High Level Design

Hotstar

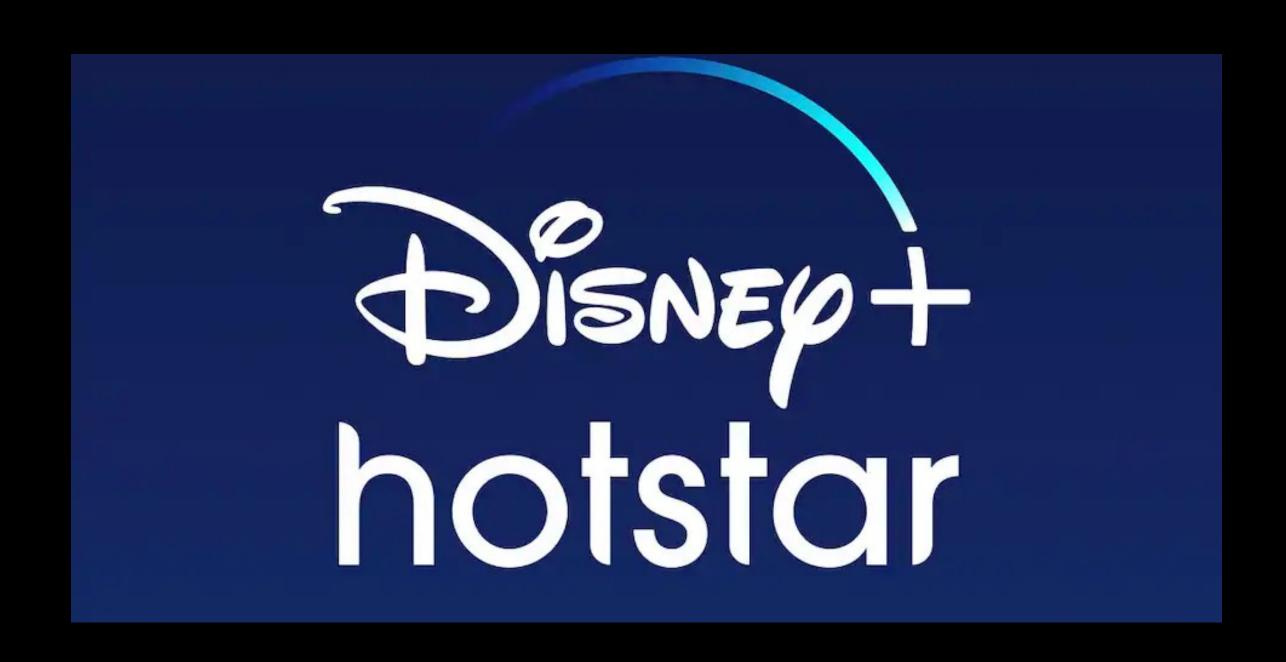
Tanmay Kacker

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Contents

- Problem Statement & Analysis
- Media Processing pipeline
- Data Ingestion architecture
- Video Streaming architecture

Case study



- Video on-demand
- OTT streaming platform
- Live video broadcasting





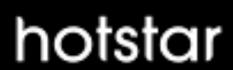












Home of Indian Entertainment & Live Cricket

S\$69.98 November 1st per Year Starts streaming

- Dream11 IPL 2020: Playoffs and Final live & exclusive!
- 85,000 hours of Indian shows and movies
- Watch top-rated Star Vijay & Star Plus shows before TV broadcast
- Exclusive movie premieres and Hotstar Specials (original series and movies)
- 2000+ super hit library of Hindi, Tamil, Telugu and other regional language movies
- 6 News channels streaming live in multiple Indian languages



















