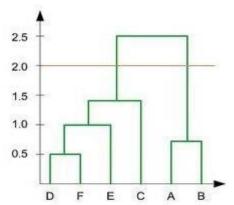


Q1 to Q12 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

- 1. Which of the following is an application of clustering?
 - a. Biological network analysis
 - b. Market trend prediction
 - c. Topic modelina
 - d. All of the above
- 2. On which data type, we cannot perform cluster analysis?
 - a. Time series data
 - b. Text data
 - c. Multimedia data
 - d. None
- 3. Netflix's movie recommendation system uses
 - a. Supervised learning
 - b. Unsupervised learning
 - c. Reinforcement learning and Unsupervised learning
 - d. All of the above
- 4. The final output of Hierarchical clustering is
 - a. The number of cluster centroids
 - b. The tree representing how close the data points are to each other
 - c. A map defining the similar data points into individual groups
 - d. All of the above
- 5. Which of the step is not required for K-means clustering?
 - a. A distance metric
 - b. Initial number of clusters
 - c. Initial guess as to cluster centroids
 - d. None
- 6. Which is the following is wrong?
 - a. k-means clustering is a vector quantization method
 - b. k-means clustering tries to group n observations into k clusters
 - c. k-nearest neighbour is same as k-means
 - d. None
- 7. Which of the following metrics, do we have for finding dissimilarity between two clusters in hierarchical clustering?
- i. Single-link
- ii. Complete-link
- iii. Average-link Options:
 - a. 1 and 2
 - b. 1 and 3
 - c. 2 and 3
 - d. 1, 2 and 3
- 8. Which of the following are true?
- i. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by multicollinearity of features
- ii. Clustering analysis is negatively affected by heteroscedasticity Options:
 - a. 1 only
 - b. 2 only
 - c. 1 and 2



- d. None of them
- 9. In the figure above, if you draw a horizontal line on y-axis for y=2. What will be the number of clusters formed?



- a. **2**
- b. 4
- c. 3
- d. 5
- 10. For which of the following tasks might clustering be a suitable approach?
 - a. Given sales data from a large number of products in a supermarket, estimate future sales for each

of these products.

- b. Given a database of information about your users, automatically group them into different market segments.
- c. Predicting whether stock price of a company will increase tomorrow.
- d. Given historical weather records, predict if tomorrow's weather will be sunny or rainy.
- 11. Given, six points with the following attributes:



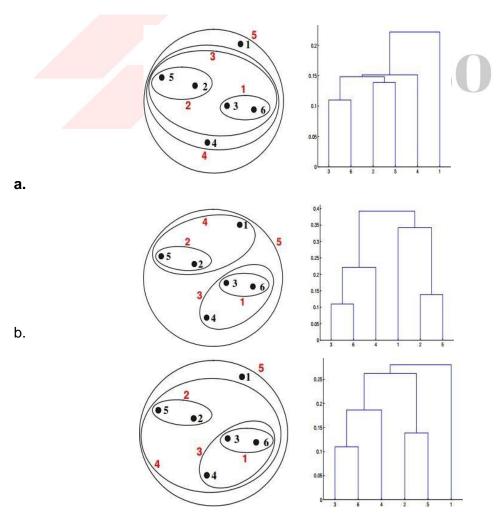
point	x coordinate	y coordinate
p1	0.4005	0.5306
p2	0.2148	0.3854
р3	0.3457	0.3156
p4	0.2652	0.1875
p5	0.0789	0.4139
р6	0.4548	0.3022

Table: X-Y coordinates of six points.

	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	p6
p1	0.0000	0.2357	0.2218	0.3688	0.3421	0.2347
p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
p3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p_5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
р6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

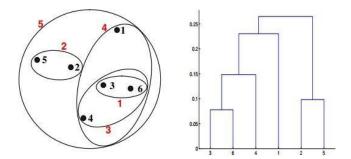
Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points

Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MIN or Single link proximity function in hierarchical clustering:



C.





d.

