

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering  
End Sem Examination May-2024  
CS3EO06 Microprocessor & Microcontroller

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CSE All

**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. In the internal architecture of the Intel 8085 microprocessor, what component is responsible for arithmetic and logic operations? **1**  
 (a) ALU (Arithmetic Logic Unit) (b) Control unit  
 (c) Instruction register (d) Program counter
- ii. Which addressing mode involves specifying the operand's address stored in a register or memory location? **1**  
 (a) Direct addressing mode (b) Indirect addressing mode  
 (c) Register addressing mode (d) Immediate addressing mode
- iii. Which pin of the 8086 microprocessor is used to indicate the beginning of a machine cycle? **1**  
 (a) MN/MX (b) CLK (c) S0 (d) ALE
- iv. In the minimum mode operation of the 8086 microprocessor, which pin is used to differentiate between the address and data bus? **1**  
 (a) ALE (b) MN/MX (c) DEN (d) QS0
- v. Which of the following is NOT a typical function of a memory interface circuit? **1**  
 (a) Address decoding  
 (b) Data transfer control  
 (c) Instruction execution  
 (d) Timing and control signal generation
- vi. The USART (Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter) 8251 is commonly used for: **1**  
 (a) Generating interrupts (b) Managing memory access  
 (c) Serial communication (d) Timer functions

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- vii. Which component of the 8051 microcontroller is commonly used for generating timing and counting events? **1**  
 (a) Accumulator (b) Data pointer  
 (c) Timer/counter (d) Program counter
- viii. The addressing mode used in the 8051 microcontroller where the operand is directly specified in the instruction is called: **1**  
 (a) Direct addressing mode  
 (b) Indirect addressing mode  
 (c) Immediate addressing mode  
 (d) Register addressing mode
- ix. Which component is utilized for interfacing a microcontroller with an ADC0808 (Analog-to-Digital Converter)? **1**  
 (a) Multiplexer (b) Digital potentiometer  
 (c) Analog comparator (d) Parallel interface
- x. To control the movement of a stepper motor, a microcontroller commonly uses: **1**  
 (a) PWM (Pulse Width Modulation)  
 (b) UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver-Transmitter)  
 (c) ADC (Analog-to-Digital Converter)  
 (d) GPIO (General Purpose Input/Output) pins
- Q.2 i. Define demultiplexing. **2**  
 ii. Define machine cycle, instruction cycle & T state. **3**  
 iii. Explain various addressing modes of 8085 microprocessor. Also give suitable example. **5**
- OR iv. Describe the pin configuration of 8085 microprocessor. **5**
- Q.3 i. Explain instruction set of 8086. **2**  
 ii. Draw and explain the functional block diagram of 8086 microprocessor. **8**
- OR iii. Write a program in 8086 assembly language to add two 8 bit numbers. **8**
- Q.4 i. Define memory interfacing. **3**  
 ii. Difference between 8253 and 8254. Draw architecture and explanation of 8254. **7**
- OR iii. How DMA operations are performed? Explain DMA controller interfacing. **7**

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- Q.5 i. Difference between microprocessor and microcontroller. **4**  
 ii. Discuss the pin configuration of 8051 microcontroller. **6**
- OR iii. What is various type of interrupt in 8051? Explain with examples. **6**
- Q.6 Attempt any two:  
 i. Explain interfacing of microcontroller with ADC. **5**  
 ii. Explain interfacing of microcontroller with seven segment display. **5**  
 iii. Explain interfacing of microcontroller with stepper motor. **5**

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# Marking Scheme

## CS3EO06 (T) Microprocessor & Microcontroller

Q.1	i)	(A)	1
	ii)	(B)	1
	iii)	(C)	1
	iv)	(B)	1
	v)	(C)	1
	vi)	(C)	1
	vii)	(C)	1
	viii)	(C)	1
	ix)	(D)	1
	x)	(D)	1
Q.2	i.	Define Demultiplexing.	2
	ii.	Define Machine cycle, Instruction cycle & T State.	1
			<b>marks for each</b>
	iii.	Explain various addressing modes of 8085 microprocessor	3
		With suitable example.	2
OR	iv.	Draw pin diagram of 8085	2
		Its function	3
Q.3	i.	Explain Instruction set of 8086.	2
	ii.	Architecture	4
		Explanation	4
OR	iii.	Write a program in 8086 assembly language to add two 8 bit numbers.	8
Q.4	i.	Define Memory Interfacing.	3
	ii.	Difference between 8253 and 8254.	3
		Draw architecture and Explanation of 8254.	4
OR	iii.	How DMA operations are performed?	3
		Explain DMA controller interfacing.	4
Q.5	i.	Difference between microprocessor and microcontroller.	4

	ii.	Discuss the Pin Configuration of 8051 microcontroller. As per the explanation	6
OR	iii.	What is various type of interrupt in 8051? Explain with examples.	2 4
Q.6	i.	Interfacing of microcontroller with ADC. As per the explanation	5
	ii.	Interfacing of 8255 PPI As per the explanation	5
	iii.	Interfacing of microcontroller with stepper motor. As per the explanation	5

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