

Peer Review

Rahul's Approach:

1. The `create_table` task executes a SQL statement to create a table named 'USERS' if it doesn't already exist. The `insert_into_table` task inserts records into the 'USERS' table. The `get_all_users` task retrieves all records from the 'USERS' table.
2. Make sure that the `postgres_conn_id` used in the `PostgresOperator` tasks corresponds to the connection ID that is defined in the Airflow connections.
3. It's important to ensure that this name is unique within your Airflow environment. The `start_date` is set to `datetime(2023, 4, 25)`, indicating that the DAG will start running from that specific date.
4. The code retrieves the Slack connection details using the `SLACK_CONN_ID` connection identifier from Airflow's Connection feature. The webhook token and channel are obtained using the `BaseHook.get_connection` method. Make sure that you have created a Slack connection in Airflow with the specified connection identifier (`SLACK_CONN_ID`) and that the connection details are accurate.

Pankaj Singh's Approach:

1. The task dependencies (`create_table_task >> insert_values_task >> select_values_task`) are defined correctly, indicating that the `create_table_task` must complete before the `insert_values_task`, and the `insert_values_task` must complete before the `select_values_task`.
2. The `default_args` dictionary provides configuration options for the DAG. It's a good practice to explicitly define the `catchup` parameter to avoid unexpected backfilling of the DAG.
3. The `postgres_conn_id` used in the `PostgresOperator` tasks should correspond to the connection ID defined in the Airflow connections.
4. The DAG is created with the ID 'sigmoid_email_alert'. Ensure that this ID is unique within your Airflow environment. The `start_date` is set to `datetime(2023, 4, 25)`, indicating that the DAG will start on that date.

5. The code retrieves the Slack connection details from Airflow's Connection feature using the `SLACK_CONN_ID` connection identifier. The webhook token and channel are obtained using `BaseHook.get_connection` method. Verify that you have created a Slack connection in Airflow with the specified connection identifier (`SLACK_CONN_ID`) and that the connection details are correct.
6. `task2` and `task3` are `SlackWebhookOperator` tasks that send Slack messages to the specified channel. `task2` triggers on the success of `task1` using `TriggerRule.ALL_SUCCESS`, while `task3` triggers on the failure of `task1` using `TriggerRule.ALL_FAILED`.