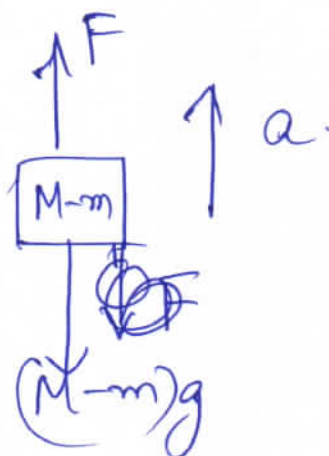
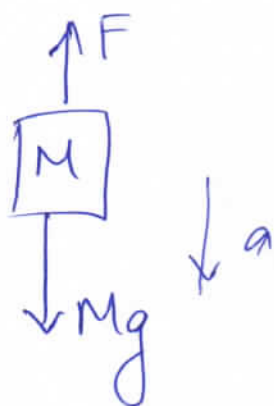
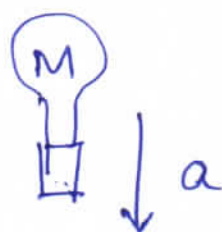


FORCE & FRICTION TUTORIAL

<u>Pg 112</u>	5 6
<u>Pg 114</u>	12 14 15
<u>Pg 116</u>	Comprehension
<u>Pg 122</u>	31
<u>Pg 123</u>	32
<u>Pg 126</u>	20 24
<u>Pg 127</u>	28, 30, 31, 32 —
<u>Pg 128</u>	4, 5, 7
<u>Pg 129</u>	11, 12, 13, 14
<u>Pg 130</u>	17, 20, 22
<u>Pg 132</u>	32, 33, 34
<u>Pg 135</u>	53, 55
<u>Pg 137</u>	62, 66
<u>Pg 143</u>	94, 95, 97
<u>Pg 147</u>	Comp 3, 4

⑤



$$Mg - F = Ma.$$

$$F - (M-m)g = (M-m)a.$$

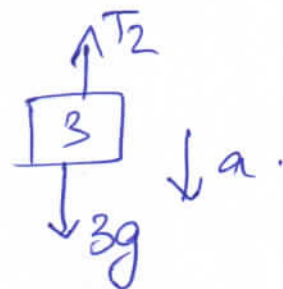
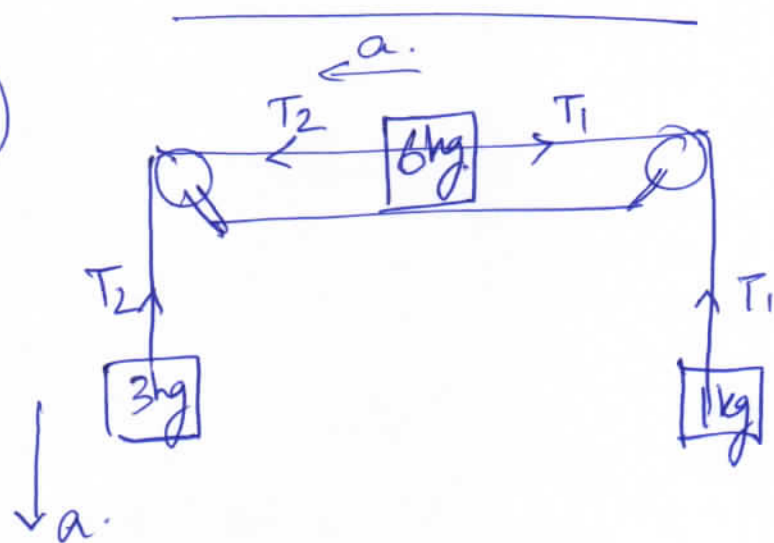
$$Mg - (M-m)g = \cancel{2M} (2M-m)a.$$

$$mg = (2M-m)a.$$

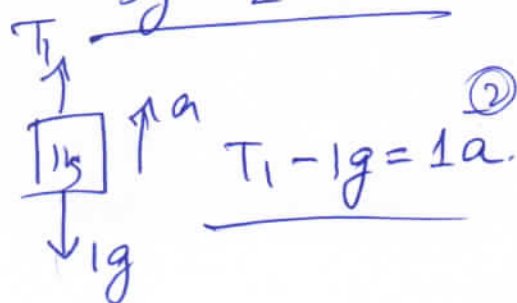
$$m(g+a) = 2Ma$$

$$m = \frac{2Ma}{g+a}.$$

⑥



$$3g - T_2 = 3a \quad \text{--- (1)}$$



$$T_1 - 1g = 1a \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$T_2 - T_1 = 6a. \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

