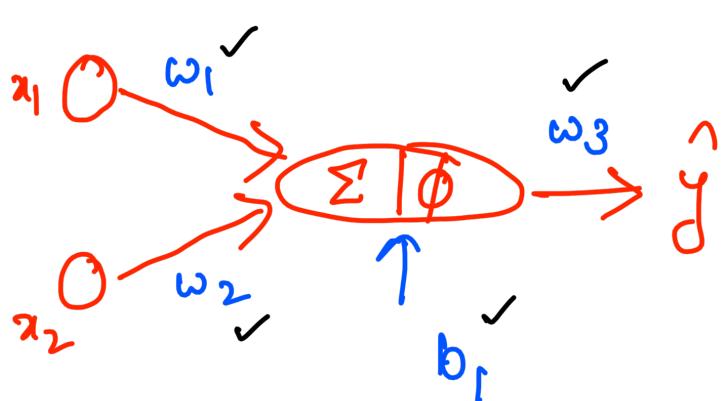


# Perception Learning

Learning  $\rightarrow$  weights and bias  $\checkmark$   
 ↳ Algorithm can change itself.

Hyper-parameter:  $\rightarrow$   
 Adjust the hyper-parameter.



$\hat{y}$  = predicted

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & w \cdot x + b \leq 0 \\ -1 & w \cdot x + b > 0 \end{cases}$$

↳ Fixed

## Learning

$$\begin{aligned} w_i &= w_i + \Delta w \\ \Delta w_i &= \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_i \end{aligned}$$

$\eta \rightarrow$  very small number  $< 1$   
 ↳ not negative

eg:  $1 \times 10^{-3}$   
 $1 \times 10^{-2}$

$\eta$  (eta)

$\rightarrow$  Learning Rate

$w_i$  = weights

$\Delta w$  = amount of change required

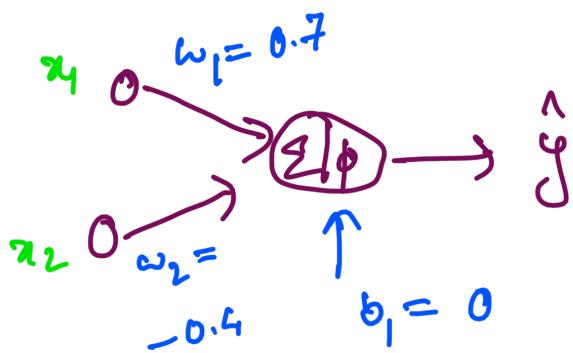
$y$  = true class

$\hat{y}$  = predicted class

$x_i$  = input sample.

## Example

## OR gate



1<sup>st</sup> case:

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b_1) \\ &= \phi(0.7 \cdot 0 + (-0.4) \cdot 0 + 0) \\ &= \phi(0) \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

2<sup>nd</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b_1) \\ &= \phi(0.7 \cdot 0 + (-0.4) \cdot 1 + 0) \\ &= \phi(-0.4) \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Weight update:

$$\underline{\underline{w_1 = 0.7}} \quad \underline{\underline{w_2 = 0.2}}$$

$x_1$	$x_2$	$y$
0	0	0 ✓
0	1	1 ✓
1	0	1 ✓
1	1	1 ✓

$$w_1 = 0.7 \quad w_2 = -0.4$$

$$\eta = 0.6$$

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } w_i x_i + b \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$w_i = w_i + \Delta w$$

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y - \hat{y}) \frac{x_i}{T} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\boxed{w_i = w_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_i &= w_i + \Delta w \\ w_1 &= w_1 + \Delta w_1 \quad (1) \\ \Delta w_1 &= \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_1 \\ &= 0.6 (1 - 0) \cdot 0 \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{w_1 = w_1 + 0 = w_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_2 &= \omega_2 + \Delta \omega_2 \quad (2) \\ \Delta \omega_2 &= \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_2 \\ &= 0.6 (1 - 0) \cdot 1 \\ &= 0.6\end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow \boxed{\begin{aligned}\omega_2 &= -0.4 + 0.6 \\ &= 0.2\end{aligned}}$$

