

COGNIFYZ TASK_1

1 Predict_Restaurant_Ratings_Cognifyz_Task1

1.0.1 Build a machine learning model to predict the aggregate rating of a restaurant based on other features.

```
[1]: # Importing the Libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

1.1 Pre-Processing Steps

```
[5]: # Creating the Dataframe
file_path = r'D:\Software\New Project\Internship\Cognifyz\Predict Restaurant_
Ratings\Dataset .csv'
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
df.head()
```

```
[5]: Restaurant ID      Restaurant Name  Country Code      City \
0      6317637      Le Petit Souffle      162      Makati City
1      6304287      Izakaya Kikufuji      162      Makati City
2      6300002      Heat - Edsa Shangri-La      162      Mandaluyong City
3      6318506      Ooma      162      Mandaluyong City
4      6314302      Sambo Kojin      162      Mandaluyong City

Address \
0      Third Floor, Century City Mall, Kalayaan Avenu...
1      Little Tokyo, 2277 Chino Roces Avenue, Legaspi...
2      Edsa Shangri-La, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas, Mandal...
3      Third Floor, Mega Fashion Hall, SM Megamall, O...
4      Third Floor, Mega Atrium, SM Megamall, Ortigas...

Locality \
0      Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City
1      Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City
```

```

2 Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City
3 SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City
4 SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City

```

	Locality Verbose	Longitude	Latitude	\
0	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City, Mak...	121.027535	14.565443	
1	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City, Ma...	121.014101	14.553708	
2	Edsa Shangri-La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Ma...	121.056831	14.581404	
3	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.056475	14.585318	
4	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal...	121.057508	14.584450	

	Cuisines	...	Currency	Has Table booking	\
0	French, Japanese, Desserts	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	
1	Japanese	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	
2	Seafood, Asian, Filipino, Indian	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	
3	Japanese, Sushi	...	Botswana Pula(P)	No	
4	Japanese, Korean	...	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	

	Has Online delivery	Is delivering now	Switch to order menu	Price range	\
0	No	No	No	3	
1	No	No	No	3	
2	No	No	No	4	
3	No	No	No	4	
4	No	No	No	4	

	Aggregate rating	Rating color	Rating text	Votes
0	4.8	Dark Green	Excellent	314
1	4.5	Dark Green	Excellent	591
2	4.4	Green	Very Good	270
3	4.9	Dark Green	Excellent	365
4	4.8	Dark Green	Excellent	229

[5 rows x 21 columns]

```

[ ]: df = df.drop('Restaurant ID', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Restaurant Name', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Country Code', axis=1)
df = df.drop('City', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Address', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Locality', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Locality Verbose', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Longitude', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Latitude', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Cuisines', axis=1)
df = df.drop('Currency', axis=1)

```

```

[8]: df

```

```
[8]:      Average Cost for two Has Table booking Has Online delivery \
0          1100          Yes          No
1          1200          Yes          No
2          4000          Yes          No
3          1500          No          No
4          1500          Yes          No
...
9546          80          No          No
9547          105          No          No
9548          170          No          No
9549          120          No          No
9550          55          No          No
```

```
      Is delivering now Switch to order menu Price range Aggregate rating \
0          No          No          3          4.8
1          No          No          3          4.5
2          No          No          4          4.4
3          No          No          4          4.9
4          No          No          4          4.8
...
9546          No          No          3          4.1
9547          No          No          3          4.2
9548          No          No          4          3.7
9549          No          No          4          4.0
9550          No          No          2          4.0
```

```
      Rating color Rating text Votes
0      Dark Green  Excellent   314
1      Dark Green  Excellent   591
2          Green   Very Good   270
3      Dark Green  Excellent   365
4      Dark Green  Excellent   229
...
9546          Green   Very Good   788
9547          Green   Very Good  1034
9548          Yellow    Good    661
9549          Green   Very Good   901
9550          Green   Very Good   591
```

```
[9551 rows x 10 columns]
```

```
[9]: df.shape
```

```
[9]: (9551, 10)
```

```
[10]: df.info
```

```
[10]: <bound method DataFrame.info of
Online delivery \
0          1100          Yes          No
1          1200          Yes          No
2          4000          Yes          No
3          1500          No          No
4          1500          Yes          No
...
9546          80          No          No
9547          105          No          No
9548          170          No          No
9549          120          No          No
9550          55          No          No
```

```

Is delivering now Switch to order menu Price range Aggregate rating \
0          No          No          3          4.8
1          No          No          3          4.5
2          No          No          4          4.4
3          No          No          4          4.9
4          No          No          4          4.8
...
9546          No          No          3          4.1
9547          No          No          3          4.2
9548          No          No          4          3.7
9549          No          No          4          4.0
9550          No          No          2          4.0
```

```

Rating color Rating text Votes
0    Dark Green  Excellent  314
1    Dark Green  Excellent  591
2      Green    Very Good  270
3    Dark Green  Excellent  365
4    Dark Green  Excellent  229
...
9546      Green  Very Good  788
9547      Green  Very Good 1034
9548    Yellow      Good  661
9549      Green  Very Good  901
9550      Green  Very Good  591
```

```
[9551 rows x 10 columns]>
```

```
[11]: df.describe()
```

```
[11]:
count          9551.000000  9551.000000  9551.000000  9551.000000
mean          1199.210763    1.804837    2.666370    156.909748
```

std	16121.183073	0.905609	1.516378	430.169145
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	250.000000	1.000000	2.500000	5.000000
50%	400.000000	2.000000	3.200000	31.000000
75%	700.000000	2.000000	3.700000	131.000000
max	800000.000000	4.000000	4.900000	10934.000000

```
[12]: # Checking for missing values
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[12]: Average Cost for two    0
      Has Table booking      0
      Has Online delivery    0
      Is delivering now      0
      Switch to order menu   0
      Price range            0
      Aggregate rating       0
      Rating color           0
      Rating text            0
      Votes                  0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[13]: # Checking for duplicated values
df.duplicated().sum()
```

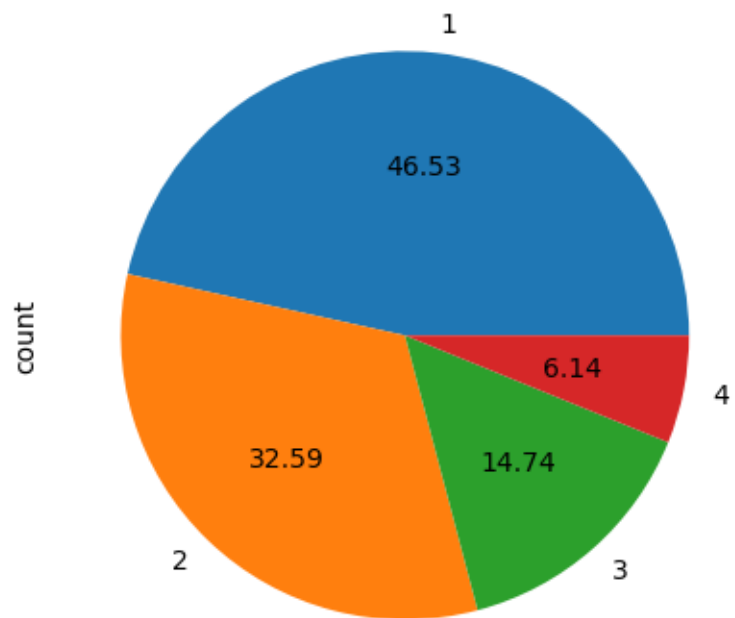
```
[13]: 2871
```

