

Announcements

1. Quiz 2 ^(15 marks) on Nov 21 @ 2pm - 4pm

2. Change in evaluation policy [In-class qns: 5 (from 10) ^(best out of 7)
Final exam: 25 (from 20)]

3. Tutorial tomorrow @ 5pm

4. Reminder: Class today @ 4:45 pm

5. Problem sheet posted today. Please try before
Tutorial tmrw.

Last week : Circuit matrix B_a B_f
(Tie-set)

KVL: $B_f V = 0$

$$B_f \cdot [B_{ft} | I] = 0$$

KCL: $i_t = B_{ft}^T i_e$

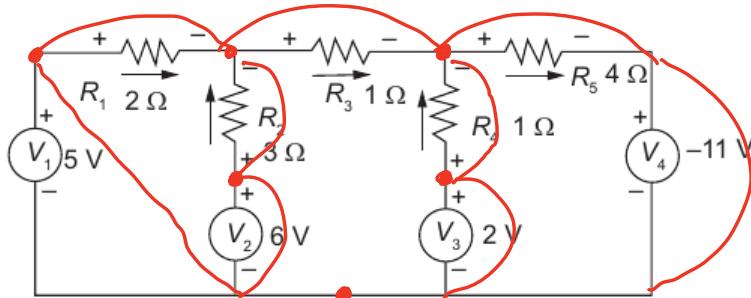
\leftarrow tree \rightarrow link

Alternate form

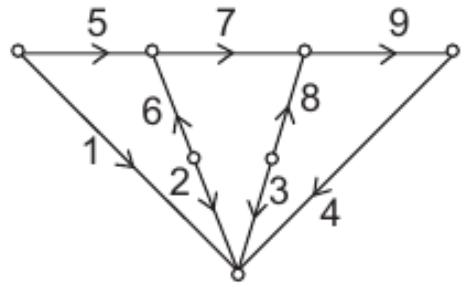
$$i = \begin{bmatrix} i_t \\ i_e \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} B_{ft}^T \\ I \end{bmatrix}}_{B_f^T} i_e$$

$$i = B_f^T i_e$$

Example 17.7-1 in SK [Case: Only independent voltage sources]



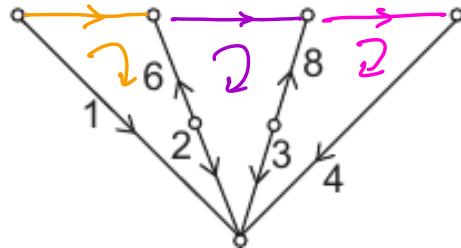
9 branches



$$B_f = f_{c-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & | & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

← Voltage Sources ← Passive elements

B_{fg} B_{fp}



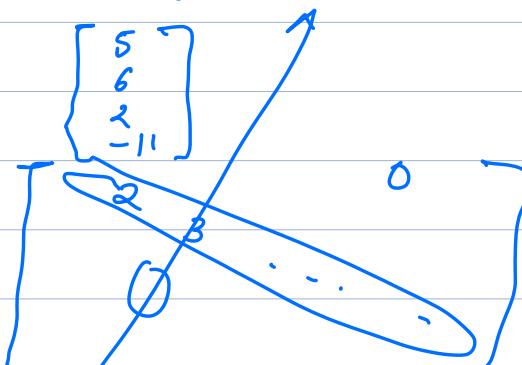
KVL: $B_f \underline{v} = 0$

$$[B_{fg} \quad B_{fp}] \begin{bmatrix} \underline{v}_g \\ \underline{v}_p \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\underbrace{B_{fg} \underline{v}_g}_{\checkmark} + \underbrace{B_{fp} \underline{v}_p}_{\checkmark} = 0$$

$$\underline{v}_g = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$Z_p =$
"branch impedance matrix"



"only for voltage
sources"

$$v_p = Z_p \cdot i_p$$

$$B_{fg} v_g + B_{fp} Z_p i_p = 0$$

$$\text{KCL} \quad i = B_f^T i_e$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_g \\ i_p \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} B_f^T \\ B_{fp}^T \end{bmatrix} i_e$$

