

- Announcements : (i) Lab Experiment 2 due on Dec 26  
(ii) Please come prepared for lab viva

Recap : SSS vs WSS

$$WSS : \quad m_x(t) = m_x$$

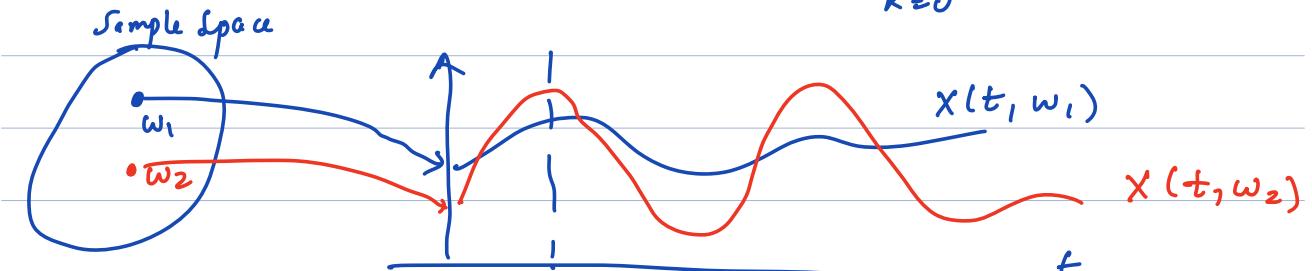
$$- C_x(t_1, t_2) = C_x(t_1 - t_2)$$

$$[R_x(t_1, t_2) = R_x(t_1 - t_2)]$$

"Causal" :  $h(\tau) = 0 (\tau < 0)$

$$\xrightarrow{x(t)} \boxed{h(t)} \rightarrow y(t) = \int_0^{\infty} h(\tau) x(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\xrightarrow{x[n]} \boxed{h[n]} \rightarrow y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h[k] x[n-k]$$



$$\text{Fix } \xrightarrow{x(t)} \boxed{h(t)} \rightarrow y(t) \stackrel{?}{=} \int_0^{\infty} h(\tau) x(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\xrightarrow{x(t, \omega)} \boxed{h(t)} \rightarrow Y(t, \omega) \stackrel{?}{=} \int_0^{\infty} h(\tau) x(t-\tau, \omega) d\tau$$

Convergence w.p. 1

$$P\left\{ \omega : Y(t, \omega) = \int_0^{\infty} h(\tau) x(t-\tau, \omega) \right\} \neq \omega$$

$$= 1 - (*)$$

Conditions where convergence w.p. 1 happen

↳  $h[n]$  is an "FIR filter."

$h[n]$  is not FIR (IIR)

↳ mean square convergence if

$$\sum_n |h[n]| < \infty \quad (\text{BIBO stability criterion})$$

$X(t)$ : finite mean & variance.

From now on, (\*) is satisfied.

$$Y(t) = \int h(\tau) X(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$\text{Discrete time} \quad Y[n] = \sum_k h[k] X[n-k]$$

Output mean:

$$\mathbb{E}[Y[n]] = \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_k h[k] X[n-k]\right]$$

$$= \sum_k h[k] \mathbb{E}[X[n-k]]$$

$$= \sum_k h[k] \underline{m_X[n-k]}$$

Special Case:  $X$  is WSS process

$$= \sum_k h[k] m_X$$

$$\underline{m_Y[n]} = m_X \sum_k h[k]$$

Mean of  $Y$  also doesn't depend on time!

$m_y[n]$  should exist (Aside)  
 $m_y[n] < \infty \quad \forall n$   
 $\sum_k |h[k]| < \infty \Rightarrow m_y[n] < \infty$   
 For example  $h[n] = 1 \quad \forall n \geq 0$   
 $\sum_k |h[k]| \rightarrow \infty$

Covariance of  $y$

(Discrete time case)

$$C_y(k, j) \triangleq \mathbb{E}[(y_k - \mathbb{E}[y_k])(y_j - \mathbb{E}[y_j])]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\left(\sum_n h[n] x[k-n] - \sum_n h[n] m_x[k-n]\right)\right]$$

$$\left(\sum_m h[m] x[j-m] - \sum_m h[m] m_x[j-m]\right)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\left(\sum_n h[n] (x[k-n] - m_x[k-n])\right)\right]$$

$$\left(\sum_m h[m] (x[j-m] - m_x[j-m])\right)$$

$$= \sum_n \sum_m h[n] h[m] \mathbb{E}\left[\underbrace{(x[k-n] - m_x[k-n])}_{(x[j-m] - m_x[j-m])}\right]$$

$$c_x(k-n, j-m)$$

$$C_y(k, j) = \sum_n \sum_m h[n] h[m] C_x(k-n, j-m)$$

Special case:  $X$  is a WSS

$$\begin{aligned} C_x(k-n, j-m) &= C_x((k-n) - (j-m)) \\ &= C_x((k-j) - (n-m)) \end{aligned}$$

$$C_y(k, j) = \sum_n \sum_m h[n] h[m] C_x((k-j) - (n-m))$$

$C_y(k, j)$  also depends only on  $(k-j)$

If  $X$  is a WSS process,  $Y$  is also a WSS process

Fourier Transform I/O relations for WSS process.

$$h[n] \leftrightarrow H(f) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} h[k] e^{j2\pi fk}$$

$$m_y = m_x \sum h[k]$$

$$\underbrace{m_y}_{F.T.} = m_x H(0)$$