show that there is a Hamiltonian cycle which either monochromatic or consists of two monochromatic paths.
- 11. Assume that G is a connected cubic graph such that for any two vertices v, w of G there is an isomorphism $G \to G$ which sends v to w. Prove that G remains connected after removing any 2 edges.
- 12. Let G be a connected graph. Given any two vertices v, w in G, denote by d(v, w) the length of a shortest path containing v to w.

Assume that G has no triangles and

$$d(x,y) + d(v,w) = \max\{d(x,v) + d(y,w), d(x,w) + d(y,v)\}\$$

for any 4 vertices x, y, v, w in G. Show that G is a tree.

13. Understand the proof of Vizing's theorem (see the references for Theorem 2.2.2 in "Pearls" or find a proof elsewhere).