

1)

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
int arra[100],i,n,x,f,l,m,flag=0;
printf("Input no. of elements in an array\n");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Input %d value in ascending order\n",n);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf("%d",&arra[i]);
printf("Input the value to be search : ");
scanf("%d",&x);
/* Binary Search logic */
f=0;l=n-1;
while(f<=l)
{
m=(f+l)/2;
if(x==arra[m])
{
flag=1;
break;
}
else if(x<arra[m])
l=m-1;
else
f=m+1;
}
if(flag==0)
printf("%d value not found\n",x);
else
```

```
printf("%d value found at %d position\n",x,m);  
}
```

2)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int arr[10];
```

```
int i, j, N, temp;
```

```
/* function declaration */
```

```
int find_max(int b[10], int k);
```

```
void exchang(int b[10], int k);
```

```
printf("\nInput no. of values in the array : ");
```

```
scanf("%d",&N);
```

```
printf("\nInput the elements one by one: ");
```

```
for(i=0; i<N ; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
/* Selection sorting begins */
```

```
exchang(arr,N);
```

```
printf("Sorted array :\n");
```

```
for(i=0; i< N ; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("%d\n",arr[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
/* function to find the maximum value */
```

```
int find_max(int b[10], int k)
```

```
{
```

```
int max=0,j;
for(j = 1; j <= k; j++)
{
if ( b[j] > b[max])
{
max = j;
}
}
return(max);
}
void exchang(int b[10],int k)
{
int temp, big, j;
for ( j=k-1; j>=1; j--)
{
big = find_max(b,j);
temp = b[big];
b[big] = b[j];
b[j] = temp;
}
return;
}
```

3)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
int arr[10];
int i, j, N, temp;
/* function declaration */
```

```
int find_max(int b[10], int k);
void exchange(int b[10], int k);
printf("\nInput no. of values in the array: ");
scanf("%d",&N);
printf("\nInput the elements: ");
for(i=0; i<N ; i++)
{
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
/* Selection sorting begins */
exchange(arr,N);
printf("Sorted array :\n");
for(i=0; i< N ; i++)
{
    printf("%d\n",arr[i]);
}
}
/* function to find the maximum value */
int find_max(int b[10], int k)
{
    int max=0,j;
    for(j = 1; j <= k; j++)
    {
        if ( b[j] > b[max])
        {
            max = j;
        }
    }
    return(max);
}
```

```
void exchang(int b[10],int k)
{
int temp, big, j;
for ( j=k-1; j>=1; j--)
{
big = find_max(b,j);
temp = b[big];
b[big] = b[j];
b[j] = temp;
}
return;
}
```

4)

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
int arra[10],i,j,n,array_key;
printf("Input no. of values in the array: \n");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Input %d array value(s): \n",n);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf("%d",&arra[i]);

/* Insertion Sort */
for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
{
array_key = arra[i];
j = i-1;
```

```
while (j >= 0 && arra[j] > array_key)
{
    arra[j+1] = arra[j];
    j = j-1;
}
arra[j+1] = array_key;
}
printf("Sorted Array: \n");
for (i=0; i < n; i++)
    printf("%d \n", arra[i]);
}
```

5)

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
/* Function to merge the two halves arra[l..m] and arra[m+1..r] of array
arra[] */
```

```
void merge(int arra[], int l, int m, int r)
{
    int i, j, k;
    int n1 = m - l + 1;
    int n2 = r - m;
    /* create temp arrays */
    int L[n1], R[n2];
    /* Copy data to temp arrays L[] and R[] */
    for(i = 0; i < n1; i++)
        L[i] = arra[l + i];
    for(j = 0; j < n2; j++)
        R[j] = arra[m + 1 + j];
    i = 0;
    j = 0;
```

```
k = 1;
while (i < n1 && j < n2)
{
    if (L[i] <= R[j])
    {
        arra[k] = L[i];
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        arra[k] = R[j];
        j++;
    }
    k++;
}
while (i < n1)
{
    arra[k] = L[i];
    i++;
    k++;
}
while (j < n2)
{
    arra[k] = R[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}
}
}
void mergeSort(int arra[], int l, int r)
{

```

