Monday, march 23rd 2015.

Grammar practice

Verb “to be” (ser o estar)

Present am are is.

Complete the sentences with the correct verb form, or yes-no questions.

1. Am I a teacher?

Yes, you are.

1. Is he (peter) at school?

Yes, he is

1. Are you a student?

Yes, I am.

1. Is it raining?

Yes, it is.

1. Are we students?

Yes, you are.

1. Are they girls?

Yes, they are.

2) Negative sentences. Change the sentences to the negative form.

Use contractions

1. I am an engineer.

I´m an engineer.

1. You are a nurse.

You´re a nurse.

1. He is my friend.

He´s my friend.

3) Present simple tense auxiliaries do/does.

1. Do I have an exam?

Yes, you do.

1. Do you eat bananas?

No, you do.

1. Does he speak English?

Yes, he is.  
No, he is.

1. Do they drink water?

Yes, you do.

No, you do.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Subject pronouns | Possessive adjectives | Possessive pronouns | Object pronouns |
| I | My | Mine | me |
| You | Your | Yours | You |
| he | His | His | Him |
| She | Her | Hers | Her |
| It | Its | Its | It |
| We | Our | Ours | Us |
|  |  |  |  |
| You | Your | Yours | you |
| they | Their | Theirs | them |

1. I am Bernie.
2. My name is Bernie.
3. The red house is mine.
4. The house is mine.
5. You told me a secret

Dialogue

I have a headache

Tense: present simple tense

A: oh you look very tired.

B: yes, I am that’s because I am sick. I have a headache

A: Oh, that’s too bad why don’t you go to the doctor?

B: well, I think I have a bad cold my head, my ears, and I have red eyes. I have the two running nose and I have a sore throat. I can´t speak well. I am sneezing.

A: you should go to the doctor for a medical prescription.

B: It’s a good idea, but I have a lot of homework.

A: you’d better go today or you will get worse.

B: no, I can´t. I´d rather take a nap, rest and drink some lemon tea.

A: it´s your problem I hope you get better soon have a nice day.

B: the same to you.

Grammar focus

Can is on auxiliary that describes the ability all something.

Compression questions.

1. How many month does the Gregorian calendar have?
2. What is a year?
3. How many months does the blame calendar have?
4. What does the Indian calendar use?
5. Does the New Year begin in January in the Indian calendar?

The time.

What time is it?

The time shows the stages of the day. A day is divided into their earth; the morning.

It day is divided into three parts; the morning afternoon evening and night 12:00 o´clock means 12:00 pm.

INFORMATION

Circle these words.

1. Arrived-llegaron
2. Century-siglo
3. Speaking-hablando
4. there were-hubieron
5. hundred-100
6. inner-interior
7. at least-al menos
8. relationship-relacion
9. more than-mas que

Compression question.

1. When did the angles arrive in Britain?

In the fifth century.

1. What language did they speak?

English.

1. How much is the population that speak English?

Fifth century

1. How many countries are native speakers?

400 millions

1. How many people have learned English?

600 million people.

HOMEWORK

Capitalize, write missing full stops or periods to finish a sentence, add missing commas, semi-colon. In our world the earth planet there are hundreds of people they are divided into group of population that belong to different countries and speak different languages English Portuguese, French, Italian, Japanese, Chinese, one the most spoken native language is English millions at people speak it for many purposes.

March 12th 2015

Conversation.

A: are you from Mexico?

B: yes, I am. Are you from the United States?

A: yes I am what language do you speak?

B: I speak Spanish and you? What language do you speak?

A: I speak English where do you live?

B: I live in Mexico City and you, where do you live?

A: I live in New York, with my husband.

B: okay, have a nice day.

A: the same to you.

WHAT IS A CLAN?

Many years ago people lived in clan.

A clan was a group of families that lived together, travelled together, got their food from hunting of wild animals. Nowadays there are clans in parts of Africa where some people have a low economic situation and that lived a wild life they still travel from place to place and hunt for living.

Look for information about clans.

A clan is a group of people bound together by ties of kinship and descent, linked by the perception of being descendants of a common ancestor. The name comes from the Gaelic clan, which means “child” or “descendent”.

In some places, such as the ascent Scotland it appointed all members of family groups. The term passed into English to 1425, for tribal organizations in Ireland and Scotland.

Organization of the clan.