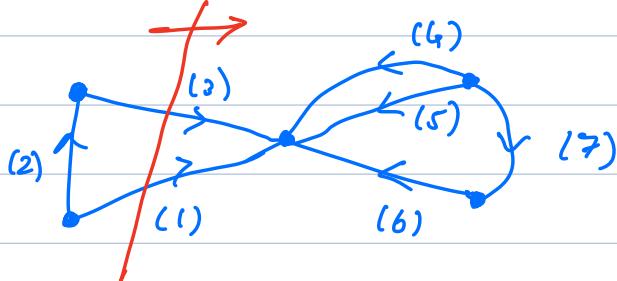
$$i_p = B_{fp}^T i_e$$

$$B_{fg} v_g + B_{fp} Z_p B_{fp}^T i_e = 0$$

$$i_e = - (B_{fp} Z_p B_{fp}^T)^{-1} B_{fg} v_g$$

$$\text{KCL: } i = B_f^T i_e$$

Cut-sets



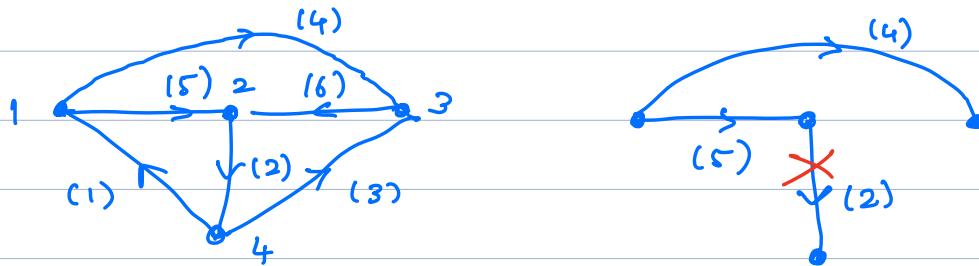
Cut set : Set of Branches such that removing the branches disconnects the graph

$$Q_{all} = \begin{matrix} (1) & (2) & (3) & \dots & (7) \end{matrix}$$

cut-set matrix

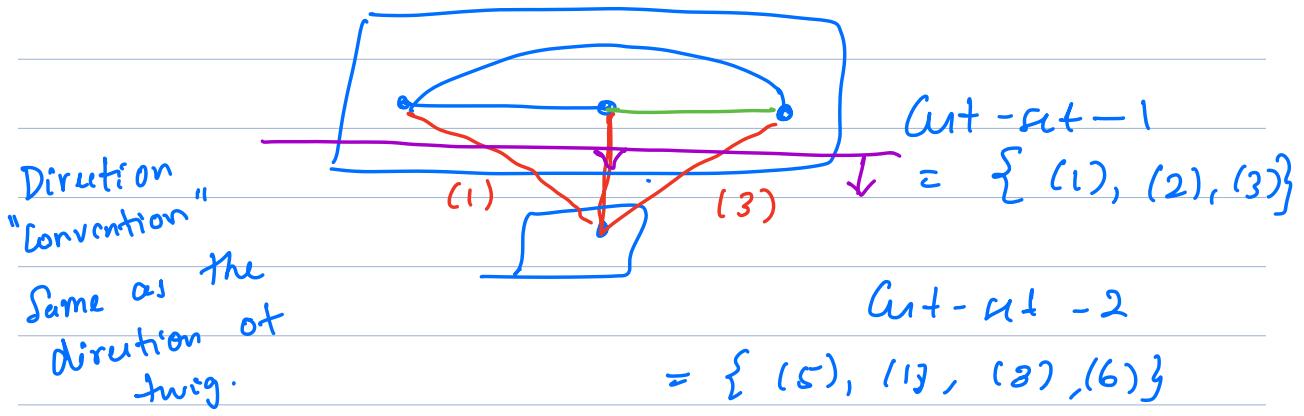
$$g_a(i, j) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if branch is not in the cut-set} \\ +1 & \text{if the branch is present same direction as cut-set} \\ -1 & \text{if the branch is present opposite direction as cut-set} \end{cases}$$

Fundamental cut-set matrix Ω_f



Idea: Remove one of the branches of tree f-cut-set

= { One of the branches of tree }
 \cup { All the links that go from one group to another }



$$Q_f = \begin{bmatrix} \text{cut-set-1} \\ \text{cut-set-2} \\ \text{cut-set-3} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{branch} = \{ \xrightarrow{(4)}, \xrightarrow{(6)}, \xrightarrow{(3)} \}$$

$$Q_f = \begin{bmatrix} I_{n-1} & Q_{fl} \end{bmatrix}$$

\leftarrow tree \rightarrow \leftarrow links \rightarrow

n nodes

$$\text{rank}(Q_f) \geq n-1$$

$$\text{rank}(Q_f) = n-1 \quad [\text{Proof in textbook}]$$