

PPJ07

October 25, 2022

1 Problem 1

Write a program which reads five numbers of type `int` and prints the two greatest of them (which can be equal). You can define at most three variables of type `int`. Do not use loops or arrays.

2 Problem 2

Write a program which reads five numbers of type `int` and after reading the third, fourth and fifth prints the sum of three numbers last read. You can define at most three variables of type `int`. Do not use loops or arrays.

3 Problem 3

In the U.S.A., fuel consumption is measured in units called *mpg* — *miles per gallon*, i.e., how many miles you will be able to drive on one gallon of gasoline. In Europe the same quantity is measured in *l/100km* — how many litres you will use to drive 100 km.

One mile = 1.609344 km.

One gallon = 3.785412 l.

Write a program which asks the user for fuel consumption, as a double, and units used, as a String: `eu` if this is in European units or `usa` otherwise. Then the corresponding fuel consumption in the other units is printed. If the string entered is not one of `eu` or `usa`, the program prints an error message. For example, a run of the program could look like this:

```
Enter fuel consumption and units ("eu" or "usa") 6.6 eu
6.6 l/100km = 35.63857526590168 mpg
```

Use switch statement, or, preferably, expression.

4 Problem 4

Write a program reading one real number (say, `d`) and the name of a geometrical figure

- `"disc"`—`d` is then interpreted as the radius of a disc;
- `"triangle"`—`d` is then interpreted as the side of an equilateral triangle;
- `"square"`—`d` is then interpreted as the side of a square;
- `"rand"`— the kind of figure is one of the above with equal probability (use `Math.random()`, which gives a number of type `double` in range `[0,1)`) and `d` is interpreted as above.

Use the switch expression to initialize a variable `area` the value of which is the area of the figure.