

# Adaptive Step sizes weekly report

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I implemented and compared the performance of different types of SGD, on artificially generated dataset with the following parameters:

- Feature dimension  $p = 10$ ,  $SNR = 2$  where  $SNR = \text{var}(x) / (p * \text{var}(y \text{ given } x))$ .
- weight vector  $w$  is fixed as  $w_j = 10 * \exp(-0.75j)$ .
- number of data points  $N=5000$ , with each  $x_i \sim N(0, I)$ ,  $y_i \sim N(w^T x_i, \sigma^2)$

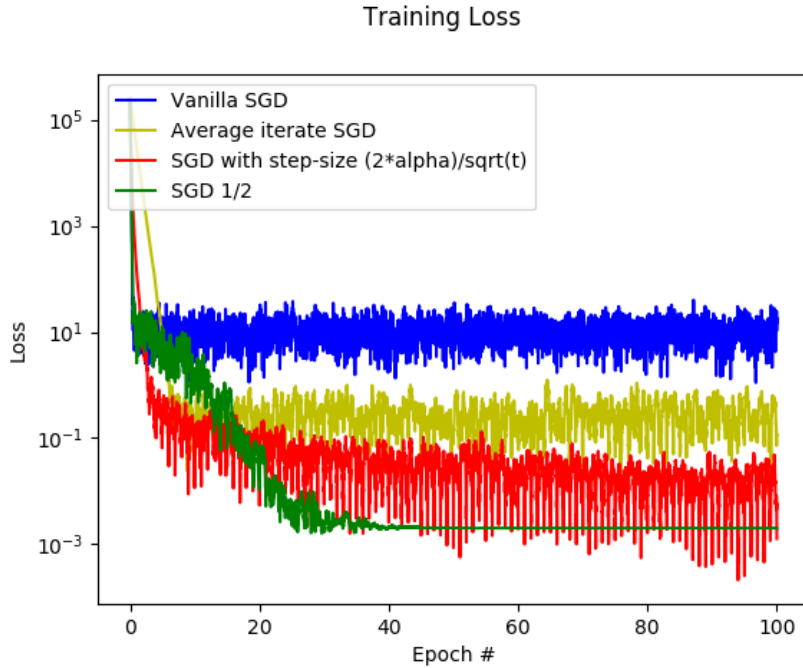


Figure 1:

As clear from the figure, performance of SGD  $1/2$  is comparable to SGD with  $1/\sqrt{t}$  step size.

We know that the sum of dot product of gradients will eventually get a negative value, but in the initial epochs, the value of the dot product of the gradients is very large, and it so happens that if I start adding the dot product of gradients from the first epoch, the value becomes so large that it does not go negative for even 200 epochs. I chose to start summing from epoch 3 for this reason in the code.