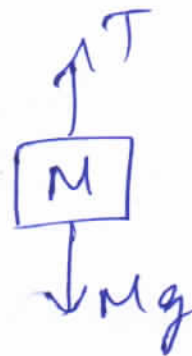
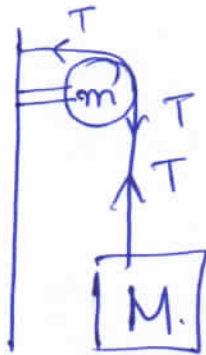
$$\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} + \textcircled{3}$$

$$2g = 10a.$$

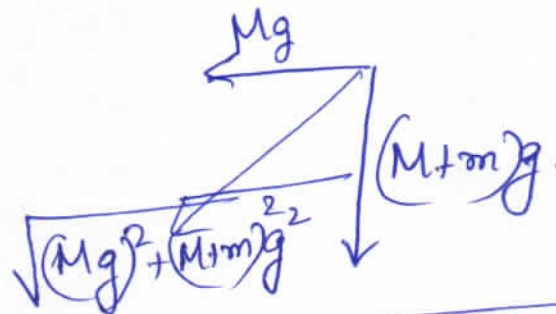
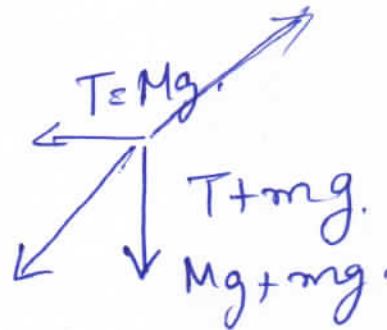
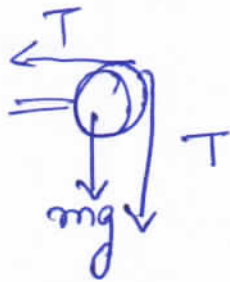
$$a = \frac{2g}{10} = 2m/s^2$$

Pg 114

(12)

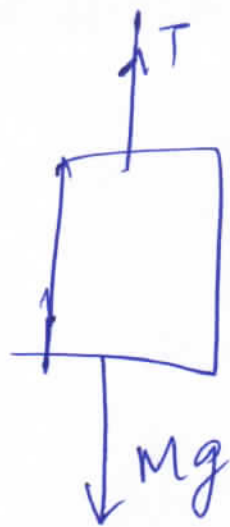


$$T = Mg.$$



$$\textcircled{5} = \sqrt{M^2 + (M + m)^2} g.$$

14



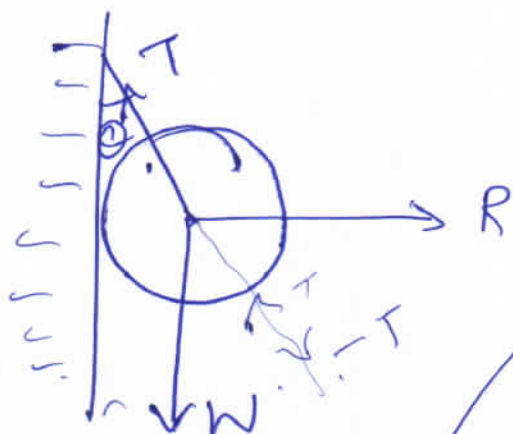
$$T = Mg \Rightarrow$$

$$a = 0$$

$$v = \text{const.}$$

C, D.

