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/*
      Assignment 1: Basic SQL
      Statement: Write the following simple SQL Queries on the University Schema.
      Find the names of all the students whose total credits are greater than 100.
select name
from student
where tot_cred > 100;
      OUTPUT: -
      +------
      l name
        Zhang
        Chavez
      | Tanaka |
      3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
      Find the course id and grades of all courses taken by any student named 'Tanaka'.
select course_id, grade
from takes
where id = (select id
             from student
            where name = 'Tanaka');
      OUTPUT: -
       course_id | grade |
      I BTO-101
      | BIO-301
                   | NULL
      2 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
      Find the ID and name of instructors who have taught a course in the Comp. Sci. department, even
                                             Comp. Sci. department. To test this query, make sure you add
if they are themselves not from the
appropriate data, and include the corresponding insert statements along
                                                                                           with your query.
insert into instructor values ('10000', 'success', 'Elec. Eng.', '80000');
insert into teaches values ('10000', 'CS-101', '1', 'Fall', '2009');
select ID, name
             select ID
from (
             from teaches natural join (
                                             select course id
                                             from course
                                             where dept_name = 'Comp. Sci.') as c) as x natural join
instructor
where dept_name != 'Comp. Sci.';
      OUTPUT: -
      | ID
            name
      | 10000 | success |
      1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

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--Find the courses which are offered in both 'Fall' and 'Spring' semester (not necessarily in
the same year).
select course id, title
from (select s1.course_id
      from (select course_id, semester
            from section) as s1, (select course_id, semester
                                  from section) as s2
      where s1.course_id = s2.course_id and s1.semester = 'Fall' and s2.semester = 'Spring') as x
natural join course as c;
/*
      OUTPUT: -
      | course_id | title
      | CS-101 | Intro. to Computer Science |
      1 row in set (0.00 sec)
/* OPTIONAL QUERIES */
      Find the names of all the instructors from Comp. Sci. department.
select name
from instructor
where dept_name = 'Comp. Sci.';
      OUTPUT: -
       name
       Srinivasan |
       Katz
      | Brandt
      3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
      Find the course id and titles of all courses taught by an instructor named 'Srinivasan'
select it.course id, title
from
      (select course_id
      from
            ((select id
            from instructor
            where name = 'Srinivasan') as i natural join teaches)) as it natural join course
      OUTPUT: -
      | course_id | title
                  | Intro. to Computer Science |
      | CS-101
      | CS-315
                  | Robotics
      | CS-347
                 | Database System Concepts
      3 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
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Find names of instructors who have taught at least one course in Spring 2009.
select distinct name
from
      (select Id
       from teaches
       where year = 2009 and semester = 'Spring') as t natural join instructor;
      OUTPUT: -
      name
        Brandt
      | Kim
      2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
      Statement: Write the following Queries for Railway Schema.
      Find pairs of stations (station codes) that have a track (direct connection) with distance less
than 20Kms between them.
select stcode1, stcode2
from track
where distance < 20</pre>
/*
      OUTPUT: -
      | stcode1 | stcode2 |
       BYC
                 DR
        BYC
                  KRL
        CST
                  BYC
        CST
                  DR
        CST
                  KRL
      | GRP
                  TNA
      6 rows in set (0.00 \text{ sec})
      Find the IDs of all the trains which have a stop at THANE
select id
from
        (select stcode
         from station
         where name = 'THANE') as s natural join trainhalts;
      OUTPUT: -
      | id
      I A65
      KP11
      2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
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Find the names of all trains that start at MUMBAI.
select name
from
      (select id
      from
            (select stcode
            from station
            where name = 'MUMBAI') as s natural join trainhalts
      where seqno = 0) as x natural join train
      OUTPUT: -
      name
      | CST-AMR LOCAL |
      | CST-KYN
      2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
      List all the stations in order of visit by the train 'CST-AMR_LOCAL'.
select name
from trainhalts natural join station
where id = (select id
            from train
            where name = 'CST-AMR_LOCAL')
order by seqno asc
      OUTPUT: -
      name
       MUMBAI
        BYCULLA
        DADAR
        KURLA
        GHATKOPAR
        THANE
        DOMBIVALI
       KALYAN
       AMBARNATH
      9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
      Find the name of the trains which have stop at Thane, before the 6th station in the route of the
train.
select name
from
      (select id
       from trainhalts
       where seqno < 6 and stcode = (select stcode</pre>
                                      from station
                                      where name = 'THANE')) as x natural join train
;
```