(a)

For the single link or MIN version of hierarchical clustering, the proximity of two clusters is defined to be the minimum of the distance between any two points in the different clusters. For instance, from the table, we see that the distance between points 3 and 6 is 0.11, and that is the height at which they are joined into one cluster in the dendrogram. As another example, the distance between clusters $\{3, 6\}$ and $\{2, 5\}$ is given by dist $(\{3, 6\}, \{2, 5\}) = \min(\text{dist}(3, 2), \text{dist}(6, 2), \text{dist}(3, 5), \text{dist}(6, 5)) = \min(0.1483, 0.2540, 0.2843, 0.3921) = 0.1483.$

12. Given, six points with the following attributes:



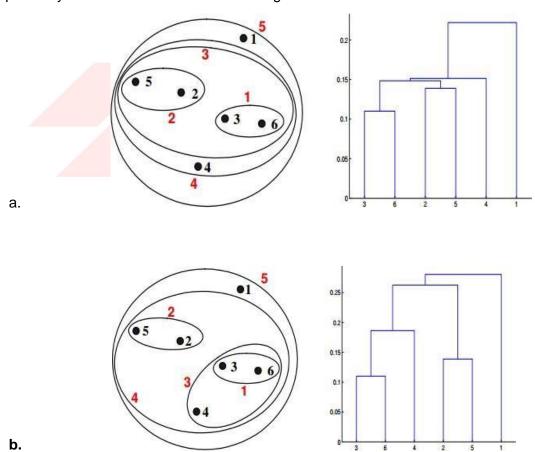
point	x coordinate	y coordinate		
p1	0.4005	0.5306		
p2	0.2148	0.3854		
р3	0.3457	0.3156		
p4	0.2652	0.1875		
p5	0.0789	0.4139		
р6	0.4548	0.3022		

Table: X-Y coordinates of six points.

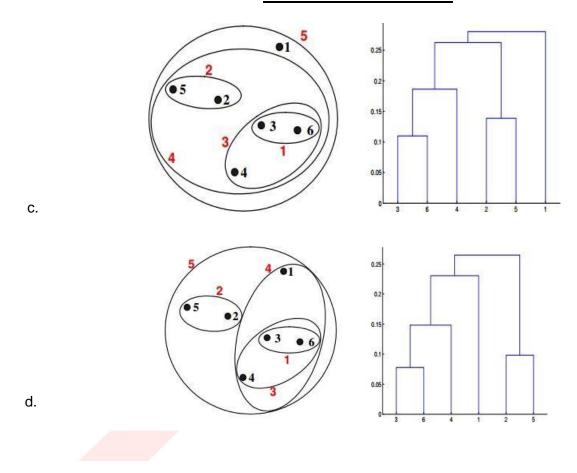
	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	p6
p1	0.0000	0.2357	0.2218	0.3688	0.3421	0.2347
p2	0.2357	0.0000	0.1483	0.2042	0.1388	0.2540
р3	0.2218	0.1483	0.0000	0.1513	0.2843	0.1100
p4	0.3688	0.2042	0.1513	0.0000	0.2932	0.2216
p_5	0.3421	0.1388	0.2843	0.2932	0.0000	0.3921
p6	0.2347	0.2540	0.1100	0.2216	0.3921	0.0000

Table : Distance Matrix for Six Points

Which of the following clustering representations and dendrogram depicts the use of MAX or Complete link proximity function in hierarchical clustering.







(b)

For the single link or MAX version of hierarchical clustering, the proximity of two clusters is defined to be the maximum of the distance between any two points in the different clusters. Similarly, here points 3 and 6 are merged first. However, $\{3, 6\}$ is merged with $\{4\}$, instead of $\{2, 5\}$. This is because the dist($\{3, 6\}, \{4\}$) = max(dist(3, 4), dist(6, 4)) = max(0.1513, 0.2216) = 0.2216, which is smaller than dist($\{3, 6\}, \{2, 5\}$) = max(dist(3, 2), dist(6, 2), dist(3, 5), dist(6, 5)) = max(0.1483, 0.2540, 0.2843, 0.3921) = 0.3921 and dist($\{3, 6\}, \{1\}$) = max(dist(3, 1), dist(6, 1)) = max(0.2218, 0.2347) = 0.2347.

Q13 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

13. What is the importance of clustering?

Ans: Importance of Clustering Methods

- Having clustering methods helps in restarting the local search procedure and remove the inefficiency.
 In addition, clustering helps to determine the internal structure of the data.
- 2. This clustering analysis has been used for model analysis, vector region of attraction.



- 3. Clustering helps in understanding the natural grouping in a dataset. Their purpose is to make sense to partition the data into some group of logical groupings.
- 4. Clustering quality depends on the methods and the identification of hidden patterns.
- 5. They play a wide role in applications like marketing economic research and weblogs to identify similarity measures, Image processing, and spatial research.
- 6. They are used in outlier detections to detect credit card fraudulence.
 - 14. How can I improve my clustering performance?

Ans: Graph-based clustering performance can easily be improved by **applying ICA blind source separation during the graph Laplacian embedding step**. Applying unsupervised feature learning to input data using either RICA or SFT, improves clustering performance.

