Word and sentence embeddings

Quiz, 5 questions

1 point

1.

Compute a second-order co-occurrence between the words *'These'* and *'So'* (the cosine similarity between their first-order co-occurrence vectors). Use the toy corpus:

These are the wrong sort of bees. Quite the wrong sort. So I should think they would make the wrong sort of honey.

- Let's define a context of a word as three words to the left and three words to the right from the target word, **occurred within the same sentence** (if there are any).
- Forthe first-order co-occurrence, let's consider pPMI values (the formula was given on slide 5 of the first video).

<u>Hint:</u> in this question you actually do not need to *compute* anything... And the answer would be the same for any type of first-order co-occurrence.



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2.

Choose correct statements about Singular Value Decomposition (SVD), an important notion from the linear algebra. Feel free to consult any additional resource like <u>wiki</u> if needed.

- Singular values decomposition is not unique (for example, the zero matrix can be decomposed in infinitely many ways).
- Truncated SVD is the best rank \$k\$ approximation of the original matrix in terms of Frobenius norm.
- Squares of singular values of a matrix X are eigenvalues of X^TX (or XX^T).
- Singular values of a rectangular matrix are its eigenvalues.
- Singular values can be negative.
- Any rectangular matrix with real entries has a singular value decomposition.

1 point

3.

Find the objective function of the GloVe model.

$$\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} \left(n_{uv} \log \sigma(\langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle) + k \, \mathbb{E}_{\bar{v}} \log \sigma(-\langle \phi_u, \theta_{\bar{v}} \rangle) \right)$$

$$\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} f(n_{uv}) (\langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle + b_u + b_v' - \log n_{uv})^2$$

$$\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} n_{uv} \frac{\exp(\phi_u, \theta_v)}{\sum_{\bar{u} \in W} \exp(\phi_{\bar{u}}, \theta_v)}$$

$$\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} \left(n_{uv} \langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle - k \, \mathbb{E}_{\tilde{v}} \langle \phi_u, \theta_{\tilde{v}} \rangle \right)$$

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4.	
How ar	e word embeddings usually evaluated (qualitatively or quantitively)?
	By comparing maximal lengths of word vectors (the more is the length, the better is the model).
0	By the interpretability of the components of the vectors.
0	By the accuracy of analogy prediction (using some pre-defined dataset of 4-word analogies).
	By the amount of positive components of word vectors.
0	By Spearman's correlation (or similar rank correlation measure) with human judgements on word similarity task.
1 point	
5.	
Choose	the correct statements.
	Word2vec works fine for word analogies, but there are many concerns with word similarities.
	Skip-gram negative sampling (SGNS) model is too hard to train, and it is often approximated with softmax.
0	For word similarity tasks, count-based methods perform on par with predictive methods.
0	Representations of word or character n-grams may improve the quality of

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