

Deducción recta regresión

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23:05

Sea $Y = aX + b$ tq $y_i = ax_i + b$

+ residuos : $ax_i + b + \epsilon_i$

$\hookrightarrow \epsilon_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i \Rightarrow$ valor estimado

$$\sum \epsilon_i = \sum y_i - \hat{y}_i \Rightarrow \sum \epsilon_i = \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 = \sum (y_i - ax - b)^2 = S$$

Derivadas parciales sobre a y b :

$$\varphi(a, b) = \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^p f_{ij} [y_j - \overbrace{(bx_i + a)}^{\hat{y}_i}]^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi(a, b)}{\partial a} = \sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^p f_{ij} (y_j - bx_i - a) \cdot 2 \cdot (-1)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^p f_{ij} (y_j - bx_i - a) \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \sum_{j=1}^p f_{ij} (y_j - bx_i - a) = 0$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} y_j - \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} bx_i - a \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} = m_{01} - bm_{10} - a = 0$$

$$a = m_{01} - bm_{10} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial b} = \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} (y_j - bx_i - a) x_i \cdot 2 \cdot (-1)$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} (y_j - bx_i - a) x_i \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) = 0$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} x_i y_j - b \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} x_i^2 - a \sum_i \sum_j f_{ij} x_i = 0$$

$$m_{11} - bm_{20} - am_{10} = 0$$

$$a = \frac{m_{11} - bm_{20}}{m_{10}} \quad \textcircled{2}$$

Con la expresión ① y ②:

$$\frac{m_{11} - bm_{20}}{m_{10}} = m_{01} - bm_{10}$$

$$m_{11} - bm_{20} = m_{01}m_{10} - bm_{10}^2$$

$$(m_{20} - \overset{\sigma_x^2}{m_{10}})b = (m_{11} - m_{01}m_{10}) \overset{\sigma_{xy}}{}$$

$$b = \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2} \Rightarrow a = m_{01} - bm_{10} = \bar{y} - \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2} \bar{x}$$

Luego $Y = a + bx = \bar{y} + (x - \bar{x}) \frac{\sigma_{xy}}{\sigma_x^2}$