Brain_Tumor_Detection_Classification

Load Modules

```
In [4]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

Prepare/Collect Data

```
In [8]:
```

```
import os

path = os.listdir(r'D:\Softwares\21\Anuj\D_S\Projects\Codel Clause\brain-tumor-detection-
classes = {'no_tumor': 0, 'pituitary_tumor': 1}
```

```
In [10]:
```

```
import cv2

X = []
Y = []
for cls in classes:
    pth = r'D:\Softwares\21\Anuj\D_S\Projects\Codel Clause\brain-tumor-detection-master\b
    for j in os.listdir(pth):
        img = cv2.imread(pth + '\\' + j, 0)
        img = cv2.resize(img, (200, 200))
        X.append(img)
        Y.append(classes[cls])
```

```
In [11]:
```

```
np.unique(Y)

Out[11]:
    array([0, 1])

In [12]:

X = np.array(X)
Y = np.array(Y)
```

```
In [13]:
```

```
pd.Series(Y).value_counts()
```

Out[13]:

1 827 0 395 dtype: int64

In [14]:

X.shape

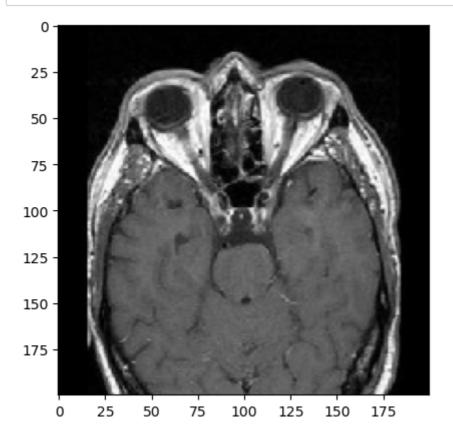
Out[14]:

(1222, 200, 200)

Visualize data

In [16]:

```
plt.imshow(X[0], cmap = 'gray')
plt.show()
```



Prepare Data

```
In [17]:
X_updated = X.reshape(len(X), -1)
X_updated.shape
Out[17]:
(1222, 40000)

Split Data
In [18]:
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(X_updated, Y, random_state = 10, test_siz
In [19]:
xtrain.shape, xtest.shape
Out[19]:
((977, 40000), (245, 40000))
Foature Scaling
```

Feature Scaling

```
In [23]:
```

```
print(xtrain.max(), xtrain.min())
print(xtest.max(), xtest.min())
xtrain = xtrain/255
xtest = xtest/255
print(xtrain.max(), xtrain.min())
print(xtest.max(), xtest.min())
255 0
255 0
```

Feature Selection: PCA

```
In [24]:
```

1.0 0.0 1.0 0.0

```
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
In [26]:
print(xtrain.shape, xtest.shape)
pca = PCA(.98)
#pca_train = pca.fit_transform(xtrain)
#pca_test = pca.transform(xtest)
pca_train = xtrain
pca_test = xtest
(977, 40000) (245, 40000)
In [27]:
#print(pca_train.shape, pca_test.shape)
#print(pca.n_components_)
#print(pca.n_features_)
Train Model
In [30]:
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.svm import SVC
In [31]:
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
lg = LogisticRegression(C=0.1)
lg.fit(pca_train, ytrain)
Out[31]:
    LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression(C=0.1)
In [32]:
sv = SVC()
sv.fit(pca_train, ytrain)
Out[32]:

▼ SVC
sv¢()
```

Evaluation

```
In [33]:
print("Training Score:", lg.score(pca_train, ytrain))
print("Testing Score:", lg.score(pca_test, ytest))
Training Score: 1.0
Training Score: 0.9591836734693877
In [35]:
print("Training Score:", sv.score(pca_train, ytrain))
print("Testing Score:", sv.score(pca_test, ytest))
Training Score: 0.9938587512794268
Testing Score: 0.963265306122449
Prediction
In [38]:
pred = sv.predict(pca_test)
np.where(ytest != pred)
Out[38]:
(array([ 36, 51, 68, 120, 212, 214, 220, 227, 239], dtype=int64),)
In [39]:
pred[6]
Out[39]:
0
In [40]:
ytest[6]
Out[40]:
0
TEST MODEL
```

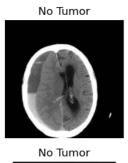
```
In [41]:

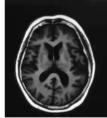
dec = {0: 'No Tumor', 1: 'Positive Tumor'}
```

In [50]:

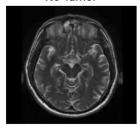
```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
p = os.listdir('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detection-mast
c = 1
for i in os.listdir('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detection
    plt.subplot(3, 3, c)

img = cv2.imread('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detectio
    img1 = cv2.resize(img, (200, 200))
    img1 = img1.reshape(1, -1) / 255
    p = sv.predict(img1)
    plt.title(dec[p[0]])
    plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.axis('off')
    c += 1
```

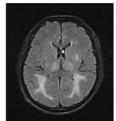




No Tumor



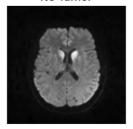
No Tumor



No Tumor



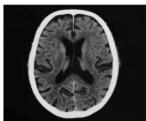
No Tumor



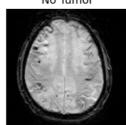
No Tumor



No Tumor



No Tumor



In [53]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
p = os.listdir('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detection-mast
c = 1

for i in os.listdir('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detection
    plt.subplot(4, 4, c)

    img = cv2.imread('D:/Softwares/21/Anuj/D_S/Projects/Codel Clause/brain-tumor-detectio
    if img is not None:
        img1 = cv2.resize(img, (200, 200))
        img1 = img1.reshape(1, -1) / 255
        p = sv.predict(img1)
        plt.title(dec[p[0]])
        plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')
        c += 1
```

Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



No Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



No Tumor



No Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



Positive Tumor



In []: