



CBCrypto
Eurocrypt 2025



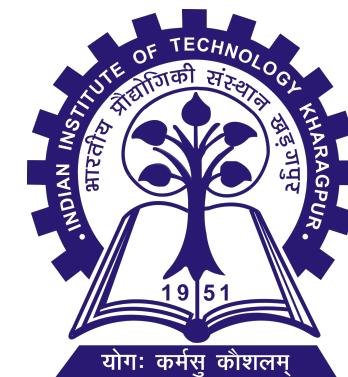
Leveraging Spherical Codes for Commitment over Gaussian UNCs

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EPFL



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Commitment

Introduction

- Cryptographic Primitive
- Two Users - **Committer** (*Alice*) and **Verifier** (*Bob*)

Commitment

Introduction

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- Two Users - **Committer** (*Alice*) and **Verifier** (*Bob*)
- Two Phases - **Commit Phase** followed by **Reveal Phase**

Commitment

Introduction

- Cryptographic Primitive
- Two Users - **Committer** (*Alice*) and **Verifier** (*Bob*)
- Two Phases - **Commit Phase** followed by **Reveal Phase**
- Security Guarantees: **Soundness**

Concealment

Bindingness

Commitment

History

- [Blum '83] : Commitment - Interactive exchange of messages (**Computationally secure**)



Computationally secure

(Secure under the assumption that
‘atleast’ one user
is computationally bounded)

Commitment

History

- [Blum '83] : Commitment - Interactive exchange of messages (**Computationally secure**)
- Unconditionally secure Commitment - **IMPOSSIBLE**



Unless a **non-trivial** resource is used - noisy channel, shared randomness, etc.

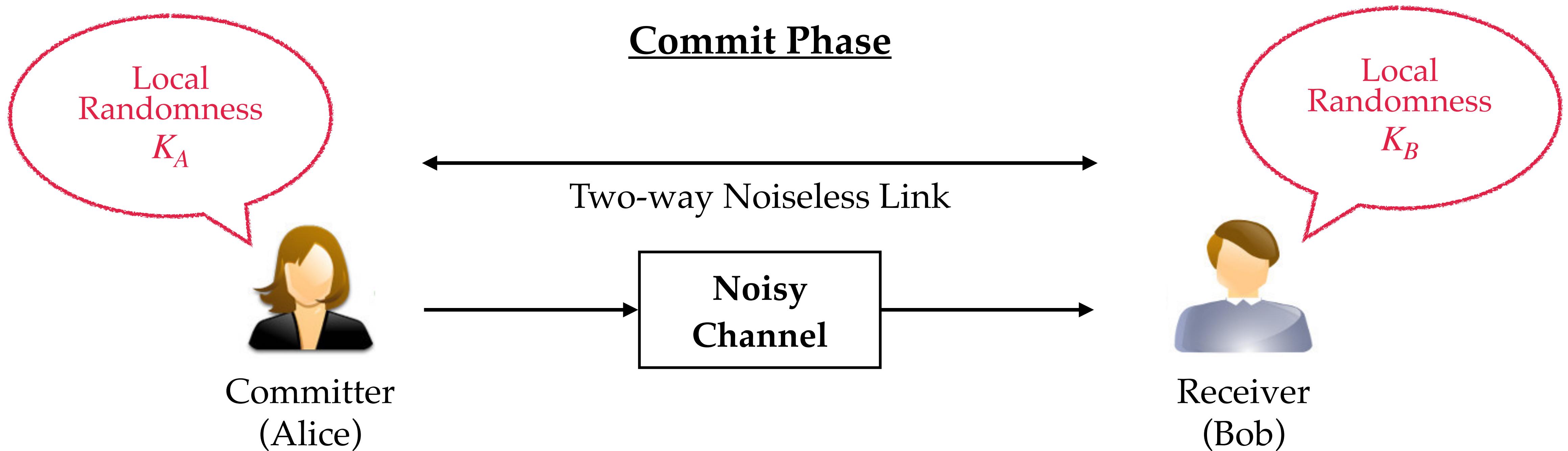
Commitment

History

- [Blum '83] : Commitment - Interactive exchange of messages (**Computationally secure**)
- Unconditionally secure Commitment - via **NOISY CHANNELS**
- [Crèpeau et al. '88] : Unconditionally secure Commitment based on **Noisy channel (BSC)**
- [Damgård et al. '99] : Impossibility results on Commitment over Unfair Noisy Channel (UNC)
- [Winter et al. '04] : Characterized Commitment Capacity of Discrete Memoryless Channels
- [Crèpeau et al. '20] : Characterized Commitment Capacity of UNC
- And others...

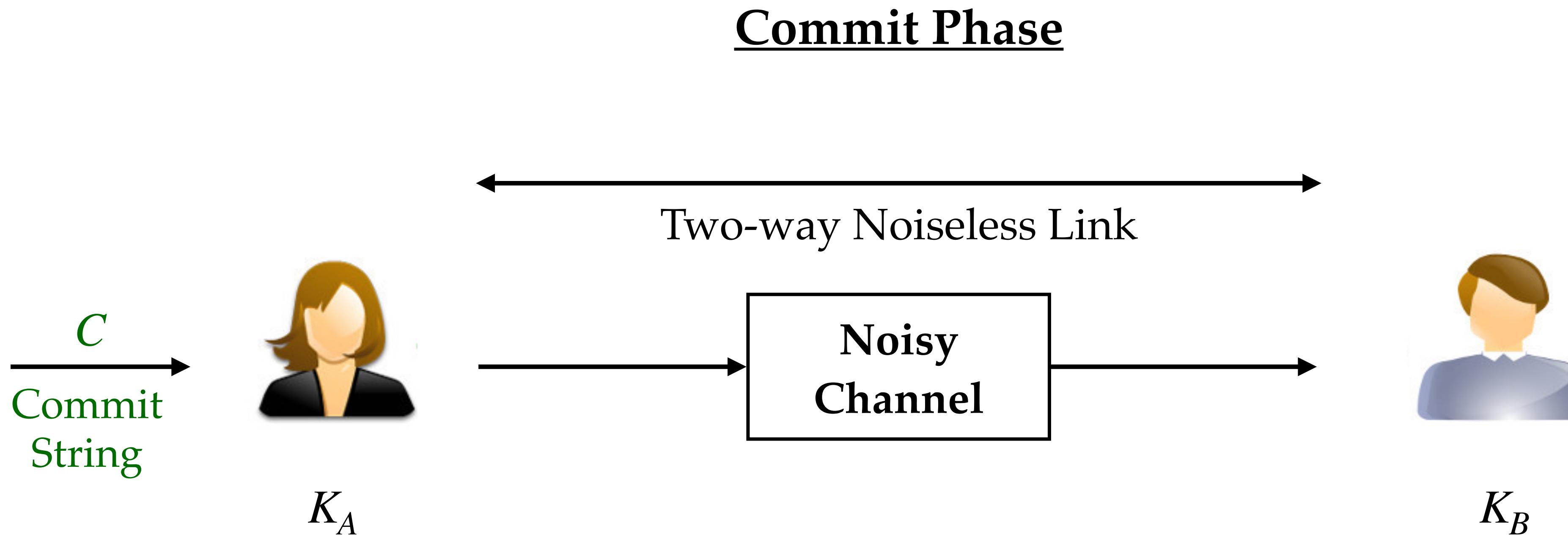
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

General Problem Setup



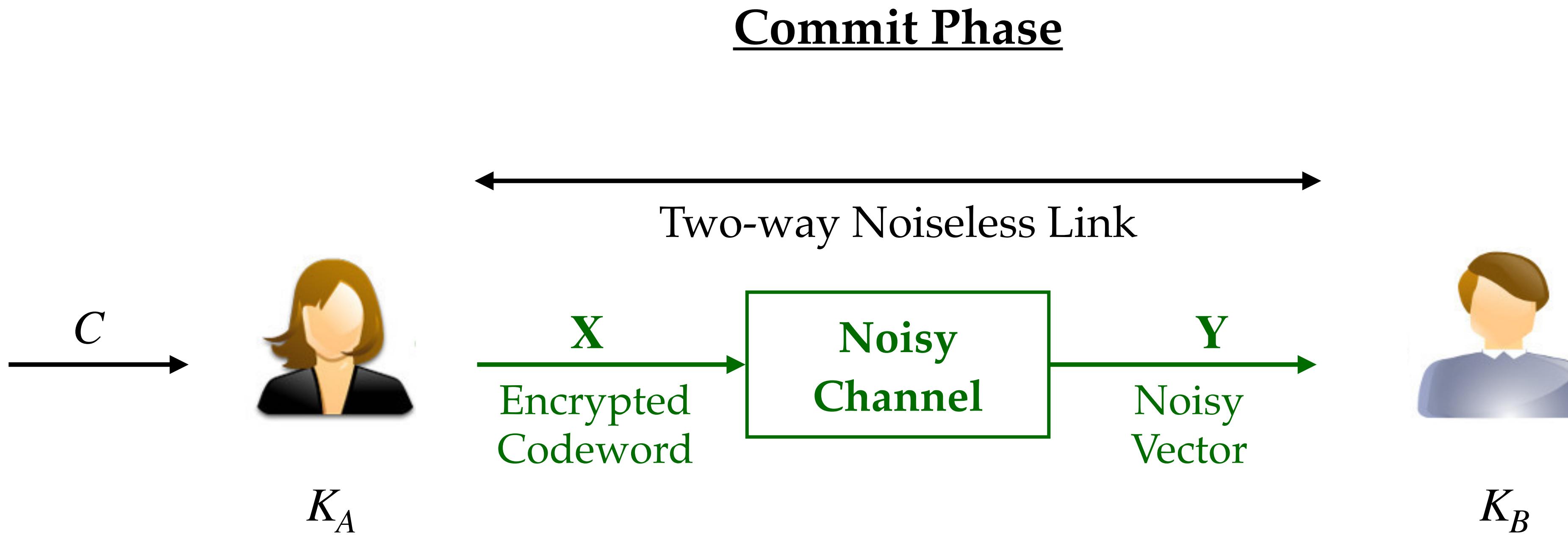
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

