# **Assessment 4**

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Complete all Exercises, and submit answers to VtopBeta

## **Datasets**

```
### load packages
library(caret)

## Loading required package: lattice

## Loading required package: ggplot2

library(knitr)
```

Iris dataset for training and testing

Sepal.Len	gth	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa

# Split it into training set and testing set and validation set

```
ir_data=iris
set.seed(100)
head(ir_data)
```

```
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
## 1 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 setosa
## 2 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 setosa
## 3 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 setosa
## 4 4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2 setosa
## 5 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 setosa
## 6 5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4 setosa
```

```
intrain <- createDataPartition(y = ir_data$Species, p= 0.7, list = FALSE)
training<-iris[intrain,]
testing<-ir_data[-intrain,]
dim(training);dim(testing)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 105 5
```

```
## [1] 45 5
```

```
summary(ir_data)
```

```
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
## Min. :4.300 Min. :2.000 Min. :1.000 Min. :0.100
## 1st Qu.:5.100 1st Qu.:2.800 1st Qu.:1.600 1st Qu.:0.300
## Median :5.800 Median :3.000 Median :4.350 Median :1.300
## Mean :5.843 Mean :3.057 Mean :3.758 Mean :1.199
## 3rd Qu.:6.400 3rd Qu.:3.300 3rd Qu.:5.100 3rd Qu.:1.800
## Max. :7.900 Max. :4.400 Max. :6.900 Max. :2.500
## Species
## setosa :50
## versicolor:50
## ## ## ##
## ##
```

```
training[["Species"]] = factor(training[["Species"]])
trctrl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 10, repeats = 3)</pre>
```

The results of confusion matrix show that this time the accuracy on the test set is 95.56%.

# using e1071

```
library(e1071)
model <- naiveBayes(Species ~., data = training)
class(model)

## [1] "naiveBayes"

summary(model)

## Length Class Mode
## apriori 3 table numeric
## tables 4 -none- list
## tevels 3 -none- character
## call 4 -none- call</pre>
```

```
print(model)
```

```
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
\#\,\#
## Call:
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
##
      setosa versicolor virginica
## 0.3333333 0.3333333 0.3333333
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##
             Sepal.Length
## Y
                  [,1]
                            [,2]
            5.071429 0.3409083
##
    setosa
##
    versicolor 5.825714 0.4667427
    virginica 6.540000 0.6611932
##
##
              Sepal.Width
##
## Y
                  [,1]
                           [,2]
##
   setosa 3.517143 0.3416962
##
   versicolor 2.748571 0.2974118
##
   virginica 2.962857 0.3263756
##
##
              Petal.Length
                  [,1]
## Y
                           [,2]
##
              1.471429 0.1856173
    setosa
##
    versicolor 4.182857 0.4712223
    virginica 5.525714 0.5653437
##
##
              Petal.Width
\# \#
## Y
                   [,1]
##
   setosa
             0.2514286 0.1039554
   versicolor 1.3114286 0.1794951
   virginica 1.9885714 0.2857101
```

```
preds <- predict(model, newdata = training)
table(preds, training$Species)</pre>
```

```
## preds setosa versicolor virginica
## setosa 35 0 0
## versicolor 0 33 3
## virginica 0 2 32
```

```
(35+33+32)/(35+33+2+32+3) #change this according to the diagonal element of the previous statement result
```

```
## [1] 0.952381
```

Accuracy is 95.2381%.

# **Using mlbench**

predict(model, HouseVotes84[1:10,], type = "raw")

```
library(mlbench)
data("HouseVotes84")
data(HouseVotes84, package = "mlbench")
model <- naiveBayes(Class ~ ., data = HouseVotes84)
predict(model, HouseVotes84[1:10,])

## [1] republican republican republican democrat democrat ## [7] republican republican democrat ## Levels: democrat republican</pre>
```

```
democrat republican
## [1,] 1.029209e-07 9.999999e-01
##
   [2,] 5.820415e-08 9.999999e-01
## [3,] 5.684937e-03 9.943151e-01
## [4,] 9.985798e-01 1.420152e-03
## [5,] 9.666720e-01 3.332802e-02
## [6,] 8.121430e-01 1.878570e-01
## [7,] 1.751512e-04 9.998248e-01
## [8,] 8.300100e-06 9.999917e-01
## [9,] 8.277705e-08 9.999999e-01
## [10,] 1.000000e+00 5.029425e-11
pred <- predict(model, HouseVotes84)</pre>
table(pred, HouseVotes84$Class)
## pred
             democrat republican
## democrat 238 13
##
   republican
                   29
(238+155)/(238+155+29+13)
```

```
## [1] 0.9034483
```

Accuracy is 90.34483%.

```
## using laplace smoothing:
model <- naiveBayes(Class ~ ., data = HouseVotes84, laplace = 3)
pred <- predict(model, HouseVotes84[,-1])
table(pred, HouseVotes84$Class)</pre>
```

```
## pred democrat republican
## democrat 237 12
## republican 30 156
```

```
(237+156) / (237+156+12+30)
```

```
## [1] 0.9034483
```

Accuracy is still 90.34483%.