15



$$T \cos \theta = W \rightarrow (1)$$

$$T \sin \theta = R \rightarrow (2)$$

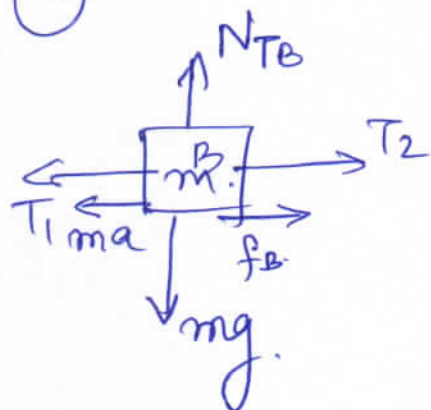
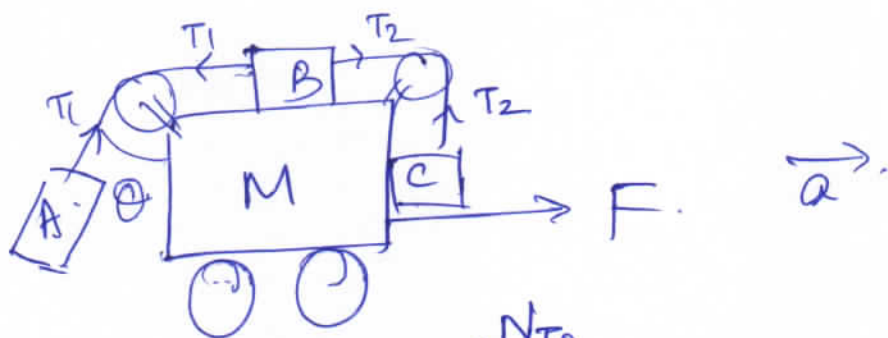
$$T^2 \cos^2 \theta + T^2 \sin^2 \theta = W^2 + R^2$$

$$\underline{T^2 = W^2 + R^2} \rightarrow (B)$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{R}{W} \Rightarrow R = W \tan \theta \rightarrow (D)$$

$$\vec{R} + \vec{W} = -\vec{T}$$

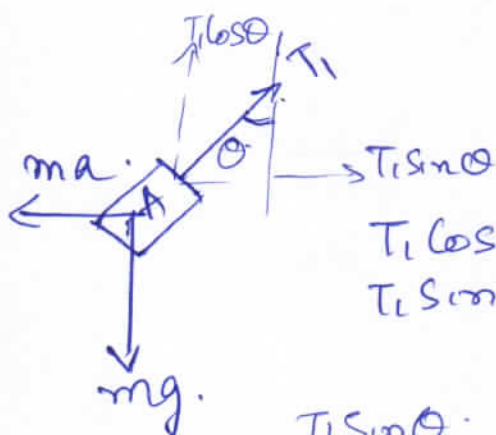
$$\text{or } \vec{R} + \vec{W} + \vec{T} = 0$$



$$N_{TB} = mg \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

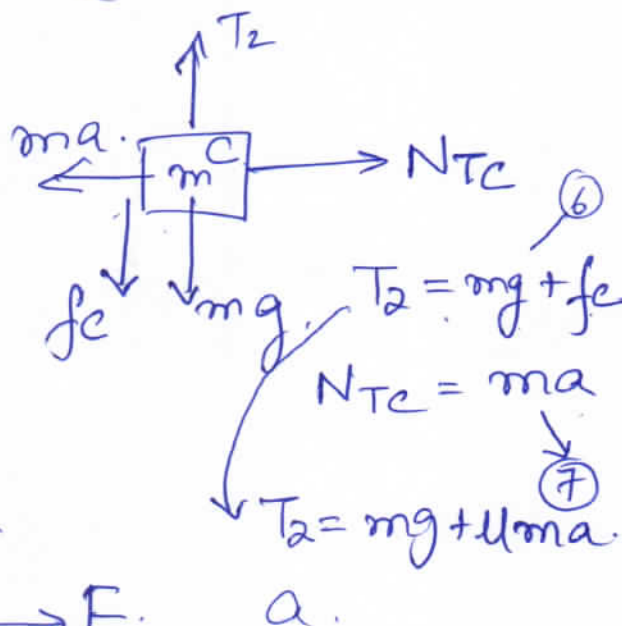
$$T_2 + f_B = T_1 + ma \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$T_2 + \mu mg = T_1 + ma$$



$$T_1 \cos \theta = mg \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

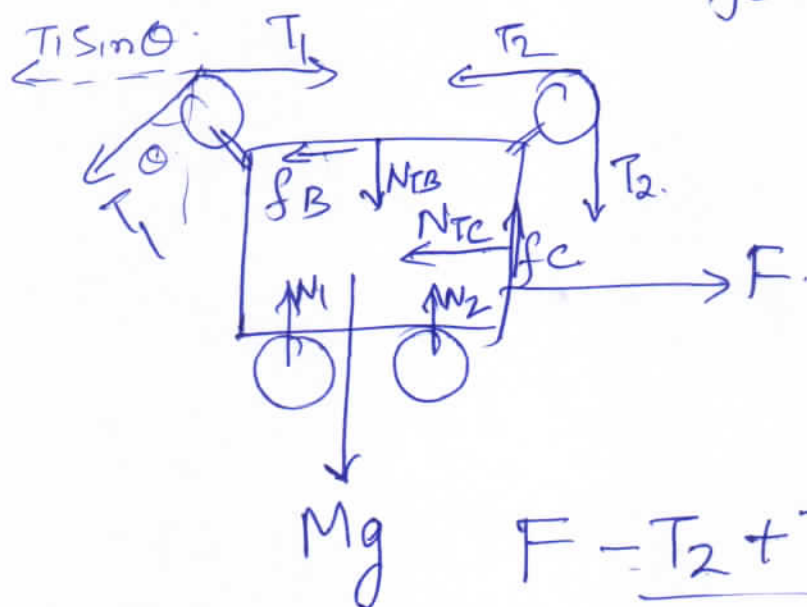
$$T_1 \sin \theta = ma \quad \text{--- (5)}$$



$$T_2 = mg + f_C$$

$$N_{TC} = ma$$

$$T_2 = mg + \mu ma$$



$$F - T_2 + T_1 - N_{TC} - T_1 \sin \theta = Ma \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$F + \mu mg - ma - mg - ma = Ma$$

$$\frac{F + \mu mg}{(M + 3m)} = a$$

$$\textcircled{6} \text{ \& } \textcircled{3}$$

$$mg + \underline{\mu ma} + \mu mg = T_1 + ma$$

$$mg(1+\mu) = T_1 + ma(1-\mu)$$

$$70\left(\frac{11}{7}\right) = T_1 + ma\left(1-\frac{4}{7}\right)$$

$$110 = T_1 + \frac{3ma}{7}$$

$$T_1 = 110 - \frac{3ma}{7} = \textcircled{110 - 3a}$$

$$\underline{T_1^2 = 70^2 + (7a)^2} \quad \text{From } \textcircled{4} \text{ \& } \textcircled{5}$$

$$(110 - 3a)^2 = 70^2 + (7a)^2$$

$$\underline{a = 7.5 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{a}{g} \quad \text{from } \textcircled{5}/\textcircled{4}$$

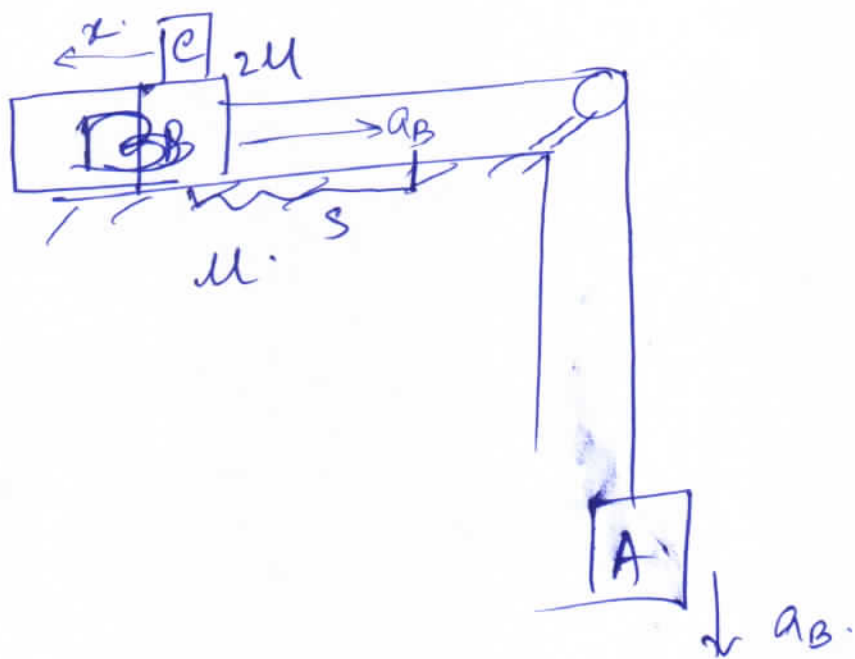
$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} 0.75 = 37^\circ$$

$$F = a(11+3m) + \cancel{\frac{A}{x} \times 10g}$$

$$= \frac{30}{4}(21+21) + \cancel{40}$$

$$= \frac{30}{4} \times 42 = 315 \text{ N}$$

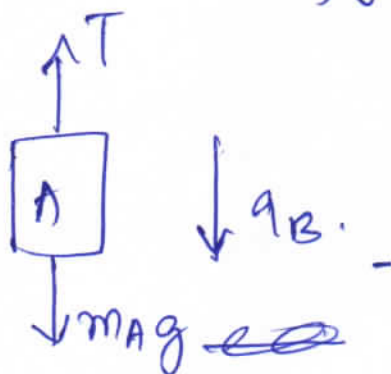
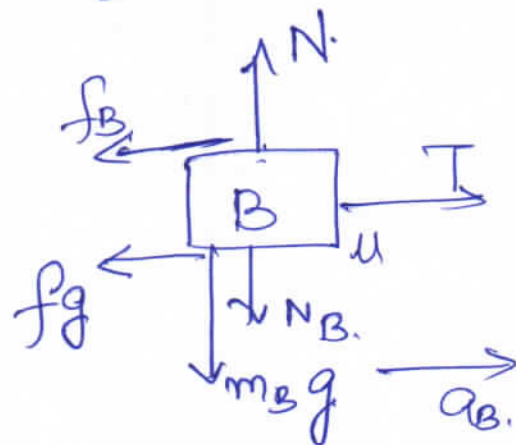
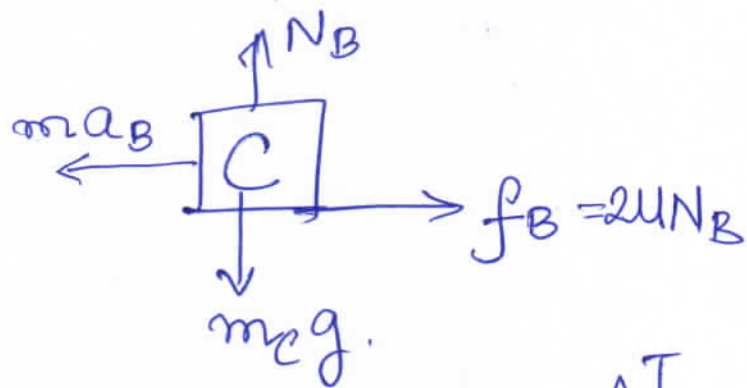
(31)



$$s = \frac{1}{2} a_B t^2 \quad t^2 = \frac{2s}{a_B}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} a_{CB} t^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a_{CB} \times \frac{2s}{a_B} = \frac{s a_{CB}}{a_B}$$



$$mg - T = ma_B. \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$f_g = \mu N \leftarrow$$

$$\textcircled{N} = N_B + mg$$

$$f_g = \mu(N_B + mg) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$T - f_B - f_g = ma_B.$$

$$T - 2\mu N_B - \mu N_B - \mu mg = ma_B$$

$$T - 3\mu N_B - \mu mg = ma_B. \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

① + ③

$$mg(1 - \mu) - 3\mu N_B = 2ma_B$$

$$\cancel{mg}(1 - \mu) - 3\mu \cancel{mg} = 2\cancel{ma_B}$$

$$g(1 - 4\mu) = 2a_B$$

$$a_B = \frac{g(1 - 4\mu)}{2}$$

$$|(ma_B - f_B)| = m_c a_{cB}.$$

$$\left(m \frac{g}{2}(1 - 4\mu) - 2\mu mg\right) = m a_{cB}$$

$$\frac{mg}{2} - 2\mu mg - 2\mu mg.$$

$$\frac{mg}{2} (1 - 8\mu) = \cancel{m} a_{CB}.$$

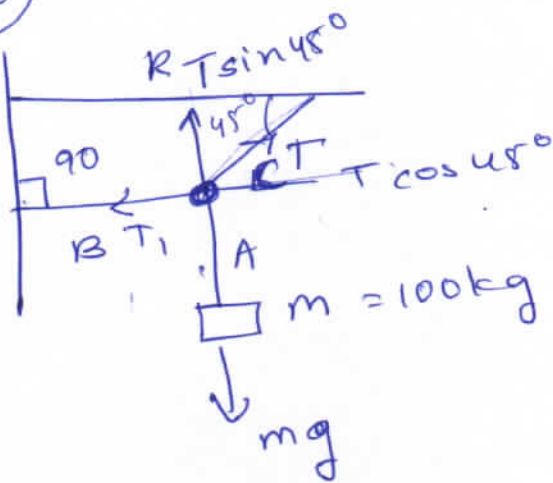
$$a_{CB} = \frac{g}{2} (1 - 8\mu)$$

$$\kappa = \frac{S a_{CB}}{a_B}$$

$$= \frac{S \cancel{\frac{g}{2}} (1 - 8\mu)}{\cancel{\frac{g}{2}} (1 - 4\mu)}$$

$$= \frac{S (1 - 8\mu)}{(1 - 4\mu)} \checkmark$$

Pg 126
20



$$mg = T \sin 45^\circ$$

$$1000 = \frac{T}{\sqrt{2}}$$

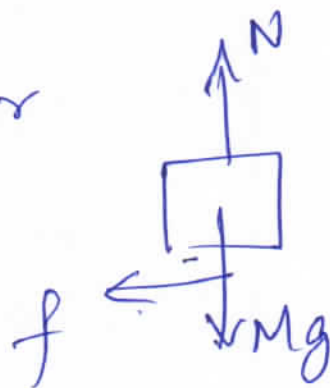
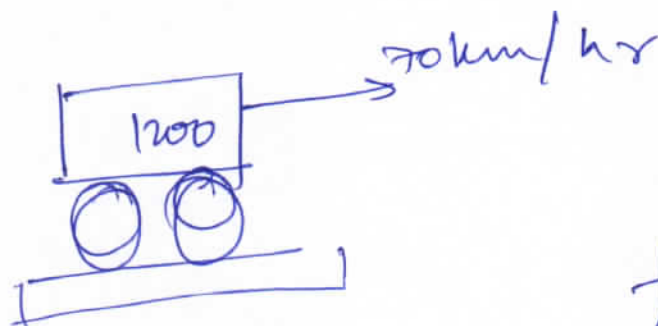
$$T = \sqrt{2} \times 1000$$

$$T_1 = T \cos 45^\circ = 1000\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$T_1 = 1000 \text{ N}$$

Pg 127

28



$$v^2 - u^2 = 2as$$

$$f = \mu N$$

$$= \mu Mg$$

$$0^2 - \left(70 \times \frac{5}{18}\right)^2 = 2(-\mu g)s$$

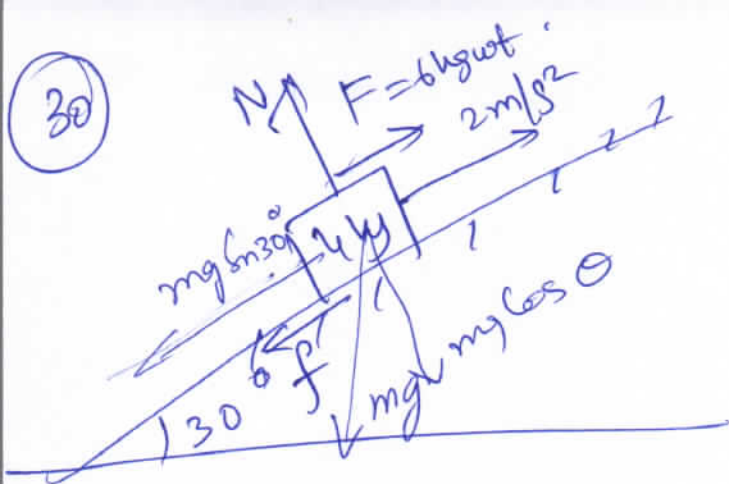
$$s = \frac{\left(70 \times \frac{5}{18}\right)^2}{2\mu g}$$

$$f = ma$$

$$\mu Mg = ma$$

$$a = \mu g$$

(30)



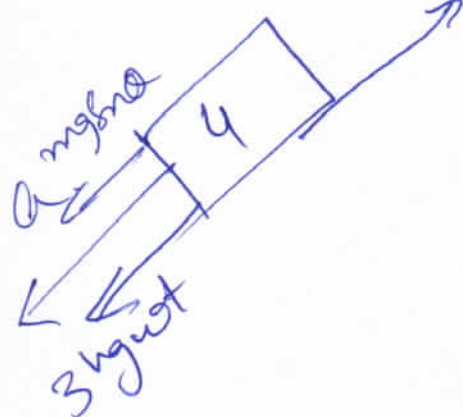
$$F - f - mg \sin \theta = 4 \times 2$$

$$f = F - mg \sin \theta - 8$$

$$= 6g - 4g \times \frac{1}{2} - 8$$

$$= 4g - 8 = 32$$

$$F_1 + mg \sin \theta - f = 4a$$



$$F + F_1 - 2f = 8 + 4a$$

$$6g + 3g - 2 \times 32 = 8 + 4a$$

$$26 = 8 + 4a$$

$$18 = 4a \quad a = 4.5 \text{ m/s}^2$$