Arco metade.

Vamos partir de uma simples fórmula que pode ser escrita de duas formas:

$$\cos 2\alpha = 2\cos^2 \alpha - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2 \alpha.$$

Tomando $\theta = 2\alpha$:

$$\cos \theta = 2\cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} - 1 \implies \boxed{\cos \frac{\theta}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\cos \theta + 1}{2}}}$$

$$\cos \theta = 1 - 2\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \implies \sin \frac{\theta}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \theta}{2}}$$

$$\boxed{\tan\frac{\theta}{2} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1-\cos\theta}{1+\cos\theta}}}; \boxed{\cot\frac{\theta}{2} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{1+\cos\theta}{1-\cos\theta}}}$$

$$\boxed{\sec\frac{\theta}{2} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{2}{\cos\theta + 1}}}; \boxed{\csc\frac{\theta}{2} = \pm\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 - \cos\theta}}}$$

$$cord \frac{\theta}{2} = \sqrt{2\left(1 \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \theta}{2}}\right)}$$

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