

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Science
End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022
CA3CO06 Computer Architecture

Programme: BCA / Branch/Specialisation: Computer
 BCA+MCA (Integrated) Application

Duration: 3 Hrs.**Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Which registers of the processor are connected to memory bus? **1**
 (a) PC (b) MAR (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) IR
- ii. The ALU of a computer responds to the commands coming from- **1**
 (a) Primary memory (b) Control section
 (c) External Memory (d) All of these
- iii. Floating point representation is used to store- **1**
 (a) Boolean values (b) Whole numbers
 (c) Real Integers (d) Integers
- iv. The sign magnitude representation of -9 is _____. **1**
 (a) 00001001 (b) 11111001
 (c) 10001001 (d) 11001
- v. RTL stands for- **1**
 (a) Random transfer language
 (b) Register transfer language
 (c) Relay transfer language
 (d) All of these
- vi. The register for the program counter is signified as _____. **1**
 (a) MAR (b) IR (c) PC (d) None of these
- vii. The instructions like MOV or ADD are called as _____. **1**
 (a) OP-Code (b) Operators (c) Commands (d) None of these
- viii. Which of following is not general-purpose register of 8086/8088? **1**
 (a) Code Segment (b) Data Segment
 (c) Stack Segment (d) Address Segment
- ix. The cells in each column are connected to _____. **1**
 (a) Capacitor (b) Data line (c) Read line (d) Sense/Write line

P.T.O.

- x. Which of the following memories must be refreshed many times per second? **1**
 (a) SRAM (b) DRAM (c) EPROM (d) ROM

- Q.2 Attempt any two: **5**
- i. What is a computer? Draw a block diagram of a simple computer with peripherals. **5**
- ii. Give two criteria for instruction set design. Also discuss instruction set format. **5**
- iii. Discuss features of Instruction Set Architecture. "Computer is dumb machine" Justify this statement. **5**

- Q.3 i. Explain single precision floating point representation and represent $(6.25)_{10}$ in single precision format. **2**
- ii. Discuss booth's algorithm with the help of flowchart and one example. **8**
- OR iii. Explain restoring division algorithm method with one example. **8**

- Q.4 i. What is micro-operation? Discuss three different types of micro-operation with one example. **4**
- ii. Design a 4-bit arithmetic circuit also mention function table for arithmetic micro-operation. **6**
- OR iii. Explain bus system for four registers using multiplexer. **6**

- Q.5 Attempt any two: **5**
- i. What are addressing modes? Explain any four addressing modes of 8086 microprocessor. **5**
- ii. What are data transfer Instruction? Also give any two examples of arithmetic instruction and bit manipulation instruction. **5**
- iii. Draw and explain pin diagram of 8086. **5**

- Q.6 Attempt any two: **5**
- i. Explain memory hierarchy with help of diagram. **5**
- ii. Draw and explain memory chip organization of RAM. **5**
- iii. Explain the following: **5**
 (a) Cache Memory (b) Auxiliary Memory

Marking Scheme CA3CO06 Computer Architecture

Q.1	i.	Which registers of the processor are connected to memory bus? (b) MAR		1
	ii.	The ALU of a computer responds to the commands coming from- (b) Control section		1
	iii.	Floating point representation is used to store- (c) Real Integers (d) Integers		1
	iv.	The sign magnitude representation of -9 is _____. (c) 10001001 (d) 11001		1
	v.	RTL stands for- (b) Register transfer language		1
	vi.	The register for the program counter is signified as _____. (c) PC		1
	vii.	The instructions like MOV or ADD are called as _____. (a) OP-Code		1
	viii.	Which of following is not general-purpose register of 8086/8088? (d) Address Segment		1
	ix.	The cells in each column are connected to _____. (d) Sense/Write line		1
	x.	Which of the following memories must be refreshed many times per second? (b) DRAM		1
Q.2		Attempt any two:		
	i.	What is a computer Diagram Explanation	2 Marks 1 Mark 2 Marks	5
	ii.	Criteria Instruction set format.	2 Marks 3 Marks	5
Q.3		iii. Features Justification	3 Marks 2 Marks	5
	i.	Explanation Solution	1 Mark 1 Mark	2
	ii.	Discussion Flowchart Example.	3 Marks 3 Marks 2 Marks	8
OR		iii. Discussion Flowchart Example.	3 Marks 3 Marks 2 Marks	8

Q.4	i.	Definition 3 types of micro-operation	1 Mark 1 Mark each (1 Mark*3)	4
	ii.	Diagram Function table Explanation	1 Mark 2 Marks 3 Marks	6
OR	iii.	Explanation Diagram	4 Marks 2 Marks	6
Q.5		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Definition 4 addressing modes	1 Mark 1 Mark each (1 Mark*4)	5
	ii.	Definition 2 examples	1 Mark 2 Marks each (2 Marks*2)	5
Q.6		iii. Diagram Explanation	1 Mark 4 Marks	5
		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Diagram Explanation	1 Mark 4 Marks	5
	ii.	Diagram Explanation	1 Mark 4 Marks	5
	iii.	(a) Cache Memory Diagram Explanation (b) Auxiliary Memory Diagram Explanation	1 Mark 1.5 Marks 1 Mark 1.5 Marks	5
