#### **EXPERIMENT-1**

#### Theme: Convolution and Correlation

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Simulate convolution and correlation between two signals in Matlab and C. Take input as

```
x= {0.3426 3.5784 2.7694 -1.3499 3.0349 0.7254 -0.0631}
h= {0.7147 -0.2050 -0.1241 1.4897 1.4090}
```

## (a) MATLAB:

## Code:

```
clc
clear
close all
% Define two signals
             3.5784
x = [0.3426]
                         2.7694
                                  -1.3499
                                              3.0349
                                                        0.7254
                                                                 -0.0631];
h = [0.7147]
             -0.2050
                        -0.1241
                                   1.4897
                                              1.4090];
% Call the convolution function
convolutionResult = myConvolution(x, h);
% Call the correlation function
correlationResult = myCorrelation(x, h);
% Display the input and output signals
disp('Input Signal x:')
disp(x)
disp('Input Signal h:')
disp(h)
disp('Convolution Result:')
disp(convolutionResult)
disp('Correlation Result:')
disp(correlationResult)
function result = myConvolution(x,h)
    % Lengths of the signals
    M = length(x);
    N = length(h);
    % Length of the result signal
    L = M + N - 1;
    % Initialize the result signal
    result = zeros(1, L);
```

```
% Perform convolution
    for n = 1:L
        for k = max(1, n-N+1):min(n, M)
            result(n) = result(n) + x(k) * h(n-k+1);
        end
    end
end
function result = myCorrelation(x,h)
    % Lengths of the signals
    M = length(x);
    N = length(h);
    % Length of the result signal
    L = M + N - 1;
    % Initialize the result array
    result = zeros(1, L);
    result1 = zeros(1,L);
    % Compute cross-correlation
    for n = (1-M):(N-1)
        for k = 1:M
            if (n+k>=1 \&\& n+k<=N)
            result1(n+M) = result1(n+M) + x(k)*h(n+k);
            end
        end
    end
    % Reverse the array
    for i = 1:L
        result(i) = result1(L-i+1);
    end
end
```

#### **Output:**

```
Command Window
 Input Signal x:
    0.3426 3.5784
                    2.7694 -1.3499
                                       3.0349
                                                0.7254 -0.0631
 Input Signal h:
     0.7147 -0.2050 -0.1241 1.4897
                                       1.4090
 Convolution Result:
   Columns 1 through 10
            2.4872 1.2032 -1.4662 7.9156 9.2314 1.3207 2.5420 5.3646 0.9281
     0.2449
   Column 11
    -0.0889
 Correlation Result:
   Columns 1 through 10
     0.4827 5.5523 9.1903 1.7093 1.4328 7.7005 2.8711 -1.7710 2.0282
                                                                                   0.5314
   Column 11
    -0.0451
f_{x} >>
```

(b) C:

#### Code:

```
File: main.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
   double signal1[] = {0.3426, 3.5784, 2.7694, -1.3499, 3.0349, 0.7254, -0.0631};
   double signal2[] = \{0.7147, -0.2050, -0.1241, 1.4897, 
                                                                    1.4090};
   int M = sizeof(signal1)/sizeof(signal1[0]);
   int N = sizeof(signal2)/sizeof(signal2[0]);
   int L = M+N-1;
   double convolution_result[L];
   double correlation_result[L];
   convolution(signal1, M, signal2, N, convolution_result);
   correlation(signal1, M, signal2, N, correlation_result);
   printf("Signal 1: ");
   printArray(signal1, M);
   printf("Signal 2: ");
   printArray(signal2, N);
   printf("Convolution Result: ");
   printArray(convolution_result, L);
   printf("Correlation Result: ");
   printArray(correlation_result, L);
   return 0;
}
```

#### File: functions.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
void convolution(double *x, int M, double *h, int N, double *result){
    int i, j;
    int L = M+N-1;
    for(i=0; i < L; i++){
        result[i] = 0;
        for(j=0; j< N; j++){</pre>
            if(i - j >= 0 \&\& i - j < M){
                 result[i] += x[i - j] * h[j];
            }
        }
    }
}
void correlation(double *x, int M, double *h, int N, double *result) {
    // Length of the result signal
    int L = M + N - 1;
    double result1[L];
    for(int i=0; i<L; i++){</pre>
        result[i] = 0.0;
        result1[i] = 0.0;
    }
    // Compute cross-correlation
    for (int n = 1 - M; n < N; n++) {
        for (int k = 0; k < M; k++) {
            if (n + k >= 0 \& n+k< N) {
                 result1[n + M - \frac{1}{1}] += x[k] * h[n + k];
            }
        }
    }
    //Reversing the array
    for(int j=0; j<L; j++){</pre>
        result[j] = result1[L-j-1];
```

```
}

void printArray(double array[], int size){
  for(int i=0; i<size; i++){
     printf("%f ", array[i]);
  }
  printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

# **Output:**

```
Signal 1: 0.342600 3.578400 2.769400 -1.349900 3.034900 0.725400 -0.063100
Signal 2: 0.714700 -0.205000 -0.124100 1.489700 1.409000
Convolution Result: 0.244856 2.487249 1.203202 -1.466209 7.915556 9.231352 1.320703 2.541995 5.364633 0.928089 -0.088908
Correlation Result: 0.482723 5.552337 9.190310 1.709254 1.432830 7.700457 2.871109 -1.770950 2.028167 0.531379 -0.045098

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.052 s
Press any key to continue.
```