

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering  
End Sem Examination Dec 2024  
OE00093 Hybrid Electric Vehicles

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: All

**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

		Marks	BL	PO	CO	PSO
Q.1	i. Objective behind using a hybrid cars is-	1	01	01	01	
	(a) Reduction in fuel consumption					
	(b) Reduction in emission					
	(c) Increased power and torque					
	(d) All of these					
	ii. Electric vehicle and hybrid vehicles have following components common except-	1	01	01	01	
	(a) ICE					
	(b) Battery					
	(c) Generator					
	(d) ECU					
	iii. A plug-in hybrid is different from a conventional hybrid electric vehicle because it has-	1	01	01	02	
	(a) Built in battery charger					
	(b) Li-Ox battery					
	(c) Bigger motor					
	(d) None of these					
	iv. Which of the following converts energy from the combustion of fuel directly to the electrical energy?	1	01	01	02	
	(a) Ni-Cd cell					
	(b) Dynamo					
	(c) Fuel cell					
	(d) Electrolytic cell					
	v. Which of the following is a requirement for electric motors used in EVs/HEVs?	1	01	01	03	
	(a) Low peak power					
	(b) High efficiency at varying speeds					
	(c) Low torque output					
	(d) Very high torque output					

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vi.	What is a primary advantage of Brushless DC Motors (BLDC) in EVs/HEVs?	1	01	01	03
	(a) Low maintenance requirements				
	(b) High torque-to-weight ratio				
	(c) Efficient at low speeds				
	(d) All of these				
vii.	In a buck-boost converter, what can be achieved?	1	01	01	04
	(a) Only step-up voltage				
	(b) Only step-down voltage				
	(c) Both step up and step-down voltage				
	(d) Only convert AC to DC				
viii.	What is the primary role of a DC-AC inverter in EV applications?	1	01	01	04
	(a) Charging the battery				
	(b) Providing high voltage to the motor				
	(c) Converting DC from the battery to AC for the motor				
	(d) Step down the voltage				
ix.	What is a primary advantage of battery-based energy storage in EVs/HEVs?	1	01	01	05
	(a) Low energy density				
	(b) High efficiency and maturity of technology				
	(c) Fast energy storage				
	(d) Very long-life cycle				
x.	Which of the following best describes a simplified model of a battery?	1	01	01	05
	(a) Resistor-capacitor (RC) circuit				
	(b) Inductor-capacitor (LC) circuit				
	(c) Purely resistive load				
	(d) Constant voltage source				
Q.2	i. What is meant by state of charge of batteries?	2	01	01	01
	ii. Discuss the electrical drive system or an electric vehicle with suitable block diagram.	3	01	03	01
	iii. Describe the present technological trends of EVs/EHVs and the challenges associated with it.	5	01	02	02
OR	iv. Describe the conceptual advantages of a hybrid electric vehicle over electric vehicles.	5	01	01	02

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Q.3	i. Explain the different configuration of electric vehicle.	3	01	01	02
	ii. Explain the difference between HEVs and PHEVs with the help of block diagram.	7	01	02	03
OR	iii. What is the operation pattern of series and parallel types of HEVs?	7	01	02	03
Q.4	i. Discuss the different considerations in the design of power control strategies for HEVs.	3	01	03	03
	ii. Justify the usage of PMSM in electric vehicle application.	7	01	03	03
OR	iii. Compare the induction and BLDC motor with respect to electric vehicle application.	7	01	03	03
Q.5	i. Discuss the mode of operations of boost and buck-boost converters with suitable block diagram.	4	01	03	04
	ii. Explain the implementation of closed loop speed control of a two quadrant three phase converter-controlled DC motor drive system with suitable diagram.	6	01	03	04
OR	iii. Discuss the implementation of pulse width modulation controller for dc motor chopper drive.	6	01	03	04
Q.6	Attempt any two:				
	i. Explain the basic principle, advantages, and disadvantages of fuel cell.	5	01	07	05
	ii. Explain the available options of the energy storage technologies for EVs.	5	01	01	05
	iii. Discuss the approximate sizing of battery for a new design of electric vehicle.	5	01	03	05

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**Marking Scheme**  
**OE00093 (T) Hybrid Electric Vehicles (T)**

		<b>Marks</b>
Q.1	i. Objective behind using a hybrid cars is Answer: (d) All of these	<b>1</b>
	ii. Electric vehicle and hybrid vehicles have following components common except Answer: (a) internal combustion engine	<b>1</b>
	iii. A plug-in hybrid is different from a conventional hybrid electric vehicle because it has: Answer: (a) built in battery charger	<b>1</b>
	iv. Which of the following converts energy from the combustion of fuel directly to the electrical energy? Answer: (c) Fuel cell	<b>1</b>
	v. Which of the following is a requirement for electric motors used in EVs/HEVs? Answer: (b) High efficiency at varying speeds	<b>1</b>
	vi. What is a primary advantage of Brushless DC Motors (BLDC) in EVs/HEVs? Answer: (b) High torque-to-weight ratio	<b>1</b>
	vii. In a buck-boost converter, what can be achieved? Answer: (c) Both step up and step down voltage	<b>1</b>
	viii. What is the primary role of a DC-AC inverter in EV applications? Answer: (c) Converting DC from the battery to AC for the motor	<b>1</b>
	ix. What is a primary advantage of battery-based energy storage in EVs/HEVs? Answer: (b) High efficiency and maturity of technology	<b>1</b>
	x. Which of the following best describes a simplified model of a battery? Answer: (a) Resistor-capacitor (RC) circuit	<b>1</b>
Q.2	i. Explanation .....2 marks	<b>2</b>
	ii. Diagram .....1.5 marks Explanation .....1.5 marks	<b>3</b>

	iii. Explanation .....3 marks Challenges .....2 marks	<b>5</b>
OR	iv. Each advantage equal to 1 mark, ....5 advantages...equal to 5 marks	<b>5</b>
Q.3	i. Each configuration equal to 1 mark....3 configurations...equal to 3 marks	<b>3</b>
	ii. Diagram.....4 marks Each difference equal to 1 mark, ...3 differences.....3 marks	<b>7</b>
OR	iii. Each operation equal to 3.5 mark, ...2 operations .....7 marks	<b>7</b>
Q.4	i. Explanation .....3 marks	<b>3</b>
	ii. Explanation .....3 marks Applications .....4 marks	<b>7</b>
OR	iii. Explanation .....3 marks Application .....4 marks	<b>7</b>
Q.5	i. Diagram .....2 marks Mode of operation .....2 marks	<b>4</b>
	ii. Diagram .....2 marks Explanation .....4 marks	<b>6</b>
OR	iii. Statement .....2 marks Explanation .....4 marks	<b>6</b>
Q.6	Attempt any two:	
	i. Basic principle equal to 2 marks Advantage and disadvantage equal to 3 marks	<b>5</b>
	ii. Explanation .....5 marks	<b>5</b>
	iii. Sizing of battery.....2 marks Explanation .....3 marks	<b>5</b>

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