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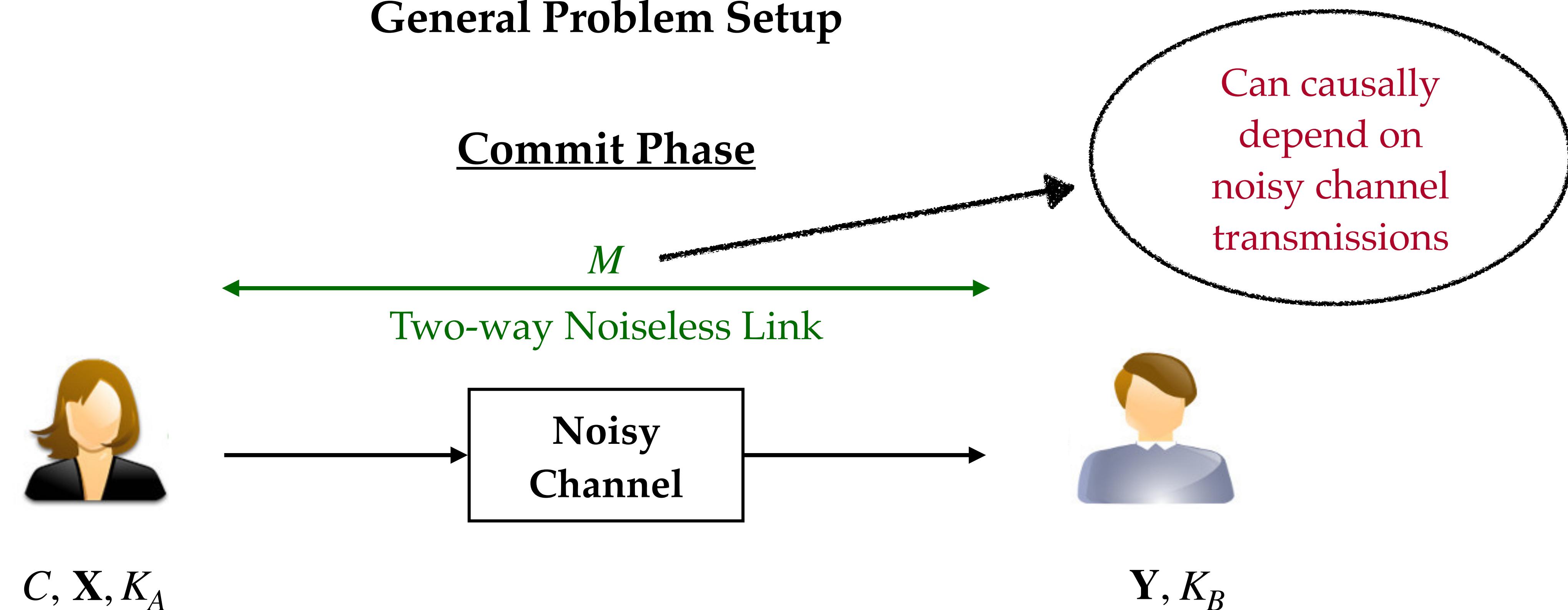
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

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Unconditionally Secure Commitment

