

Announcements

1. Problem set posted
2. Tutorial this week (Wed 5pm)

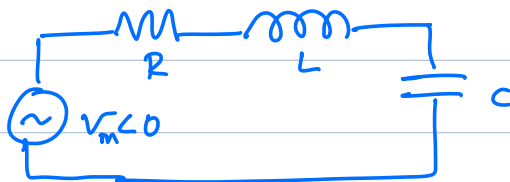
Resonance

Resonant freq:

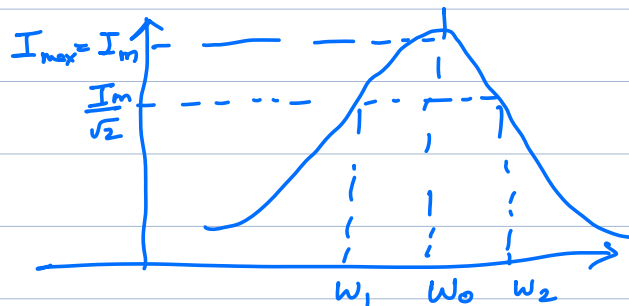
$$Q\text{-factor} = 2\pi \cdot \frac{\text{Max Energy stored in a cycle}}{\text{Energy dissipated in a cycle}} \quad (\Omega)$$

$$Q \text{ (Capactor)} = \omega R_p C$$

$$Q \text{ (Inductor)} = \frac{\omega L}{R_s}$$



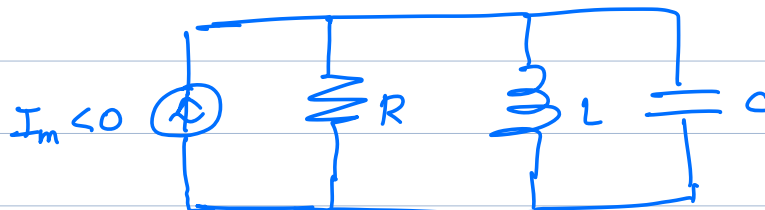
$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$



$$I_m = \frac{V_m}{R}$$

$$BW = \omega_2 - \omega_1$$

Parallel RLC ckt



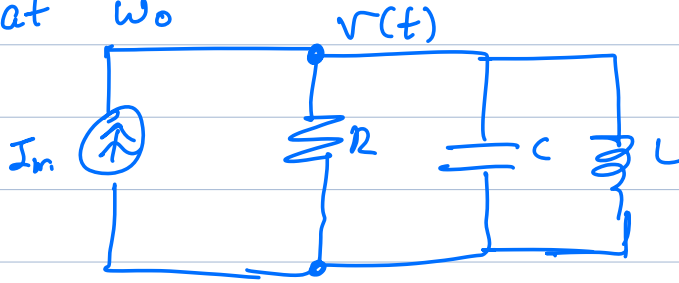
$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{j\omega L} + j\omega C$$

$$\frac{1}{j\omega_0 C} + j\omega_0 L = 0$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{LC}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

Q-factor (Parallel RLC ckt) = $2\pi \cdot \frac{\text{Max energy}}{\text{Energy dissipated}}$ at ω_0



$$\text{Energy dissipated in a cycle} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot I_m^2 \cdot R \cdot T$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} I_m^2 \cdot \frac{R}{f}$$

$$\text{Max Energy in a cycle} = \max_t (E_C(t) + E_L(t))$$

$$E_C(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot v^2(t)$$

$$v(t) \xrightarrow[\text{at } \omega = \omega_0]{} = I_m \cdot R < 0$$

$$= I_m R \cos(\omega_0 t)$$

$$E_C(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot C \cdot I_m^2 R^2 \cos^2(\omega_0 t)$$

$$\underline{E_L(t)} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot I_L^2(t)$$

$$I_L(j\omega_0) = \frac{v(j\omega_0)}{j\omega_0 L} = \frac{I_m \cdot R}{j\omega_0 L}$$

$$I_L = I_m \underline{R} < -90^\circ$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega_0 L}$$

$$I_L(t) = \frac{I_m R}{\omega_0 L} \cos(\omega_0 t - 90^\circ)$$

$$= \frac{I_m R}{\omega_0 L} \sin(\omega_0 t)$$

$$E_L(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L \cdot \left(\frac{I_m R}{\omega_0 L} \sin(\omega_0 t) \right)^2$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{I_m^2 R^2}{2 \omega_0^2 L}} \sin^2(\omega_0 t)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{LC}$$

$$= \frac{I_m^2 \cdot R^2 C}{2} \sin^2(\omega_0 t)$$

$$\max_t (E_C(t) + E_L(t)) = \frac{I_m^2 R^2 C}{2} \cos^2(\omega_0 t) +$$

$$\frac{I_m^2 R^2 C}{2} \sin^2(\omega_0 t)$$

$$= \frac{I_m^2 R^2 C}{2}$$

$$Q_0 = 2\pi \cdot \frac{I_m^2 R^2 C}{2} = \omega_0 \cdot RC$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot I_m^2 \cdot R / f}$$

$$= \frac{R}{\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}} //$$

$$Y(\omega) = \frac{1}{R} + j\omega C + \frac{1}{j\omega L}$$

$$\omega = \omega_0 \quad Y(\omega_0) = \frac{1}{R}$$

$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{R} \left[1 + j \left(\omega \boxed{RC} - \frac{R}{\omega L} \right) \right]$$