The political and social organization of the clans is different, as if same clan conditions it. On the contrary is the tribal organization which determines that, in such a way that you can find examples of segmental tribes that is tribes of little evolved character, fragmented social and politically, without economic diversification; next to them almost state organizations, called “arrived”. The arrived are organizations closed and stratified, lout in no case is a class society. One of the most attractive types of cacique tribal organization, is the so called “conical clan” strongly hierarchical and patrilineal theoretically, typical thorough Asia and Africa.

Practice 1

Complete the sentences with the missing word.

Adjectives.

Complete sentences with the correct opposite adjectives intelligent clean friendly nice beautiful awful ugly stupid dirty unfriendly.

1. A biologist is intelligent.
2. An enemy is unfriendly
3. The lake has garbage it is dirty
4. A stupid person doesn´t think
5. A monster is ugly
6. I had an awful surprise when they told that I didn´t pass my exam.
7. Miss universe is a beautiful woman.
8. A me person shows good manners and mods.
9. A friendly man shares.
10. A clean person takes a shower.
11. An intelligent person knows how to listen and recognize their mistakes.

Unscramble the words to form complete sentences.

1. Don’t we the class history like

We don´t like the class history.

1. You do to read like books come

Do you like to read books come?

1. Do live where you

Where do you live?

Write the corresponding object pronoun.

I you he she it

Me you him her it

A: I need your new phone.

B: could you tell me about it?

A: peters needs money. Could you lend him some?

B: sure I will lend him some money

A: Can you tell about Anna I haven´t seen her.

B: I need that you give me your new address.

A: they didn´t pass the exam tell them to study harder the next time.

Read and answer the questions

1. Who does king lead love?

His tree does theirs Cornelia.

1. Who are his daughters?

Cornelia, Resen and Goncil

1. What is the ham let´s? slort about?

In demmaile, prince hamlet´s father is dead and his mother Gertrude is not marred to Claudius.

1. What is Macbeth’s short about?

A short at Macbeth’s ad his white

1. What is Rocco and Juliet’s about and they?

A slot of jealous husband.

Thursday march 19th 2015.

Dialogue.

S: hello, what´s the matter?

J: well, nothing much.

S: what are you doing?

J: I´m watching television.

S: Really are you watching television?

J: yes, I am

S: what kind of programs do you like best?

J: well I let me see. I like to watch the cartoons the news and mobiles.

S: oh! What kind of movies do you like best?

J: well, I like romantic, adventure, mystery, action, movies best.

S: would you like to go to my house today and watch a romantic movie together?

J: Good idea. We can have supper together.

S: ok see you at night today at seven o´clock I will take some popcorn.

J: ok, have a nice day!.

Friday march 20th 2015

Grammar focus Unit 3 consolidation.

Vocabulary.

1. Yellow
2. Family
3. Word
4. Scotland
5. Clan
6. England
7. Spain
8. Scottish
9. Many
10. Married

Grammar focus

Action verbs

In English there are two kinds of action verbs; regular verbs. And irregular verb. Regular verbs form their past by adding “ed”.

Example: Spanish present past.

Walk walked

Cook cooked.

I walked to my house yesterday.

Did I walk to my house yesterday?

Auxiliary yes you did

No, you, didn´t

They have irregular past tense forms.

Present Past

Meet met

Go went

See saw

Eat ate

Drink drank

Question words.

They are used to ask for information.

1. Where do you live? I live in Mexico City.
2. What is this? It is a box.
3. Why do you cry? Because I am sad.
4. How are you? I am fine
5. When do you go to school? I go to school in the morning
6. How old is the dog? It is three months

Verb “to have” present

Affirmative conversation

I have third you have people.

Negative conjugation

I don´t have

Lots at = muchos

A lot of = mucho

HOMEWORK

Kitchen 🡪 I cook in the kitchen

Bathroom 🡪 I wash my hands in the bathroom

Refrigerator 🡪 I keep to the food cool in the refrigerator.

Restaurant 🡪 I eat in a restaurant.

Bedroom 🡪 I sleep in the bedroom.

Table 🡪 I eat at the table.

Sink 🡪 I wash my hands in the sink

Armchair 🡪 I sit in an armchair

Bed 🡪 I sleep in my bed

Sofa 🡪 I sit in the sofa

Dining room 🡪 I eat breakfast in the dining room.

Bathtub 🡪 I take a shower bathtub

Living room 🡪 I watch T.V.

HOMEWORK

Answer these questions page. 43

1. What kind of hotels are there?

A train jail and a tepee.