```
[14]: df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
[15]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      %matplotlib inline
```

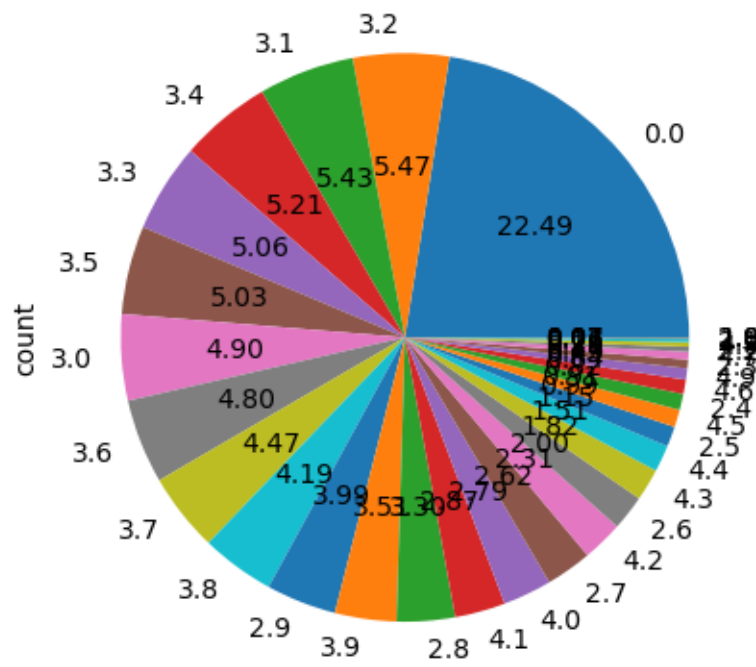
```
[16]: df['Price range'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie', autopct = '%.2f')
```

```
[16]: <Axes: ylabel='count'>
```



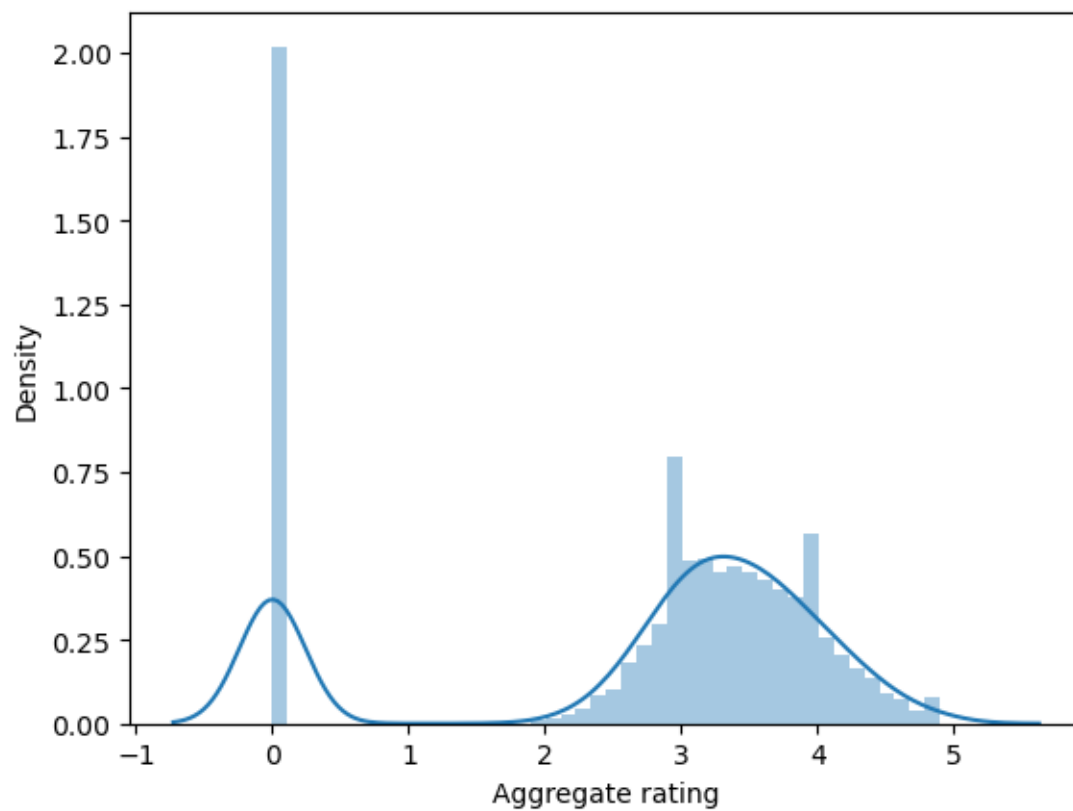
```
[17]: df['Aggregate rating'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie', autopct = '%.2f')
```

