**------------------------------------------QUESTION & ANSWER------------------------------------**

***Quest:-Assume that a program will experience 200 failures in infinite time. It has now experienced 100 failures. The initial failure intensity was 20 failures/CPU hr. Then the current failure intensity will be***

(A) 5 failures/CPU hr (B) 10 failures/CPU hr.

(C) 20 failures/CPU hr (D) 40 failures /CPU hr

Ans:- B

**Explanation**:- The formula for Current Failure Intensity =

Initial Failure intensity X [ 1 – Experienced failures/Failures in infinite time ]

= 20 X [ 1 – 100 / 200 ]

=20 X (100/200)

=10 failures /CPU hr

***Quest:- Water fall model for software development is:***

(A) a top down approach.

(B) a bottom up approach.

(C) a sequential approach.

(D) a consequential approach.

Answer: C

***Quest:- In software development, value adjustment factors include the following among others:***

(A) the criticality of the performance and reusability of the code.

(B) number of lines of code in the software.

(C) number of technical manpower and hardware costs.

(D) time period available and the level of user friendliness.

Answer: A

***Quest:-While designing the user interface, one should:***

(A) use as many short cuts as possible.

(B) use as many defaults as possible.

(C) use as many visual layouts as possible.

(D) reduce the demand on short-term memory.

Answer: D

***Quest:-In software cost estimation, base estimation is related to:***

(A) cost of similar projects already completed.

(B) cost of the base model of the present project.

(C) cost of the project with the base minimum profit.

(D) cost of the project under ideal situations.

Answer: A

***Quest:-In clean room software engineering:***

(A) only eco-friendly hardware is used.

(B) only hired facilities are used for development.

(C) correctness of the code is verified before testing.

(D) implementation is done only after ensuring correctness.

Answer: D

***Requirements prioritization and negotiation belongs to:***

(A) Requirements validation (B) Requirements elicitation(yes) (C) Feasibility Study (D) Requirement reviews

***Quest:-What is the first activity of a prototype model?***

1) Designing of the test model 2) Requirement gathering

3) Testing of Model(yes) 4) none of these

***Quest:-Which of the following are external qualities of a software product ?***

(A) Maintainability, reusability, portability, efficiency, correctness.

(B) Correctness, reliability, robustness, efficiency, usability.(yes)

(C) Portability, interoperability, maintainability, reusability.

(D) Robustness, efficiency, reliability, maintainability, reusability.

***Quest:-A company needs to develop digital signal processing software for one of its newest inventions. The software is expected to have 40000 lines of code. The company needs to determine the effort in person-months needed to develop this software using the basic COCOMO model. The multiplicative factor for this model is given as 2.8 for the software development on embedded systems, while the exponentiation factor is given as 1.20. What is the estimated effort in person-months?***

(A) 234.25(yes) (B) 932.50 (C) 287.80 (D) 122.40

**Explanation:** In the Constructive Cost Model (COCOMO), following is formula for effort applied

Effort Applied (E) = ab(KLOC)bb [ person-months ]

= 2.8 x (40)**1.20**

= 2.8 x 83.65

= 234.25

***Quest:-A software company needs to develop a project that is estimated as 1000 function points and is planning to use JAVA as the programming language whose approximate lines of code per function point is accepted as 50. Considering a=1.4 as multiplicative factor, b=1.0 as exponention factor for the basic COCOMO effort equation and c=3.0 as multiplicative factor, d=0.33 as exponention factor for the basic COCOMO duration equation, approximately how long does the project take to complete?***

(A) 11.2 months (B) 12.2 months (C) 13.2 months (D) 10.2 months

**Solution:**

Total loc= 1000 x 50= 50000 = 50 KLOC

Effort = a(KLOC)b= 1.4(50)= 70

Time of Development = c(Effort)d = 3(70)0.33 = 12.2

***Quest:-A program P calls two subprograms P1 and P2. P1 can fail 50% times and P2 40% times. Then P can fail***

(A) 50% (B) 60% (C) 10% (D) 70%(yes)

**Explanation:-**

P1: fails 50% time. Success 50% time....0.5

P2: fails 40% time. Success 60% time.... 0.6

Success rate = both p1 and p2 wins = 0.5x0.6= 0.3

Failure rate =1 - success rate = 1 -0.3 = 0.7 =70%

***Quest:-…………… establishes information about when, why and by whom changes are made in a software.***

(A) Software Configuration Management. (B) Change Control.

(C) Version Control. (D) An Audit Trail(yes)

***Which one of the following set of attributes should not be encompassed by effective software metrics ?***

(A) Simple and computable (B) Consistent and objective

(C) Consistent in the use of units and dimensions

(D) Programming language dependent(yes)

***The software \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a program or a computing system is the structure or structures of the system, which comprise software components, the externally visible properties of those components, and the relationships among them.***

(A) Design (B) Architecture(yes) (C) Process (D) Requirement

***Requirement Development, Organizational Process Focus, Organizational Training, Risk Management and Integrated Supplier Management are process areas required to achieve maturity level***

(A) Performed (B) Managed (C) Defined(yes) (D) Optimized

***Which of these are the 5 generic software engineering framework activities ?***

(A) Communication, planning, modelling, construction, deployment(yes)

(B) Communication, risk management, measurement, production, reviewing

(C) Analysis, designing, programming, Debugging, maintenance

(D) Analysis, planning, designing, programming, testing

***Which one of the items listed below is not one of the software engineering layers ?***

(A) Process (B) Manufacturing(yes) (C) Method (D) Tools

***While estimating the cost of software, Lines of Code (LOC) and Function Points (FP) are used to measure which one of the following?***

(A) Length of code (B) Size of software(yes)

(C) Functionality of software (D) None of the above

***Which of the following statement TRUE with regard to software testing ?***

I. Regression testing technique ensures that the software product runs correctly after the changes during maintenance.

II. Equivalence partitioning is a white-box testing technique that divides the input

domain of a program into classes of data from which test cases can be derived.

(1) only I (yes) (2) only II (3) both I and II (4) neither I nor II

***Which of the following are facts about a top-down software testing approach ?***

I. Top-down testing typically requires the tester to build method stubs.

II. Top-down testing typically requires the tester to build test drivers.

(1) only I (yes) (2) Only II(3) Both I and II (4) Neither I nor II

***Software Cost Performance index (CPI) is given by:***

(A) BCWP/ACWP (yes) (B)

(C) BCWP−ACWP (D) BCWP−BCWS

Where: BCWP stands for Budgeted Cost of Work Performed

BCWS stands for Budget Cost of Work Scheduled

ACWP stands for Actual Cost of Work Performed

***Which possibility among the following is invalid in case of a Data Flow Diagram?***

(A) A process having in-bound data flows more than out-bound data flows

(B) A data flow between two processes

(C) A data flow between two data stores(yes)

(D) A data store having more than one in-bound data flows

***The Object Modelling Technique (OMT) uses the following three kinds of model to describe a system***

(A) Class Model, Object Model and Analysis Model.

(B) Object Model, Dynamic Model, and Functional Model.(yes)

(C) Class Model, Dynamic Model and Functional Model.

(D) Object Model, Analysis Model and Dynamic Model

***If a program in its functioning has not met user requirements is some way, then it is***

1) an error 2) a failure 3) a fault 4) a defect (yes)

***For a program of k variables, boundary value analysis yields \_\_\_\_\_\_ test cases.***

(1) 4k – 1 (2) 4k (3) 4k + 1(YES) (4) 2k – 1

**EXPLANATION:-**

boundary value analysis 4n+1

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Robustness testing 6n+1

worst case testing 5n

***The extent to which a software performs its intended functions without failures, is termed as***

(1) Robustness (2) Correctness (3) Reliability(YES) (4) Accuracy

***The extent to which a software tolerates the unexpected problems, is termed as***

(1) Accuracy (2) Reliability (3) Correctness (4) Robustness(yes)