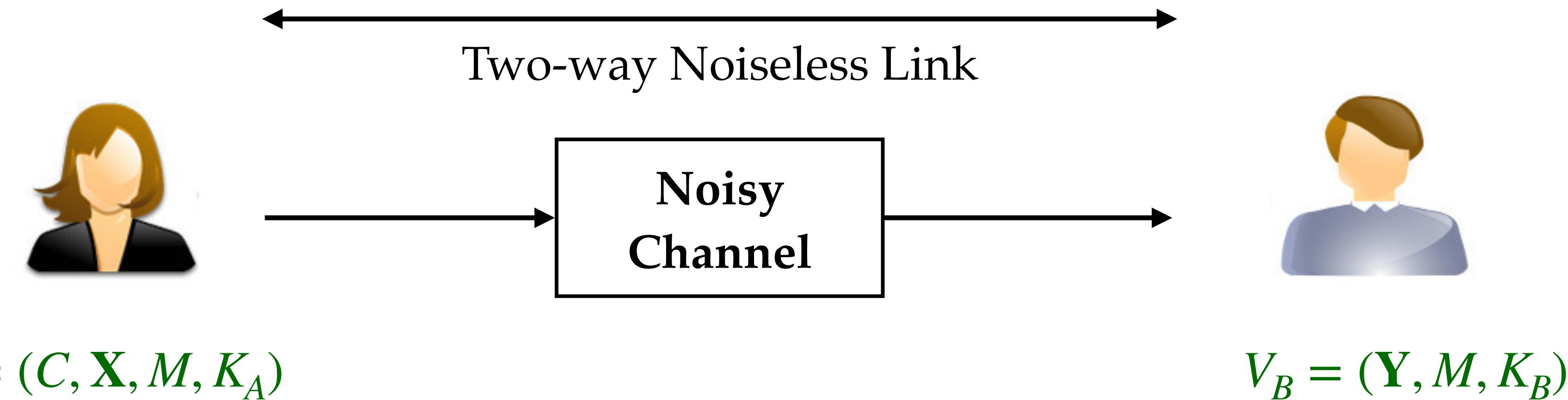
General Problem Setup



Unconditionally Secure Commitment

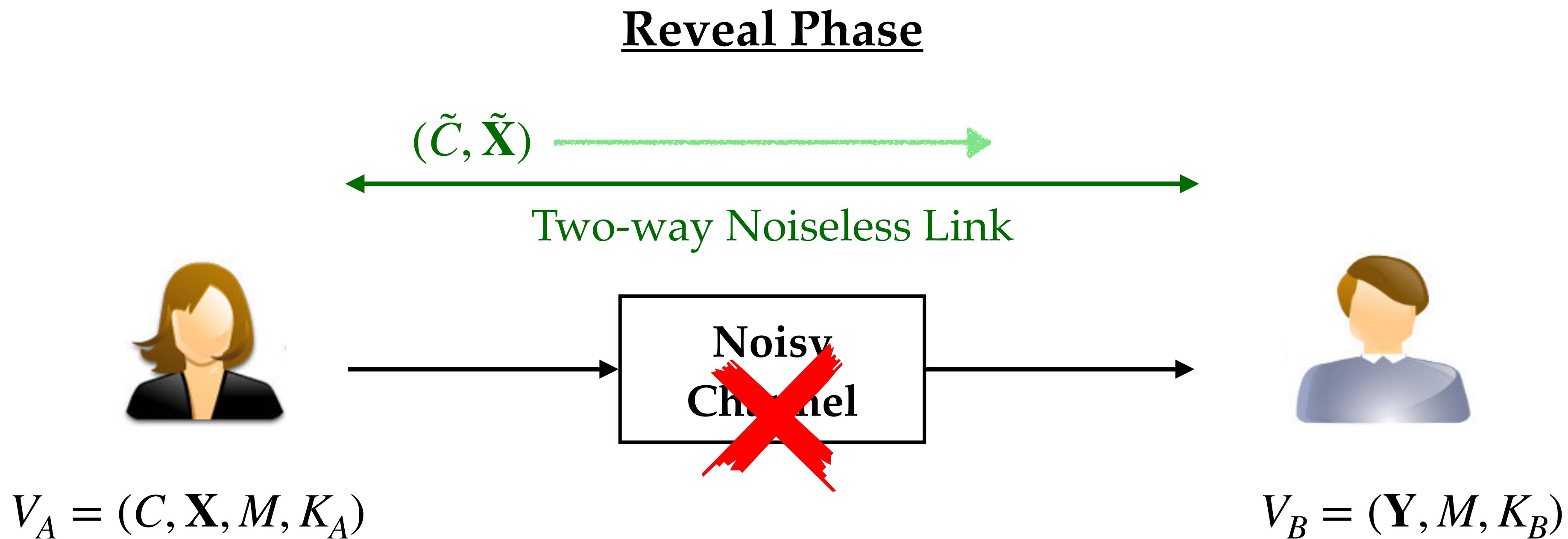
General Problem Setup

Commit Phase



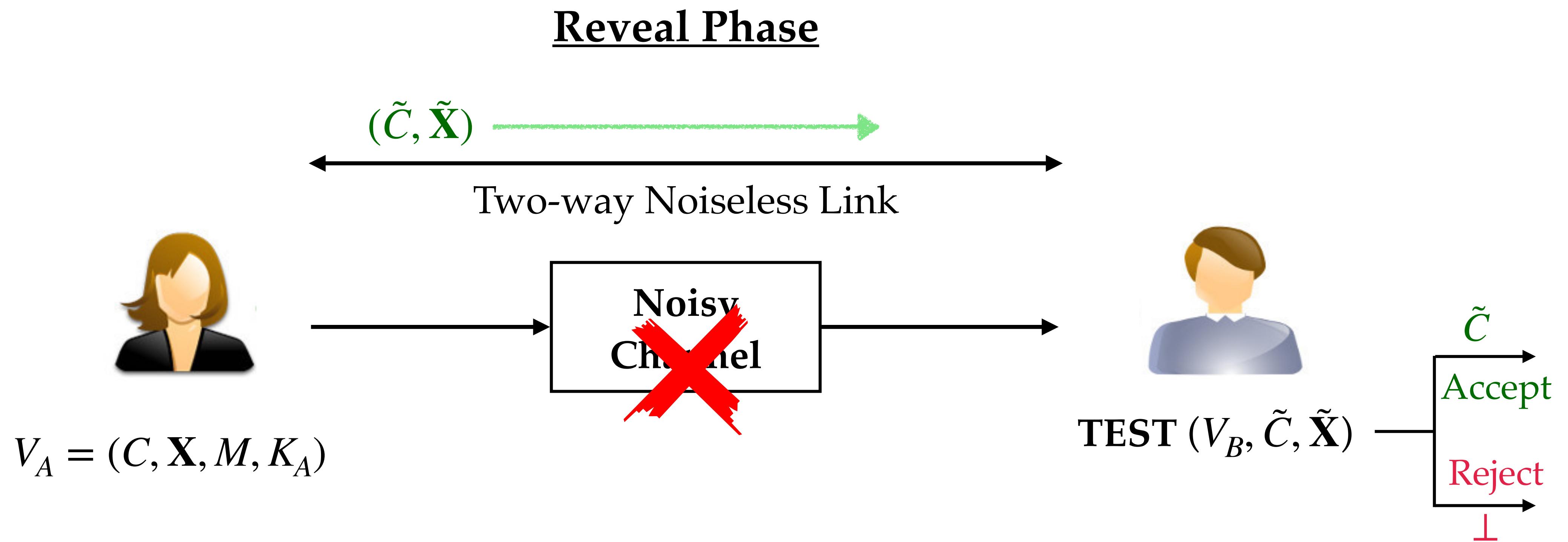
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