# Using a contingency table

```
data(Titanic)
m <- naiveBayes(Survived ~ ., data = Titanic)
m</pre>
```

```
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## Call:
## naiveBayes.formula(formula = Survived ~ ., data = Titanic)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Survived
## No
              Yes
## 0.676965 0.323035
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##
    Class
## Survived
                 1st
                           2nd
                                      3rd
                                              Crew
     No 0.08187919 0.11208054 0.35436242 0.45167785
\#\,\#
       Yes 0.28551336 0.16596343 0.25035162 0.29817159
##
##
         Sex
                       Female
## Survived
               Male
##
     No 0.91543624 0.08456376
      Yes 0.51617440 0.48382560
##
##
        Age
## Survived
              Child
                         Adult
   No 0.03489933 0.96510067
##
       Yes 0.08016878 0.91983122
##
```

# **Cervical Cancer**

## Levels: No Yes

```
cancer <- read.csv("risk_factors_cervical_cancer.csv")
cancer[cancer=='?'] <- NA
cancer[["Dx.Cancer"]] = factor(cancer[["Dx.Cancer"]],ordered = TRUE)

#Splitting Dataset
intrain <- createDataPartition(y = cancer$Dx.Cancer, p = 0.7, list = FALSE)
training<-cancer[intrain,]
testing<-cancer[-intrain,]
dim(training);dim(testing)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 601 36
```

```
## [1] 257 36
```

#### summary (cancer)

```
##
     Age
            Number.of.sexual.partners First.sexual.intercourse
## Min. :13.00 2.0 :272
                                    15.0 :163
## 1st Qu.:20.00 3.0 :208
                                    17.0 :151
## Median :25.00 1.0 :206
                                    18.0 :137
## Mean :26.82 4.0 : 78
                                    16.0 :121
## 3rd Qu.:32.00 5.0 : 44
                                   14.0 : 79
## Max. :84.00 (Other): 24
                                    (Other):200
##
               NA's : 26
                                    NA's : 7
## Num.of.pregnancies Smokes
                             Smokes..years. Smokes..packs.year.
              ? : 0
                          0.0 :722
##
  1.0
      :270
                                         0.0
##
  2.0
        :240
                 0.0 :722
                           1.266972909: 15
                                          0.5132021277: 18
## 3.0
        :139
                  1.0 :123
                           5.0 : 9
                                          1.0
        : 74
                 NA's: 13
                                    : 9
                                         3.0
## 4.0
                           9.0
                                : 8 0.05
## 5.0 : 35
                                                   : 4
                           1.0
## (Other): 44
                           (Other) : 82 (Other)
                                                   : 90
```

```
: 13 NA's
## NA's : 56
                            NA's
                                                        . 13
## Hormonal.Contraceptives Hormonal.Contraceptives..years. IUD
## ? : 0 0.0 :269
                                                   ? : 0
## 0.0 :269
                       1.0 : 77
                                                    0.0:658
## 1.0 :481
                       0.25 : 41
                                                    1.0:83
## NA's:108
                       2.0 : 40
                                                    NA's:117
##
                       3.0 : 39
##
                        (Other):284
##
                       NA's :108

      IUD..years.
      STDs
      STDs..number.
      STDs.condylomatosis

      0.0
      :658
      ? : 0
      ? : 0
      ? : 0

      3.0
      : 11
      0.0 :674
      0.0 :674
      0.0 :709

##
##
## 3.0
         : 10 1.0 : 79 1.0 : 34
                                    1.0 : 44
## 2.0
## 5.0 : 9 NA's:105 2.0 : 37
                                    NA's:105
## 1.0 : 8
                         3.0 : 7
                        4.0 : 1
## (Other): 45
## NA's :117 NA's:105
## STDs.cervical.condylomatosis STDs.vaginal.condylomatosis
## ? : 0 ? : 0
                            0.0:749
## 0.0 :753
## NA's:105
                            1.0:4
##
                            NA's:105
##
##
##
## STDs.vulvo.perineal.condylomatosis STDs.syphilis
## ? : 0
                                 ? : 0
## 0.0:710
                                 0.0 :735
## 1.0 : 43
                                 1.0 : 18
## NA's:105
                                 NA's:105
##
##
##
## STDs.pelvic.inflammatory.disease STDs.genital.herpes
## ? : 0
                               ? : 0
## 0.0 :752
                                0.0:752
## 1.0 : 1
                                1.0:1
## NA's:105
                                NA's:105
##
##
##
## STDs.molluscum.contagiosum STDs.AIDS STDs.HIV STDs.Hepatitis.B
                          ? : 0 ? : 0 ? : 0
## ? : 0
## 0.0 :752
                          ## 1.0 : 1
                          NA's:105 1.0 : 18 1.0 : 1
## NA's:105
                                    NA's:105 NA's:105
##
##
##
## STDs.HPV
            STDs..Number.of.diagnosis STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis
   ? : 0
            Min. :0.00000 1.0 : 15
                                   3.0
## 0.0 :751
            1st Qu.:0.00000
                                          : 10
                                  2.0 : 9
## 1.0 : 2 Median :0.00000
                                  4.0 : 6
## NA's:105 Mean :0.08741
##
            3rd Qu.:0.00000
                                  7.0 : 5
##
           Max. :3.00000
                                   (Other): 26
##
                                  NA's :787
## STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis Dx.Cancer Dx.CIN
## 1.0 : 17 0:840 Min. :0.00000
## 2.0
                                       1st Qu.:0.00000
        : 10
                               1: 18
       : 9
## 3.0
                                        Median :0.00000
       : 6
## 4.0
                                        Mean :0.01049
         : 5
##
   7.0
                                        3rd Qu.:0.00000
##
   (Other): 24
                                        Max. :1.00000
## NA's :787
                       Dx
                                  Hinselmann
                                                    Schiller
##
   Dx.HPV
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median:0.00000 Median:0.00000 Median:0.00000 Median:0.00000
## Mean :0.02098 Mean :0.02797 Mean :0.04079 Mean :0.08625
## 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.00000
##
```

```
## Citology Biopsy
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu::0.00000 1st Qu::0.0000
## Median :0.00000 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.05128 Mean :0.0641
## 3rd Qu::0.00000 3rd Qu::0.0000
## Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.0000
```

```
trctrl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv", number = 2, repeats = 3)
#Training Model
model <- naiveBayes(Dx.Cancer ~ ., data = training)
class(model)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "naiveBayes"
```