```
[17]: <Axes: ylabel='count'>
```



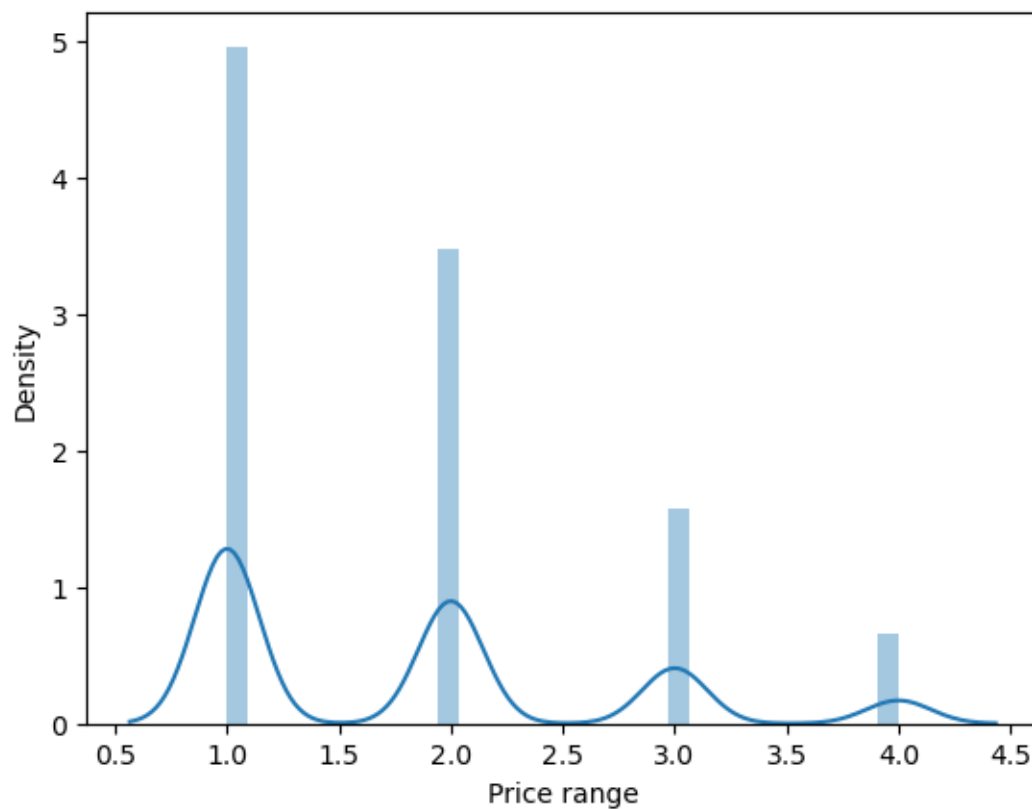
```
[18]: sns.distplot(df['Aggregate rating'])
```