General Problem Setup



Unconditionally Secure Commitment

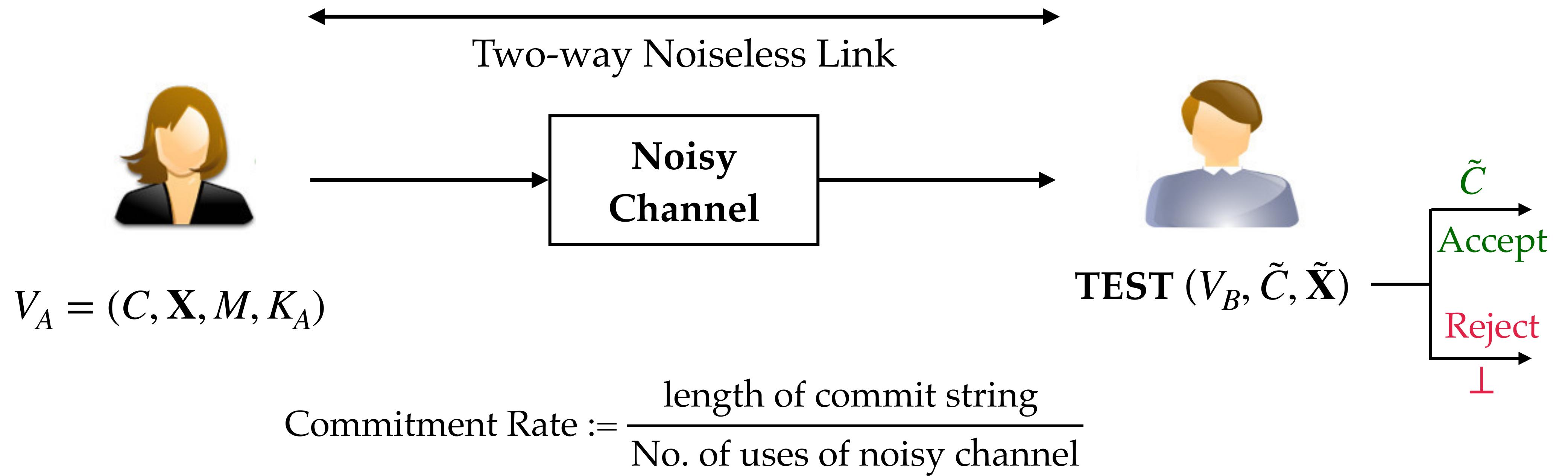
General Problem Setup



Unconditionally Secure Commitment

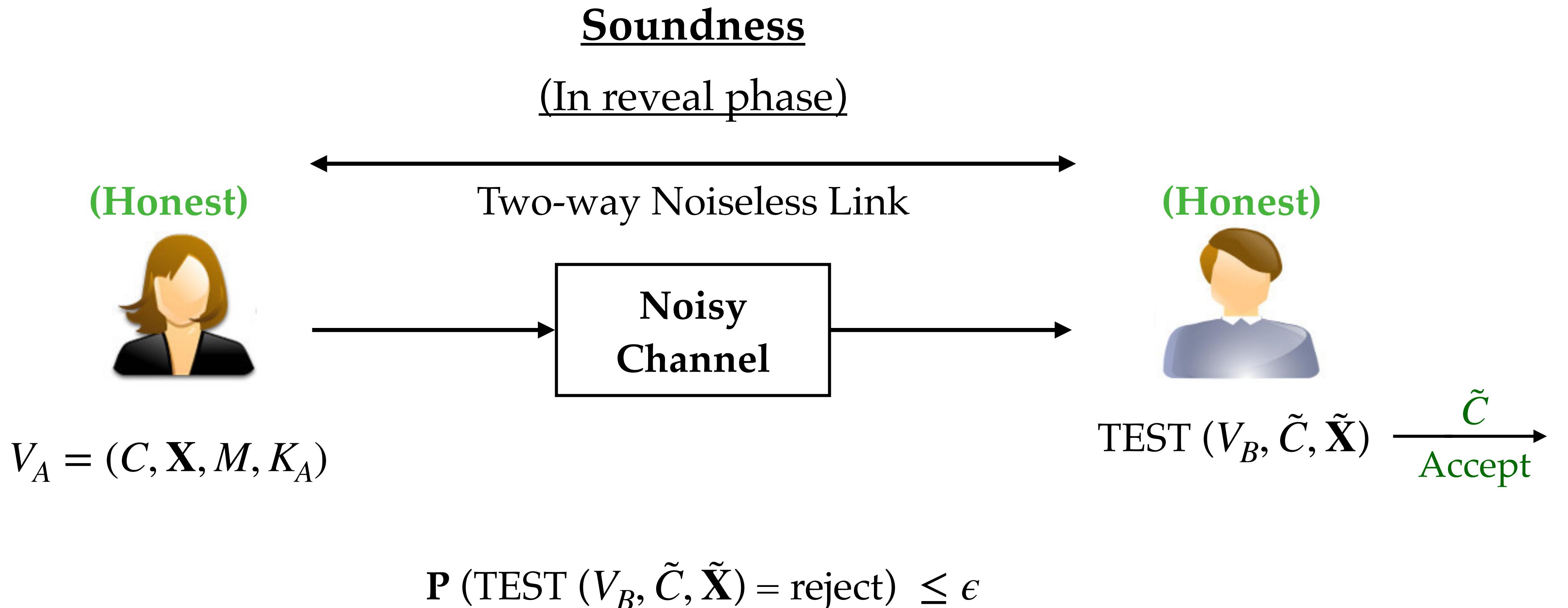
Commitment Rate

Reveal Phase



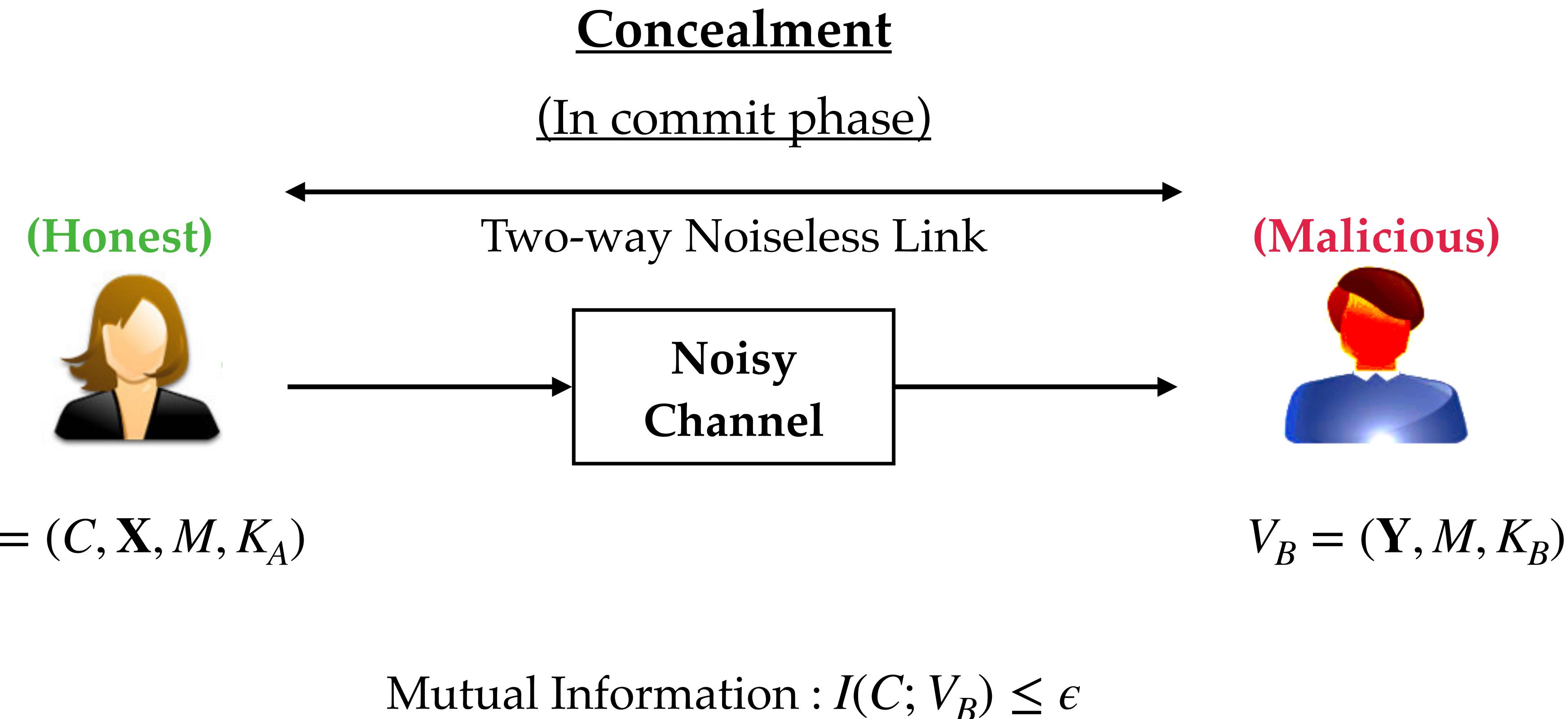
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Security Guarantees



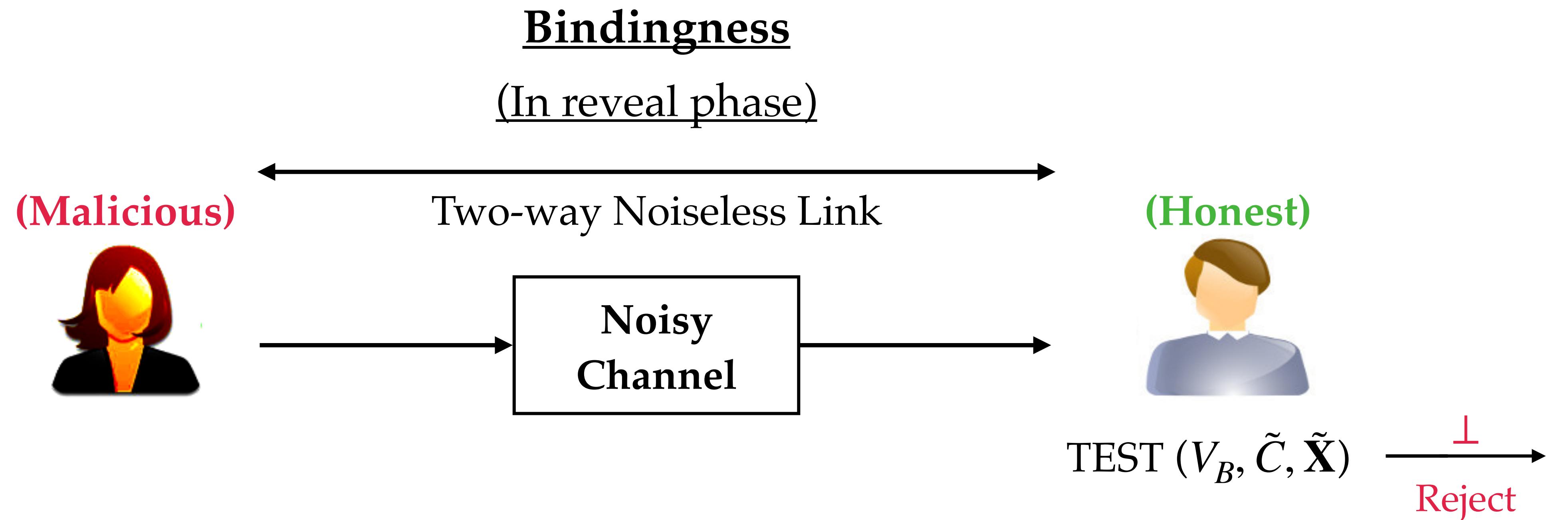
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Security Guarantees



Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Security Guarantees



$$\begin{aligned} & \Pr \{ (\text{TEST} (V_B, \tilde{C}, \tilde{X}) = \text{accept}) \& (\text{TEST} (V_B, \hat{C}, \hat{X}) = \text{accept}) \} \leq \epsilon \\ & \forall (\tilde{C}, \tilde{X}), (\hat{C}, \hat{X}) \text{ s.t. } \tilde{C} \neq \hat{C} \end{aligned}$$

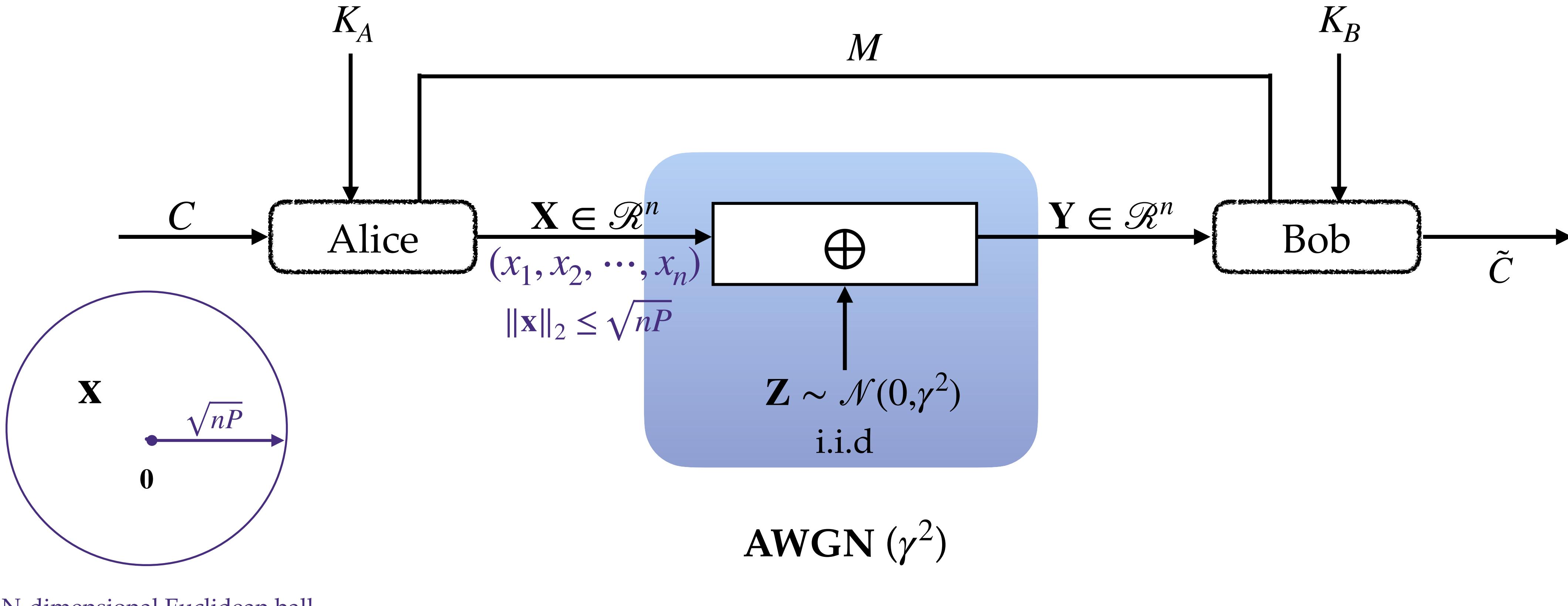
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Our Goal : Commitment Capacity

- Recall, Commitment Rate (\mathbb{R}) :=
$$\frac{\text{length of commit string}}{\text{No. of uses of noisy channel}}$$
- Commitment Capacity (\mathbb{C}) := $\sup \{ \mathbb{R} : \mathbb{R} \text{ is achievable} \}$
- A rate \mathbb{R} is achievable if
 - \exists a commitment scheme with rate \mathbb{R} that satisfies all the three security guarantees
- **Goal :** To study the ‘possibility of commitment’ and the ‘commitment capacity’ of Gaussian UNC’s.

Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Commitment over AWGN Channel (with power constraint P)



N -dimensional Euclidean ball

Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Commitment over AWGN Channel

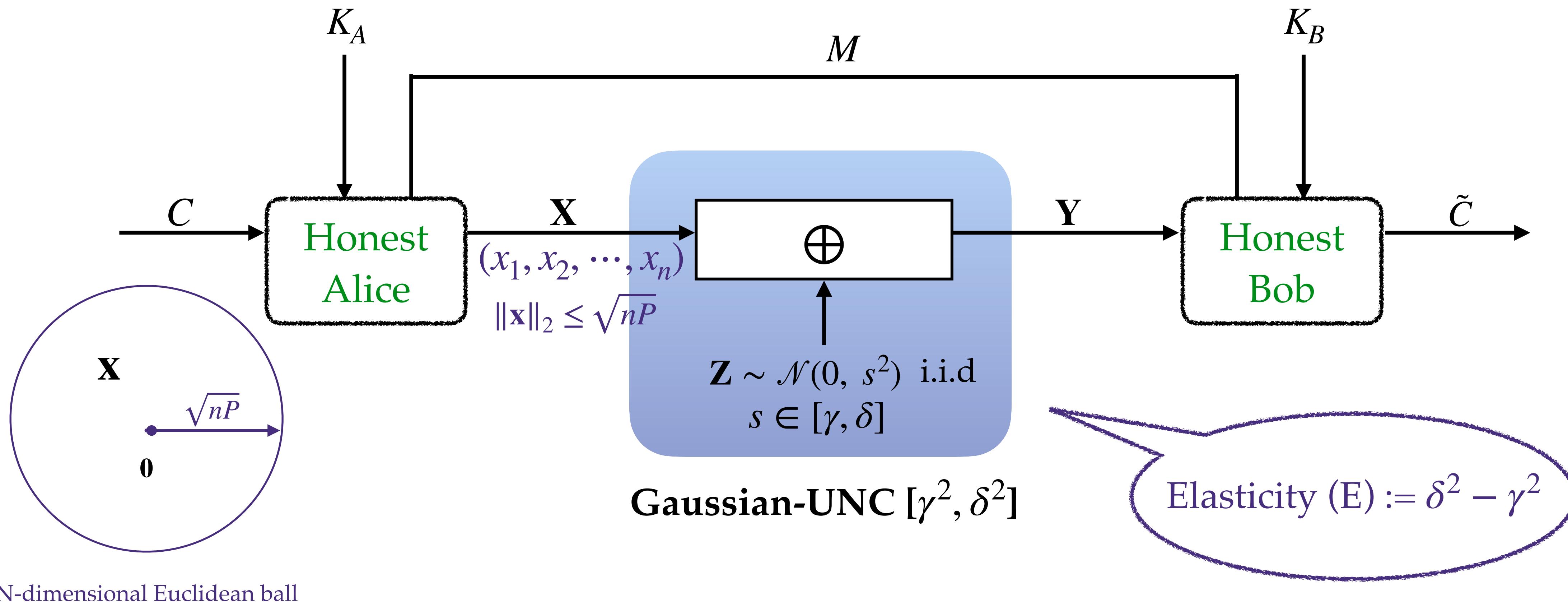
Theorem:

The Commitment Capacity of an AWGN channel (even with finite power constraint) is **Infinite**.

A. C. A. Nascimento, J. Barros, S. Skludarek and H. Imai, "The Commitment Capacity of the Gaussian Channel Is Infinite," in *IEEE Transactions on Information Theory*, vol. 54, no. 6, pp. 2785-2789, June 2008, doi: 10.1109/TIT.2008.921686.

Unconditionally Secure Commitment

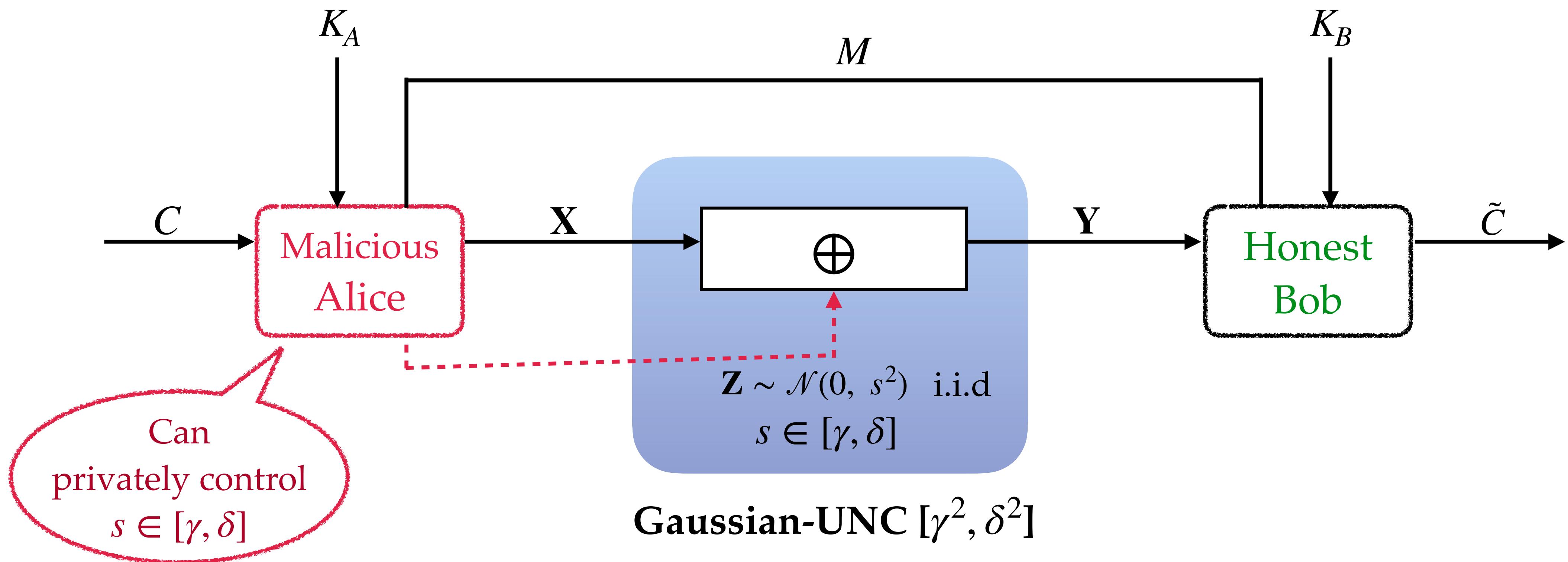
Gaussian Unfair Noisy Channel (Gaussian - UNC)



N-dimensional Euclidean ball

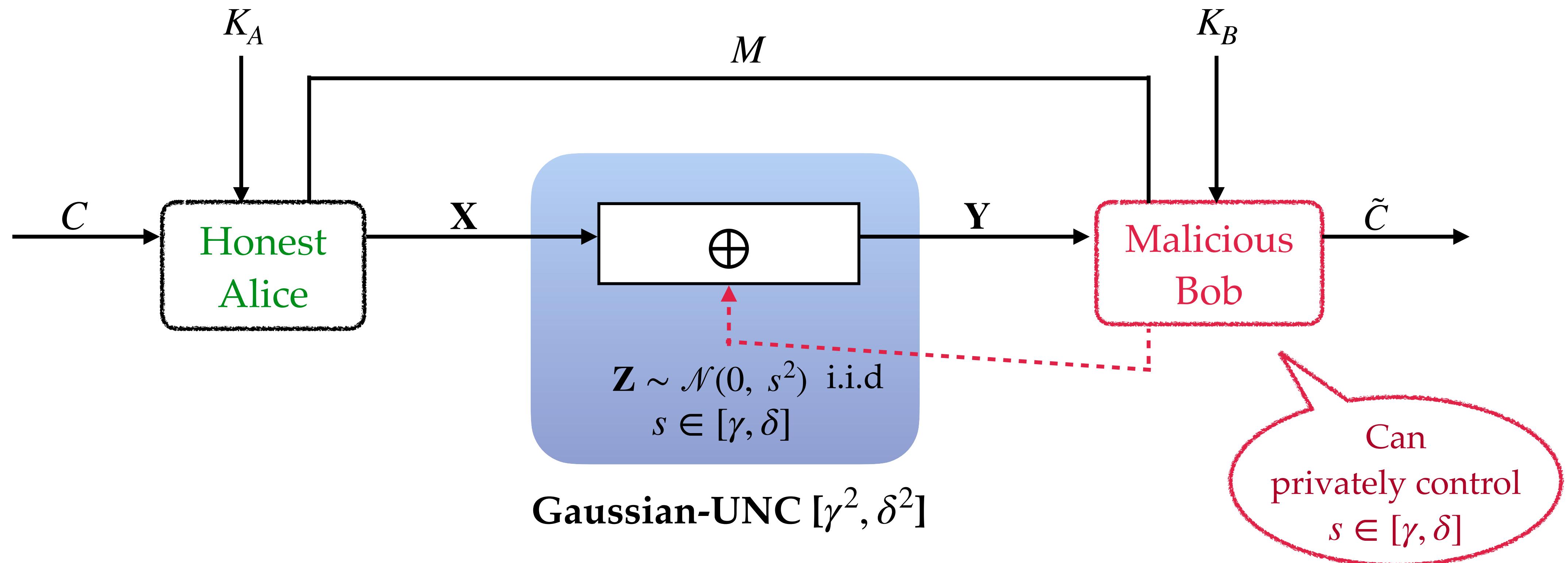
Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Gaussian Unfair Noisy Channel (Gaussian - UNC)



