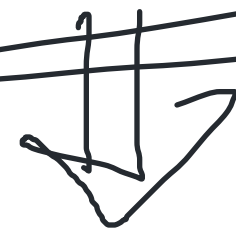


$$5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

Recursion



when the function call  
it self. / factorial

why? →

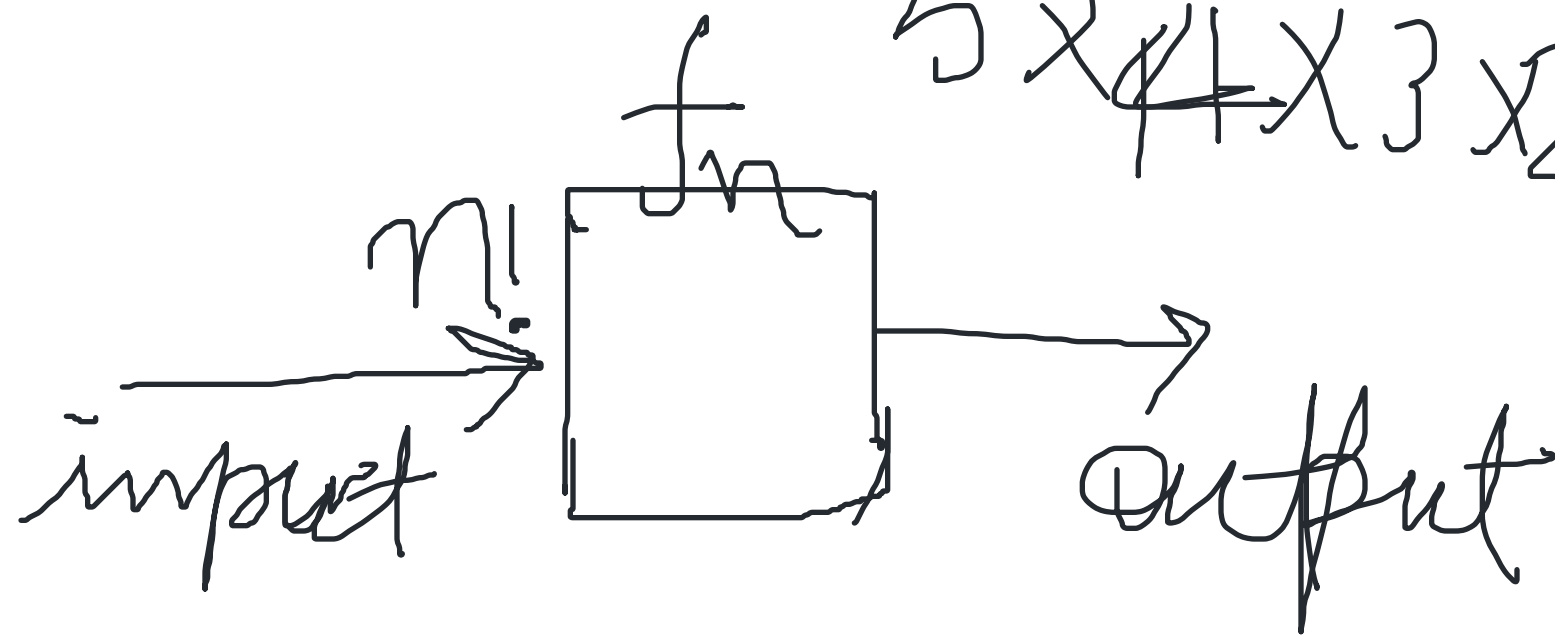
calling

$$\underline{n!} = (\underline{n-1}) * (\underline{n-2}) * (\underline{n-3}) - \dots \underline{1}$$

$$5! = 5 \times 4! \rightarrow 4 \times 3! \rightarrow 3 \times 2! \rightarrow 2 \times 1$$

$$5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$n! = n \times (n-1)!$$



$$n! = n \times (n-1)!$$

$$\underline{\text{fact}(n)} = \underline{n \times \text{fact}(n-1)} \rightarrow \text{smaller input}$$

In this way we are  $\rightarrow (n-1) \times \text{fact}(n-2)$   
 reducing the size of the ~~problem~~ <sup>problem</sup> one  
 by one till it becomes trivial or easier

$$\text{fact}(n) = n * \text{fact}(n-1)$$

reach the trivial  $\rightarrow$  smallest case  
we will return the output. & we  
will not call the recursion.

5!

✓ 5!

✓ 4!

3!

2!

1!

0!

-1!

-2!

-3!

5! 4  
5 x 4!

2! 4  
4 x 3!

1! 0  
3 x 2!

2! 1  
2 x 1!

1! 1  
1 x 0!

0! 1  
0 x -1!

-1! -2!

-1 x -2!

returning  
4  
0! = 1

Infinitely

Base case / trivial case

