Statistical Methods (127001 SS21) – Assignment 2

Dr. Nicolas Schuck schuck[at]mpib-berlin[dot]mpg[dot]de

July 16, 2021

Notes Please submit your answers as a single pdf until August 15th to Nico (see email above).

Problem 1

Download subjects 1-4 of the Haxby data (see documentation of datasets.fetch_haxby() from nilearn). Subset the data to include all available classes, except rest. Perform suitable data preprocessing, including at least run-wise detrending and standardisation. Using the preprocessed data, set up a leave-one-run-out multi-class classification scheme.

- a) (10 points) Compare performance of a multinomial logistic regression with a linear SVM either using one-vs-rest or a one-vs-one multi class classification. Make a graph that shows the mean decoding accuracy for each approach and the variability between subjects.
- **b)** (10 points) Please report the decoding accuracy (percent true positives) for the individual classes and make a corresponding figure. Can some classes be decoded better than others?
- c) (10 points) Using a linear SVM and the multi-class approach that worked best in \mathbf{a}), set up a nested cross validation scheme in which you first find the best C parameter, and then decode using that C. Please submit your code of the nested cross validation. You can use any function that is part of nilearn or sklearn.

Problem 2

You want to find weights that minimize some error function, such as $E_D(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{N} (t_n - \mathbf{w}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_n)^2$ (i.e., a sum of squares error function; n is the number of examples, t is the target). To regularize, you add a weight penalty term $E_W(\mathbf{w})$ of the form

$$E_W(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{M} |w_j|^q$$
 (1)

i.e. the sum of the exponentiated absolute values of the weights. Note that q is a parameter that determines the exponent, and M is the number of weights. In the total error function, $E(\mathbf{w})$, the penality term is weighted by a parameter λ

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = E_D(\mathbf{w}) + \lambda E_W(\mathbf{w}) \tag{2}$$

such that the error function becomes

$$E(\mathbf{w}) = E_D(\mathbf{w}) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{M} |w_j|^q$$
(3)

a) (10 points) Describe how λ and q affect regularisation, using either your own words, or graphs that illustrate the behavior of $\lambda E_W(\mathbf{w})$ as a function of the two parameters and the weights. Hint: you don't need to worry about $E_D(\mathbf{w})$, and you can make simplifying assumptions about the size of \mathbf{w} .