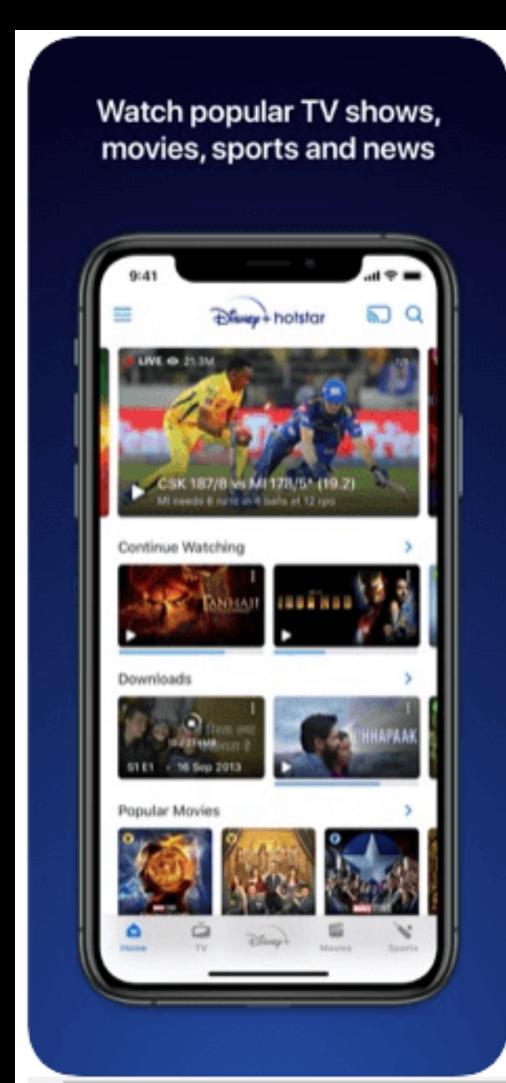


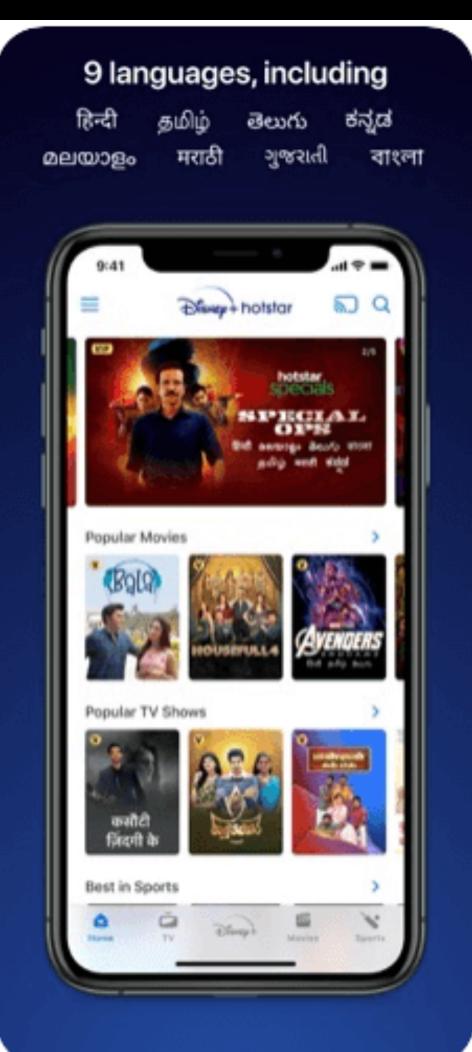


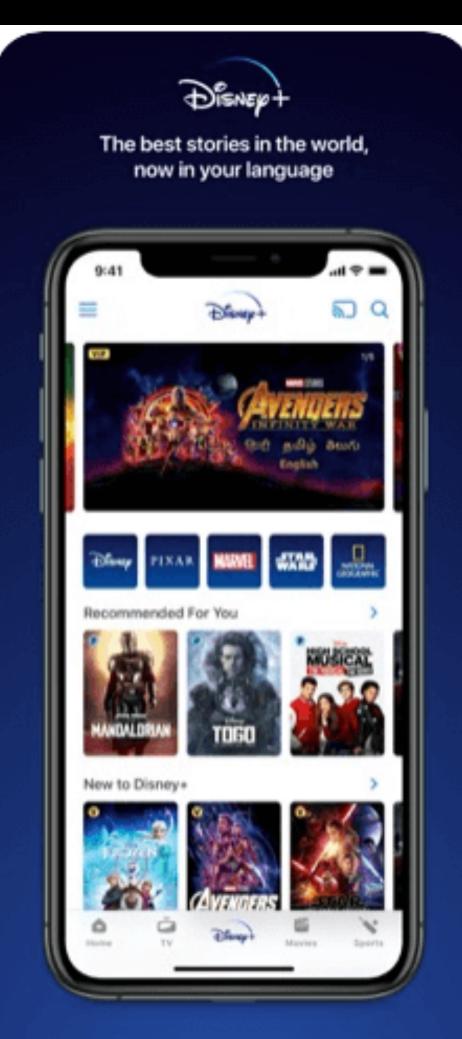


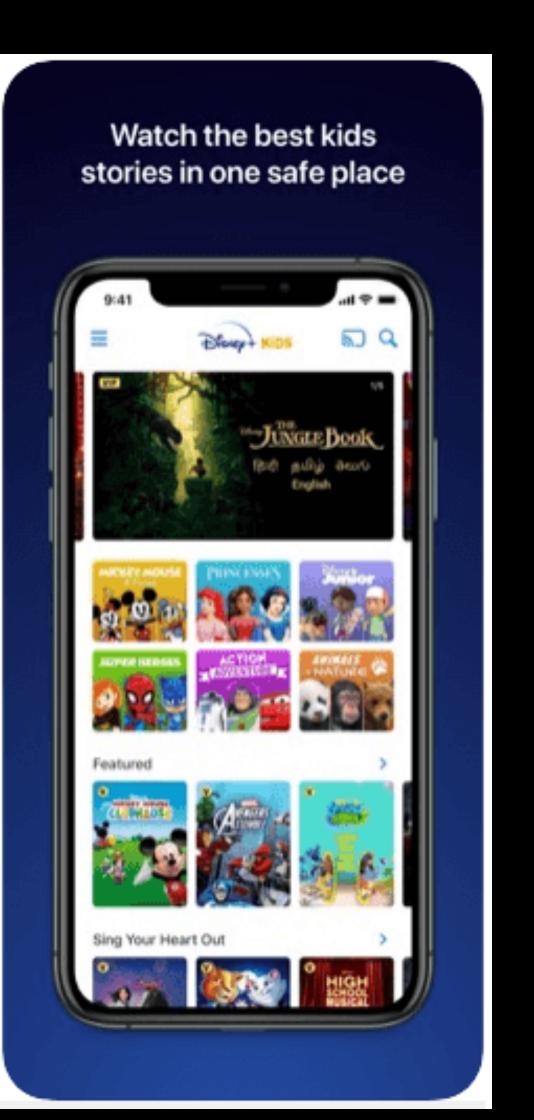
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Numbers

- 300 million Monthly Active Users (MAU)
- 100 million Daily Active Users (DAU)
- 46.4 million subscribers
- 100,000 hours of content
- Largest concurrent audience of 19 million users

hotstar Requirements

Viewer requirements

- Search for a video
- Play a video
- Like and rate a video
- Get recommendations

Publisher requirements

- Upload a video
- Distribute a video

hotstar Data flow

SEARCH FOR A VIDEO PROVIDE SEARCH RESULTS VIEWER STREAM REQUESTED VIDEO LIKE AND PROVIDE RATINGS FOR A VIDEO PROVIDE VIDEO RECOMMENDATIONS HOTSTAR DISTRIBUTE VIDEO PROVIDE VIDEO RECOMMENDATIONS

