

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering / Science

End Sem Examination May-2024

EN3BS14 / BC3BS04 Engineering Chemistry

Programme: B.Tech. / B.Sc.

Branch/Specialisation: All

Duration: 3 Hrs.**Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. What is the purpose of lubricants in machinery? **1**
 (a) To increase friction (b) To reduce friction
 (c) To increase wear (d) To increase heat generation
- ii. Iodine value is related to _____. **1**
 (a) Fats and oils (b) Alcohols
 (c) Esters (d) Unsaturated Hydrocarbons
- iii. Which of the following is condensation polymer? **1**
 (a) Polystyrene (b) Neoprene
 (c) Natural rubber (d) Nylon-6:6
- iv. Which property of polythene makes it suitable for packaging materials? **1**
 (a) High electrical conductivity
 (b) Low density
 (c) High strength-to-weight ratio
 (d) Thermal stability
- v. What is the primary material used in the fabrication of optical fibers? **1**
 (a) Copper (b) Aluminum (c) Silica (d) Iron
- vi. Which element constitutes fullerenes? **1**
 (a) Carbon (b) Hydrogen (c) Oxygen (d) Nitrogen
- vii. Spectroscopy is the study of interaction between electromagnetic radiation and _____. **1**
 (a) Matter (b) Molecular weight
 (c) Temperature (d) Pressure
- viii. Which region of the electromagnetic spectrum has the lowest energy? **1**
 (a) Infrared (b) Ultraviolet (c) Visible (d) Radiowave

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- ix. Which of the following quantity is not a state function- **1**
 (a) Temperature (b) Entropy
 (c) Enthalpy (d) Work
- x. Out of ice, water and vapour, the most random state is- **1**
 (a) Ice
 (b) Water
 (c) Vapour
 (d) Both (a) and (b)
- Q.2 i. List any four functions of lubricating oils. **2**
 ii. Compare and contrast the mechanisms of fluid film lubrication and boundary lubrication. **3**
 iii. Describe the saponification number and Iodine value of lubricating oils. Write down its significance. **5**
- OR iv. An oil sample under test has a saybolt universal viscosity of 64 S at 210° F and 600 S at 100° F. The high viscosity standard (Pennsylvanian oil) gave the saybolt universal viscosity of 64 S at 210°F and 400 S at 100° F. The low viscosity standard (Gulf oil) possesses a saybolt viscosity of 64 S at 210° F and 700 S at 100° F. Calculate the viscosity index of the oil sample under test. **5**
- Q.3 i. Write down atleast four classification of polymers. **4**
 ii. Explain the synthesis of Bakelite and discuss its properties and uses. **6**
- OR iii. Compare and contrast the properties of PVC and Teflon, highlighting their differences and similarities. **6**
- Q.4 i. What is graphene? Write its application. **3**
 ii. What are superconductors? Write down its properties. **7**
- OR iii. Give detailed analysis of Fullerenes with it's structure, properties and applications. **7**
- Q.5 i. Write a detailed note on the types of molecular vibrations with diagram. **4**
 ii. Discuss the assessment of Gas chromatography with instrumentation and applications with diagram. **6**
- OR iii. Discuss the assessment of UV -Visible spectroscopy with principle and instrumentation with diagram and applications. **6**

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- Q.6 Attempt any two:
- i. Explain the following terms by giving examples & its significance- **5**
 (a) Enthalpy (b) Entropy
- ii. What do you understand by corrosion? Give a brief account of how the iron open to atmosphere gets rusted. Explain with complete reactions and preventive methods. **5**
- iii. Define EMF. Write in detail four applications of EMF. **5**

Marking Scheme
BC3BS04/EN3BS14 Engineering Chemistry

Q.1	i)	What is the purpose of lubricants in machinery? a) To increase friction b) To reduce friction c) To increase wear d) To increase heat generation	b
	ii)	Iodine value is related to ____. a) Fats and oils b) Alcohols c) Esters d) Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	d
	iii)	Which of the following is condensation polymer? a) Polystyrene b) Neoprene c) Natural rubber d) Nylon-6:6	d
	iv)	Which property of polythene makes it suitable for packaging materials? a) High electrical conductivity b) Low density c) High strength-to-weight ratio d) Thermal stability	c
	v)	What is the primary material used in the fabrication of optical fibers? a) Copper b) Aluminum c) Silica d) Plastic (Iron)	c
	vi)	Which element constitutes fullerenes? a) Carbon b) Hydrogen c) Oxygen d) Nitrogen	a
	vii)	Spectroscopy is the study of interaction between electromagnetic radiation and..... a) Matter b) Molecular weight	a