## summary (model)

```
## Length Class Mode

## apriori 2 table numeric

## tables 35 -none- list

## levels 2 -none- character

## call 4 -none- call
```

#### print(model)

```
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## Call:
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
##
        0
## 0.97836938 0.02163062
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##
   Age
## Y
      [,1]
               [,2]
   0 26.46088 8.100950
##
   1 33.84615 7.787235
##
##
##
   Number.of.sexual.partners
## Y ? 1.0
                             10.0
                                       15.0
## 0 0.000000000 0.256183746 0.001766784 0.000000000 0.330388693
## 1 0.000000000 0.076923077 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.307692308
##
   Number.of.sexual.partners
## Y
    28.0 3.0
                                4.0
                                          5.0
                                                     6.0
## 0 0.001766784 0.233215548 0.098939929 0.047703180 0.008833922
## 1 0.000000000 0.461538462 0.000000000 0.153846154 0.000000000
##
   Number.of.sexual.partners
## Y
       7.0
                8.0
##
   0 0.012367491 0.007067138 0.001766784
##
   1 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
   First.sexual.intercourse
##
        ? 10.0
## Y
                               11.0
                                         12.0
##
   0 0.000000000 0.001718213 0.000000000 0.008591065 0.032646048
##
   First.sexual.intercourse
## Y
          14.0 15.0
                               16.0
                                         17.0
                                                    18.0
## 0 0.097938144 0.199312715 0.158075601 0.173539519 0.147766323
##
   1 0.076923077 0.076923077 0.076923077 0.000000000 0.230769231
##
   First.sexual.intercourse
## Y
           19.0
                     20.0
                                21.0
                                          22.0
                                                     23.0
   0 0.065292096 0.034364261 0.024054983 0.008591065 0.010309278
    1 0 38/615385 0 1538/615/ 0 000000000 0 000000000 0 000000000
```

```
U.UUUUUU.U UUUUUUU.U UUUUUU.U FCIOFOCCI.U COCCIOFOC
##
   First.sexual.intercourse
## Y
    24.0 25.0
                          26.0
##
  0 0.006872852 0.001718213 0.006872852 0.006872852 0.005154639
  ##
##
   First.sexual.intercourse
## Y 29.0 32.0
 0 0.008591065 0.001718213
##
  1 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
##
   Num.of.pregnancies
                        1.0 10.0 11.0
## Y ? 0.0
   0 0.000000000 0.025179856 0.327338129 0.001798561 0.000000000
##
##
  1 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.230769231 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
   Num.of.pregnancies
## Y
         2.0
                  3.0
                          4.0
##
  0 0.318345324 0.163669065 0.091726619 0.035971223 0.025179856
  1 0.307692308 0.230769231 0.153846154 0.076923077 0.000000000
##
   Num.of.pregnancies
##
## Y
    7.0
  0 0.007194245 0.003597122
##
  1 0.000000000 0.000000000
\# \#
##
  Smokes
         ? 0.0 1.0
## Y
##
  0 0.0000000 0.8603448 0.1396552
##
  1 0.0000000 0.8461538 0.1538462
##
##
   Smokes..years.
               0.0 0.16 0.5
## Y
    ?
##
  0 0.000000000 0.860344828 0.001724138 0.005172414 0.006896552
   1 0.000000000 0.846153846 0.000000000 0.00000000 0.000000000
##
##
   Smokes..years.
## Y 1.266972909 10.0 11.0
                                12.0
  0 0.020689655 0.005172414 0.005172414 0.005172414 0.001724138
## 1 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.076923077 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
## Y 14.0
                 15.0
                          16.0
                                  18.0
                                           19.0
  0 0.005172414 0.003448276 0.006896552 0.001724138 0.005172414
##
  ##
##
   Smokes..years.
## Y
      2.0
                  20.0
                          21.0
##
  0 0.005172414 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.003448276 0.000000000
\# \#
   ##
   Smokes..years.
                  3.0
                          32.0
                                  34.0
## Y
       28.0
  0 0.001724138 0.008620690 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
  Smokes..years.
                       6.0 7.0
## Y 4.0
                  5.0
##
 0 0.006896552 0.010344828 0.003448276 0.008620690 0.008620690
  ##
##
  Smokes..years.
## Y
          9.0
##
   0 0.008620690
##
   1 0.000000000
##
##
   Smokes..packs.year.
    ? 0.0 0.001 0.003 0.025
## Y
## 0 0.000000000 0.860344828 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.001724138
##
  1 0.000000000 0.846153846 0.000000000 0.00000000 0.000000000
##
   Smokes..packs.year.
## Y 0.04 0.05
                          0.1
                                  0.15
## 0 0.001724138 0.005172414 0.000000000 0.001724138 0.001724138
##
   Smokes..packs.year.
## Y
    0.2 0.25
                          0.3
                                  0.32
   0 0.005172414 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
   ##
##
   Smokes..packs.year.
## Y
    0.4 0.45
                           0.5 0.5132021277
  0 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.00000000 0.025862069 0.000000000
##
   ##
```

```
##
   Smokes..packs.year.
                0.8
## Y
   0.75
                       0.9
                               1.0
  0 0.005172414 0.001724138 0.00000000 0.005172414 0.003448276
  ##
  Smokes..packs.year.
## Y 1.25 1.3
                       1.35
                               1.4
## 0 0.000000000 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.003448276 0.001724138
  ##
  Smokes..packs.year.
##
       1.65 12.0
## Y
                       15.0
  0 0.000000000 0.005172414 0.000000000 0.001724138 0.003448276
##
##
   ##
  Smokes..packs.year.
## Y
   2.1
                        2.25
## 0 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.003448276 0.001724138
##
  Smokes..packs.vear.
## Y 2.6
                2.7
                       2.75
## 0 0.000000000 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.000000000
##
  Smokes..packs.year.
## Y
    22.0
                3.0
                        3.3
                               3.4
##
  0 0.001724138 0.008620690 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.001724138
  ##
   Smokes..packs.year.
## Y
   37.0
                4.0
                        4.5
## 0 0.000000000 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.000000000 0.003448276
  ##
##
  Smokes..packs.year.
## Y 5.5
                      6.0 7.0 7.5
## 0 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.005172414 0.003448276 0.001724138
##
  Smokes..packs.year.
## Y 7.6 8.0
                        9.0
##
  0 0.001724138 0.001724138 0.003448276
##
  1 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   Hormonal.Contraceptives
## Y
   ? 0.0
  0 0.0000000 0.3517787 0.6482213
##
##
  1 0.0000000 0.1538462 0.8461538
##
##
  Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y ? 0.0 0.08 0.16 0.17
## 0 0.000000000 0.351778656 0.027667984 0.017786561 0.001976285
## 1 0.000000000 0.153846154 0.076923077 0.076923077 0.000000000
##
   Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y