hotstar Scale estimation

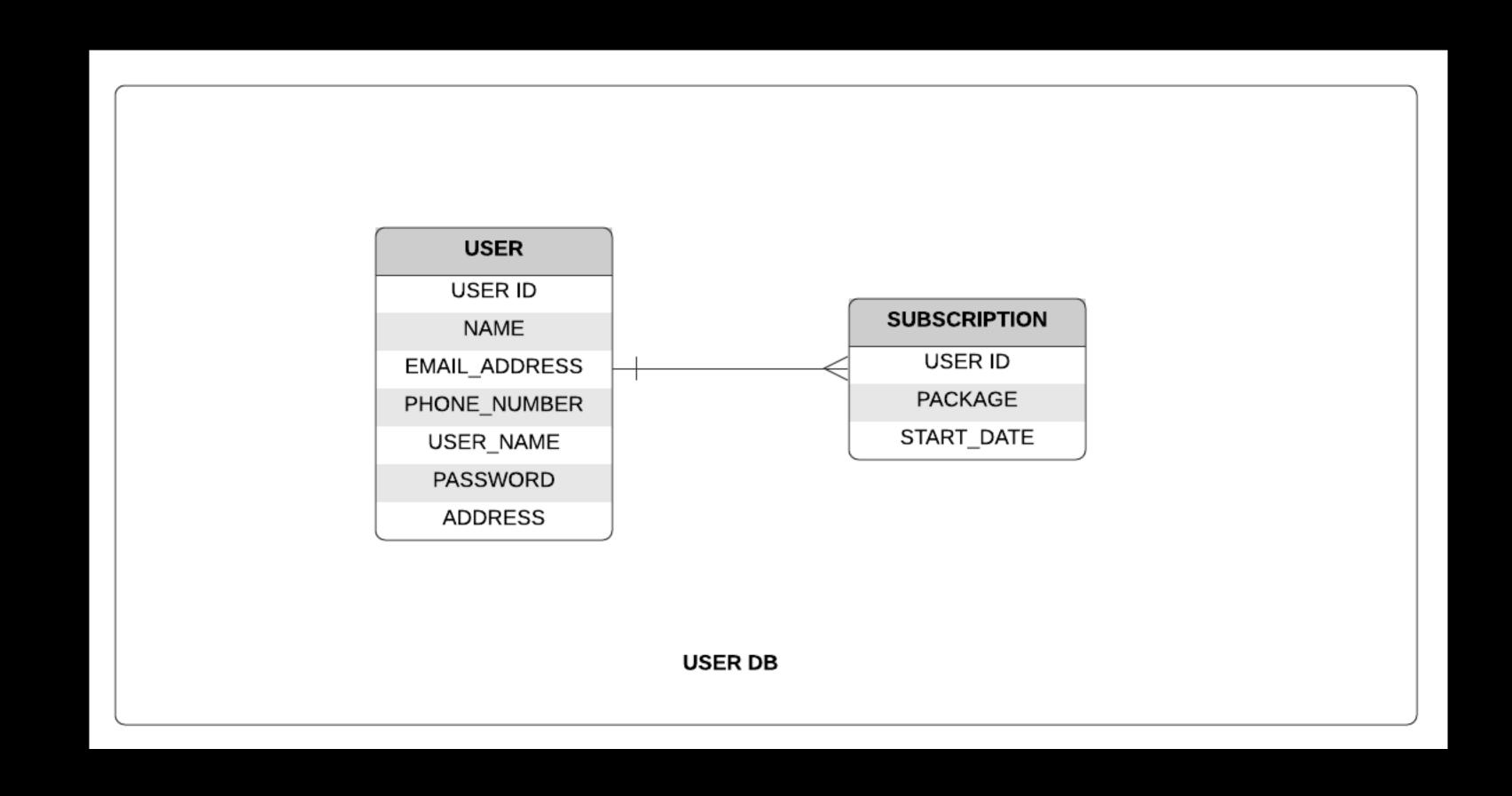
Data Ingestion

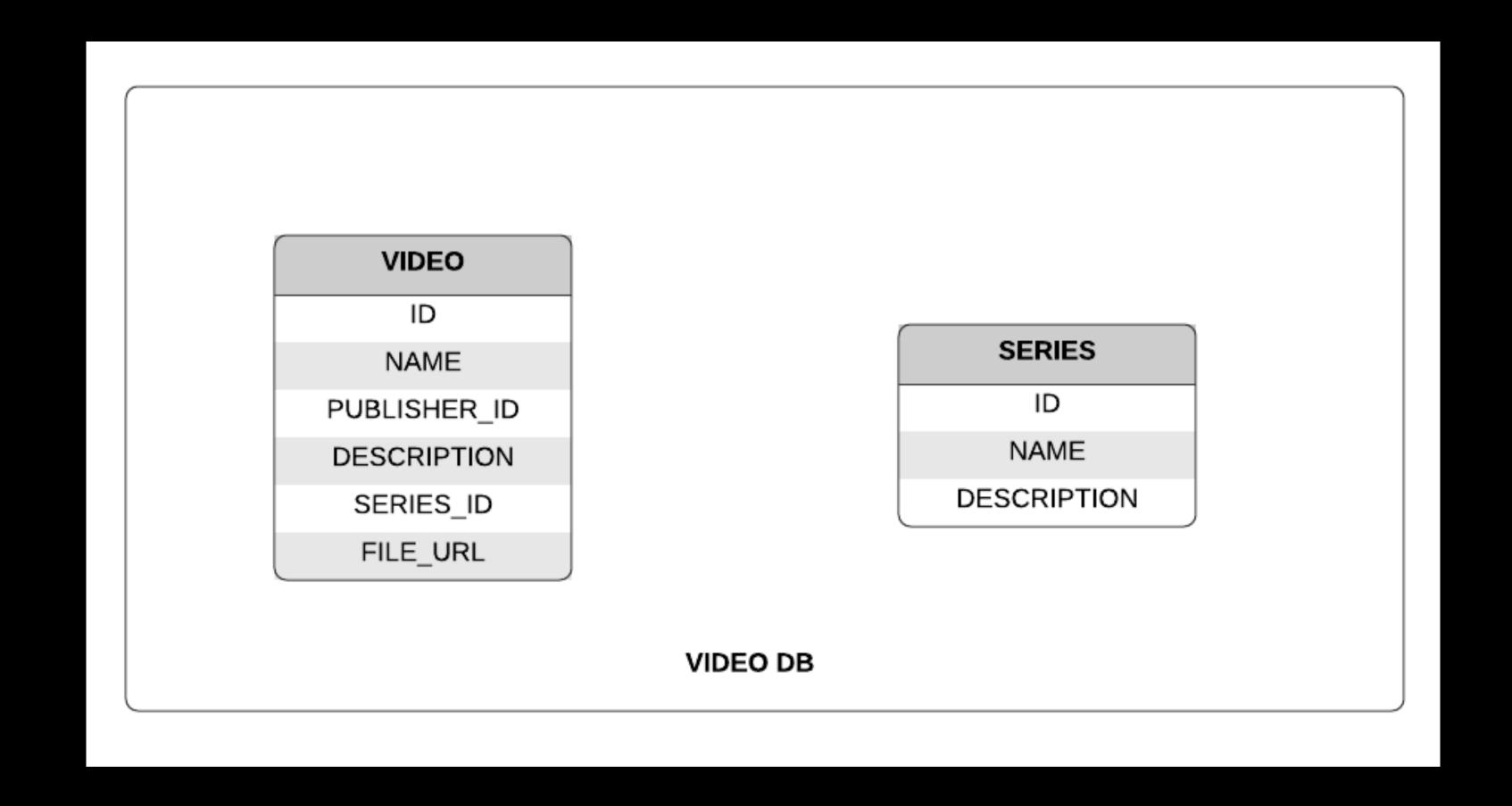
- 1 Million videos
- 25% Year on Year growth
- Size of videos 100 MB to 10 GB

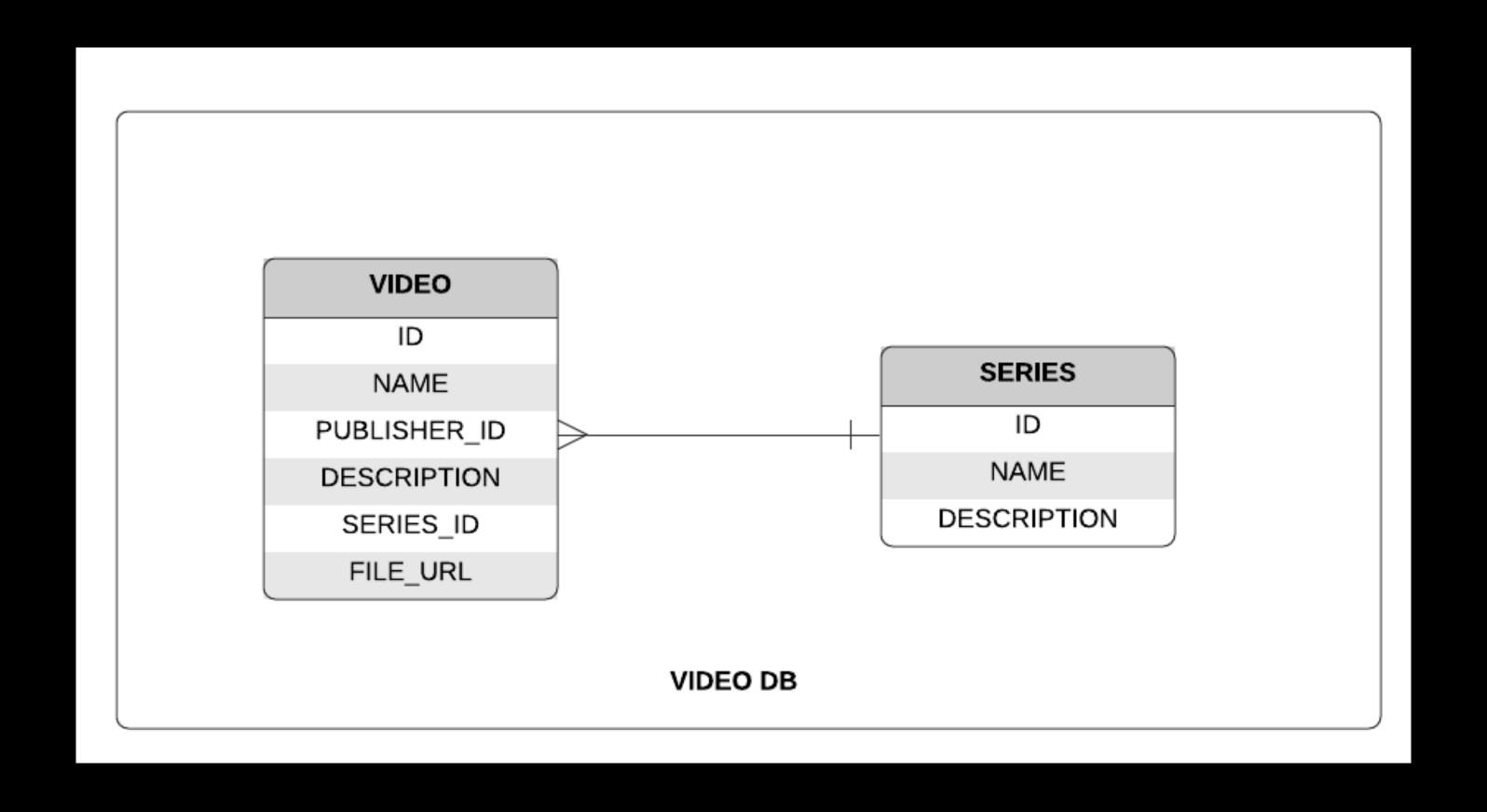
hotstar Scale estimation

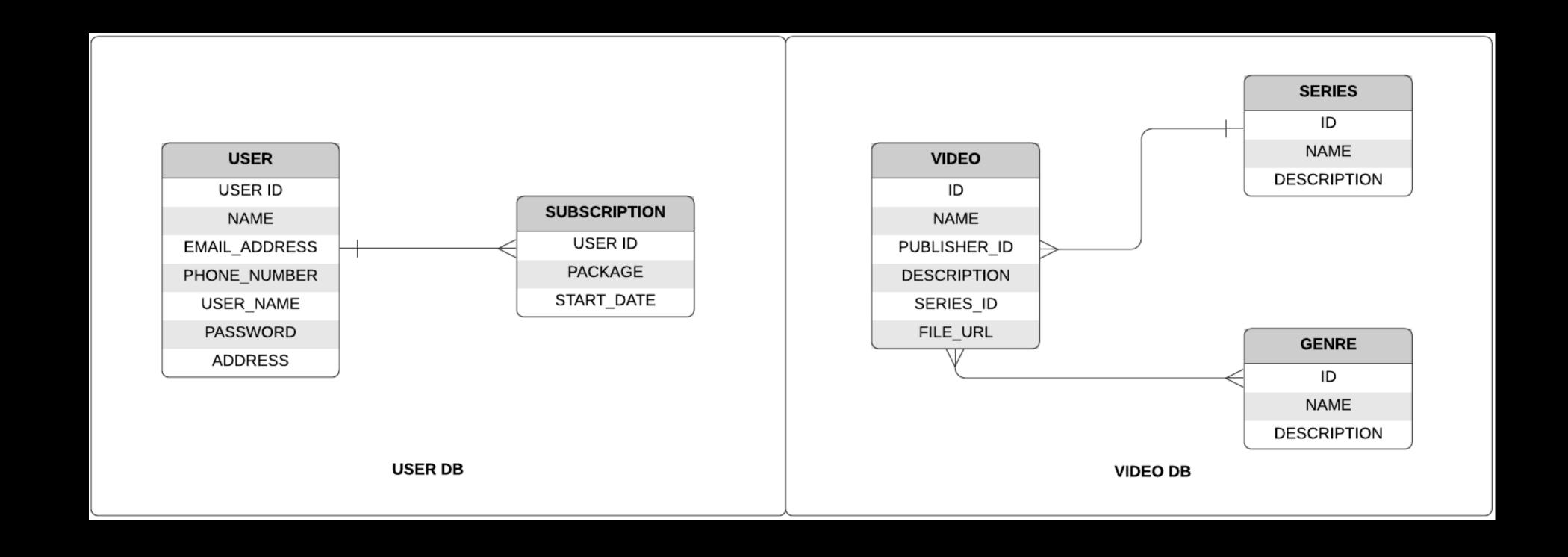
Video Playback

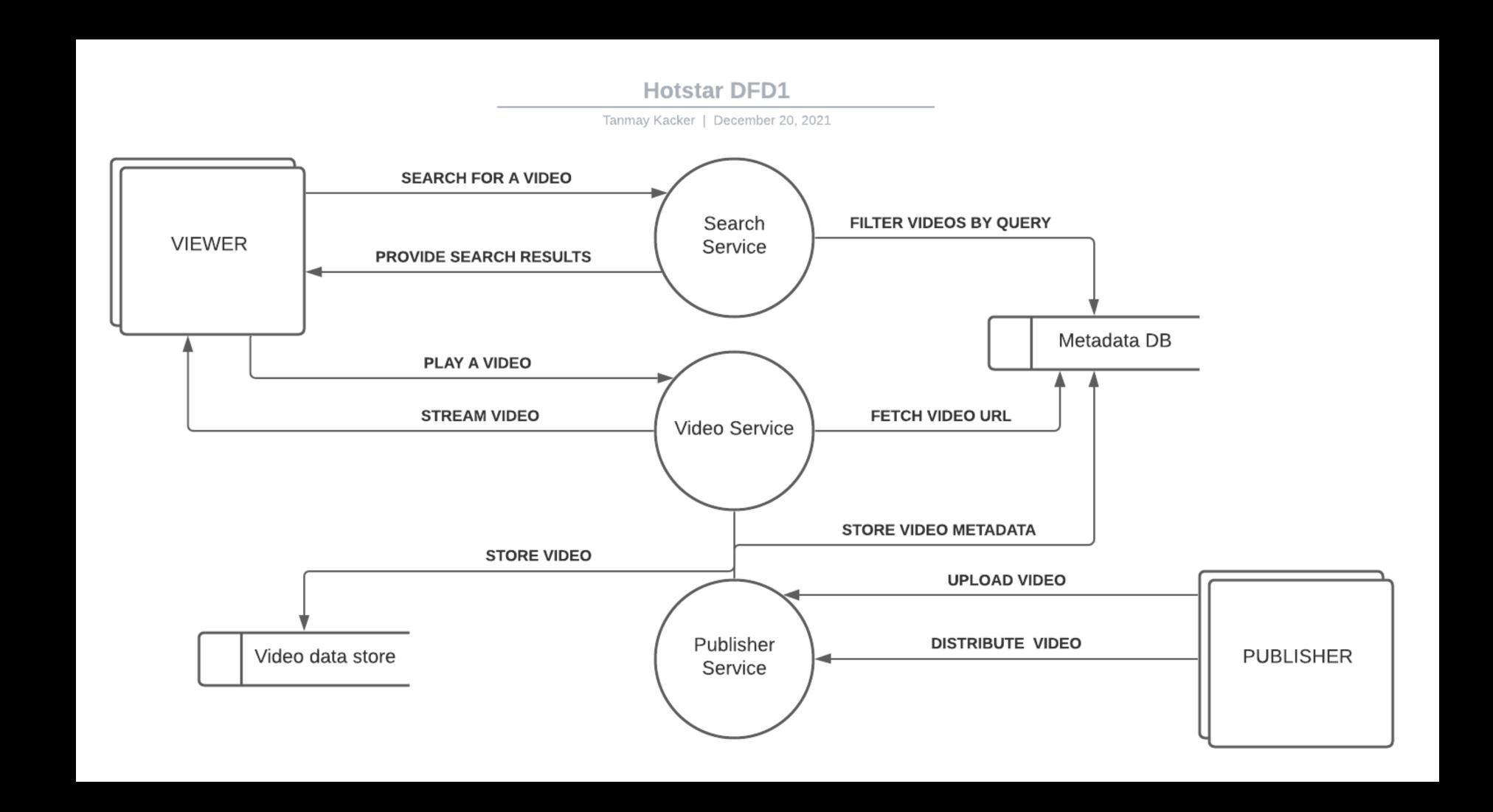
- 20 million concurrent users
- RDS stores metadata for each video
- 1 KB per video







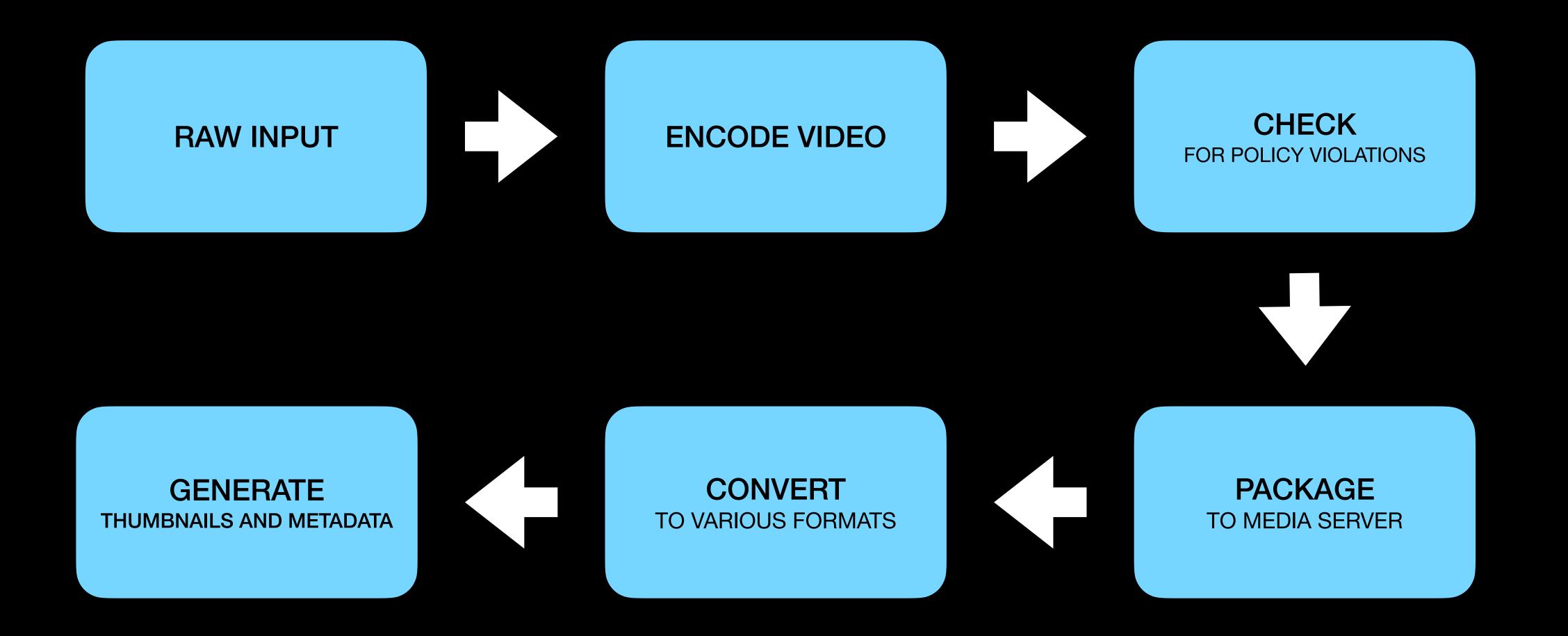




hotstar Sample Microservices

- Account service (username, password)
- Search service (video name, genre, language, series name)
- Video service (video ID)
- Publisher service (name, series, genre, actors, market, labels, restrictions)

hotstar Media pipeline



hotstar Transcoding

INPUT PROTOCOLS

Adobe RTMP, RTSP/RTP, MPEG-TS, ICY (SHOUTcast/Icecast)

INPUT CODECS

Audio:

H.265/HEVC, H.264/AVC, VP9, VP8 MPEG4 Part 2, MPEG2

> MP3, AAC, AAC-LC, HE-AAC+ v1 & v2,

MPEG1 Part 1/2, Speex, G.711, Opus, Vorbis

OUTPUT CODECS

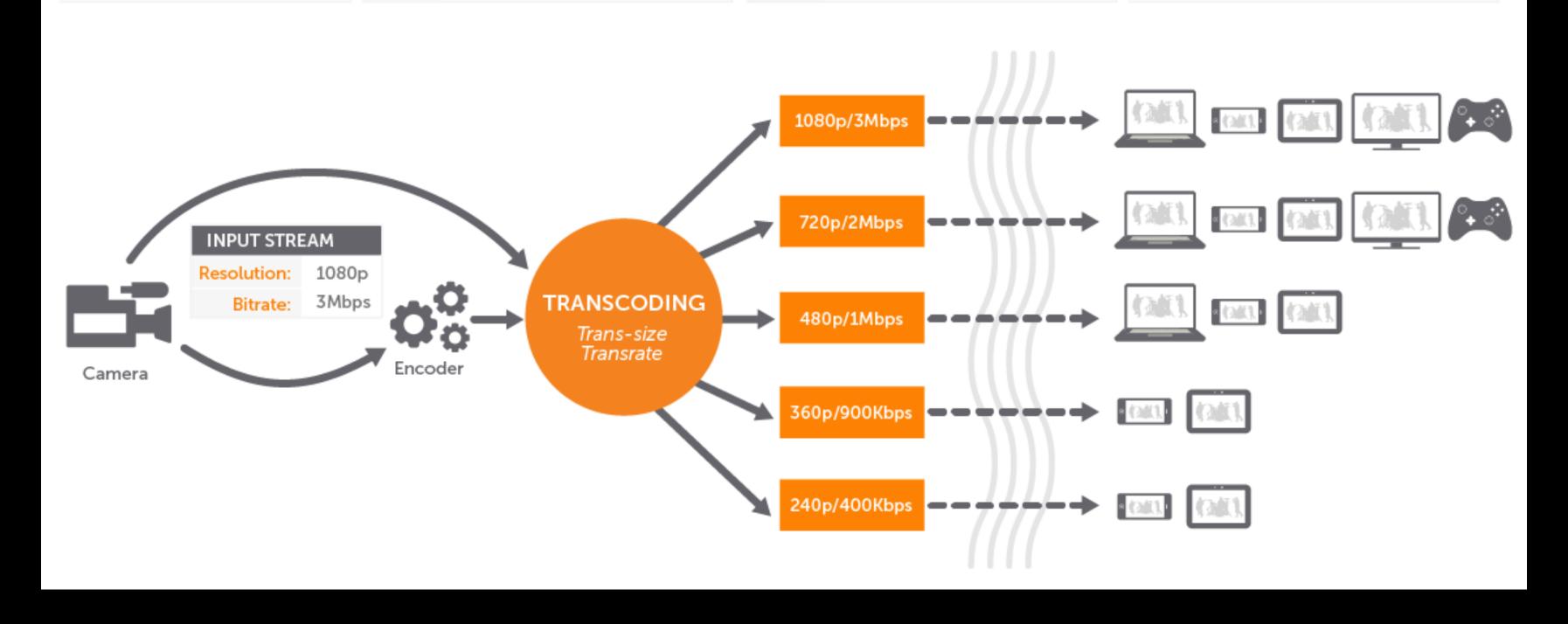
Video: H.265/HEVC H.264/AVC, H.263 (v2), VP9

> AAC, AAC-LC, HE-AAC+ v1 & v2,

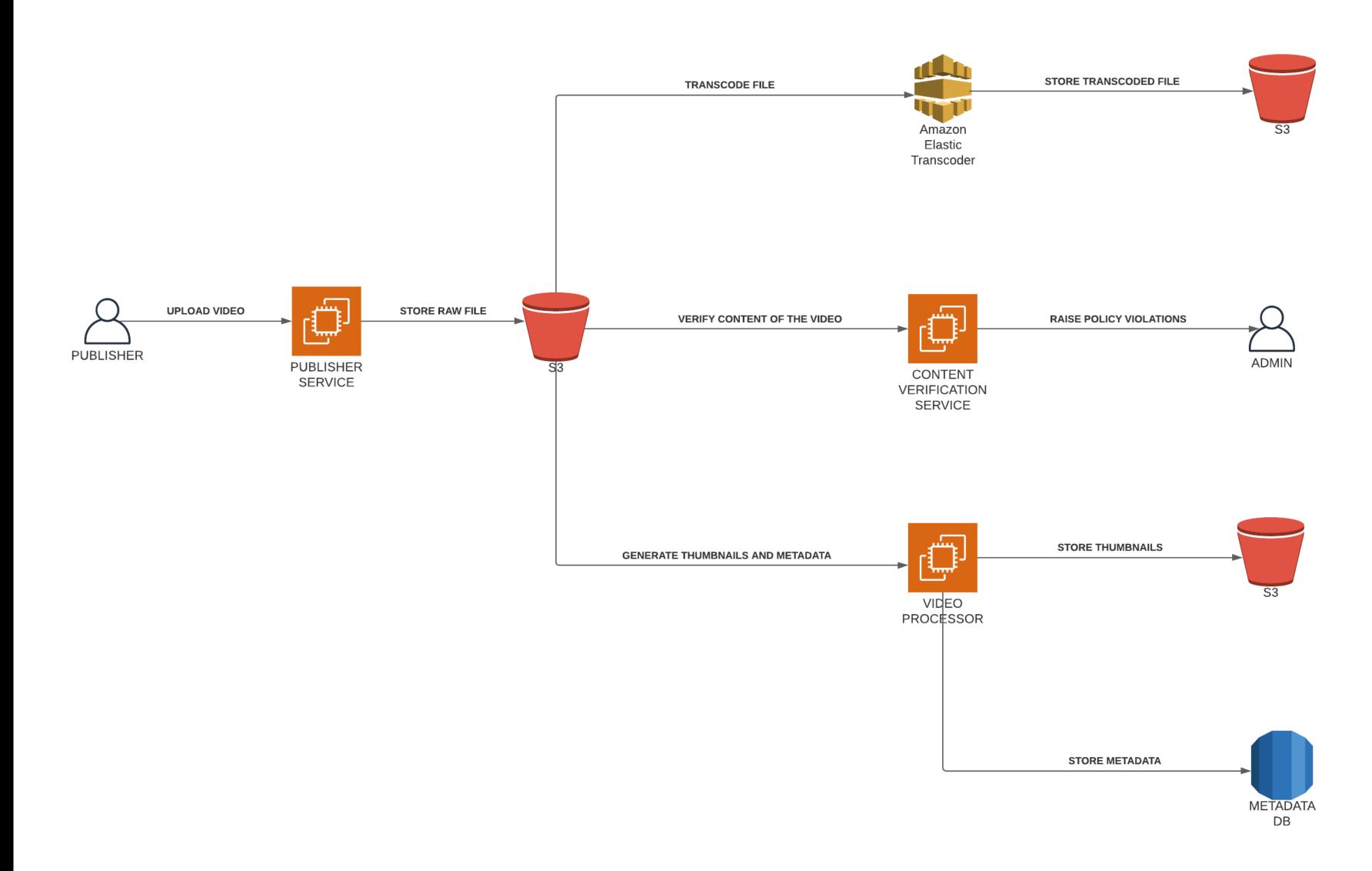
Opus, G.711

OUTPUT PROTOCOLS

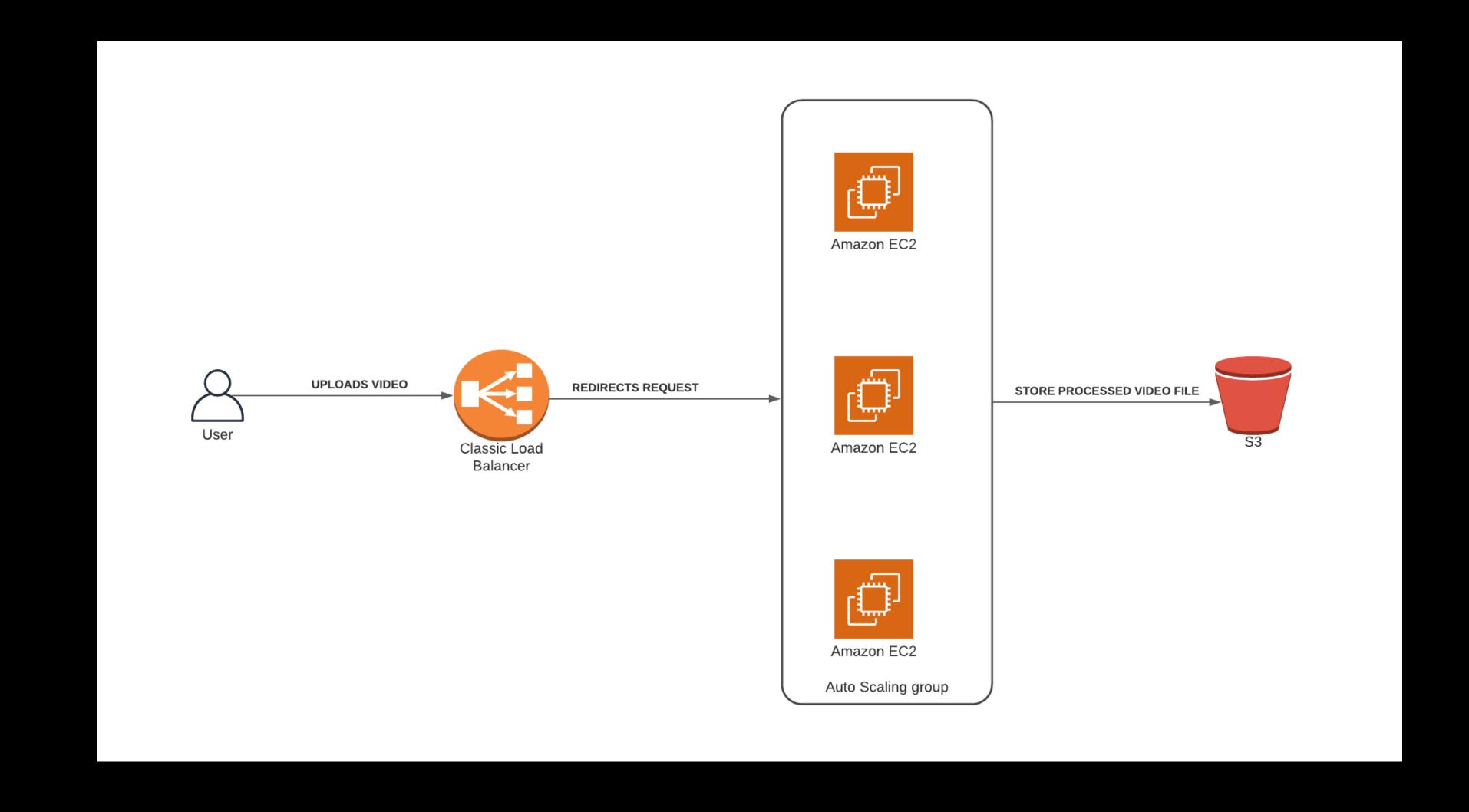
Apple HLS, Adobe HDS, MPEG-DASH, Microsoft Smooth Streaming, Adobe RTMP, RTSP/RTP, MPEG-TS



hotstar Media pipeline



Basic



hotstar Basic - Problems

- Scalability What happens if number of requests increases?
- Fault tolerance What happens if a processing step fails?
- Latency (Blocking the sender) The client has to wait until the last step has been processed.

Scalability - Problems and Solutions

- Massive increase in the number of request
- What happens if a user uploads a file greater than the system's limit?
- Horizontal vs vertical scaling
- Chunking or splitting of the file

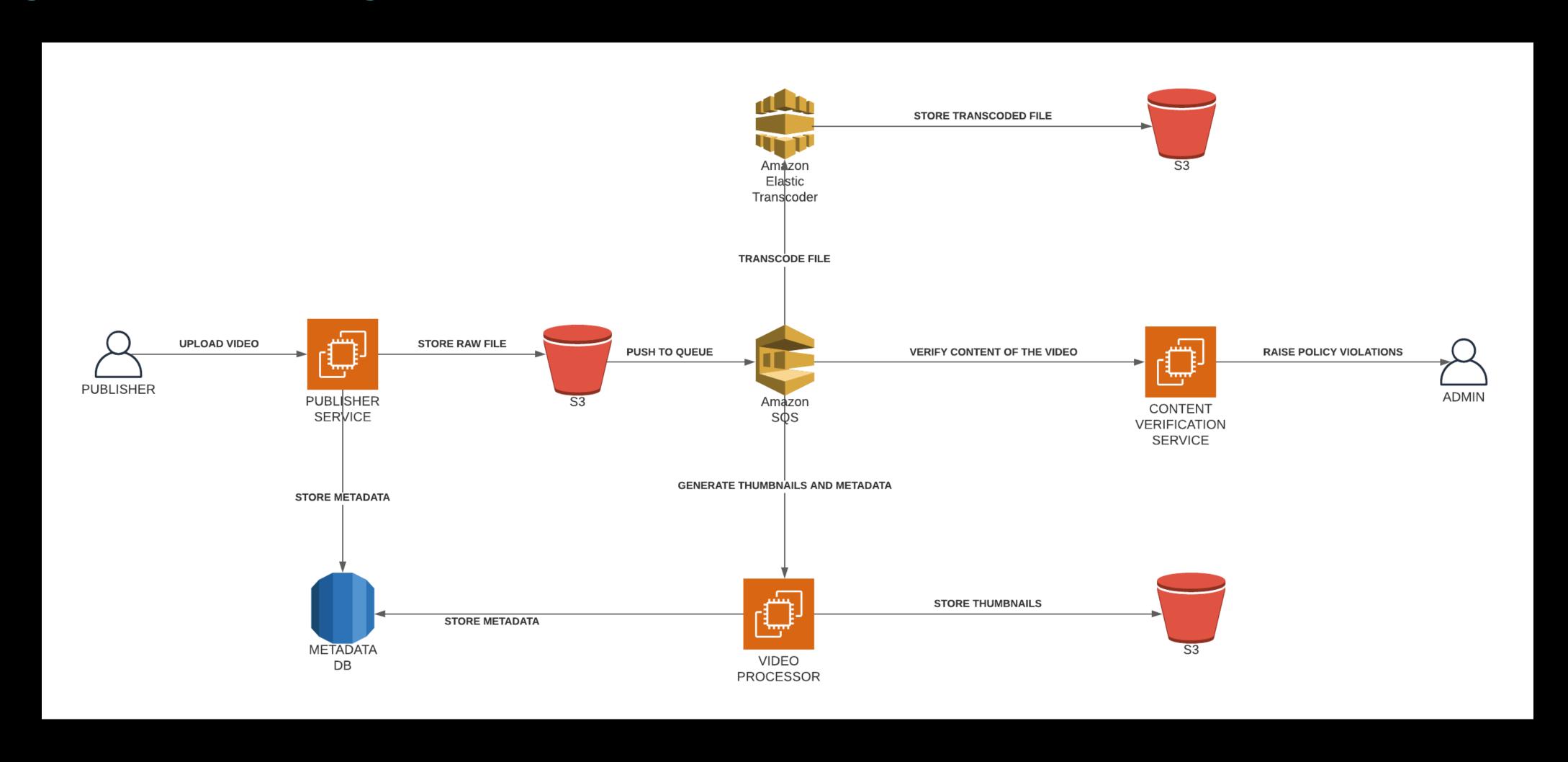
Fault tolerance - Problems and solutions

- Unrelated failures can cause the whole process to fail
- Intermittent and network failures
- Client has to repeat the process again for each failure
- Retryable vs non-retryable operations
- Multithreading

Latency - Problems and solutions

- Client has to wait for the whole lifecycle to complete
- Bad user experience
- Client has to manually retry in cases of failure
- Reduce latency
- Parallelise operations

Asynchronous system



hotstar Improvements

- Scalability Messages are picked up according to the system's capacity
- Fault tolerance Retry mechanisms
- Latency (Blocking the sender) Eagerly return success message to sender

Asynchronous system - Problems

- Complex Additions of a queue and asynchronous paths add complexity to overall design.
- Reporting Client is informed of success as soon as the request is processed. Failure has to be reported after closing the loop.
- Bandwidth intensive The whole file has to transferred to the server which adds significant latency to the ingestion process
- Resource intensive Due to dedicated workers, instances can be overprovisioned.

hotstar Bandwith - Solutions

- Chunking or splitting of the video into parts
- Upload of video to S3 by client
- Request contains S3 link instead of the whole file

hotstar Asynchronous system - Solutions

- Workflow management systems -
 - Airflow
 - Camel
 - Flink
 - Jenkins

Further reading

- Data flow diagrams
- Streaming protocols
- Thumbnail generation at Netflix
- Writing a DAG workflow management tool from scratch
- There is nothing as a CA system
- You can't sacrifice partition tolerance
- Synchronous vs asynchronous systems

References

- Hotstar: Re-Architecting Apps For Scale
- Netflix: System Design
- Hotstar: Cloud based video streaming
- Scaling Hotstar to 50M

hotstar Server to Viewer

- Size of a video file Video files are much larger in size.
- Varying conditions Network conditions can vary between users and even for a single user across the span of a video.
- High QPS 20M concurrent connections.

hotstar Solutions - Streaming

- Streaming over HTTP
- HLS vs DASH
- Adaptive Streaming
- Bitrates listed in a manifest file
- Segments listed in a sub-manifest file

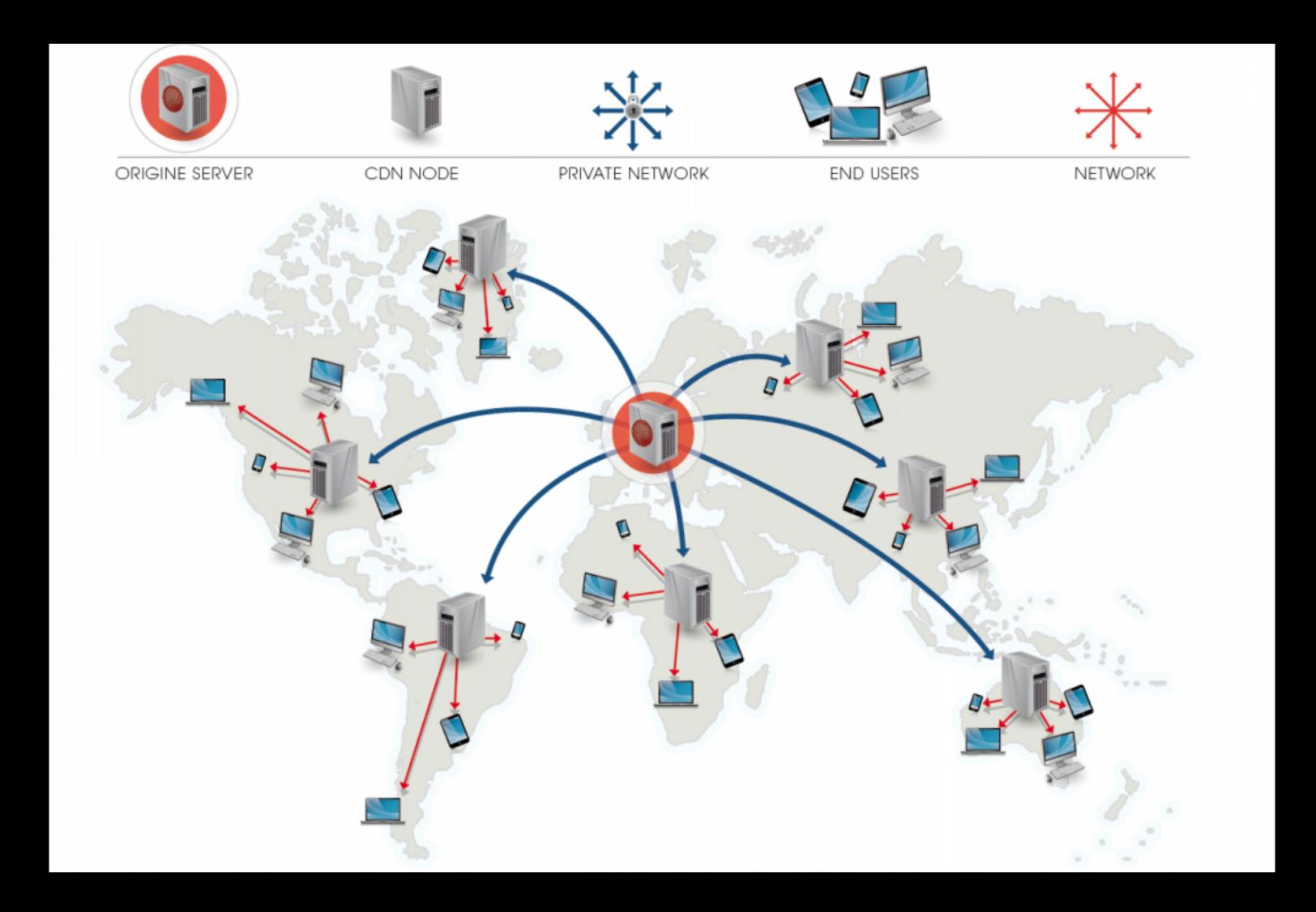
hotstar HLS - Manifest File

```
#EXTM3U
#EXT-X-INDEPENDENT-SEGMENTS
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=708416,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=480x270,FRAME-RATE=29.97,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
03/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=193587,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=320x180,FRAME-RATE=7.49,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
01/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=383667,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=480x270,FRAME-RATE=14.98,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
02/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=1236924,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=592x336,FRAME-RATE=29.97,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
04/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=1767886,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=768x432,FRAME-RATE=29.97,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
05/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=2617635,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=880x496,FRAME-RATE=29.97,CODECS="avc1.77.30,mp4a.40.5"
06/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-STREAM-INF:PROGRAM-ID=1,BANDWIDTH=3639229,SUBTITLES="subtitles",RESOLUTION=1024x576,FRAME-RATE=29.97,CODECS="avc1.4d001F,mp4a.40.5"
07/playlist.m3u8
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="cc1",DEFAULT=YES,FORCED=NO,URI="cc1/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="cc3",URI="cc3/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service1",URI="Service1/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service2",URI="Service2/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service3",URI="Service3/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service4",URI="Service4/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service5",URI="Service5/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
#EXT-X-MEDIA:TYPE=SUBTITLES,GROUP-ID="subtitles",NAME="Service6",URI="Service6/playlist.m3u8",LANGUAGE="en"
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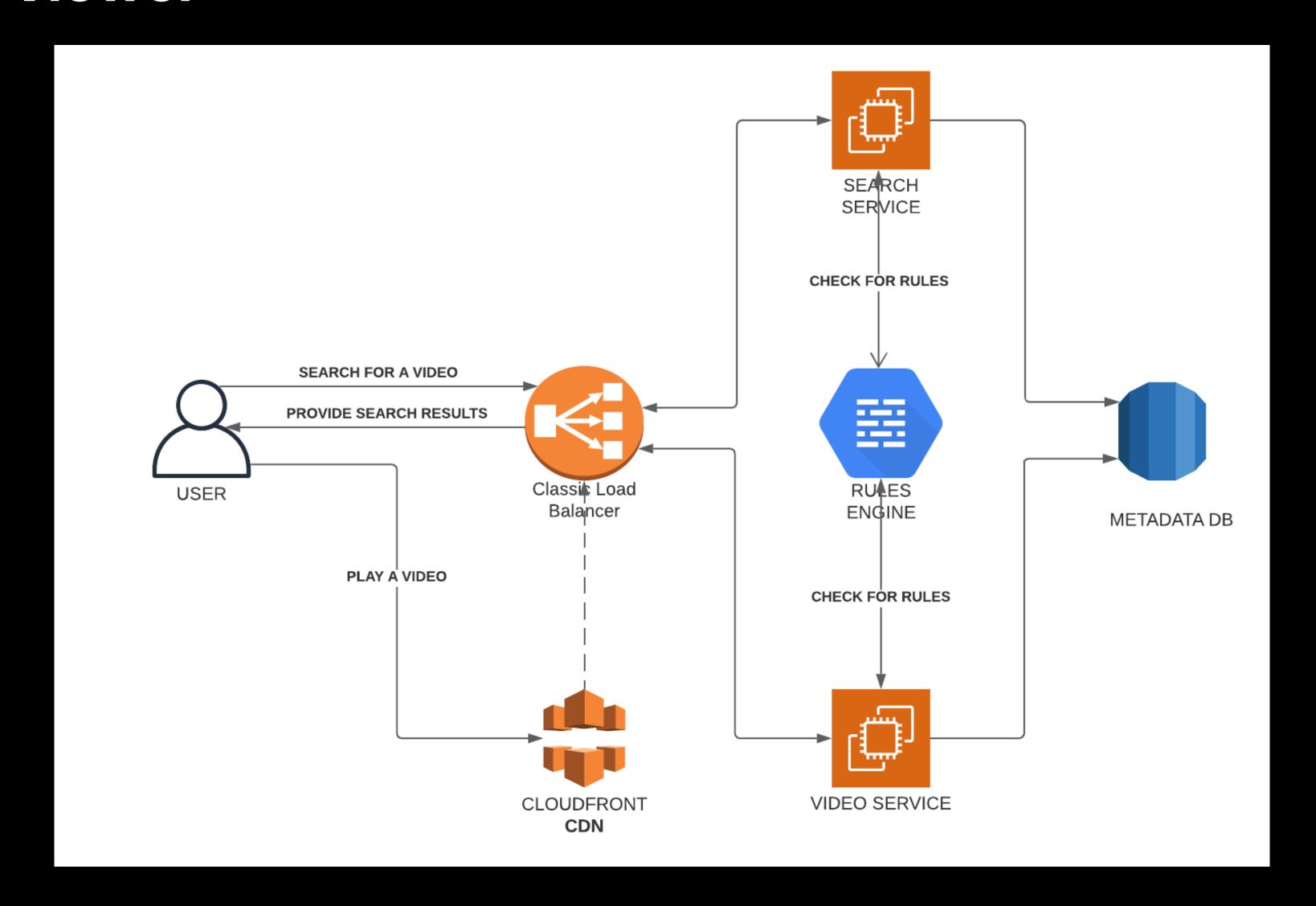
hotstarHigh QPS - Problems and Solutions

- Large number of requests for one resource
- All requests are served through application servers
- Replication
- CDNs
- Data population strategies

hotstar CDNs



Server to Viewer



Further reading

- How video works
- Video streaming
- What are CDNs?
- Understanding Netflix and CDNs
- CDN security: Through random URLs
- CDN security: Through access tokens

References

- Understanding HLS
- Netflix and CDNs

Thank You!

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