

# Compilers Lab

THE GRAMMAR AND FLEX CODE

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# Start

- ▶ Function\_declaration

Every line of the program will be a function declaration

- ▶ Object\_declaration

Or an object declaration

# Start

- ▶ Function\_declaration

Every line of the program will be a function declaration

- ▶ Object\_declaration

Or an object declaration

# object\_declaration

- ▶ Dec\_specifier IDENTIFIER ASGN\_OP postfix\_expression SEMI\_COLON  
Declaring a variable with an initialisation
- ▶ Dec\_specifier IDENTIFIER ASGN\_OP object\_expression SEMI\_COLON  
Declaring an object with the corresponding constructor
- ▶ Dec\_specifier IDENTIFIER  
Declaring an object or a variable without an initialisation
- ▶ Dec\_specifier array\_expression ASGN\_OP array\_initializer SEMI\_COLON  
Declaring an array with initialisation
- ▶ Dec\_specifier array\_expression  
Declaring an array without initialisation

# Dec\_specifier

- ▶ Type\_specifier pointer

Generates pointer types

- ▶ Type\_specifier

Generates data types

# array\_initialiser

- ▶ LEFT\_CURLY array\_initialiser RIGHT\_CURLY

This rule generates the curly brackets enclosing an array initialising list

- ▶ expression COMMA array\_initialiser

This rule generates the array initialising list, keeping in mind that the array can be multidimensional

- ▶ expression

This rule ends the array initialising list

# Function\_declaration

- ▶ Dec\_specifier identifier LEFT\_PARENTHESIS argument\_list  
RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS body\_or\_proto

This generates functions with arguments.

- ▶ Dec\_specifier identifier LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
body\_or\_proto

This generates functions without arguments.

# body\_or\_proto

- ▶ LEFT\_CURLY statement\_list RIGHT\_CURLY  
This will generate the body of the function.
- ▶ SEMI\_COLON  
This will generate the prototype of the function.



# argument\_list

- ▶ Dec\_specifier identifier COMMA argument\_list  
Generating the argument list
- ▶ Dec\_specifier identifier  
Ending the argument list

# type\_specifier

- ▶ INT
- ▶ VOID
- ▶ FLOAT
- ▶ CHAR
- ▶ PROC
- ▶ CLUST
- ▶ JB
- ▶ MEM
- ▶ LNK

# pointer

- ▶ MUL\_OP pointer
- ▶ MUL\_OP

# Statement\_List

- ▶ Statement Statement\_List

This gives a statement and allows the language to have more number of statement following the first statement.

- ▶ Statement

This gives the last statement for the program.

# Statement

- ▶ LEFT\_CURLY Statement\_List RIGHT\_CURLY

This allows the program to have a block of statements encapsulated within curly brackets.

- ▶ Expression\_Statement

Expression statement production gives algebraic and logical expressions defined in the program.

- ▶ Selection\_Statement

Allows carrying out conditional operations within the program.

- ▶ Iteration\_Statement

Allows the provision of iteration over a statement or a block of statements.

- ▶ Jump\_statement

Generates jump statements

- ▶ Object\_Declaration

Allows object declarations

# jump\_statement

- ▶ RETURN expression  
Generates the return statement
- ▶ CONTINUE SEMI\_COLON  
Generates the continue statement
- ▶ BREAK SEMI\_COLON  
Generates the break statement

# Selection\_Statement

- ▶ IF LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
LEFT\_CURLY Statement\_List RIGHT\_CURLY else LEFT\_CURLY  
Statement\_List RIGHT\_CURLY

Generates the if statement with an else. The body of the if must be enclosed in curly brackets to solve issues like dangling else.

- ▶ IF LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
LEFT\_CURLY Statement\_List RIGHT\_CURLY

Generates the if statement without an else.