   0.25 0.33 0.41
                               0.42
##
  0 0.059288538 0.013833992 0.001976285 0.005928854 0.033596838
##
  ##
   Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y
   0.58 0.66 0.67
##
  0 0.007905138 0.007905138 0.001976285 0.005928854 0.110671937
  ##
  Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
##
## Y
     1.5 10.0 11.0
                              12.0
## 0 0.003952569 0.015810277 0.003952569 0.003952569 0.003952569
 ##
##
  Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
      14.0 15.0 16.0
## Y
                              17.0
##
  0 0.001976285 0.005928854 0.001976285 0.001976285 0.003952569
  1 0.000000000 0.076923077 0.076923077 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
  Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
##
         2.0 2.282200521 2.5
## Y
## 0 0.051383399 0.003952569 0.001976285 0.005928854 0.000000000
  ##
##
  Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y
        3.0 3.5 30.0
## 0 0.055335968 0.001976285 0.001976285 0.041501976 0.001976285
## Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y 5.0 6.0 6.5
                               7.0
## 0 0.047430830 0.031620553 0.001976285 0.023715415 0.021739130
```

```
1 0.000000000 0.153846154 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
   Hormonal.Contraceptives..years.
## Y 9.0
##
   0 0.011857708
##
   1 0.076923077
##
##
## Y
                 0.0
  0 0.00000000 0.90039841 0.09960159
##
##
  1 0.00000000 0.61538462 0.38461538
##
##
   IUD..years.
                0.0 0.08 0.16 0.17
## Y ?
## 0 0.000000000 0.900398406 0.003984064 0.001992032 0.001992032
  1 0.000000000 0.615384615 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   IUD..years.
## Y 0.25
                  0.33 0.41 0.5
                                              0.58
##
   0 0.00000000 0.001992032 0.000000000 0.001992032 0.000000000
   ##
   IUD..vears.
## Y 0.91
                   1.0
                            1.5
                                     10.0
## 0 0.000000000 0.011952191 0.000000000 0.00000000 0.003984064
  ##
##
   IUD..vears.
## Y 12.0
                15.0 17.0
                                   19.0
## 0 0.001992032 0.000000000 0.001992032 0.001992032 0.013944223
##
                            5.0
## Y 3.0
                   4.0
                                     6.0
## 0 0.009960159 0.007968127 0.011952191 0.003984064 0.005976096
##
  1 0.153846154 0.076923077 0.000000000 0.000000000 0.076923077
##
    IUD..years.
## Y
     8.0
##
  0 0.009960159 0.001992032
  1 0.076923077 0.000000000
##
##
##
   STDs
## Y ? 0.0 1.0
  0 0.0000000 0.8954635 0.1045365
##
  1 0.0000000 0.8461538 0.1538462
##
##
   STDs..number.
    ? 0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0
## Y
##
   0 0.00000000 0.895463511 0.043392505 0.051282051 0.007889546
   1 0.000000000 0.846153846 0.153846154 0.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   STDs..number.
## Y
## 0 0.001972387
  1 0.000000000
##
##
##
   STDs.condylomatosis
## Y ? 0.0 1.0
## 0 0.0000000 0.9408284 0.0591716
##
  1 0.0000000 1.0000000 0.0000000
##
##
   STDs.cervical.condylomatosis
## Y ? 0.0
   0 0
##
   1 0 1
##
##
##
   STDs.vaginal.condylomatosis
## Y ? 0.0
 0 0.00000000 0.99408284 0.00591716
##
##
  1 0.00000000 1.00000000 0.00000000
##
##
  STDs.vulvo.perineal.condylomatosis
## Y ? 0.0 1.0
## 0 0.00000000 0.94280079 0.05719921
##
  1 0.00000000 1.00000000 0.00000000
##
##
   STDs.syphilis
         ?
                0.0
## 0 0 00000000 0 07633136 0 03366864
```

```
U U.UUUUUUU U.J/UJJLJU U.UZJUUOU4
   1 0.00000000 1.00000000 0.00000000
##
##
   STDs.pelvic.inflammatory.disease
    ? 0.0 1.0
## Y
  0 0.000000000 0.998027613 0.001972387
##
##
  1 0.000000000 1.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   STDs.genital.herpes
## Y ? 0.0 1.0
## 0 0.000000000 0.998027613 0.001972387
##
   1 0.000000000 1.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   STDs.molluscum.contagiosum
## Y
       ? 0.0
                           1.0
##
   0 0.000000000 0.998027613 0.001972387
\#\,\#
   1 0.000000000 1.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
   STDs.AIDS
## Y ? 0.0
  0 0 1
##
##
  1 0 1
\# \#
##
  STDs.HIV
          ? 0.0 1.0
## Y
  0 0.00000000 0.97633136 0.02366864
##
   1 0.00000000 1.00000000 0.00000000
##
##
##
   STDs.Hepatitis.B
## Y
##
  0 0.000000000 0.998027613 0.001972387
   1 0.000000000 1.000000000 0.000000000
##
##
##
  STDs.HPV
## Y ? 0.0 1.0
  0 0.0000000 1.0000000 0.0000000
\# \#
  1 0.0000000 0.8461538 0.1538462
##
##
   STDs..Number.of.diagnosis
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.08843537 0.3072141
##
   1 0.07692308 0.2773501
##
\# \#
   STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis
    ? 1.0 10.0 11.0 12.0
## Y
  0 0.00000000 0.20408163 0.02040816 0.04081633 0.00000000 0.02040816
##
  ##
   STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis
##
## Y 16.0 18.0 19.0 2.0 21.0 22.0
## 0 0.04081633 0.02040816 0.04081633 0.14285714 0.04081633 0.02040816
  ##
##
   STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis
## Y 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0
##
   0 0.14285714 0.08163265 0.04081633 0.02040816 0.06122449 0.04081633
##
   ##
   STDs..Time.since.first.diagnosis
## Y
    9.0
  0 0.02040816
##
##
   1 0.00000000
##
##
  STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis
       ? 1.0 10.0 11.0 12.0 15.0
  0 0.00000000 0.24489796 0.02040816 0.04081633 0.00000000 0.02040816
\# \#
  ##
   STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis
                                 2.0
## Y
        16.0
             18.0
                                        21.0
                      19.0
   0 0.04081633 0.02040816 0.02040816 0.14285714 0.04081633 0.02040816
##
##
  STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis
##
## Y
        3.0 4.0 5.0
##
  0 0.12244898 0.08163265 0.04081633 0.02040816 0.06122449 0.04081633
  ##
##
   STDs..Time.since.last.diagnosis
```

```
## Y
         9.0
## 0 0.02040816
   1 0.00000000
##
##
##
   Dx.CIN
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.01020408 0.1005841
   1 0.00000000 0.0000000
##
##
##
    Dx.HPV
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.00170068 0.0412393
   1 0.84615385 0.3755338
##
##
##
## Y
         [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.01020408 0.1005841
##
   1 0.69230769 0.4803845
##
##
   Hinselmann
## Y [,1]
                   [,2]
## 0 0.03061224 0.1724114
##
   1 0.23076923 0.4385290
##
##
    Schiller
## Y [,1]
## 0 0.06632653 0.2490639
   1 0.30769231 0.4803845
##
##
##
   Citology
## Y [,1]
## 0 0.04251701 0.2019373
   1 0.15384615 0.3755338
##
##
##
   Biopsy
## Y [,1]
                  [,2]
## 0 0.05102041 0.2202267
   1 0.30769231 0.4803845
##
#Testing Model
preds <- predict(model, newdata = testing)</pre>
#Confusion Matrix
conmat <- table(preds,testing$Dx.Cancer)</pre>
accuracy <- (conmat[1]+conmat[4])/(conmat[1]+conmat[2]+conmat[3]+conmat[4])*100</pre>
## [1] 91.43969
#ROC
library (pROC)
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
```

