

## Announcements

1. Quiz 2 <sup>(15 marks)</sup> on Nov 21 @ 2pm - 4pm
2. Change in evaluation policy [In-class qns: 5 (best out of 7) (from 10)  
Final exam: 25 (from 20)]
3. Tutorial tomorrow @ 5pm
4. Reminder: Class today @ 4.45 pm
5. Problem sheet posted today. Please try before Tutorial tmrw.

Last week: Circuit matrix  $B_a$   $B_f$   
(Tie-set)

KVL:  $B_f v = 0$

$B_f = [B_{ft} \mid I]$   
← tree → ← link →

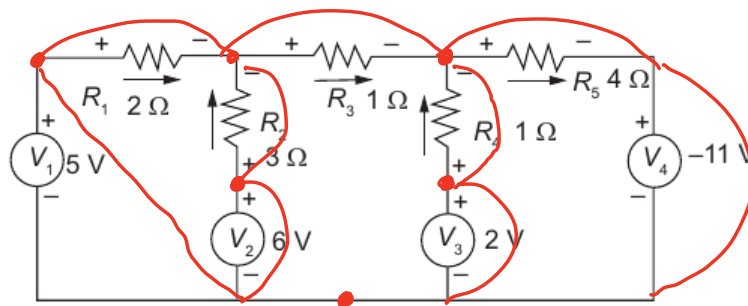
KCL:  $i_t = B_{ft}^T i_e$

Alternate form

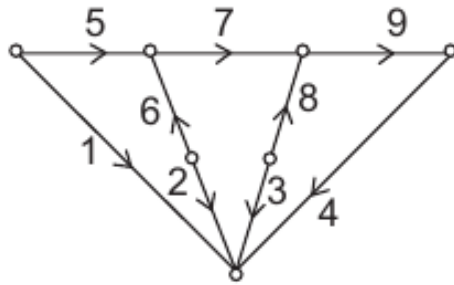
$$i = \begin{bmatrix} i_t \\ i_e \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} B_{ft}^T \\ I \end{bmatrix} i_e$$

$$i = B_f^T i_e$$

Example 17-7-1 in SK [Case: Only indep voltage sources]

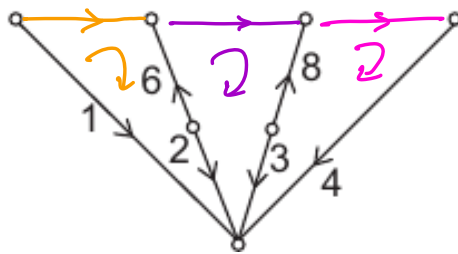


9 branches



$$B_f = f_{c-1} \begin{array}{c} f_{c-2} \\ f_{c-3} \end{array} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$\leftarrow \text{Voltage sources} \leftarrow \text{Passive elements}$   
 $B_{fg} \qquad B_{fp}$



KVL:  $B_f v = 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} B_{fg} & B_{fp} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_g \\ v_p \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\checkmark B_{fg} \checkmark v_g + \checkmark B_{fp} v_p = 0$$

$$v_g = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$Z_p =$   
"branch impedance matrix"

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{---} & & & & 0 \\ 2 & & & & \\ 3 & & & & \\ \text{---} & & & & \\ \text{---} & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

"only for voltage source"

$$v_p = Z_p \cdot i_p$$

$$B_{fg} v_g + B_{fp} Z_p i_p = 0$$

KCL  $i = B_f^T i_e$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_g \\ i_p \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} B_{fg}^T \\ B_{fp}^T \end{bmatrix} i_e$$

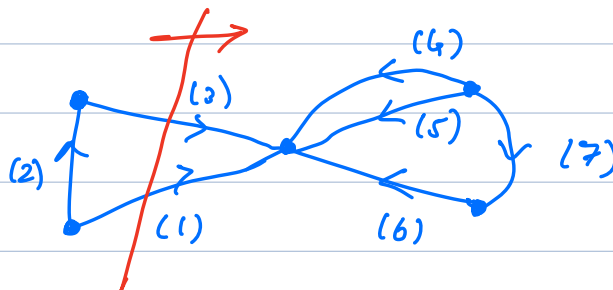
$$i_p = B_{fp}^T i_e$$

$$B_{fg} v_g + B_{fp} Z_p B_{fp}^T i_e = 0$$

$$i_e = - (B_{fp} Z_p B_{fp}^T)^{-1} B_{fg} v_g$$

KCL:  $i = B_f^T i_e$

Cut-sets



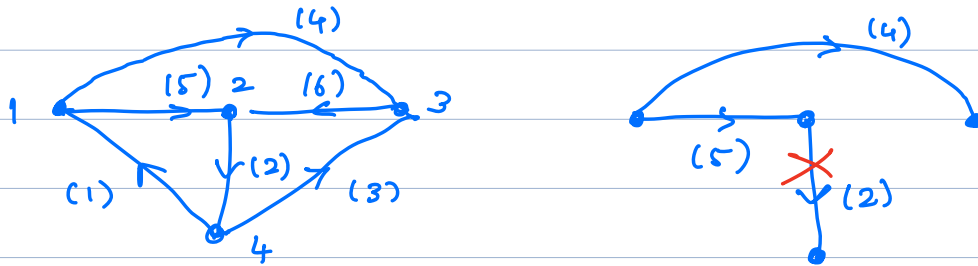
Cut set : Set of Branches such that removing the Branches disconnects the graph

Qa  $\uparrow$  all = cut-set-1  
 Cut-set matrix cut-set-2

(1)	(2)	(3)	...	(7)
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$$Q_a(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if branch is not in the cut-set} \\ +1 & \text{if the branch is present same direction as cut-set} \\ -1 & \text{if the branch is present opposite direction as cut-set} \end{cases}$$

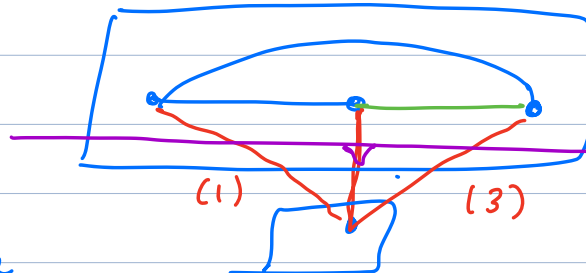
Fundamental cut-set matrix  $Q_f$



Idea: Remove one of the branches of tree  
f-cut-set

= { One of the branches of tree }  
 $\cup$  { All the links that go from one group to another }

Direction "Convention"  
Same as the direction of twig.



Cut-set - 1  
= { (1), (2), (3) }

Cut-set - 2  
= { (5), (1), (2), (6) }

Cut-set - 3

$$Q_f = \begin{matrix} \text{act-set-1} \\ \text{act-set-2} \\ \text{act-set-3} \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \text{breakdown} = \{ (4), (6), (3) \} \end{matrix} \right.$$

$$Q_f = \left[ \begin{matrix} I_{n-1} & ; & Q_{fl} \end{matrix} \right]$$

$\leftarrow \text{tree} \rightarrow \leftarrow \text{links} \rightarrow$

$n$  nodes

$$\text{rank}(Q_f) \geq n-1$$

$$\text{rank}(Q_f) = n-1 \quad [\text{Proof in text book}]$$