```
[18]: <Axes: xlabel='Aggregate rating', ylabel='Density'>
```



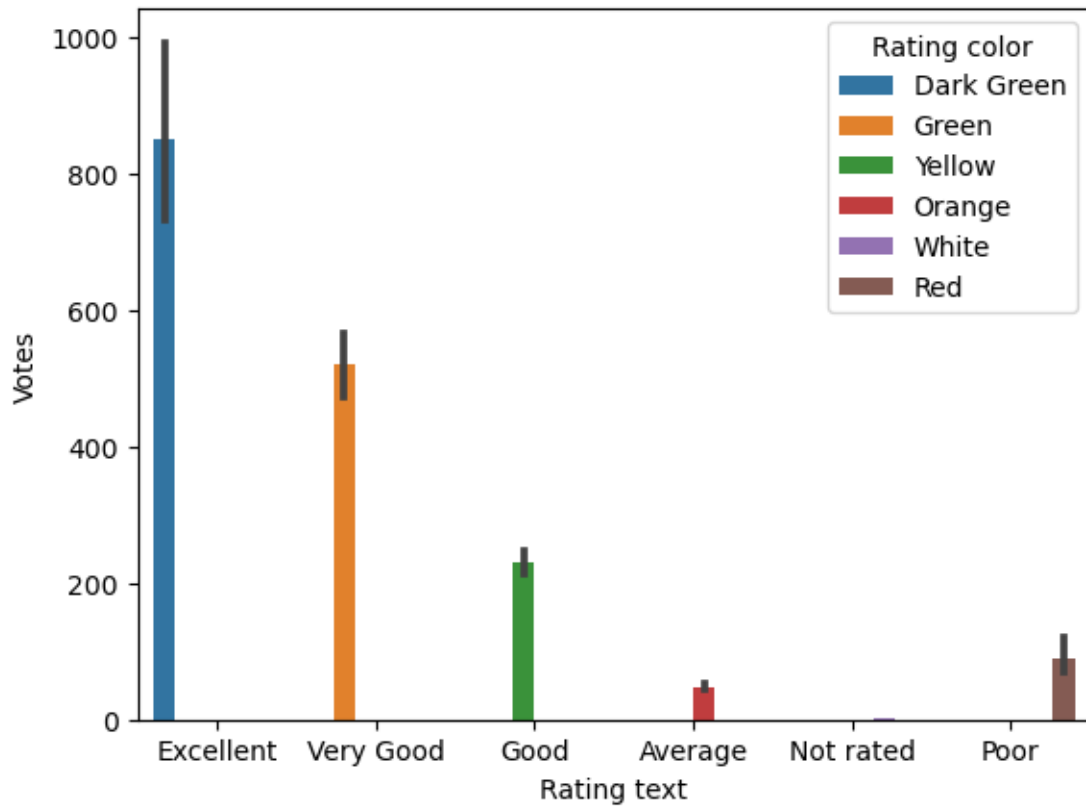
```
[19]: sns.distplot(df['Price range'])
```

```
[19]: <Axes: xlabel='Price range', ylabel='Density'>
```

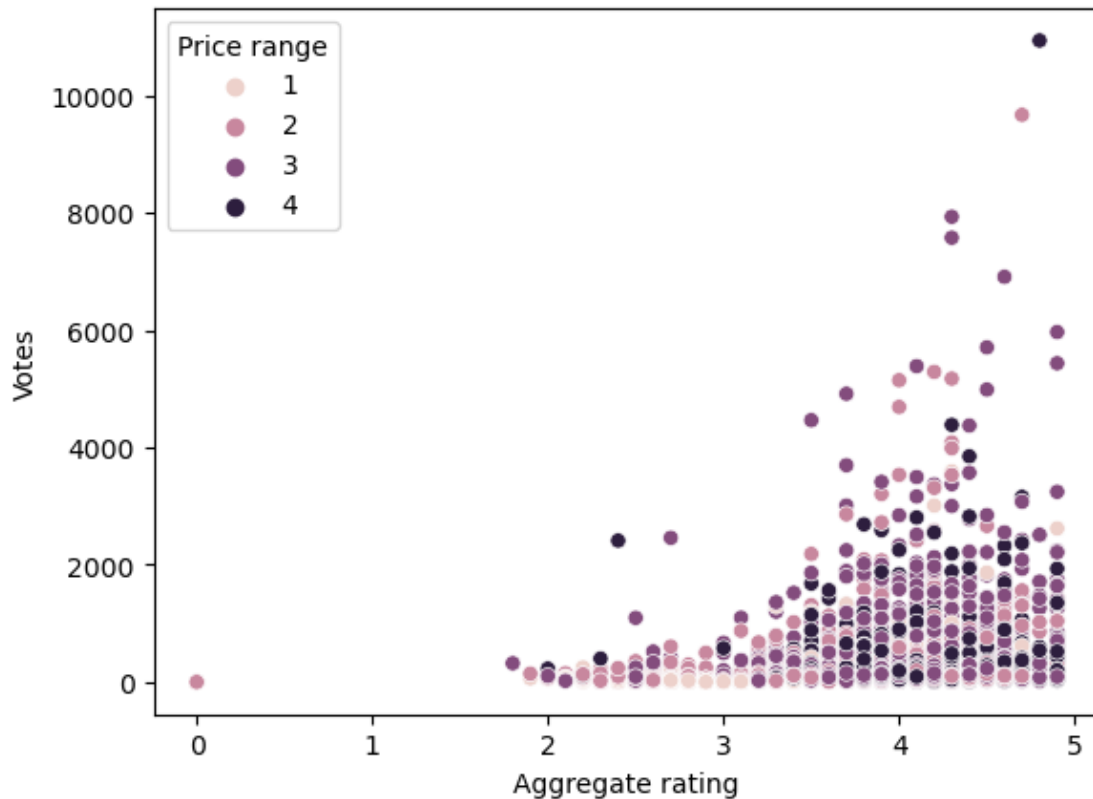
```
[20]: sns.barplot(x=df["Rating text"],y=df["Votes"],hue =df["Rating color"])
```