# Iteration\_Statement

- ▶ WHILE LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression  
RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS statement  
program can use a while loop for iteration
- ▶ FOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression\_statement  
expression\_statement RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS statement  
this production rule gives the user for loop to be used for iteration
- ▶ FOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression\_statement  
expression\_statement expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
statement  
A different way to use the for loop



# Expression\_Statement

- ▶ SEMI\_COLON

this is an empty expression

- ▶ Expression SEMI\_COLON

Allows user to have an expression followed by a semi colon to signify the end of the expression.

# Expression

- ▶ Assignment\_expression

gives program the independence to use conditional expressions or unary expression

- ▶ Expression COMMA Assignment\_expression

allows to have an expression followed by more assignment expressions

# assignment\_expression

- ▶ unary\_expression ASGN\_OP assignment\_expression  
gives identifier values to some function or conditional statement or even a constant
- ▶ conditional\_expression  
generates all kinds of algebraic and logical expressions in the program.
- ▶ object\_expression  
generates the object assignment expression

# Conditional\_Expression

## ► logical\_or\_expression

logical or expression signifies the OR functionality for the language and is going to be at the highest level of the parse tree and thus placing it at the least priority.

# Logical\_or\_expression

- ▶ `logical_or_expression OR_OP logical_and_expression`

The logical and expression must be evaluated before the or expression. Hence this expression has higher priority in the Language.

- ▶ `logical_and_expression`

To generate the last term in the or expression having and or some other operation having higher priority.

# Logical\_and\_expression

- ▶ logical\_and\_expression  
production rule to generate the last term for and expression
- ▶ bitwise\_or\_expression  
production rule that can be used to create bitwise or in the terms
- ▶ logical\_and\_expression AND\_OP bitwise\_or\_expression  
used in the language for generation of bitwise or with the and expression as an AND operator

# bitwise\_or\_expression

- ▶ bitwise\_or\_expression

create last or more terms with bitwise or operations in the expression

- ▶ bitwise\_xor\_expression

bitwise xor is higher priority than bitwise or expression and thus is produced after bitwise or expression and hence lower in the parse tree. This production rule gives bitwise xor terms added to the expressions

- ▶ bitwise\_or\_expression BTW\_OR bitwise\_xor\_expression

creating bitwise xor terms with expression having bitwise or

# bitwise\_xor\_expression

- ▶ `and_expression`

bitwise and has higher priority for the grammar defined for our language and hence follows in the production rule of bitwise xor expression

- ▶ `bitwise_xor_expression XOR_OP and_expression`

generates and expression term with bitwise xor expression terms



# and\_expression

- ▶ equality\_expression  
the equality expression allows for relational expressions to be used in the program.
- ▶ and\_expression AMPERSAND equality\_expression  
Generates an AND expression along with equality expression which by itself can generate relational expressions.

# equality\_expression

- ▶ relational\_expression

relational expression consists of combination of greater than, less than or equal to expressions to be generated in the code.

- ▶ equality\_expression EQ\_OP relational\_expression

This allows generation of equality expression along with an equality operand and relational expression.

- ▶ equality\_expression NE\_OP relational\_expression

This again allows the generation of an equality expression and relational expression but with a non-equality operand.

# relational\_expression

- ▶ `shift_expression`  
generates binary shift operation expression in the program
- ▶ `relational_expression LESS_THAN shift_expression`  
generates relational expression followed by less\_than operand and binary shift expression(s).
- ▶ `relational_expression GREATER_THAN shift_expression`  
generates relational expression and shift expression(s), where the binary shift is appended after a greater than symbol which is again a relational symbol.
- ▶ `relational_expression LE_OP shift_expression`  
this production gives a relational expression with relational operands less\_than\_equal\_to and followed by binary shift expression(s).
- ▶ `relational_expression GE_OP shift_expression`  
the production rule gives relational and shift expression together joined using a greater than or equal to operand

# shift\_expression

- ▶ additive\_expression

allows the user to generate addition/subtraction expressions in the program.

- ▶ shift\_expression LEFT\_OP additive\_expression

allows the conjunction of shift and addition expression in the code using left\_shift binary operation

- ▶ shift\_expression RIGHT\_OP additive\_expression

allows the generation of conjunction of addition expression(which can further go to other expressions which are higher in priority than the addition/subtraction symbol) and binary shift expression using a right shift operand.

# additive\_expression

- ▶ `multiplicative_expression`  
multiplicative expression has higher priority than additive expression and hence is lower in the parse tree according to this production rule for this grammar.
- ▶ `additive_expression PLUS multiplicative_expression`  
generates conjunction of additive expressions with a multiplicative expression using an addition symbol.
- ▶ `additive_expression MINUS multiplicative_expression`  
generates additive expression in the program followed by a subtract sign and a multiplicative expression.

# multiplicative\_expression

- ▶ unary\_expression

unary into some data type has higher priority than multiplicative expression. Thus it is generated lower to the multiplicative production rule for the parse tree.

- ▶ multiplicative\_expression MUL\_OP unary\_expression

this production rule allows the conjunction of multiplicative expressions (i.e. \*, /, % ) with unary expression using a multiply operand.

- ▶ multiplicative\_expression DIV\_OP unary\_expression

this again allows conjunction of unary expressions with a multiplicative expression using a divide operand.

- ▶ multiplicative\_expression MOD\_OP unary\_expression

Multiplicative expression(s) followed by mod(%) and unary expression



# unary\_expression

- ▶ postfix\_expression  
generates postfix expressions (variable++, variable--,variable etc.)
- ▶ INC\_OP unary\_expression  
these give prefix expressions like ++variable.
- ▶ DEC\_OP unary\_expression  
this again gives prefix expressions like --variable
- ▶ unary\_operator unary\_expression  
gives unary operators like ~, !, + etc with a unary expression.

# unary\_operator

- ▶ PLUS
- ▶ MINUS
- ▶ BTW\_NOT
- ▶ NOT\_OP
- ▶ MUL\_OP
- ▶ AMPERSAND



# postfix\_expression

- ▶ primary\_expression  
generates identifiers, constants, string\_literals etc.
- ▶ array\_expression  
generates arrays for the programs
- ▶ function\_expression  
Function evaluation gets higher priority than every arithmetic or relational operation
- ▶ postfix\_expression INC\_OP  
generates postfix expressions like variable++
- ▶ postfix\_expression DEC\_OP  
Generates postfix decreasing expressions like variable—

# array\_expression

- ▶ `array_expression LEFT_BRACKET expression RIGHT_EXPRESSION`  
This can generate multidimensional arrays.
- ▶ `Primary_expression LEFT_BRACKET expression RIGHT_BRACKET`  
This will generate the array identifier.

# primary\_expression

- ▶ IDENTIFIER Deref\_OP IDENTIFIER
- ▶ IDENTIFIER
- ▶ CONSTANT
- ▶ STRING\_LITERAL
- ▶ LEFT\_PARENTHESIS expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
Brackets get the highest priority

# object\_expression

- ▶ link\_object
- ▶ memory\_object
- ▶ job\_object
- ▶ cluster\_object

# cluster\_object

- ▶ CLUSTER LEFT\_PARENTHESIS proc\_arr\_arg COMMA topology\_arg  
COMMA link\_band\_arg COMMA link\_cap\_arg narp
- ▶ processor\_object

# proc\_arr\_arg

- ▶ PROCESSORS ASGN\_OP IDENTIFIER
- ▶ PROCESSORS ASGN\_OP LEFT\_BRACKET cluster\_list RIGHT\_BRACKET
- ▶ IDENTIFIER
- ▶ LEFT\_BRACKET cluster\_list RIGHT\_BRACKET

# cluster\_list

- ▶ cluster\_object COMMA cluster\_list
- ▶ cluster\_object

# topology\_arg

- ▶ TOPOLOGY ASGN\_OP STRING\_LITERAL
- ▶ STRING\_LITERAL



# link\_band\_arg

- ▶ LINK\_BANDWIDTH ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# link\_cap\_arg

- ▶ LINK\_CAPACITY ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# narp

- ▶ COMMA conditional\_expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ COMMA NAME ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS

# processor\_object

- ▶ PROCESSOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS isa\_args COMMA clock\_args  
COMMA mem\_args narp

