# **HOTEL BOOKING ANALYSIS**

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1. ABSTRACT: Hotel booking dataset contains booking information for city and resort hotel. Both datasets share the same structure, with 32 columns with 119390 entries describing Each observation represents a hotel booking. Both datasets contains bookings data of arrive between the year 2015 and 2017. In this booking data some bookings were cancelled. Due to the scarcity of real business data for scientific and educational purposes, these datasets can have an important role for research and education in revenue management,

**PROBLEM STATEMENT:** We are here to explore a hotel booking dataset which contain booking information for a city hotel and a resort hotel. We will analyze some important aspects of hotel helpful to run profitable hotel business are as follows:

- a. The time of year to book a hotel room?
- b. Optimal length of stay to get the best daily rate?
- 2. **INTRODUCTION:** In tourism and travel related industries, most of the research on Revenue Management demand forecasting. hotel datasets with demand data are shared to help in overcoming this limitation. The datasets now made available were collected aiming at the development of prediction models to classify a hotel booking's. And the goal here is to get some useful insights and find correlation between respective columns.

## Data set:

- 1. hotel: type of hotels.
- 2. is canceled: canceled or not.
- **3. lead\_time:** no. of days before actual arrival in the hotel.
- **4.** arrival\_date\_year: year of booking.
- **5.** arrival\_date\_month: month of booking.
- **6. arrival date week number:** week number of the year in which booking.
- **7.arrival\_date\_day\_of\_month:** arrival month date .

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8. stays_in_weekend_nights: no. of weekends guest stayed .
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- **9. stays\_in\_week\_nights:** no. of weekdays guest stayed.
- 10. adults
- 11. children
- 12. babies
- 13. meal: BB Bed & Breakfast

HB – only two meals including breakfast meal

FB – breakfast, lunch, and dinner

- 14. country
- **15.** market\_segment: TA: Travel agents.

TO: Tour operators

- 16. distribution\_channel
- 17. is\_repeated\_guest
- **18. previous\_cancellations:** cancellation in past .
- 19. previous\_bookings\_not\_canceled: not cancelled in past.
- 20. reserved\_room\_type
- 21. assigned\_room\_type
- 22. booking\_changes
- 23. deposit\_type
- 24. agent
- 25. company
- 26. days\_in\_waiting\_list
- 27. customer type
- 28. adr: average daily rate.
- 29. required car parking spaces
- 30. total\_of\_special\_requests
- 31. reservation status
- 32. reservation\_status\_date

## 3. Steps Involved:

## 1. Data study:

- Firstly, we need to understand the dataset to make any analysis on dataset.
- So our first step should be understand the columns and check the basic correlation between columns.
- After that we need to imported libraries and dataset, some of the libraries used are NumPy, pandas, matplotlib, seaborn, warnings. Once the data is collected, process of analysis begins
- Clean the data set
- Checking and deleting the duplicate values.
- Analyze the data.

**DATA PREPROCESSING:** A dataset may contain noise, missing values, and inconsistent data, thus, pre- processing of data is essential to improve the quality of data and timerequired in the data mining.

#### • CLEANING AND MANIPULATING THEDATASET:

## **CLEANING:**

After completing the Data Sourcing, the next step in the process of EDA isData Cleaning. It is very important toget rid of the irregularities and clean the data after sourcing it into our system. Irregularities are of different types of data.

## **MANIPULATING:**

Data Manipulation: Manipulation of data is the process of manipulating or changing information to make it more organized and readable. Madesome new features with the help of column present in the datasets.

**Visualization**: After cleaning the data. we can use it for visualization with the help of seaborn and matplotlib and etc.

## **CONCLUSION:**

Our analysis, would be capable of helping prospective guests in choosing the right hotel, right stay duration and much more for their stay and moreover, would also be introspecting for hotel management in bringing out changes in their services for the guests.

- City Hotel is the most booked hotel .
- Resort Hotel has been preferred over City Hotel bylarger group of guests or families.
- Direct bookings have very less cancellation%.
- Most preferred meal is BB (Bread and Breakfast.
- Online marketing is the best way to attract customers.
- People do not want to pre-deposit the money for booking.
- Only 10% of people require parking space.
- Resort hotel is preferred mostly for longer stay.