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(ii) Compare and contrast the properties of PVC and Teflon, highlighting their differences and similarities.

		c) Temperature d) Pressure	
	viii)	Which region of the electromagnetic spectrum has the lowest energy? a) Infrared b) Ultraviolet c) Visible d) Radiowave	d
	ix)	Which of the following quantity is not a state function: (a) Temperature (b) entropy (c) Enthalpy (d) Work	d
	x)	Out of ice, water and vapour, the most random state is (a) Ice (b) Water (c) Vapour (d) Both ice and water	c
Q.2	i.	List any four functions of lubricating oils. ½ mark each	2
	ii.	Compare the mechanisms of fluid film lubrication and boundary lubrication. 1 mark each at least three comparison.	3
	iii.	Describe the saponification number and Iodine value of lubricating oils. 2.5 marks (1.25 + 1.25) What does it indicate about the presence of contaminants in the oil? 2.5 marks Write down it's significance	5
OR	iv.	An oil sample under test has a saybolt universal viscosity of 64 S at 210o F and 600 S at 100o F. The high viscosity standard (Pennsylvanian oil) gave the saybolt universal viscosity of 64 S at 210oF and 400 S at 100o F. The low viscosity standard (Gulf oil) possesses a saybolt viscosity of 64 S at 210o F and 700 S at 100o F. Calculate the viscosity index of the oil sample under test. Formula 1mark 4 marks for solution Ans. 33.33	5
		Write down atleast four classification	
Q.3	i.	Differentiate between thermosetting and thermoplastics. (atleast 4 differences) of polymers with suitable examples. 1 mark each	4
	ii.	Explain the synthesis of Bakelite 3 marks (All three steps) and discuss its properties 2 marks (at least 4 properties) and uses. 1 mark	6
OR	iii.	Compare the properties of PVC 3 marks (at least three similar properties and three differences) and Teflon, 3 marks	6

✓ [3 marks for comparing similarities, 3 marks for differences] = 6

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Q.4	i.	What is graphene? 1 mark Write its application. 2 mark	3
	ii.	What are superconductors? 1 mark Compare the properties of Type I and Type II superconductors. 3 marks each	7
OR	iii.	Give detailed analysis of Fullerenes with its structure, 3 marks properties 2 marks and applications. 2 marks	7
Q.5	i.	Write a detailed note on the types of molecular vibrations with diagram. 1 mark each	4
	ii.	Discuss the assessment of Gas chromatography with instrumentation 3 marks and applications with diagram 3 marks	6
OR	iii.	Discuss the assessment of UV -Visible spectroscopy with principle 2 marks and instrumentation with diagram. 2 marks Applications 2 marks	6
Q.6	i	Explain the following terms by giving examples (i) System (ii) Surrounding (iii) Internal energy (iv) Enthalpy (v) Entropy 1 mark each	5
	ii	What do you understand by corrosion? 1 mark Give a brief account of how the iron open to atmosphere gets rusted? 1 marks Explain with complete reactions and preventive methods. 3 marks	5
OR	iii	Define EMF. 1 mark Write in detail four applications of EMF. 4 marks	5

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(at least four applications)

2 marks

Compare the properties of Type I and Type II superconductors.

3 marks each

Write down its properties (at least six) - 5 marks

Give detailed analysis of Fullerenes

with its structure, 3 marks

properties 2 marks

and applications. 2 marks

(analysis - 1.5 marks + structure - 1.5 marks
(at least four applications properties)
(at least four applications)

Write a detailed note on the types of molecular vibrations with diagram. 1 mark each

(all stretching + all bending vibrations)

Discuss the assessment of Gas chromatography.

with instrumentation 3 marks

and applications with diagram 3 marks

(1 mark - assessment + 2 mark Instrumentation)

Discuss the assessment of UV -Visible spectroscopy with

principle 2 marks

and instrumentation with diagram. 2 marks

Applications 2 marks

(1 - assessment + 1 principle)

(at least four applications)

Explain the following terms by giving examples

(i) System (ii) Surrounding (iii) Internal energy (iv)

Enthalpy (v) Entropy

1 mark each

(2.5 marks each)

and its significance.

What do you understand by corrosion? 1 mark

Give a brief account of how the iron open to atmosphere gets

rusted? 1 marks

Explain with complete reactions and preventive methods. 3

marks

(1 mark - rusting reaction + 2 marks - preventive method at least four)

Define EMF. 1 mark

Write in detail four applications of EMF. 4 marks