```
[20]: <Axes: xlabel='Rating text', ylabel='Votes'>
```



```
[21]: sns.scatterplot(x=df["Aggregate rating"],y=df["Votes"],hue=df["Price range"])
```

```
[21]: <Axes: xlabel='Aggregate rating', ylabel='Votes'>
```



```
[22]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['Has Table booking'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Has Table booking'])
df['Has Online delivery'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Has Online_
    ↳delivery'])
df['Is delivering now'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Is delivering now'])
df['Switch to order menu'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Switch to order_
    ↳menu'])
df['Rating color'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Rating color'])
df['Rating text'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['Rating text'])
```

```
[23]: df
```

```
[23]:
```

	Average Cost for two	Has Table booking	Has Online delivery	\
0	1100	1	0	
1	1200	1	0	
2	4000	1	0	
3	1500	0	0	
4	1500	1	0	
...	
9546	80	0	0	

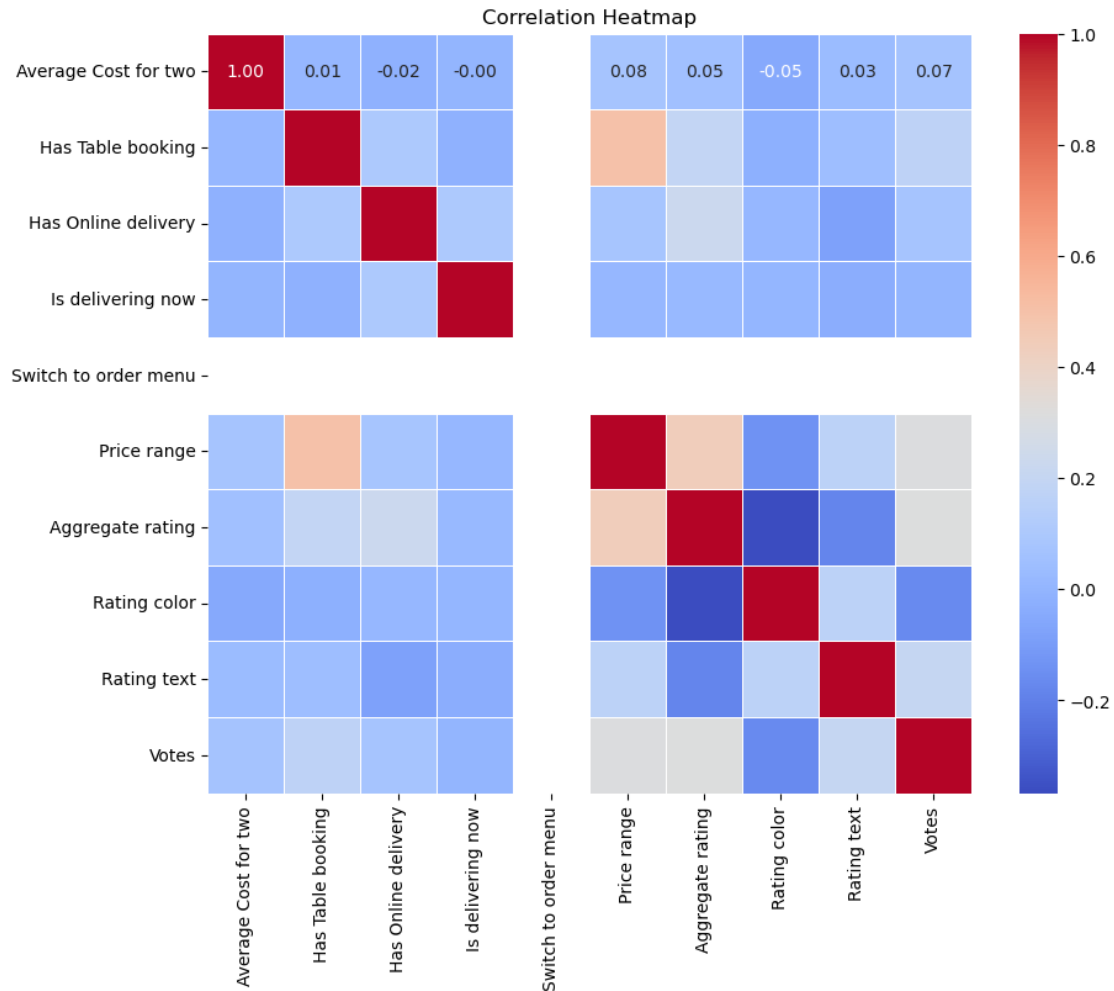
9547	105	0	0
9548	170	0	0
9549	120	0	0
9550	55	0	0

	Is delivering now	Switch to order menu	Price range	Aggregate rating \
0	0	0	3	4.8
1	0	0	3	4.5
2	0	0	4	4.4
3	0	0	4	4.9
4	0	0	4	4.8
...
9546	0	0	3	4.1
9547	0	0	3	4.2
9548	0	0	4	3.7
9549	0	0	4	4.0
9550	0	0	2	4.0

	Rating color	Rating text	Votes
0	0	1	314
1	0	1	591
2	1	5	270
3	0	1	365
4	0	1	229
...
9546	1	5	788
9547	1	5	1034
9548	5	2	661
9549	1	5	901
9550	1	5	591

[9551 rows x 10 columns]

