

# Heroku Buildpack Deployment Fix

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## Problem Summary

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The application was failing to deploy on Heroku/Easypanel with the following error:

```
Error: Cannot find module '/workspace/.next/standalone/server.js'
```

Despite successful builds, the application would crash at runtime because the `.next/standalone/` directory was not being included in the final container image.

## Root Cause

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**Next.js Standalone Mode is incompatible with Heroku buildpacks.**

### Why Standalone Mode Failed

- Build Output Location:** When using `output: 'standalone'` in `next.config.js`, Next.js creates a minimal production build in `.next/standalone/` with only necessary files.
- Heroku Buildpack Behavior:** The official Heroku Node.js buildpack (and Easypanel which uses Heroku buildpacks) doesn't recognize or copy the `.next/standalone/` directory structure to the runtime container.
- Missing Files:** While the build process succeeds, the buildpack copies the standard `.next/` directory but excludes the `standalone/` subdirectory, resulting in missing `server.js` file at runtime.
- Container Architecture:** Heroku buildpacks are designed to work with standard Next.js deployments, not the experimental standalone mode which was introduced for Docker-based deployments.

## Solution

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**Use Standard Next.js Mode** instead of standalone mode with Heroku buildpacks.

### Changes Made

#### 1. `next.config.js`

**Before:**

```
const nextConfig = {
  output: 'standalone', // ❌ Not compatible with Heroku buildpacks
  images: {
    // ...
  }
};
```

**After:**

```
const nextConfig = {
  // Removed 'output: standalone' - not compatible with Heroku buildpacks
  images: {
    // ...
  }
};
```

## 2. package.json

Before:

```
{
  "scripts": {
    "start": "node .next/standalone/server.js" // ❌ Wrong for standard mode
  }
}
```

After:

```
{
  "scripts": {
    "start": "next start" // ✅ Standard Next.js start command
  }
}
```

## 3. Procfile

Before:

```
web: node .next/standalone/server.js # ❌ Wrong path
```

After:

```
web: npm start # ✅ Use npm start which runs "next start"
```

# When to Use Standalone Mode

Standalone mode should ONLY be used when:

1. **Docker Deployments:** You're building a custom Docker image where you control the entire containerization process
2. **Custom Deployment Pipelines:** You have a custom CI/CD that explicitly copies the standalone output
3. **Self-Hosted Environments:** You're deploying to environments where you manage the entire file structure

# When to Use Standard Mode

Use standard Next.js mode when deploying to:

1. **Heroku** (official Heroku platform)

2. **Easypanel** (uses Heroku buildpacks)
3. **Platform.sh**
4. **Railway** (if using buildpack mode)
5. **Any platform using Heroku buildpacks**

## Deployment Instructions for Easypanel

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### Prerequisites

- Node.js version specified in `package.json` or `.node-version` file
- PostgreSQL database configured
- Environment variables set (DATABASE\_URL, NEXTAUTH\_SECRET, etc.)

### Deployment Steps

#### 1. Push Code to GitHub

```
bash
git add .
git commit -m "Fix: Remove standalone mode for Heroku buildpack compatibility"
git push origin master
```

#### 2. In Easypanel

- Connect your GitHub repository
- Select branch: `master`
- Build method: Heroku Buildpack (automatic detection)
- The Procfile will be automatically detected

#### 3. Environment Variables

Set the following in Easypanel:

```
DATABASE_URL=your_postgres_connection_string
NEXTAUTH_SECRET=your_secret_key
NEXTAUTH_URL=your_production_url
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=your_aws_key
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=your_aws_secret
AWS_REGION=your_aws_region
AWS_S3_BUCKET_NAME=your_bucket_name
NODE_ENV=production
```

#### 4. Deploy

- Trigger deployment
- Monitor build logs to ensure successful build
- Application should start successfully with `next start`

### Expected Build Output

With standard mode, you should see:

```
✓ Creating an optimized production build
✓ Compiled successfully
✓ Generating static pages
✓ Finalizing page optimization
```

**NOT:**

Automatically copying files **for** standalone output

## Verification

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After deployment, verify:

1. **Build Logs:** Should show “Compiled successfully”
2. **Startup Logs:** Should show Next.js server starting on the configured port
3. **No Errors:** Should not see “Cannot find module” errors
4. **Application Access:** Should be able to access the application URL

## Performance Considerations

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**Q: Is standard mode slower than standalone mode?**

**A:** Not significantly. While standalone mode produces a smaller output (only necessary files), standard mode includes all files but:

- Still optimized for production
- Uses Next.js built-in optimizations
- Comparable performance in most cases
- Better compatibility with deployment platforms

## Additional Resources

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- [Next.js Output File Tracing](https://nextjs.org/docs/advanced-features/output-file-tracing) (https://nextjs.org/docs/advanced-features/output-file-tracing)
- [Heroku Node.js Buildpack](https://github.com/heroku/heroku-buildpack-nodejs) (https://github.com/heroku/heroku-buildpack-nodejs)
- [Next.js Deployment Documentation](https://nextjs.org/docs/deployment) (https://nextjs.org/docs/deployment)

## Troubleshooting

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**If build still fails:**

1. **Clear buildpack cache**

```
bash
```

```
# In Easypanel, trigger a rebuild with cache cleared
```

2. **Verify Node version**

- Check that Node.js version is compatible (14.6.0 or higher)
- Add `.node-version` file if needed

3. **Check dependencies**

- Ensure all dependencies are in `dependencies`, not `devDependencies`
- Run `npm install` locally to verify

4. **Environment variables**

- Verify all required environment variables are set
  - Check `DATABASE_URL` connection string format
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**Last Updated:** October 27, 2025

**Status:**  Fixed and Verified