Unconditionally Secure Commitment

Gaussian Unfair Noisy Channel (Gaussian - UNC)



Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Main Result - Impossibility Result

Theorem:

For Gaussian-UNC $[\gamma^2, \delta^2]$, with unconstrained input $P \rightarrow \infty$, the commitment capacity is zero (i.e., $\mathbb{C} = 0$), if $\delta^2 \geq 2\gamma^2$

Budkuley, A., Joshi, P., Mamindlapally, M. and Yadav, A.K., 2023, June. On the (im) possibility of commitment over gaussian unfair noisy channels. In *2023 IEEE International Symposium on Information Theory (ISIT)* (pp. 483-488).

Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Main Result - Achievability (Lower Bound)

Theorem:

For Gaussian-UNC $[\gamma^2, \delta^2]$, with $P > 0$, the positive rate commitment is possible if

$$\delta^2 < \left(1 + \frac{P}{P + \gamma^2}\right)\gamma^2$$

and the commitment capacity is lower bounded by:

$$C \geq C_L := \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{P}{E}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1 + \frac{P}{\gamma^2}\right)$$

Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Main Result - Converse (Upper Bound)

Theorem:

For Gaussian-UNC $[\gamma^2, \delta^2]$, with $P > 0$, the commitment capacity is upper bounded by

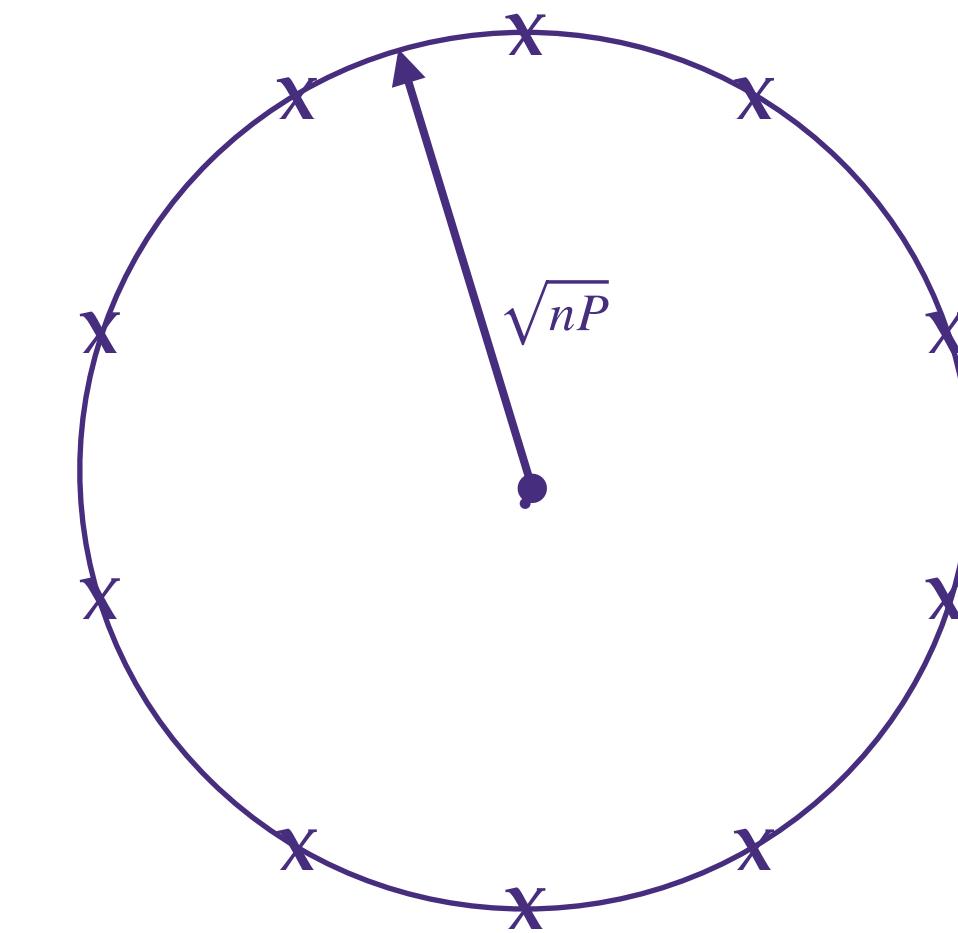
$$\mathbb{C} \leq \mathbb{C}_U := \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{E} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{\gamma^2} \right)$$

if $\delta^2 < 2\gamma^2$.

Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Achievability Scheme - Spherical code

- For $0 < \alpha < 1, \exists$ a code $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ s.t. :
 - $d_{min}(\mathcal{C}) = \alpha^2 n P$
 - $\bar{R} \geq \frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{1}{1 - (1 - \alpha/2)^2}\right)$
- Uniformly dist. codewords on the surface of a hypersphere
- Spherical code $(\mathcal{C}, \psi, \phi)$ with 'equi-normed' codewords
- $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n, \psi : \{0,1\}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n, \phi : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}^m \cup \{0\}$
- $(\mathcal{C}, \psi, \phi)$ - shared between both Alice and Bob

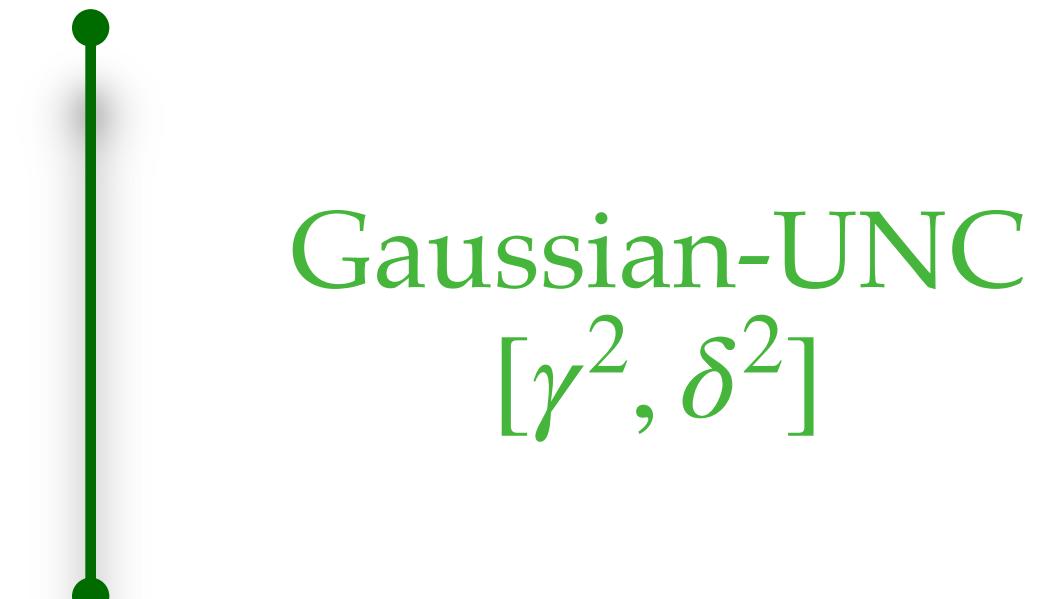


Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Achievability Scheme - Commit Phase

- Alice wants to commit to a string, say C
- Picks $U^m \in \{0,1\}^m \sim \text{ber}(1/2)$ i.i.d
- Transmits $\mathbf{X} = \psi(u^m)$ to Bob, he receives \mathbf{Y} .
Bob creates a list $\mathcal{L}(y)$ of codewords :