1<sup>st</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = \phi(0) = 0 \iff$$

2<sup>nd</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = \phi(x_1\omega_1 + x_2\omega_2 + b_1)$$

$$= \phi(0 + 0.2 + 0)$$

$$= \phi(0.2)$$

$$= \perp$$

Tuned

$$\begin{cases} \omega_1 = 0.7 \\ \omega_2 = 0.2 \end{cases}$$

New weights

co.r.t dataset

3<sup>rd</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = \phi(x_1\omega_1 + x_2\omega_2 + b_1)$$

$$= \phi(1 \times 0.7 + 0 + 0)$$

$$= \phi(0.7)$$

$$= \perp$$

4<sup>th</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 1$$

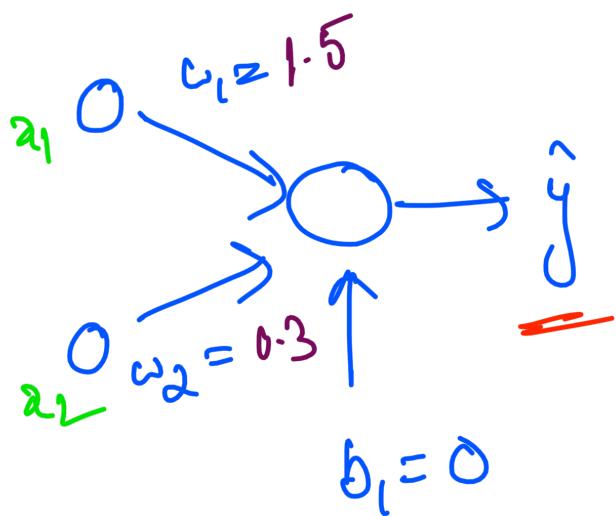
$$\phi(\Sigma) = \phi(x_1\omega_1 + x_2\omega_2 + b_1)$$

$$= \phi(0.7 + 0.2 + 0)$$

$$= \phi(0.9)$$

$$= \perp$$

## AND gate



$x_1 \ x_2$	$y$
0 0	0 ✓
0 1	0 ✓
1 0	0 ✓
1 1	1 ✓

1<sup>st</sup> case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b_1) \\ &= \phi(0)\end{aligned}$$

$$= 0$$

2<sup>nd</sup> case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b_1) \\ &= \phi(0 + 1 \times 0.3 + 0) \\ &= \phi(0.3) \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$d = \begin{cases} 0 & w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b \leq 1 \\ 1 & w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_1 &= 1.5 \\ w_2 &= 0.3 \\ \eta &= 0.7\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y - \hat{y} &= 0 \\ 0 - 0 &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$y - \hat{y} = 0$$

### 3rd Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b_1) \\ &= \phi(1 \times 1.5 + 0 + 0)\end{aligned}$$

$$= \phi(1.5)$$

= 1

Apply weight update

$$\boxed{w_i = w_i + \Delta w_i ; \Delta w_i = \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_i}$$

$$w_1 = w_1 + \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_1$$

$$= 1.5 + \underline{0.7} [0 - 1] 1$$

$$= \boxed{1.5 - 0.7} *$$

$$= 0.8 \rightarrow \text{Adjusted}$$

Adjusted weights

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned}w_1 &= 0.8 \\ w_2 &= 0.3\end{aligned}}$$