```
[24]: correlation_matrix = df.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f",
            linewidths=0.5)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



```
[25]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
      from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
      from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
```

```
[26]: x = df.drop('Aggregate rating', axis=1)
      y = df['Aggregate rating']
```

```
[27]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=.
      ↪1,random_state=353)
      x_train.head()
      y_train.head()
```

```
[27]: 8696    0.0
      1164    4.0
      4824   3.2
      7574   3.2
      2961   2.3
      Name: Aggregate rating, dtype: float64
```

1.2 Running the Linear Regression Model

```
[28]: reg=LinearRegression()
      reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
      y_pred=reg.predict(x_test)
      from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
      r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

```
[28]: 0.44846419965192574
```

```
[29]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
      reg = LinearRegression()
      reg.fit(x_train, y_train)
      y_pred = reg.predict(x_test)
      mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
      print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE): {mse:.2f}")
      r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
      print(f"R-squared (R2) Error: {r2:.2f}")
```

Mean Squared Error (MSE): 1.36

R-squared (R2) Error: 0.45

1.3 Building the Decision Tree Regressor

```
[30]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
      x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=.
      ↪1,random_state=105)
      DTree=DecisionTreeRegressor(min_samples_leaf=.0001)
      DTree.fit(x_train,y_train)
      y_predict=DTree.predict(x_test)
      from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
      r2_score(y_test,y_predict)
```

```
[30]: 0.9776218484219719
```

```
[31]: from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

```
DTree = DecisionTreeRegressor(min_samples_leaf=0.0001)

DTree.fit(x_train, y_train)

y_predict = DTree.predict(x_test)

# Calculate Mean Squared Error (MSE)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_predict)
print(f"Mean Squared Error (RMSE): {mse:.2f}")

# Calculate R-squared (R2) Error
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_predict)
print(f"R-squared (R2) Error: {r2:.2f}")
```

Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 0.05

R-squared (R2) Error: 0.98

1.3.1 Conclusion:

MSE of 0.05 indicates that model's predictions are very accurate & low errors.

R2 value of 0.98 suggests that model is highly effective at explaining & predicting the target

Decision Tree Regressor model is performing exceptionally well on your test data.

1.4 THANK YOU!!!

1.5 GitHub Link: