Resolva, no universo $\mathbb R$ a equação $|x|\cdot |x-2|=3x-6.$

$$x < 0 \text{ (I)} \implies (-x) \cdot (2-x) = 3x - 6 \implies (x = 2 \lor x = 3) \text{ (II)}$$

(I) e (II)
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $S_1 = \emptyset$

$$0 \le x < 2 \text{ (III)} \implies x(2-x) = 3x - 6 \implies (x = -3 \lor x = 2) \text{ (IV)}$$

(III) e (IV)
$$\Rightarrow S_2 = \emptyset$$

$$x \ge 2 \text{ (V)} \implies x(x-2) = 3x - 6 \implies (x = 2 \lor x = 3) \text{ (VI)}$$

(V) e (VI)
$$\Rightarrow S_3 = \{2, 3\}$$

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^{3} S_i = \{2, 3\}$$

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