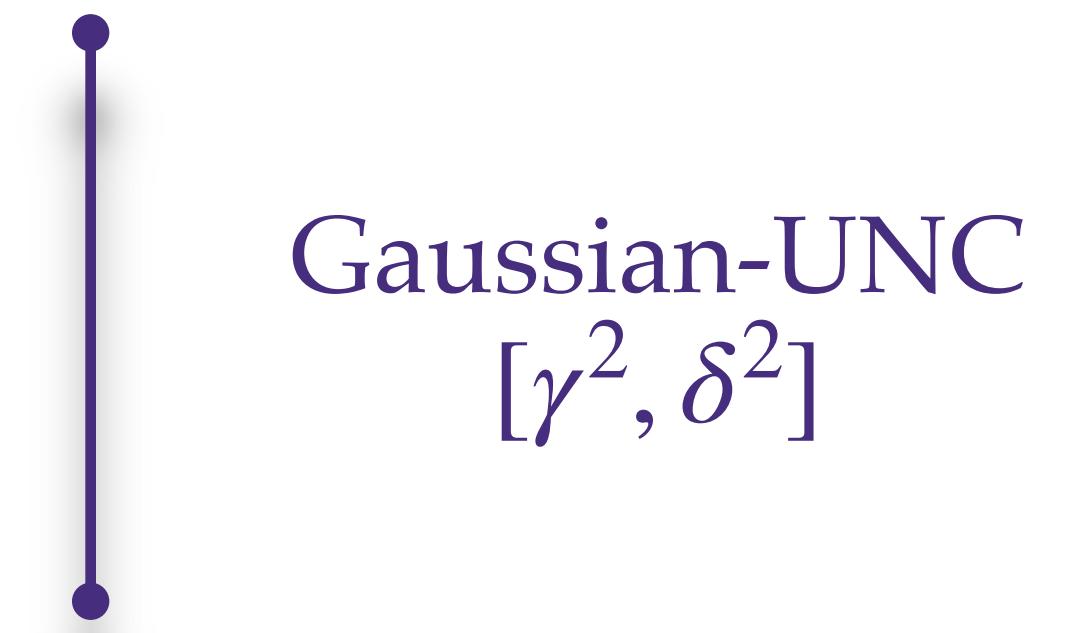
$$\mathcal{L}(y) := \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{C} : n(\gamma^2 - \alpha_1) \leq \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|_2^2 \leq n(\delta^2 + \alpha_1)\}$$



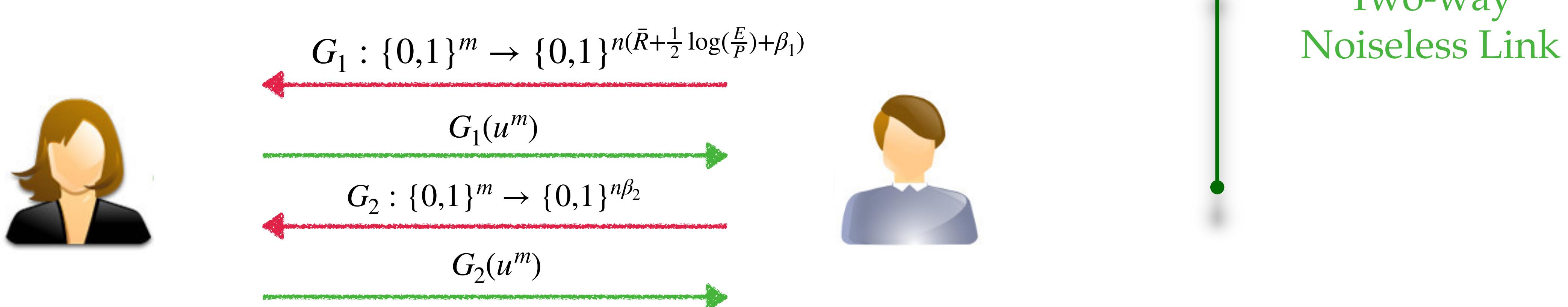
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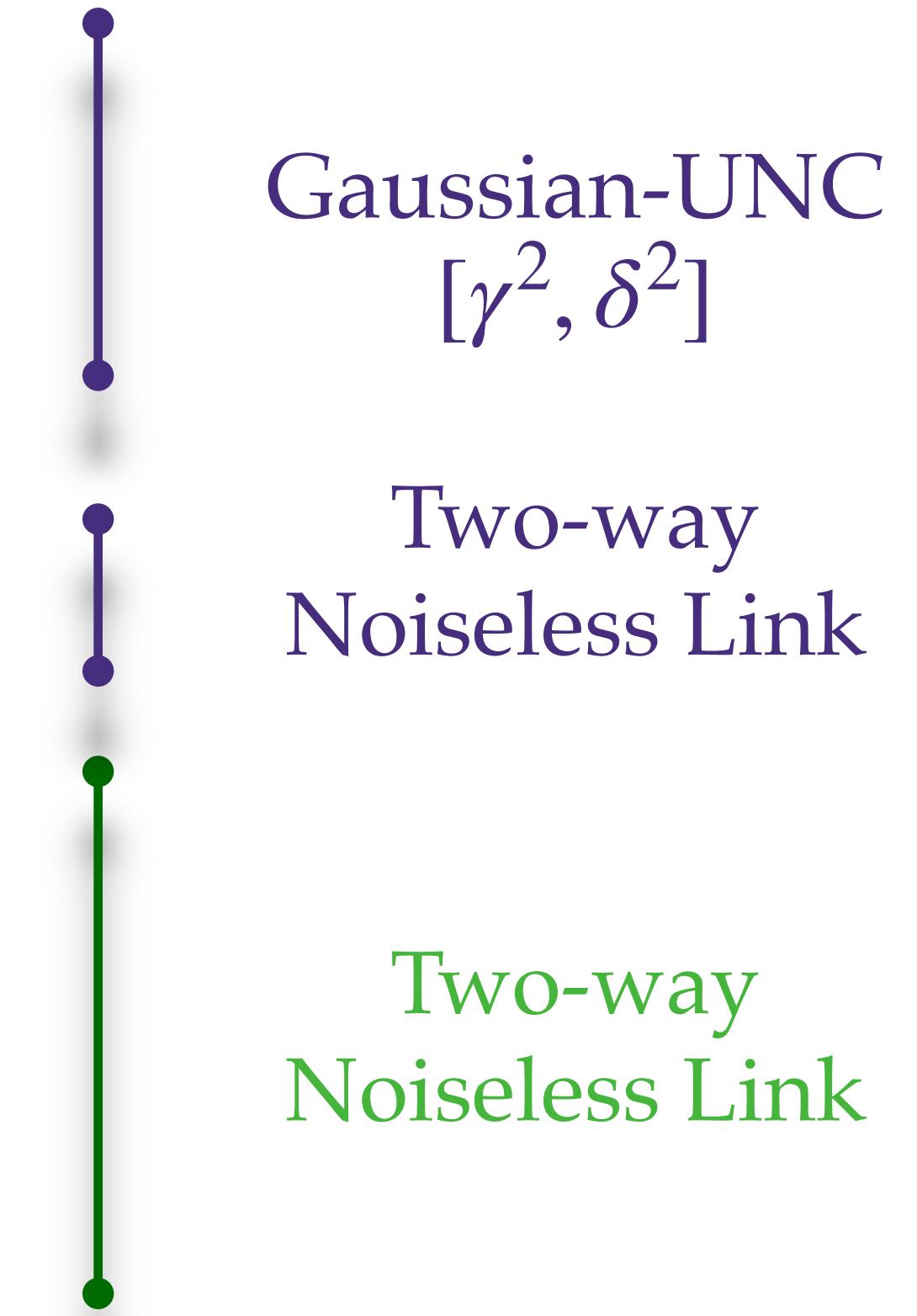
- Two rounds of Hash challenge from Bob to Alice.



Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Achievability Scheme - Commit Phase