***A Software project was estimated at 864 Function Points. A six person team will be assigned to project consisting of a requirement gathering person, one designer, two programmers and two testers. The salary of the designer is Rs. 70,000 per month, requirement gatherer is Rs. 50,000 per month, programmer is Rs. 60,000 per month and a tester is Rs. 60,000 per month. Average productivity for the team is 12 FP per person month. Which of the following represents the projected cost of the project? (June – 2020)***

1. Rs. 33,20,000 B)Rs. 43,20,000 C) Rs. 33,10,000 D)Rs22,10,000

one requirement gathering person salary = 50000

one designer salary = 70000

two programmers salary = 2x60000=120 000

two testers salary = 2x60000=120 000

Total salary (of 6 persons )Per month = 360 000

Average productivity for the team is 12 FP per person month

Total productivity per month by 6 member team = 72FP

Total project size 864 FP

Duration to complete = 864 / 72 = 12 months

Total project cost = 12 x 360 000 = 43 20 000

***A software project was estimated at 352 Function Points (FP). A four person team will be assigned to this project consisting of an architect, two programmers, and a tester. The salary of the architect is ` 80,000 per month, the programmer ₹ 60,000 per month and the tester ₹ 50,000 per month. The average productivity for the team is 8 FP per person month. Which of the following represents the projected cost of the project ?***

(A) ₹ 28,16,000 (B) ₹ 20,90,000 (C) ₹ 26,95,000 (D) ₹ 27,50,000

***Explanation:*** In given question we have total 352 Function Points (FP)

Average FP = 8 per person per month

4 person team is assigned to the project which is consist of an architect(₹ 80,000 per month), two programmers(₹ 60,000 per person per month), and a tester(₹ 50,000 per month).

So, 352 / (8 \* 4) = 11 months

projected cost of the project = (1 architect + 2 programmer + 1 tester) \* 11

= (80000 + 2 \* 60000 + 50000) \* 11

= ₹ 2750000.

***Improving processing efficiency or performance or restructuring of software to improve changeability is known as (UGC -SEP-2013)***

(1) Adaptive maintenance (2) Corrective maintenance

(3) Perfective maintenance(YES) (4) Preventive maintenance

***Modifying the software by restructuring is called (UGC -JUN -2020)***

(1) Adaptive maintenance (2) Corrective maintenance

(3) Perfective maintenance (4) Preventive maintenance(YES)

***A company needs to develop a strategy for software product development for which it has a choice of two programming languages L1 and L2. The number lines of code (LOC) developed using L2 is estimated to be twice of the LOC developed with L1. The product will have to be maintained for five years. Various parameters for the company are given in the table below. (ugc-2020)***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***Parameter*** | ***Language L1*** | ***Language L2*** |
| Man years needed for development | LOC/10000 | LOC/10000 |
| Development Cost per man year | र 10, 00, 000 | र 7, 50, 000 |
| Maintenance Time | 5 years | 5 years |
| Cost of maintenance per year | र 1,00,000 | र 50, 000 |

***Total cost of the project includes cost of development and maintenance. What is the LOC for L1 for which of the cost of the project using L1 is equal to the cost of the project using L2?***

1. 4000 B. 5000 C. 4333 D.4667

***Explanation:-***

Let L1 = x and L2 = 2x  
Then, (x\*1000000)/10000 + 5\*100000 = (2x\*750000)/10000 + 5\*50000  
=> x\*100 + 5\*100000 = 2x\*75 + 5\*50000  
=> 50x = 250000  
=> x = 5000

***Which of the following is NOT desired in a good Software Requirement Specifications (SRS) document?***

(A) Functional Requirements (B) Non-Functional Requirements

(C) Goals of Implementation (D) Algorithms for Software Implementation

**Explanation:**

"An SRS document should clearly document the following aspects of a system: Functional Requirements,

Non-Functional Requirements and Goals of implementation."

-Rajib Mall (Fundamentals of Software Engineering)