$\downarrow Q_0/\omega_0$

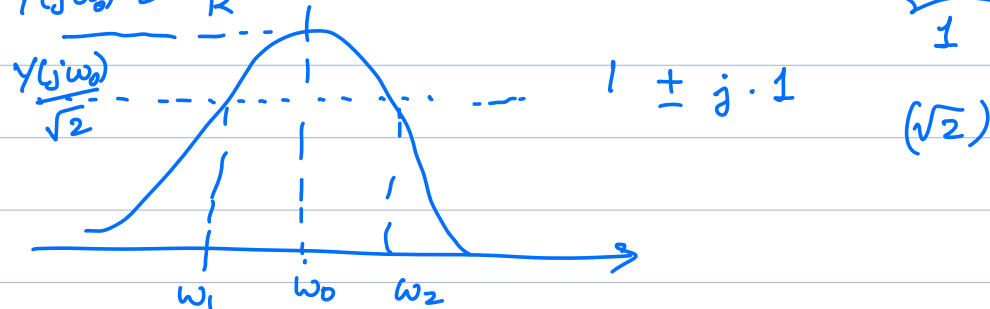
$$Q_0 = \omega_0 RC$$

$$\frac{R}{\omega L} = \frac{RC}{\omega LC} = \frac{Q_0/\omega_0}{\omega \cdot \frac{1}{\omega_0^2}}$$

$$= Q_0 \frac{\omega_0}{\omega}$$

$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{R} \left[1 + j \left(\omega \frac{Q_0}{\omega_0} - Q_0 \frac{\omega_0}{\omega} \right) \right]$$

$$Y(j\omega_0) = \frac{1}{R}$$



$$\omega_1 \cdot \frac{Q_0}{\omega_0} - Q_0 \cdot \frac{\omega_0}{\omega_1} = -1$$

$$\omega_2 \cdot \frac{Q_0}{\omega_0} - Q_0 \cdot \frac{\omega_0}{\omega_2} = +1$$

$$\omega_1 = \omega_0 \left[\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2Q_0} \right)^2} - \frac{1}{2Q_0} \right]$$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_0 \left[\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{2Q_0} \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2Q_0} \right]$$

$$BW = \omega_2 - \omega_1 = \underline{\omega_0}$$

$Q_0 //$

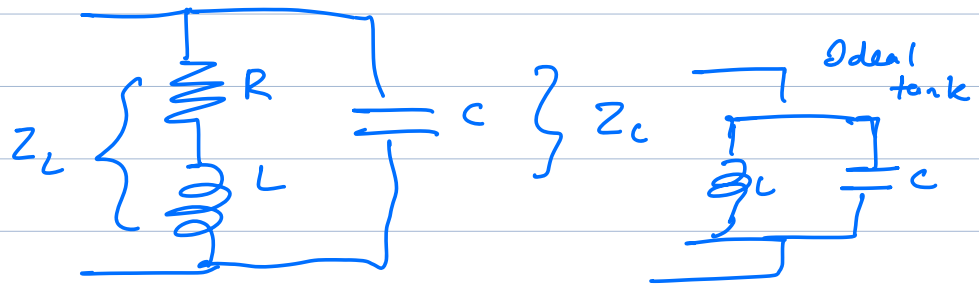
Series RLC ckt (Skip the derivation)

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$Q_0 = \omega_0 \cdot \frac{L}{R} = \frac{1}{R} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

$$BW = \omega_0 / Q_0$$

Example: Practical "Tank ckt"



$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{Z_L} + \frac{1}{Z_C}$$

$$Z_L = R + j\omega L$$

$$Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$$Y(j\omega) = \frac{1}{R + j\omega L} + j\omega C$$

$$= \frac{R - j\omega L}{R^2 + \omega^2 L^2} + j\omega C$$

At $\omega = \omega_0$

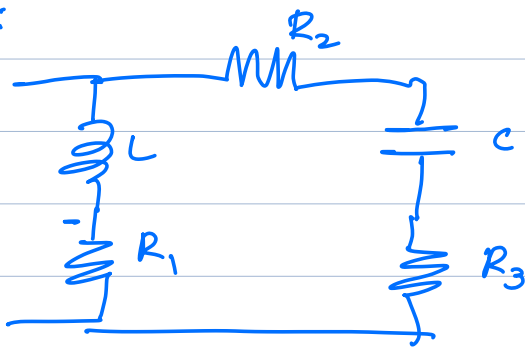
$$\cancel{\omega_0 C} - \frac{\cancel{\omega_0 L}}{R^2 + \omega_0^2 L^2} = 0$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{LC} - \frac{R^2}{L^2}}$$

Admittance (Impedance) at resonant freq

$$\begin{aligned} Y(j\omega_0) &= \frac{R}{R^2 + \omega_0^2 L^2} = \frac{R}{R^2 + \left(\frac{1}{LC} - \frac{R^2}{L^2}\right)L^2} \\ &= \frac{C \cdot R}{L} // \end{aligned}$$

Idea:



Approximate

