

<i>CRITERIA</i>	<i>SIGNIFICANCE</i>	<i>POWER QUERY</i>	<i>DAX MEASURE</i>	<i>DAX CALCULATED COLUMN</i>
<i>POWER BI FILE SIZE</i>	<i>IT IS GOOD TO KEEP THE FILE SIZE AS LOW AS POSSIBLE TO IMPROVE THE PERFORMANCE</i>	<i>LOW</i>	<i>LOW</i>	<i>HIGH</i>
<i>SYSTEM MEMORY CONSUMPTION</i>	<i>HIGHER MEMORY CONSUMPTION CAN AFFECT PERFORMANCE, HENCE IT IS GOOD TO KEEP ON THE FLY CALCULATIONS (ESPECIALLY COMPLEX DAX MEASURES INVOLVING MULTIPLE TABLES) AT OPTIMUM LEVEL.</i>	<i>MEDIUM</i>	<i>HIGH</i>	<i>LOW</i>
<i>DEVELOPER WAITING TIME</i>	<i>LOW WAITING TIME INDICATES DEVELOPER DOES NOT HAVE TO WAIT A LOT OF TIME FOR BIG TABLES IN POWER QUERY TO REFRESH AND LOAD TO POWER BI WHILE REFRESHING</i>	<i>HIGH</i>	<i>LOW</i>	<i>MEDIUM</i>
<i>SKILL LEVEL</i>	<i>AS A GENERAL RULE, IT IS RECOMMENDED TO USE DAX MEASURES WHEREVER POSSIBLE OUTSIDE POWER QUERY AS IT WILL KEEP THE FILE SIZE LOW AND OFFERS QUICKER DEVELOPMENT TIME. HOWEVER, THIS ALSO REQUIRES A HIGHER DAX AND DATA MODELING SKILL LEVEL. POWER QUERY ALSO REQUIRES A CERTAIN SKILL LEVEL BUT COMPARATIVELY EASIER THAN DAX. IT CAN BE USED TO MERGE AND COMBINE TABLE SIZES RELATIVELY LOWER AND MEDIUM TABLE SIZES.</i>	<i>MEDIUM</i>	<i>HIGH</i>	<i>MEDIUM</i>