

## LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

**Patient Name** : Ms. Anwesha Dash . **Age/Sex** : 31 Year(s)/Female  
**UHID** : RXWF.69482 **Order Date** : 10/05/2023 10:11  
**Episode** : OP  
**Ref. Doctor** : Self **Mobile No** : 9739251212  
**Address** : Whitefield ., ,Bangalore,Karnataka ,0 **DOB** : 01/01/1991  
**Facility** : RxDx Whitefield

### Serology

Test Name	Result	Unit	Ref. Range
Sample No : 07O0005797	Collection Date : 10/05/23 10:16	Ack Date : 10/05/2023 10:18	Report Date : 10/05/23 16:02

#### HIV - I And II(Rapid Card Test)

HIV I And II(Rapid Card Test) Non-Reactive

Method - Immunochromatographic, Sample - Serum

#### Widal Test (Slide Method)

Salmonella Typhi 'O' Ag **POSITIVE 1:160 ▲** < 1:80

Method - Slide Agglutination, Sample - Serum

Salmonella Typhi 'H' Ag NEGATIVE<1:80 NEGATIVE <1:80

Method - Slide Agglutination, Sample - Serum

Salmonella Paratyphi 'AH' Ag NEGATIVE<1:80 NEGATIVE <1:80

Method - Slide Agglutination, Sample - Serum

Salmonella Paratyphi 'BH' Ag NEGATIVE<1:80 NEGATIVE <1:80

Method - Slide Agglutination, Sample - Serum

"Interpretation:

Antibody titre greater than 1:80 is considered significant and usually suggests a positive test for Salmonella infection. Low titres are often in normal individuals. A single positive is less significant than the rising antibody titre, since a rising titer is considered to be definite evidence of infection."

### Biochemistry

Test Name	Result	Unit	Ref. Range
Sample No : 07O0005797	Collection Date : 10/05/23 10:16	Ack Date : 10/05/2023 10:18	Report Date : 10/05/23 16:02

#### Glycated Haemoglobin (HbA1C)

GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN(HbA1c) 4.9 % Normal 4.6 - 5.7%  
 Prediabetes 5.7% - 6.4 %  
 Diabetes 6.5% or Higher

Method - Nephelometry, Sample - HBA1C

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE 93.93 mg/dl < 117

Method - calculated, Sample - HBA1C

"Interpretation:

HbA1c is a glycated form of hemoglobin formed by the attachment of glucose residues in the blood to the Hb molecules. The level of HbA1c is proportional to the level of glucose in the blood and accepted as an indicator of the mean blood glucose concentration in the preceding 6-8 weeks. It is a long term indicator of diabetic control. Levels should be monitored every 3-4 months.

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End of Report



**Dr. Anamika Pal**  
**MBBS, DCP (Pathology)**  
Consultant Pathologist



Sample Collection Centre Address: Ground Floor, Plot No. 7G, Opp. Graphite India, Whitefield, Bengaluru 560048