##

##

## Attaching package: 'pROC'

cov, smooth, var

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

```
library(rowr)
prediction <- rev(seq_along(cancer$Dx.Cancer))
prediction[1:len(preds)] <- mean(as.numeric(preds))
roc_obj <- roc(cancer$Dx.Cancer,prediction)
auc(roc_obj)</pre>
```

```
## Area under the curve: 0.6005
```

# **Sentiment Analysis of Movie Reviews**

```
# Load additional libraries
library(tm)
## Loading required package: NLP
## Attaching package: 'NLP'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
library (RTextTools)
## Loading required package: SparseM
## Attaching package: 'SparseM'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
\# \#
##
      backsolve
library (dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.5.1
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:rowr':
##
       coalesce, count
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
      intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
# Library for parallel processing
library (doMC)
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loading required package: iterators
```

```
## Loading required package: parallel
registerDoMC(cores=detectCores()) # Use all available cores
```

```
Reading the data
 df<- read.csv("movie-pang02.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
 glimpse(df)
 ## Observations: 2,000
 ## Variables: 2
 ## $ class <chr> "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", "Pos", ...
 \#\# $ text <chr> " films adapted from comic books have had plenty of succ...
 # Randomize the dataset
 set.seed(1)
 df <- df[sample(nrow(df)), ]</pre>
 df <- df[sample(nrow(df)), ]</pre>
 glimpse(df)
 ## Observations: 2.000
 ## Variables: 2
 ## $ class <chr> "Neq", "Pos", "Neq", "Neq", "Neq", "Neq", "Neq", "Neq", ...
 ## $ text <chr> " frank detorri s bill murray a single dad who lives...
 # Convert the 'class' variable from character to factor.
 df$class <- as.factor(df$class)</pre>
```

