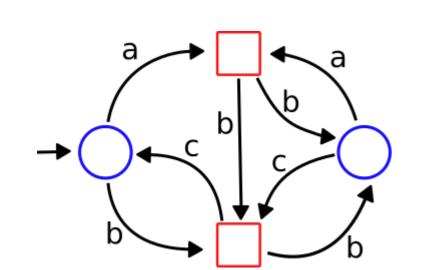
A CHARACTERIZATION OF HALF POSITIONAL ω -REGULAR LANGUAGES

Antonio Casares, Pierre Ohlmann

Games and Half Positionality

Games on Graphs:



Eve

- Adam
- A play produces an infinite word $w \in \Sigma^{\omega}$.
- ▶ Winning objective: $L \subseteq \Sigma^{\omega}$.

Half Positionality:

- ▶ Positional strategy (for Eve): $\sigma: V_{\mathsf{Eve}} \to E$.
- \blacktriangleright A language L is **half positional** if, for every game $\mathcal G$ using L as winning condition:

Eve can win $\mathcal{G} \implies \begin{cases} \text{She can win using a} \\ \text{positional strategy.} \end{cases}$

Main Results

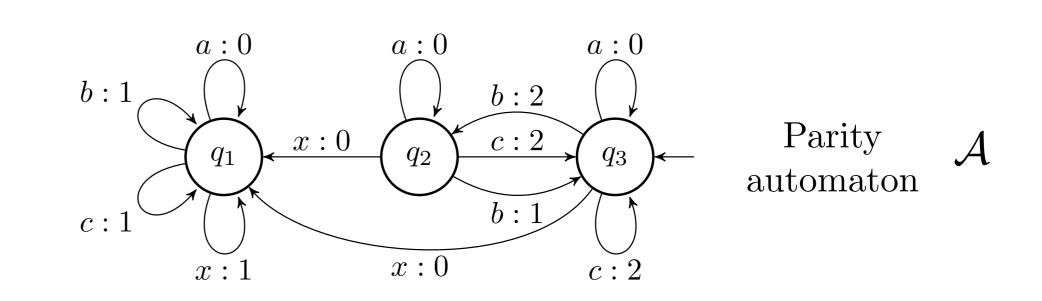
Complete characterization of deterministic parity automata recognizing half positional languages.

Corollaries for ω -regular languages:

- ➤ Decidability in polynomial time.
- $\begin{array}{c} \bullet \quad \text{Half positional for} \\ \text{finite, Eve-games} \end{array} \iff \begin{array}{c} \quad \text{Half positional for} \\ \quad \text{all games} \end{array}$
- \triangleright Closure of prefix-independent half positional languages under union (Kopczyński's conj. for ω -reg).
- \triangleright Closure of half positional languages under addition of a neutral letter (Ohlmann's conj. for ω -reg).

The Characterization: An Example

$$L = \mathsf{Inf}(a) \text{ or } (\mathsf{No}(x) \text{ and } \neg \mathsf{Inf}(bb)),$$
 over $\Sigma = \{a, b, c, x\}.$



Total order over residuals

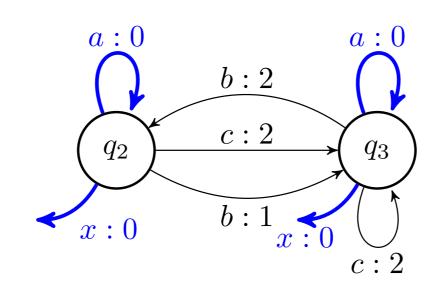
Residuals totally ordered by inclusion.

$$x^{-1}L = \operatorname{Inf}(a) \subseteq \varepsilon^{-1}L = L$$

States of $x^{-1}L$ \rightarrow q_1 States of $\varepsilon^{-1}L$ \rightarrow $q_2 \sim q_3$

Uniformity of 0-transitions

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{If } q \sim p: \\
q \xrightarrow{\alpha:0} \implies p \xrightarrow{\alpha:0}
\end{array}$$

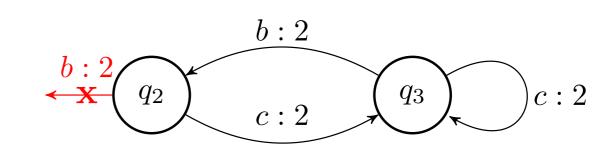


Total order of 1-safe languages

 $\mathcal{A}|_{\geq 1} = \text{Restriction to priorities } \geq 1$

$$\mathcal{L}_1(q) = \{ w \mid q \stackrel{w}{\leadsto} \text{ avoids } 1 \text{ in } \mathcal{A}|_{\geq 1} \}$$

Inside each SCC of $\mathcal{A}|_{\geq 1}$, inclusion of $\mathcal{L}_1(q)$ is a total preorder.



$$\mathcal{L}_1(q_2) = c^* + (c^+b)^* \subsetneq$$

$$\subseteq \mathcal{L}_1(q_3) = c^* + (bc^+)^*$$