# Isa\_args

- ▶ ISA ASGN\_OP PROC\_TYPE
- ▶ PROC\_TYPE

# Clock\_args

- ▶ CLOCK\_SPEED ASGN\_OP CONSTANT
- ▶ CONSTANT

# mem\_args

- ▶ MEM1 ASGN\_OP memory COMMA MEM2 ASGN\_OP memory
- ▶ MEM1 ASGN\_OP memory COMMA memory
- ▶ MEM1 ASGN\_OP memory
- ▶ memory COMMA MEM2 ASGN\_OP memory
- ▶ memory COMMA memory
- ▶ memory

# memory

- ▶ memory\_object
- ▶ IDENTIFIER



# link\_object

- ▶ LINK LEFT\_PARENTHESIS start\_args COMMA end\_args COMMA link\_band\_args COMMA link\_cap\_args narp
- ▶ IDENTIFIER

# start\_args

- ▶ START\_POINT ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# end\_args

- ▶ END\_POINT ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# memory\_object

- ▶ MEMORY LEFT\_PARENTHESIS mem\_type\_args COMMA  
mem\_size\_args narp

# mem\_type\_args

- ▶ MEMORY\_TYPE ASGN\_OP MEM\_TYPES
- ▶ MEM\_TYPES

# mem\_size\_args

- ▶ MEMORY\_SIZE ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# job\_object

- ▶ JOB LEFT\_PARENTHESIS job\_id\_args COMMA flops\_args COMMA deadline\_args COMMA mem\_required\_args COMMA affinity\_args RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS

# job\_id\_args

- ▶ JOB\_ID ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression



# flops\_args

- ▶ FLOPS\_REQUIRED ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# deadline\_args

- ▶ DEADLINE ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# mem\_required\_args

- ▶ MEM\_REQUIRED ASGN\_OP conditional\_expression
- ▶ conditional\_expression

# affinity\_args

- ▶ AFFINITY ASGN\_OP LEFT\_BRACKET list RIGHT\_BRACKET
- ▶ LEFT\_BRACKET list RIGHT\_BRACKET

# list

- ▶ CONSTANT
- ▶ CONSTANT COMMA list

# function\_expression

- ▶ RUN LEFT\_PARENTHESIS cluster\_list RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ WAIT LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ DISCARD\_JOB LEFT\_PARENTHESIS jon\_list RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ STOP LEFT\_PARENTHESIS IDENTIFIER RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ IDENTIFIER LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ IDENTIFIER LEFT\_PARENTHESIS argument\_expression\_list  
RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ IDENTIFIER DOT object\_function.

# object\_function

- ▶ processor\_function
- ▶ job\_function
- ▶ link\_function
- ▶ memory\_function

# memory\_function

- ▶ GET\_AVAILABLE\_MEMORY LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS



# Job\_function

- ▶ GET\_JOB\_AFFINITY LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_JOB\_MEMORY LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_FLOPS LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_DEADLINE LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS

These production rules are added to give user a better simulation. The functions when made into the language will let user get the information about the job.

# processor\_function

- ▶ IS\_RUNNING LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ SUBMIT\_JOBS LEFT\_PARENTHESIS job\_list RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_CLOCK\_SPEED LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_PROC\_TYPE LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ IS\_PROCESSOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS

The last two production rules are again added to the language for letting the user create his own scheduling algorithms in the language creating a better simulation.

# cluster\_function

- ▶ GET\_PROCESSOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS
- ▶ GET\_PROCESSOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS primary\_expression RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
gives the list of processor of the cluster, a function in the language that will be checked by the lexer
- ▶ IS\_PROCESSOR LEFT\_PARENTHESIS RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS  
this is a string in the language that allows functionality of checking a cluster or a processor
- ▶ SUBMIT\_JOBS LEFT\_PARENTHESIS job\_list RIGHT\_PARENTHESIS

# job\_list

- ▶ IDENTIFIER COMMA job\_list
- ▶ IDENTIFIER
- ▶ job\_object COMMA job\_list
- ▶ job\_object