Total No. of Questions: 6

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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Management End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2017 MS5EH01 Performance Management

Programme: MBA Branch/Specialisation: Management / HR

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

Q.1 i. An aim of performance appraisal is to 1 (a) Fire employee (b) Motivate employee (c) Counsel employee (d) Hire employee Reason that involves in employer's movement for performance 1 management is (a) Total quality (b) Appraisal issues (d) All of above (c) Strategic planning Which of these is the main purpose of employee assessment? 1 (a) Making correct decisions (b) Establish job expectations (c) To effect promotions based on competence and performance (d) None of the above What is the first step in the appraisal process? 1 (a) Giving feedback (b) Defining the job (c) Administering the appraisal tool (d) Making plans to provide training Setting performance criteria is to; 1 (a) Achieve desired outcomes (b) Meet legal compliance (c) Achieve competitive advantage (d) Promote goodwill in Market

P.T.O.

	vi.	The S in the acronym for SM	MART goals stands for	1	Q.4
		(a) Specific	(b) Straightforward		۳.۷
		(c) Strategic	(d) Source		
	vii.	- · · ·	ensitive and subtle, involving the use	1	
			guide, facilitate, motivate, encourage,		
			ger to more effectively use personal		
		qualities in order to succeed			Q.5
		(a) Super vision	(b) Counselling		Q.J
		(c) Coaching	(d) Mentoring		
	viii.	- · ·	refers to a method of objectively	1	OR
			e people in action by experts or HR		OK
		_	p of various assessment tools and		
		instruments?	-		
		(a) Assessment Centre	(b) Model Centre		
		(c) MBO	(d) Observation Centre		
	ix.	is a n	neans by which organisations reward	1	Q.6
		employees for their contribu	tions to the business.		V .0
		(a) Employee Recognition	(b) Gift basket		
		(c) KRAs	(d) Feedback		
	х.	Type of teams recognized for	or making reward system are:	1	
		(a) Work or service Teams	(b) Project Teams		
		(c) Network Teams	(d) All of the above		
Q.2 i.	Define Performance Manage	ement.	4		
	ii.	How do you diagnose causes of poor performance?		6	
OR	iii.	Explain different dimensions of Performance Management.		6	
Q.3 i.	What is the difference i	n Performance Management and	4		
		Potential Management?			
	ii.	Explain the process of Perfo	rmance Management.	6	
OR	iii.	Briefly describe the contribining any organization.	oution of Performance Management	6	

Q.4		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Explain the most important Goal Setting Theory.	5
	ii.	'Performance managing aids are the achievement of	5
		performance planning'. Critically examine the statement.	
	iii.	Explain the objectives and process of Performance Analysis.	5
Q.5	i.	Define Mentoring and explain mentoring process.	4
	ii.	What are the common Rater's problems? How they can be overcome?	6
OR	iii.	Which method of appraisal is most suited for appraising the following category of employees: (a) IT Professionals (b) HR Professionals (c) R&D Scientist	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	What are the different challenges in doing Performance appraisal of a Team?	5
	ii.	Enumerate 'linking rewards strategies in Performance Management'.	5
	iii.	Explain some Team Reward Practices adopted by world class organisations.	5

MS5EH01 Performance Management

Marking Scheme

Q.1	i.	An aim of performance appraisal is to	1
		(b) Motivate employee	
	ii.	Reason that involves in employer's movement for performance	1
		management is	
		(d) All of above	
	iii.	Which of these is the main purpose of employee assessment?	1
		(c) To effect promotions based on competence and performance	
	iv.	What is the first step in the appraisal process?	1
		(b) Defining the job	
	v.	Setting performance criteria is to;	1
		(a) Achieve desired outcomes	
	vi.	The S in the acronym for SMART goals stands for	1
		(a) Specific	
	vii.	Which of the following is sensitive and subtle, involving the use	1
		of superior experience to guide, facilitate, motivate, encourage,	
		and thereby enable a manager to more effectively use personal	
		qualities in order to succeed?	
		(d) Mentoring	
	viii.	Which of the following refers to a method of objectively	1
		observing and assessing the people in action by experts or HR	
		professionals with the help of various assessment tools and	
		instruments?	
		(c) MBO	
	ix.	is a means by which organisations reward	1
		employees for their contributions to the business.	
		(a) Employee Recognition	
	х.	Type of teams recognized for making reward system are:	1
		(d) All of the above	
Q.2	i.	Meaning of Performance Management.	4
	ii.	Causes of poor performance 1 mark for each points	6
		(1 mark * 6 = 6 marks)	
OR	iii.	Any 3 Dimensions of Performance Management 2 marks each	6
		(2 marks * 3 = 6 marks)	

Q.3	i.	Any 4 differences $(1 \text{ mark } * 4 = 4 \text{ marks})$	4
	ii.	Process of Performance Management (step-wise, each point is	6
		of 2 marks) (2 marks $*$ 3 = 6 marks)	
OR	iii.	Any 6 points Contribution/Significance of Performance	6
		Management (1 mark * $6 = 6$ marks)	
Q.4		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Meaning & application Goal Setting Theory.	5
	ii.	Importance of Performance management in performance planning	5
	iii.	Objectives of Performance Analysis – 2.5 marks	5
		Process of Performance Analysis – 2.5 marks	
Q.5	i.	Meaning of Mentoring - 2 marks	4
		Mentoring process – 2 marks	
	ii.	Common Rater's problems – 3 marks	6
		Ways to overcome – 3 marks	
OR	iii.	Method of appraisal each category is of 2 marks	6
		(2 marks * 3 = 6 marks)	
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Any five challenges in doing Performance appraisal	5
		(1 mark * 5 = 5 marks)	
	ii.	Advantage linking rewards strategies (any five points)	5
		(1 mark * 5 = 5 marks)	
	iii.	Team Reward Practices any five adopted by world class organisations (1 mark * $5 = 5$ marks)	5