$$w_2 = w_2 + \underline{\eta (y - \hat{y})} \underline{x_2}$$

$$= w_2 + \underline{\eta (y - \hat{y})} 0$$

$$= w_2$$

$$= 0.3$$

$$\eta = 0.7 \times$$

$$\eta = \underline{0.2} \checkmark$$

$$\# 1.5 - 0.2$$

$$= 1.3 \text{ But will}$$

## Repeat 3<sup>rd</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\phi(\xi) = \phi(a_1 w_1 + a_2 w_2 + b_1)$$

$$= \phi(1 \cdot 0.8 + 0 + 0)$$

$$= \phi(0.8)$$

$$= 0$$

## 4<sup>th</sup> Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\phi(\xi) = \phi(a_1 w_1 + a_2 w_2 + b_1)$$

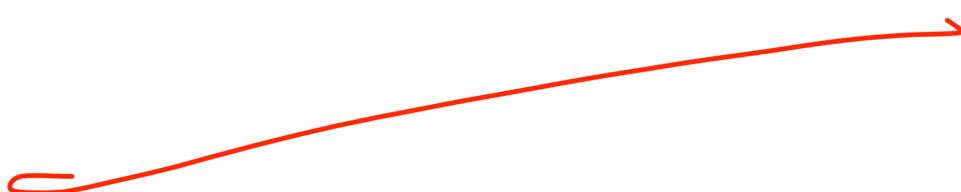
$$= \phi(0.8 + 0.3)$$

$$= \phi(1.1)$$

$$= 1$$

false  
more  
X  
time

$$\begin{cases} w_1 = 1.3 \\ w_2 = 0.3 \end{cases}$$



$$(y - \hat{y}) \xrightarrow{\text{Error}}$$

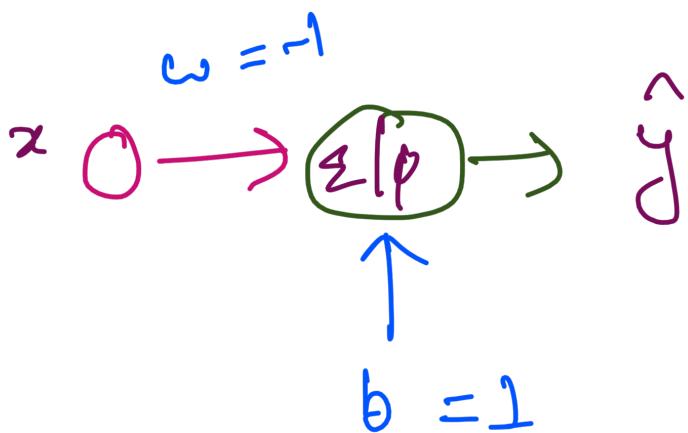
$$\Delta \omega_1 = \eta \frac{(y - \hat{y})}{\text{Error}} \alpha_1$$

↓      ↓ Error  
 ↓ Adjust      Learning Rate

$$\underline{\omega_1} = \underline{\omega_1} + \underline{\Delta \omega_1}$$

Not good

x	y
0	1 ✓
1	0 ✓



$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \underline{\omega \cdot x + b \leq 0} \\ 1 & \underline{\omega \cdot x + b > 0} \end{cases}$$

## 1st Case

$$x=0 \rightarrow \perp$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &\neq \phi(x\omega + b) \\ &= \phi(0x + \perp)\end{aligned}$$

