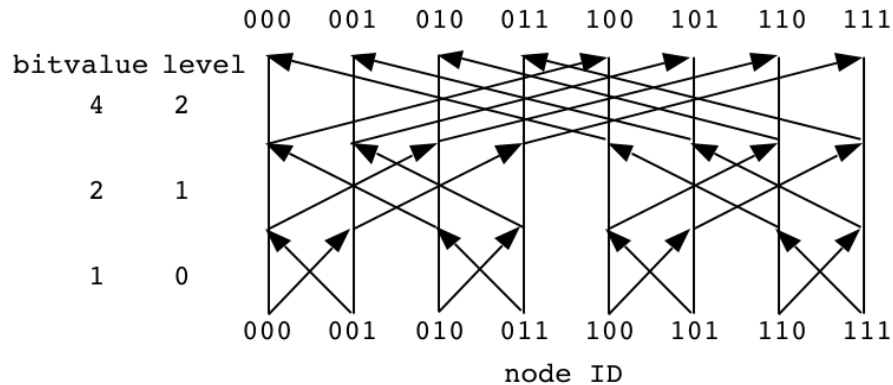


## CSCI596 Assignment 2—Message Passing Interface

Due: September 18 (Mon), 2017, 11:59 pm

In this assignment, you will write your own global summation program (equivalent to `MPI_Allreduce`) using `MPI_Send` and `MPI_Recv`. Your program should run on  $P = 2^l$  processors ( $l = 0, 1, \dots$ ). Each process contributes a partial value, and at the end, all the processes will have the globally summed value of these partial contributions.

Your program will use a communication structure called butterfly, which is structured as a series of pairwise exchanges (see the figure below where messages are denoted by arrows). This structure allows a global reduction among  $P$  processes to be performed in  $\log_2 P$  steps.



$$\begin{aligned}
 & a_{000} + a_{001} + a_{010} + a_{011} + a_{100} + a_{101} + a_{110} + a_{111} \\
 = & ((a_{000} + a_{001}) + (a_{010} + a_{011})) + ((a_{100} + a_{101}) + (a_{110} + a_{111}))
 \end{aligned}$$

At each level  $l$ , a process exchanges messages with a partner whose rank differs only at the  $l$ -th bit position in the binary representation.

### HYPERCUBE TEMPLATE

We can use the following template to perform a global reduction using any associative operator  $OP$  (such as multiplication or maximum),  $(a \text{ OP } b) \text{ OP } c = a \text{ OP } (b \text{ OP } c)$ .

---

```

procedure hypercube(myid, input, logP, output)
begin
  mydone := input;
  for l := 0 to logP-1 do
    begin
      partner := myid XOR 2l;
      send mydone to partner;
      receive hisdone from partner;
      mydone = mydone OP hisdone
    end
  output := mydone
end

```

---

### USE OF BITWISE LOGICAL XOR

Note that

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 \text{ XOR } 0 &= 1 \text{ XOR } 1 = 0; \\
 0 \text{ XOR } 1 &= 1 \text{ XOR } 0 = 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

so that  $a \text{ XOR } 1$  flips the bit  $a$ , *i.e.*,

```

a XOR 1 =  $\bar{a}$ 
a XOR 0 = a

```

where  $\bar{a}$  is the complement of  $a$  ( $\bar{a} = 1-l$  for  $a = 0-l$ ). In particular,  $\text{myid} \text{ XOR } 2^l$  reverses the  $l$ -th bit of the rank of this process,  $\text{myid}$ :

```

abcdefg XOR 0000100 = abcd  $\bar{e}$ fg

```

Note that the XOR operator is  $\wedge$  (caret symbol) in the C programming language.

### ASSIGNMENT

Complete the following program by implementing the function, `global_sum`, using `MPI_Send` and `MPI_Recv` functions and the hypercube template given above.

*Submit the source code as well as the printout from a test run on 4 processors and that on 8 processors.*

---

```

#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>

int nprocs; /* Number of processors */
int myid;   /* My rank */

double global_sum(double partial) {
    /* Implement your own global summation here */
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    double partial, sum, avg;

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myid);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nprocs);

    partial = (double) myid;
    printf("Node %d has %le\n", myid, partial);

    sum = global_sum(partial);

    if (myid == 0) {
        avg = sum/nprocs;
        printf("Global average = %le\n", avg);
    }

    MPI_Finalize();

    return 0;
}

```

---