```
if (l < r)
{
    int m = l+(r-l)/2; //Same as (l+r)/2, but avoids overflow for large l and
h
    mergeSort(arr, l, m);
    mergeSort(arr, m+1, r);
    merge(arr, l, m, r);
}
}
/* Function to print an array */
void print_array(int A[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for (i=0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", A[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
/* Test above functions */
int main()
{
    int arr[] = {125, 181, 130, 25, 61, 887};
    int arr_size = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
    printf("Given array is \n");
    print_array(arr, arr_size);
    mergeSort(arr, 0, arr_size - 1);
    printf("\nSorted array is \n");
    print_array(arr, arr_size);
    return 0;
}
```


6)

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int arr[10], no, i, j, c, heap_root, temp;
    printf("Input number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d", &no);
    printf("\nInput array values one by one : ");
    for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    for (i = 1; i < no; i++)
    {
        c = i;
        do
        {
            heap_root = (c - 1) / 2;
            /* to create MAX arr array */
            if (arr[heap_root] < arr[c])
            {
                temp = arr[heap_root];
                arr[heap_root] = arr[c];
                arr[c] = temp;
            }
            c = heap_root;
        } while (c != 0);
    }

    printf("Heap array : ");
    for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
        printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
```

```
for (j = no - 1; j >= 0; j--)
{
temp = arr[0];
arr[0] = arr[j];
arr[j] = temp;
heap_root = 0;
do
{
c = 2 * heap_root + 1;
if ((arr[c] < arr[c + 1]) && c < j-1)
c++;
if (arr[heap_root] < arr[c] && c < j)
{
temp = arr[heap_root];
arr[heap_root] = arr[c];
arr[c] = temp;
}
heap_root = c;
} while (c < j);
}
printf("\nSorted array : ");
for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
printf("\t%d", arr[i]);
printf("\n");
}
```

7)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int n;
void main()
```

```
{
int arr[30],l,r,i;
void quick_sort(int arr[],int,int);
printf("\nInput number of elements: ");
scanf(" %d",&n);
printf("\nInput array values one by one: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
scanf(" %d",&arr[i]);
l=0; r=n-1;
quick_sort(arr,l,r);
printf("\nThe quick sorted array is: ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf(" %d",arr[i]);
printf("\n");
}
void quick_sort(int arr[],int low,int high)
{
int temp,left,right,x,k;
if(low>=high)
return;
else
{
x=arr[low];
right=low+1;
left = high;
while(right<=left)
{
while(arr[right]<x && right <= high)
{
right ++;
```

```
}  
while(arr[left]>x && left > low)  
{  
    left--;  
}  
if(right<left)  
{  
    temp=arr[right];  
    arr[right]=arr[left];  
    arr[left]=temp;  
    right++;  
    left--;  
}  
}  
arr[low]=arr[left];  
arr[left]=x;  
quick_sort(arr,low,left-1);  
quick_sort(arr,left+1,high);  
}  
}
```

8)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void print(int *a, int n) {  
    int i;  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)  
        printf("%d\t", a[i]);  
}
```

```
void radix_sort(int *a, int n) {
    int i, b[10], m = 0, exp = 1;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (a[i] > m)
            m = a[i];
    }

    while (m / exp > 0) {
        int box[10] = { 0 };
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            box[a[i] / exp % 10]++;
        for (i = 1; i < 10; i++)
            box[i] += box[i - 1];
        for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
            b[--box[a[i] / exp % 10]] = a[i];
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            a[i] = b[i];
        exp *= 10;
    }
}

int main() {
    int arr[10];
    int i, num;

    printf("Input number of elements: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

    printf("\nInput array elements one by one : ");
    for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
```

```
scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
```

```
printf("\nArray elements : ");
```

```
print(&arr[0], num);
```

```
radix_sort(&arr[0], num);
```

```
printf("\nSorted elements : ");
```

```
print(&arr[0], num);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

9)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
/* Counting sort function */
```

```
void counting_sort(int a[], int k, int n)
```

```
{
```

```
int i, j;
```

```
int b[15], c[100];
```

```
for (i = 0; i <= k; i++)
```

```
c[i] = 0;
```

```
for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
```

```
c[a[j]] = c[a[j]] + 1;
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= k; i++)
```

```
c[i] = c[i] + c[i-1];
```

```
for (j = n; j >= 1; j--)
```

```
{
```

```
b[c[a[j]]] = a[j];
```

```
c[a[j]] = c[a[j]] - 1;
}
printf("The Sorted array is : ");
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
printf("%d,", b[i]);
}
int main()
{
int n, k = 0, a[15], i;
printf("Input number of elements: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Input the array elements one by one: \n");
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
{
scanf("%d", &a[i]);
if (a[i] > k) {
k = a[i];
}
}
counting_sort(a, k, n);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
```