1. Where is the jail hotel?

This hotel is it Nova Scotia.

1. Where is the translation hotel?

This hotel is it Ottawa Canada

1. Are there criminal in the jail hotel?

There aren´t any criminal there.

1. What is a tepee?

A tepee is a place.

March 23, 2015

Pre-view homework

Unit 4

Answer the questions pag 43

1. Do these hotels have facilities?
2. What do they offer?
3. What kind of train is this?
4. Who are the owners?
5. What is the station used for?
6. How many trains are there?
7. What facilities are there?

Thursday, march 26th, 2015

GRAMMAR FOCUS

Questions words

These words are used to ask for information about something; a person, a thing a place etc. Another form to all them are WH-questions. The simple ones are: who, where, when, which, how, why, etc. there are compound question words such as: how old, how much, how many, how often, what time.

How come, who else, where else, what else, (why).

There are question words that have a special answer.

Example why are you sad?

Because I lost my wallet.

How many planets are there?

There are 8 planets.

How many suns are there?

There is one sun.

UNCOUNTABLE nouns.

1. Salt - sal
2. Milk - leche
3. Water - agua
4. Butter - mantequilla
5. Flour- harina
6. Oil - aceite
7. Soil - tierra
8. Sugar - azucar
9. Rise - arroz
10. Beans - frijoles
11. Cream – crema
12. Yogurt – yogurt

Friday march 27th 2015

English guideline for mothly exam

Units 3 and 4

Vocabulary

1. Red
2. Blue
3. Yellow
4. Green
5. Black
6. Gray
7. Brown
8. White
9. Orange
10. Children
11. Country
12. People
13. Mall
14. Market
15. Women
16. Party
17. Parents
18. Town
19. Go for away
20. Main square
21. Carly
22. Evening
23. House
24. Busy
25. Awful
26. Clean
27. Nice
28. Dirty
29. Ugly
30. Beautiful
31. Friendly
32. Unfriendly
33. Food
34. Business
35. Home
36. Cousin
37. Brother
38. Sister
39. Granddaughter
40. Friends

Alphabet

GRAMMAR SECTION

Personal pronouns, possessive pronouns, possessive adjectives, object pronouns

Write the correct pronoun

1. I am a teacher my new job is in my sister’s house. She is Norma \_\_\_ husband gave \_\_ the job. \_\_ is an engineer is a company I told that \_ didn’t a job, so he gave.
2. Information about \_\_\_ and I got the job. The people who hired me are from japan\_\_\_ are Japanese.
3. I told \_\_\_ about my experience as a teacher and \_\_\_ like \_\_\_ susan is \_\_\_ boss \_\_\_.
4. Is from England. My experience as a lawyer is too long. I gave \_ my curriculum vitae and \_\_ like it \_\_ feel great in this job. Opportunities like this are rare.

1. I am a teacher my new job is in my sister’s house. She is Norma her husband gave my the job. he is an engineer is a company I told that I didn’t a job, so he gave.

2. Information about me and I got the job. The people who hired me are from japan they are Japanese.

3. I told you about my experience as a teacher and I like you susan is my boss \_\_\_.

4. Is from England. My experience as a lawyer is too long. I gave my curriculum vitae and I like me feel great in this job. Opportunities like this are rare.

Monday April 13th 2015

English guideline for monthly exam

Vocabulary practice

Dictation spelling

Cousin

Home

Pusy

Food

Unfriendly

Friendly

Complete the sentences woth the corresponding subject personal pronoun

I you he she it we you they

1. ,I , drive my car
2. ,you, Speak your own language
3. ,she, Plays with her doll
4. ,he, Rides his own bicycle
5. ,it, Moves its
6. ,we, Visit our grandma
7. ,you, learn in your own way
8. ,they, eat their own food

**Write the corresponding possessive pronoun.**

**I** have my house. The house is mine

**You** have your dog. The dog is yours

**He** has his bike. The bike is his

**She** has her cell phone. It is hers

**It** has its own food. The food is XitsX it is the dog´s food

**We** have our classroom. It is

**They** have their own business. It is

**Complete width he correct reflexive pronoun.**

Myself yourself himself herself itself ourselves yourselves themselves

I wash the car by myself

You look yours on the mirror

He plays himself with the ball

She speak width her boss by herself

It drinks its milk by itself

We learn English by ourselves

They pay themselves the money