$$= \phi(\perp)$$

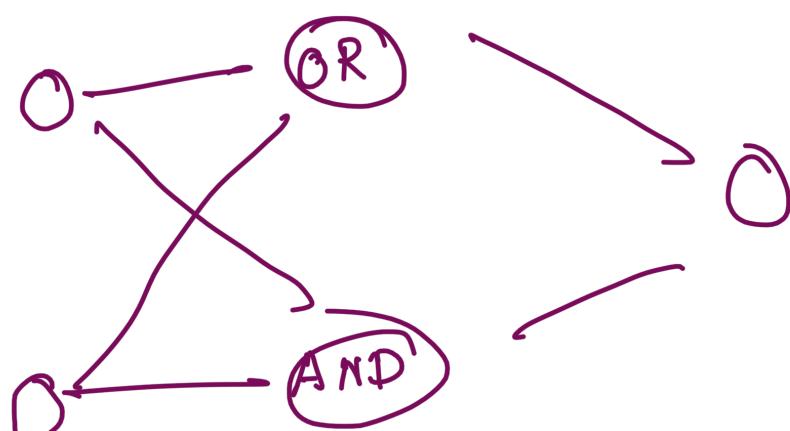
$$= \perp$$

## 2nd Case

$$x=1 -$$

$$\begin{aligned}\phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(\omega + b) \\ &= \phi((\perp(-1)) + 1) \\ &= \phi(0) \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

XOR



Is it the  
only way  
to solve  
it?

NOR

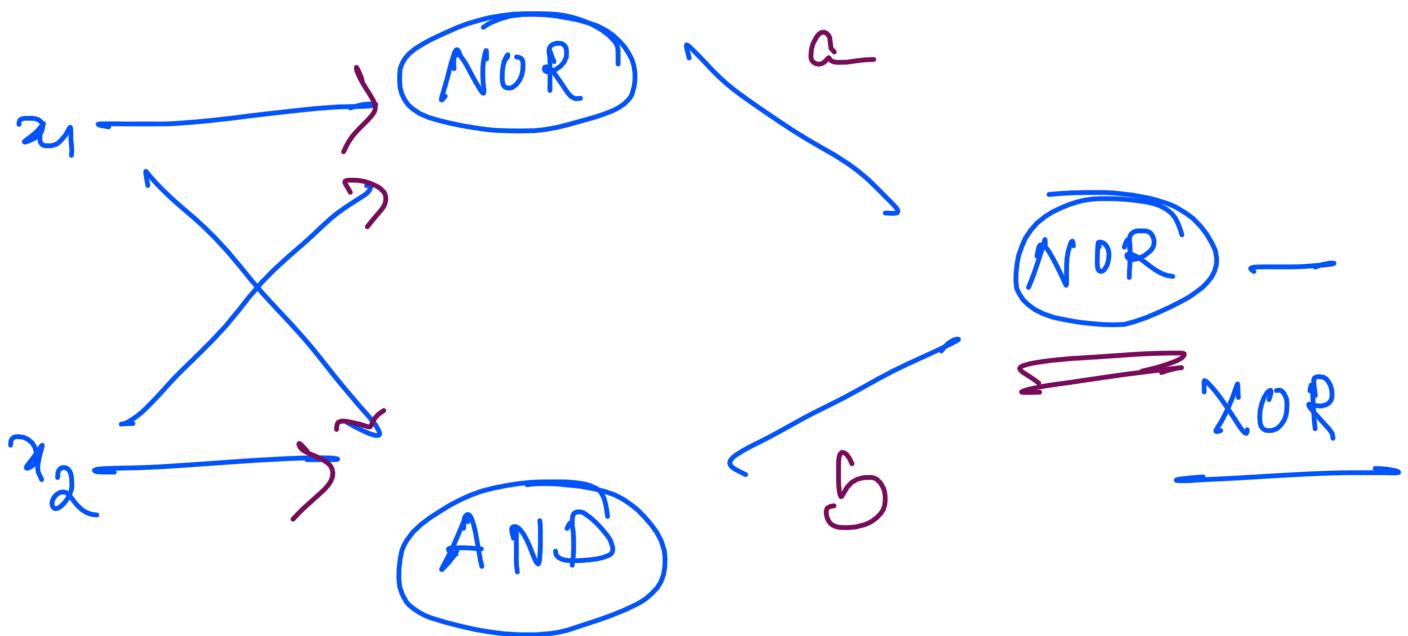
OR

NOR

OR + NOT

$x_1$	$x_2$	$y$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

NOR



OR AND NOT ✓

↓      ↓

OR AND NOT ✓

$x_1$	$x_2$	NOR	AND	$\text{NOR}(a, b)$
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

$\text{XOR}$