## **Bag of Words Tokenisation**

## <<SimpleCorpus>>

```
corpus <- Corpus (VectorSource (df$text))</pre>
corpus
## <<SimpleCorpus>>
## Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
## Content: documents: 2000
```

```
inspect (corpus[1:3])
```

```
## Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
## Content: documents: 3
##
## [1] frank detorri s bill murray a single dad who lives on beer and junk food with no apparent unders
tanding of sanitation or hygiene — much to the dismay of his preteen daughter shane — elena franklin
en he uses the 10 second rule to retrieve a hard boiled egg from a chimp s cage at the zoo and downs it
                                               inside his skin the city of frank is in turmoil thanks
he introduces a lethal bacteria into his system
to the vote pandering of mayor phlegmming voice of william shatner
                                                                    so it s up to one frank pd white bl
ood cell voice of chris rock to save the day in peter and bobby farrelly s osmosis jones
of frank is a brightly animated animation directed by piet kroon and tom sito
                                                                             cellular municipality wher
e osmosis jones is a typical rogue cop looking for another chance
                                                                he s inadvertently teamed up with drix
voice of david hyde pierce tv s frasier
                                               a cold capsule with 12 hours worth of painkillers to dispe
     this quarrelling duo are about to go on a fantastic voyage in order to hunt down thrax voice of
laurence fishburne
                     the virus intent on shutting down frank
                                                              while the animation is certainly colorful
to look at osmosis jones story is a hackneyed one the story cries out for puny puns but we only get
occasional sprinklings of wit or bodily humor drix graduated phi beta capsule he departs on a bus headed
             neither the hero or villain is particularly interesting thrax looks like an animated pr
for bladder
          although hyde pierce is a delightful sidekick — adults can desperately keep their eyes peeled
for small amusements the animators dot along the landscape — meanwhile — back in live action land — bill mu
rray is reduced to nothing more than a walking gross out joke there s no particular enjoyment to be found
watching him vomit on molly shannon she plays shane s teacher mrs boyd or hoisting his ingrown toena
                           one must wonder how the climatic flatlining of a child s father will play to t
il onto a restaurant table
he family audience as well
                            rest assured the whole enchilada is wrapped up with a fart joke
```

less offensive than the farrelly s last effort me myself and irene that film at least spiked some co mic highs with jim carrey s hijinx osmosis jones will probably be ok for the kids but the farrelly s playing for the family audience is like watching marilyn manson croon a phil collins tune

## [2] synopsis in phantom menace the galaxy is divided into power groups whose interests will inevitably collide in later sequels there is an overarching galactic united nations type organization called the sen ate presided by a weak chancellor within the senate two camps are at odds a bickering isolationist al liance called the republic and their aggressive rival the trade federation preserving law and order are a council of jedi knights who are meanwhile searching for a prophesied chosen one of virgin birth manipulat ing events behind the scenes is a dangerous reemerging clan called the dark lords of sith so shadowy and secretive that they comprise a phantom menace jedi knight qui gon jinn liam neeson and his appren tice obi wan kenobi ewan mcgregor witness an invasion of teenage queen amidala s home planet naboo and b on the desert planet of tatooine the two jedi jar jar a efriend a gungan named jar jar ahmed best nd amidala natalie portman attend a lengthy drag race involving the young boy anakin skywalker jake ll oyd the five protagonists try to solicit help for freeing naboo by visiting the city planet of coruscan t where a lot of debate and political maneuvering takes place can they free amidala s helpless planet opinion on tv last night i watched young wannabe celebs pay \$400 a ticket and come running out of theate rs to bask in front of news cameras gushing with testimonials of the phantom menace s greatness in exchang e for a few seconds of being on national television given this kind of media mania i wondered if phantom menace the most anticipated movie of 1999 could possibly live up to the extraordinary hype that preceded it does phantom menace match the exaggerated hype director george lucas answers it s only a movie to me any movie with russian sounding accents for bad guys jamaican accents for good guys and middle e astern sounding accents for seedy gamblers accents can be expected to be more tongue in cheek than profound visually star wars episode i the phantom menace 1999 is a kid show where parents can take their yo ung ones to marvel at child friendly cgi characters and wondrous backdrops even if the character dialogue mostly geopolitics is beyond the level of children it is left to parents to patiently explain the conve rsation droid origins family lineage the definitions of terms like blockade appeasement federation alliance symbiosis satellite controlled robots et cetera at least this much is clear there s plenty of eye candy and in the last few minutes it s good guys and joe camel lookalikes versus a caped horned r ed devil character and his mechanical hordes — weaknesses — weaknesses lie in the writing and in the perfor mance at first it seems like the film is to be an invasion story but then phantom takes an hour long de tour to cover one chariot race before returning to the invasion theme this dilutes the central story a dditionally smaller scenes seem written self consciously as if they were added more to fill us in on ext raneous background information for other movies rather than form an integral part of the present movie ve teran actors liam neeson and ewan mcgregor noticeably outperform the other acting leads better ensemble c hemistry between the five leads and background information that is central to a tight story line could have made have given phantom stronger performances and storytelling punch strengths on the bright side phant om menace as a big budget production is far ahead of the competition in terms of making whimsical creatures worlds and vehicles appear real the film boasts sophisticated top of the line visuals and quality exoti c costumes — a musical score entertaining enough to stand alone — and three worthwhile sequences in the seco nd half bottom line seeing the film is entertaining and informative like a visual theme park with st ar wars filler information serving as dialogue between impressive money shots — we are bound to be complete ly inundated by star wars publicity — music and tie ins for the next few months ## [3] terrence malick made an excellent 90 minute film adaptation of james jones world war ii novel fortunately he buried it within an overlong and overreaching 3 hour long pseudo epic this is a shame be cause the film features an outstanding performance by nick nolte — the best scene is when nick nolte s char acter lt col tall is forced to deal with the direct refusal by capt staros elias koteas to exe ck concentrated on the great performances of nolte and koteas as well as those by sean penn woody harrelso n and john cusack he could have made a truly great film instead malick saddled the film with ploddi ng pacing unnecessary flashbacks and a voice over narration all designed to telegraph the great philosop hical underpinnings of the story — the narration was especially annoying as much of it sounded like very ba d high school poetry with a lot of editing the core story could be transformed into a truly classic war hopefully the dvd version of this film will feature options to suppress the narration and perhap s will even provide for an alternate shorter version of the film i give this film

