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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022

EE3EL13 / EX3EL13 EV Charging Infrastructure

Branch/Specialisation: EE/EX

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

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|-----|------|---|---|
| Q.1 | i. | The capacity of a battery is expressed in terms of- | 1 |
| | | (a) Current rating (b) Voltage rating | |
| | | (c) Ampere hour rating (d) None of these | |
| | ii. | The storage battery generally used in electric power station is- | 1 |
| | | (a) Nickel-cadmium battery (b) Zinc carbon battery | |
| | | (c) Lead-acid battery (d) None of these | |
| | iii. | In electric vehicle charging system the device which is responsible to convert AC to DC is- | 1 |
| | | (a) Rectifier (b) Inverter (c) Chopper (d) None of these | |
| | iv. | Which of the following things can a “smart” EV charger do that a “dumb” EV charger cannot? | 1 |
| | | (a) Charge a car at speeds up to 9x faster than Level 1 chargers | |
| | | (b) Schedule charging when the electricity on the grid is cheaper and cleaner | |
| | | (c) Charge any EV on the market | |
| | | (d) None of these | |
| | v. | Which of the following charger is like plugging into a standard, 120-volt outlet and does not require special equipment or installation? This type of charging is also known as trickle charging. | 1 |
| | | (a) Level 1 (b) Level 2 (c) Level 3 (d) None of these | |
| | vi. | A 2300 mAh battery having a C rate of 0.5 C. Calculate the maximum discharging current of the battery. | 1 |
| | | (a) 1.15 Amp (b) 69 Amp (c) 4.6 Amp (d) 100 Amp | |

P.T.O.

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- vii. By Using V2G technology is known as _____. **1**
 (a) Smart grid (b) Conventional grid
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- viii. The charging stations supplied by 32 Amp of the current and take time to charge the vehicle almost 3 to 4 hr. is known as _____. **1**
 (a) Level 1 (b) Level 2 (c) Level 3 (d) None of these
- ix. Battery charging equipment is generally installed- **1**
 (a) In well ventilated location
 (b) In clean and dry place
 (c) As near as practical to the battery being charged
 (d) In location having all above features
- x. SAE J1772 is a **1**
 (a) Universal protocol for electric vehicle battery efficiency
 (b) Universal standard for electric vehicle connectors
 (c) The name of a robot in popular science fiction movie
 (d) None of these
- Q.2 i. Explain Parameters and Properties of batteries used in electric vehicles. **4**
 ii. Define Battery management system. Which type of operation required in electric vehicles charging? **6**
- OR iii. Explain any two of the following: **6**
 (a) Lead acid batteries (b) Ni based batteries
 (c) Lithium-ion batteries
- Q.3 i. Explain salient features of charging technologies of EV. **4**
 ii. Explain AC charging and DC charging technology of EV charging system. **6**
- OR iii. Give the advantage and disadvantage of following: **6**
 (a) Inductive charging (b) Battery swapping
- Q.4 i. Explain any two classification of charging stations. **4**
 ii. Explain site selection approach for public charging stations. **6**
- OR iii. Draw model layout for public charging facility. **6**

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- Q.5 i. Why central management centre is required for EV charging infrastructure? **4**
 ii. Explain different charging issues in charging infrastructure. **6**
- OR iii. Explain smart grid and smart mobility. **6**
- Q.6 i. Write the impact of electric vehicle on grid. **4**
 ii. Write application of V2G technology and role in peak load and off load periods. **6**
- OR iii. Write a short note on Indian scenario for electric vehicle development by GoI. **6**

Marking Scheme

EE3EL13 / EX3EL13 EV Charging Infrastructure

Q.1	i.	The capacity of a battery is expressed in terms of- (c) Ampere hour rating	1
	ii.	The storage battery generally used in electric power station is- (c) Lead-acid battery	1
	iii.	In electric vehicle charging system the device which is responsible to convert AC to DC is- (a) Rectifier	1
	iv.	Which of the following things can a “smart” EV charger do that a “dumb” EV charger cannot? (b) Schedule charging when the electricity on the grid is cheaper and cleaner	1
	v.	Which of the following charger is like plugging into a standard, 120-volt outlet and does not require special equipment or installation? This type of charging is also known as trickle charging. (a) Level 1	1
	vi.	A 2300 mAh battery having a C rate of 0.5 C. Calculate the maximum discharging current of the battery. (a) 1.15 Amp	1
	vii.	By Using V2G technology is known as _____. (a) Smart grid	1
	viii.	The charging stations supplied by 32 Amp of the current and take time to charge the vehicle almost 3 to 4 hr. is known as _____. (b) Level 2	1
	ix.	Battery charging equipment is generally installed- (d) In location having all above features	1
	x.	SAE J1772 is a (b) Universal standard for electric vehicle connectors	1
Q.2	i.	Parameters and Properties of batteries used in electric vehicles. 1 mark for each (1 mark * 4)	4
	ii.	Definition of Battery management system Type of operation required	2 marks 4 marks
OR	iii.	3 marks for each (3 marks * 2) (a) Lead acid batteries (b) Ni based batteries	6

(c) Lithium-ion batteries

Q.3	i.	Salient features of charging technologies of EV 1 mark for each (1 mark * 4)	4
	ii.	AC charging technology of EV charging system DC charging technology of EV charging system	3 marks 3 marks
OR	iii.	Give the advantage and disadvantage of following: (a) Inductive charging (b) Battery swapping	6 3 marks 3 marks
Q.4	i.	Any two classification of charging stations. 2 marks for each (2 marks * 2)	4
	ii.	Site name list Explanation	3 marks 3 marks
OR	iii.	Layout for public charging facility Definition Explanation	6 3 marks 3 marks
Q.5	i.	Central management centre is required for EV charging infrastructure 1 mark for each reason (1 mark * 4)	4
	ii.	Different charging issues in charging infrastructure Definition Explanation	6 3 marks 3 marks
OR	iii.	Smart grid Smart mobility	6 3 marks 3 marks
Q.6	i.	Impact of electric vehicle on grid. 1 mark for each impact (1 mark * 4)	4
	ii.	Application of V2G technology Role in peck load Off load periods	6 2 marks 2 marks
OR	iii.	Indian scenario for electric vehicle development by GoI. 1 mark for each point (1 mark * 6)	6