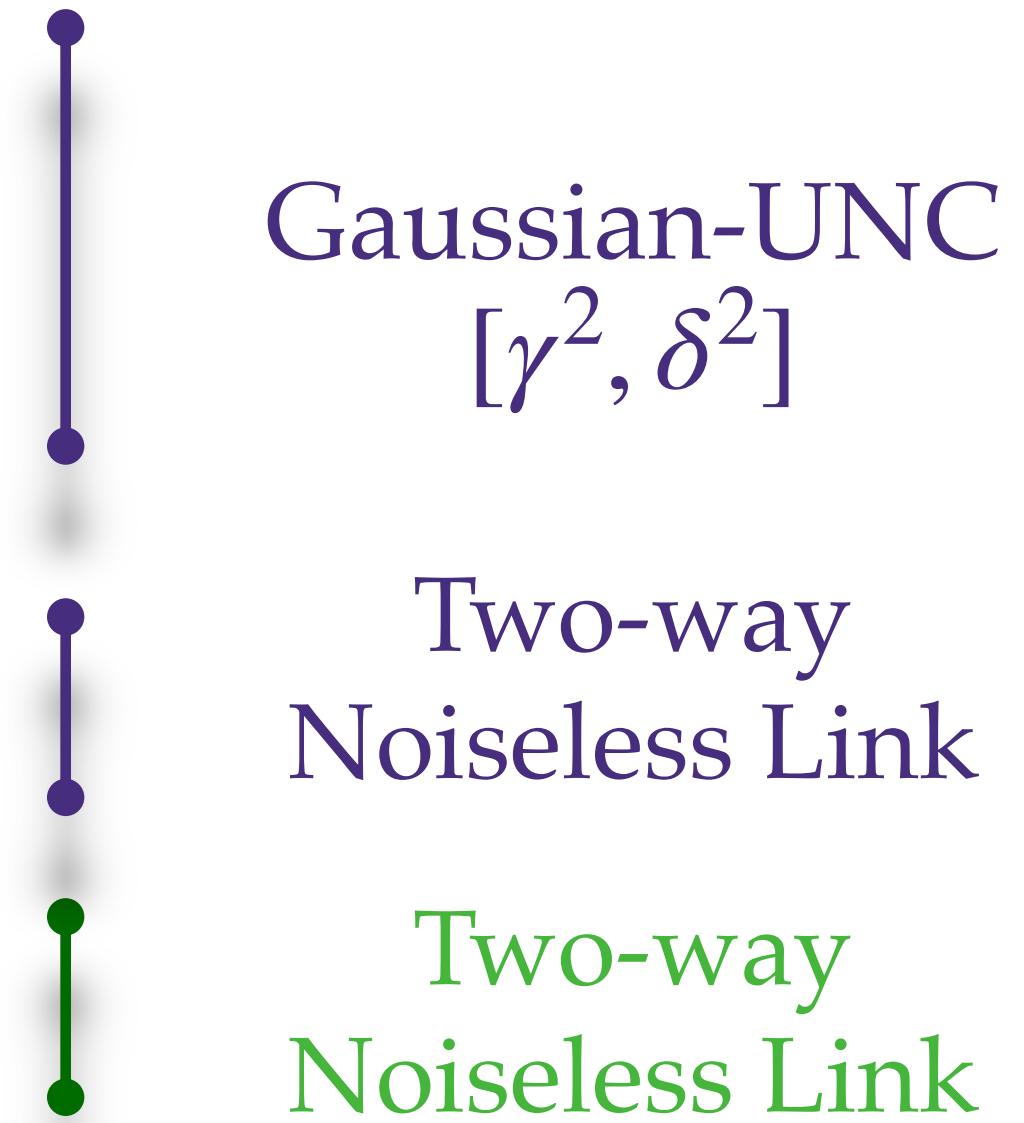
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- Two rounds of Hash challenge from Bob to Alice.
- Randomness Extractor (one-time pad with C) from Alice to Bob.



Commitment over Gaussian UNC

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- Randomness Extractor (one-time pad with C) from Alice to Bob.
- $V_A = (c, u^m, \mathbf{x}, G_1, G_2, \text{Ext})$
- $V_B = (\mathbf{y}, G_1, G_1(u^m), G_2, G_2(u^m), \text{Ext}, Q)$



Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Achievability Scheme - Reveal Phase

- Alice reveals (\tilde{c}, \tilde{u}^m) to Bob.
- Bob performs tests to accept / reject \tilde{c} .

Two-way
Noiseless Link

→ **Typicality Test**

Check : $\psi(\tilde{u}^m) \in \mathcal{L}(y)$?

→ **Hash Challenge Test**

Check : $G_1(\tilde{u}^m) = G_1(u^m)$ and $G_2(\tilde{u}^m) = G_2(u^m)$?

→ **OTP Test**

Check : $\tilde{c} \oplus \text{Ext}(\tilde{u}^m) = Q$?

Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Achievability Scheme - Security Guarantees

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Commitment over Gaussian UNC

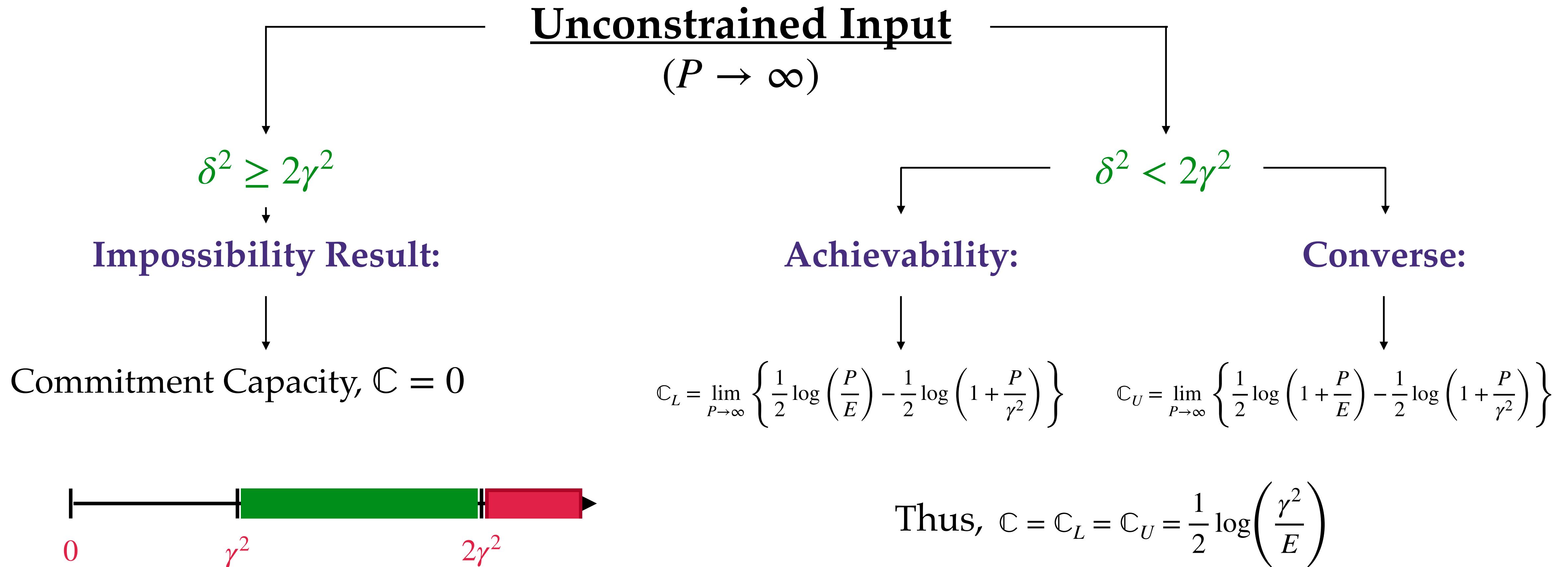
Achievability Scheme - **Security Guarantees**

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Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Summary of Results

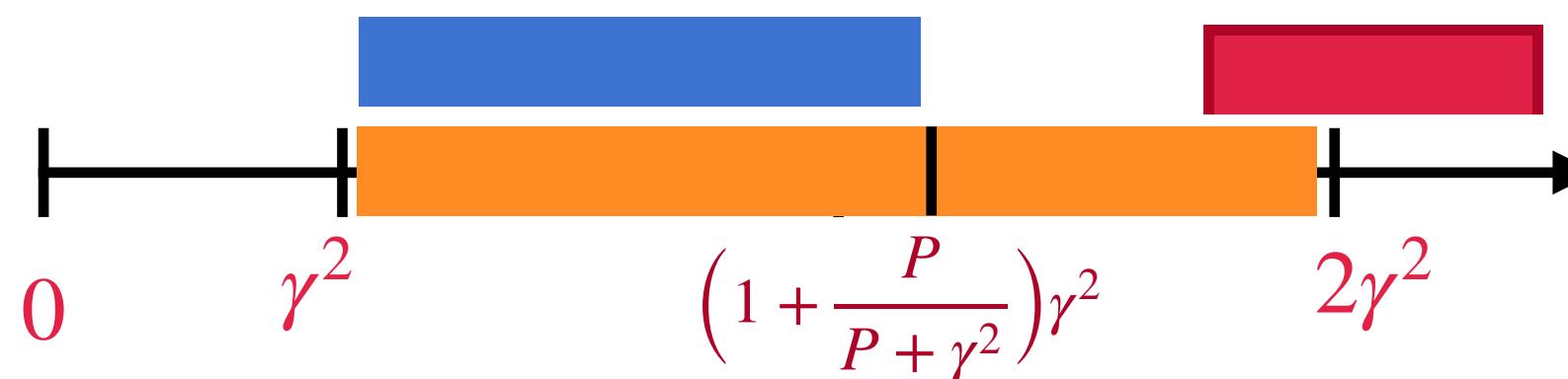


Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Summary of Results & Open Questions

$$\delta^2 \geq 2\gamma^2$$

Impossibility Result



Constrained Input

$$(P < \infty)$$

$$\delta^2 < 2\gamma^2$$

$$\delta^2 < \left(1 + \frac{P}{P + \gamma^2}\right)\gamma^2 < 2\gamma^2$$

Converse:

$$C \leq \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{E} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{\gamma^2} \right)$$

Achievability:

$$C \geq \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{P}{E} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{\gamma^2} \right)$$

Commitment over Gaussian UNC

Summary of Results

Gaussian UNC with Zero Elasticity

$$(E := \delta^2 - \gamma^2 = 0)$$

- Reduces to AWGN channel
- Our **achievability** result: $C \geq \lim_{E \rightarrow 0} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{P}{E} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(1 + \frac{P}{\gamma^2} \right) \right\} = \infty$
- Verifies the infinite capacity result of [Nascimento et al. '08] over AWGN channels.

Thank you !