## Data Cleanup

```
# Use dplyr's %>% (pipe) utility to do this neatly.
corpus.clean <- corpus %>%
    tm_map(content_transformer(tolower)) %>%
    tm_map(removePunctuation) %>%
    tm_map(removeNumbers) %>%
    tm_map(removeWords, stopwords(kind="en")) %>%
    tm_map(stripWhitespace)
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(., content_transformer(tolower)):
```

<sup>##</sup> transformation drops documents

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(., removePunctuation): transformation drops
## documents
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(., removeNumbers): transformation drops
## documents
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(., removeWords, stopwords(kind = "en")):
## transformation drops documents
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(., stripWhitespace): transformation drops
## documents
```

## **Document Term Matrix**

```
dtm <- DocumentTermMatrix(corpus.clean)</pre>
inspect(dtm[40:50, 10:15])
## <<DocumentTermMatrix (documents: 11, terms: 6)>>
## Non-/sparse entries: 6/60
## Sparsity
          : 91%
## Maximal term length: 8
\#\# Weighting : term frequency (tf)
## Sample
               :
## Terms
## Docs apparent assured audience back bacteria beer
      0 0 1 1
##
  40
                              0 0
  41
         0
               0
##
                     1
                         Ω
                                Ω
##
  42
         0
              0
                     0 0
                               0 0
              0
##
  43
        0
                     0 0
  44
        0
              0
                     0 1
                               0 0
        0
##
  45
              0
                     0 0
                               0 0
##
  46
        0
              0
                     2 0
                               0 0
##
        0
  47
              0
                     0 0
                               0 0
              0
##
   48
        0
                     0 0
                               0 0
```

# **Paritioning**

50

0

##

```
df.train <- df[1:1500,]</pre>
df.test <- df[1501:2000,]</pre>
dtm.train <- dtm[1:1500,]</pre>
dtm.test <- dtm[1501:2000,]</pre>
corpus.clean.train <- corpus.clean[1:1500]</pre>
corpus.clean.test <- corpus.clean[1501:2000]</pre>
```

## Feature set selection

dim(dtm.train.nb)

```
dim(dtm.train)
## [1] 1500 38957
fivefreq <- findFreqTerms(dtm.train, 5)</pre>
length((fivefreq))
## [1] 12144
# Use only 5 most frequent words (fivefreq) to build the DTM
dtm.train.nb <- DocumentTermMatrix(corpus.clean.train, control=list(dictionary = fivefreq))</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1500 12144

dtm.test.nb <- DocumentTermMatrix(corpus.clean.test, control=list(dictionary = fivefreq))
dim(dtm.train.nb)

## [1] 1500 12144</pre>
```

## **Boolean feature Multinomial Naive Bayes**

```
# Function to convert the word frequencies to yes (presence) and no (absence) labels
convert_count <- function(x) {
    y <- ifelse(x > 0, 1,0)
    y <- factor(y, levels=c(0,1), labels=c("No", "Yes"))
    y
}

# Apply the convert_count function to get final training and testing DTMs
trainNB <- apply(dtm.train.nb, 2, convert_count)
testNB <- apply(dtm.test.nb, 2, convert_count)

# Train the classifier
system.time( classifier <- naiveBayes(trainNB, df.train$class, laplace = 1) )</pre>
```

```
## user system elapsed
## 8.922 0.821 13.442
```

```
# Use the NB classifier we built to make predictions on the test set.
system.time( pred <- predict(classifier, newdata=testNB) )</pre>
```

```
## user system elapsed
## 220.774 5.494 262.348
```

```
# Create a truth table by tabulating the predicted class labels with the actual class labels table("Predictions"= pred, "Actual" = df.test$class)
```

```
## Actual
## Predictions Neg Pos
## Neg 224 54
## Pos 41 181
```

## **Confusion Matrix**

```
conf.mat <- confusionMatrix(pred, df.test$class)
conf.mat</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
\# \#
            Reference
## Prediction Neg Pos
##
       Neg 224 54
        Pos 41 181
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.81
##
                   95% CI : (0.7728, 0.8435)
\# \#
    No Information Rate: 0.53
##
     P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.6174
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.2183
##
\# \#
              Sensitivity: 0.8453
##
             Specificity: 0.7702
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.8058
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.8153
##
              Prevalence: 0.5300
           Detection Rate : 0.4480
##
    Detection Prevalence: 0.5560
##
      Balanced Accuracy: 0.8077
##
##
         'Positive' Class : Neg
##
```

#### conf.mat\$byClass

```
Specificity Pos Pred Value
          Sensitivity
##
          0.8452830
                             0.7702128
                                                0.8057554
      Neg Pred Value
##
                              Precision
                                                   Recall
##
           0.8153153
                              0.8057554
                                                 0.8452830
                              Prevalence
##
                 F1
                                             Detection Rate
##
            0.8250460
                              0.5300000
                                                 0.4480000
## Detection Prevalence Balanced Accuracy
\#\,\#
           0.5560000
                              0.8077479
```

#### conf.mat\$overall

```
## Accuracy Kappa AccuracyLower AccuracyUpper AccuracyNull
## 8.100000e-01 6.174291e-01 7.728180e-01 8.434678e-01 5.300000e-01
## AccuracyPValue McnemarPValue
## 3.570547e-39 2.182578e-01
```

