Lesson 2: Set theory and Probability

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Problem 1.

Let $A = \{57, 91, 179, 239\}$, $B = \{91, 239, 2014\}$, $C = \{2, 57, 239, 2014\}$, $D = \{2, 91, 2014, 2017\}$ and E is the set of all flying crocodiles. Find the following:

- 1. $A \cap B$
- 2. $(A \cap B) \cup D$
- 3. $C \cap (D \cap B)$
- 4. $(A \cup B) \cap (C \cup D)$
- 5. $(A \cap B) \cup (C \cap D)$
- 6. $(D \cup A) \cap (C \cup B)$
- 7. $(A \cap (B \cap C)) \cap D$
- 8. $(A \cup (B \cap C)) \cap D$
- 9. $(C \cap A) \cup ((A \cup (C \cap D)) \cap B)$
- 10. Is $A \subset B$ true?
- 11. Is $E \subset A$ true?

Problem 2.

Calculate the probability of flipping a fair coin three times and getting 2H and 1T (in any order).

Problem 3.

Calculate the probability of randomly rearranging tiles with the letters of FORMULA and getting a word starting with a vowel.

Problem 4.

Calculate the probability of rolling a six-sided three times and getting a sum of three outcomes equal to 10.

Problem 5.

For any sets A, B, prove all of the following:

1.
$$P(\emptyset) = 0$$

2.
$$0 \le P(A) \le 1$$

3.
$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

4.
$$P(A^c) = 1 - P(A)$$

Problem 6.

In a bucket, there are m white and (n-m) balls. Each turn, Michael and Peter take one ball from the bucket, Michael starts. The one who takes the white ball wins. Find the probability of Peter winning this game if:

1.
$$n = 5, m = 1$$

2.
$$n = 7, m = 2$$

3. n, m - any natural numbers (find a formula of n and m).

Problem 7.

Suppose that birthdays are equally distributed between all months of the year.

- 1. Find the probability that in a group of n people, two share the same birthday month.
- 2. Find n so that this probability is $\geq 50\%$.

Problem 8.

You have two congruent cardboard triangles, and one of their angles is equal to α . Place them on the plane in such a way, that three vertices form an angle equal to $\alpha/2$. Using any instruments, including a pencil, is not allowed!