```
# Prediction Accuracy
conf.mat$overall['Accuracy']
```

```
## Accuracy
## 0.81
```

# **Apriori**

```
library (arules)
```

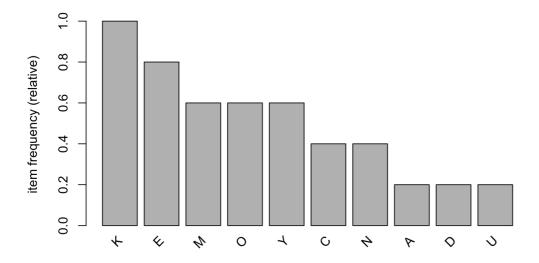
```
## Loading required package: Matrix

##
## Attaching package: 'arules'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
## recode
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tm':
##
\#\,\#
      inspect
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
\#\,\#
\#\,\#
      abbreviate, write
#Data Preprocessing
load("dataset.RData")
summary (dataset)
## transactions as itemMatrix in sparse format with
\#\# 5 rows (elements/itemsets/transactions) and
\#\# 10 columns (items) and a density of 0.5
##
## most frequent items:
##
     K
             E
                       M
                              0
                                     Y (Other)
##
##
\#\# element (itemset/transaction) length distribution:
## sizes
## 4 5 6
## 2 1 2
##
\#\,\#
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                           Mean 3rd Qu.
    4 4
##
                   5
                            5 6
##
## includes extended item information - examples:
## labels
## 1 A
## 2
## 3
        D
##
\#\# includes extended transaction information - examples:
## transactionID
## 1
               Т1
## 2
               Т2
## 3
               Т3
```

## itemFrequencyPlot(dataset,topN=10)



```
#Apriori
rules <- apriori (data=dataset,parameter=list(support=0.60,confidence=0.80))
```

```
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
## confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
   0.8 0.1 1 none FALSE TRUE 5 0.6
##
## maxlen target ext
     10 rules FALSE
##
## Algorithmic control:
## filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
    0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE 2 TRUE
##
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 3
##
## set item appearances ...[0 item(s)] done [0.00s].
\#\# set transactions ...[10 item(s), 5 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [5 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [10 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
```

## summary(rules)

```
## set of 10 rules
##
## rule length distribution (lhs + rhs):sizes
## 2 6 2
##
                      Mean 3rd Qu.
##
   Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                   Max.
   1 2 2 2 2 3
##
##
## summary of quality measures:
##
   support
              confidence
                             lift
                         Min. :1.00 Min. :3.0
## Min. :0.6 Min. :0.80
                         1st Qu.:1.00
## 1st Qu.:0.6 1st Qu.:1.00
                                     1st Qu.:3.0
## Median: 0.6 Median: 1.00 Median: 1.00 Median: 3.0
## Mean :0.7 Mean :0.96 Mean :1.05 Mean :3.5
## 3rd Qu.:0.8 3rd Qu.:1.00 3rd Qu.:1.00 3rd Qu.:4.0
## Max. :1.0 Max. :1.00 Max. :1.25 Max. :5.0
##
## mining info:
## data ntransactions support confidence
             5 0.6 0.8
## dataset
```

```
#Data Visualization
inspect(sort(rules,by='lift')[1:10])
```

```
## lhs rhs support confidence lift count
## [1] \{O\} => \{E\} 0.6 1.0 1.25 3
                       1.0
                                  1.25 3
## [2] {K,O} => {E} 0.6
                       0.8
                                  1.00 4
## [3] {} => {E} 0.8
                        1.0
                                  1.00 5
      { }
## [4]
            => \{K\} 1.0
            => \{K\} 0.6
## [5]
      { M }
                         1.0
                                   1.00 3
      {0}
            => \{K\} 0.6
                         1.0
## [6]
## [7]
       {Y}
            => \{K\} 0.6
                         1.0
                                   1.00 3
           => \{K\} 0.8
## [8]
      {E}
                         1.0
                                   1.00 4
                       0.8
           => \{E\} 0.8
                                  1.00 4
## [9] {K}
## [10] \{E,O\} => \{K\} 0.6 1.0
                                  1.00 3
```

## K-means

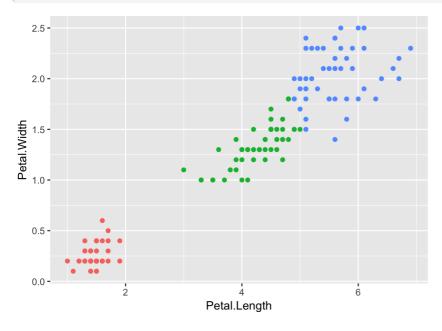
```
library(ggplot2)
set.seed(20)
irisCluster <- kmeans(iris[,3:4],3,nstart=20)
irisCluster</pre>
```

```
## K-means clustering with 3 clusters of sizes 50, 52, 48
##
## Cluster means:
## Petal.Length Petal.Width
## 1 1.462000 0.246000
## 2
    4.269231 1.342308
## 3 5.595833 2.037500
##
## Clustering vector:
## [141] 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
##
\#\# Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:
## [1] 2.02200 13.05769 16.29167
## (between SS / total SS = 94.3 %)
##
## Available components:
##
## [1] "cluster" "centers"
                     "totss"
                              "withinss"
## [5] "tot.withinss" "betweenss" "size"
                              "iter"
## [9] "ifault"
```

```
#Comparing clusters with the species
table(irisCluster$cluster, iris$Species)
```

```
##
## setosa versicolor virginica
## 1 50 0 0
## 2 0 48 4
## 3 0 2 46
```

```
irisCluster$cluster <- as.factor(irisCluster$cluster)
ggplot(iris, aes(Petal.Length, Petal.Width, color = irisCluster$cluster)) + geom_point()</pre>
```



## irisCluster\$cluster

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