

Total No. of Questions: 6

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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering / Science

End Sem Examination May-2023

EN3BS14 / BC3BS04 Engineering Chemistry

Programme: B.Tech. /B.Sc.

Branch/Specialisation: All

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. Lubricating oil having low aniline point results in- 1  
(a) Deterioration of metal  
(b) Deterioration of rubber  
(c) Deterioration of wall of jar  
(d) Deterioration of iron
- ii. Which of the following way of lubrication shows the lowest value of coefficient of friction? 1  
(a) Thick film lubrication  
(b) Thin film lubrication  
(c) No use of lubrication  
(d) Same for thick and thin film lubrication
- iii. Nylon 66 is an example of- 1  
(a) Homopolymer (b) Copolymer  
(c) Addition Polymer (d) All of these
- iv. A polymer with an amide linkage is known as- 1  
(a) Nylon 6, 6 (b) Teflon (c) Terylene (d) Bakelite
- v. Central part of optical fiber is named as- 1  
(a) Core (b) Cladding (c) Buffer (d) None of these
- vi. What is the name of an allotrope of carbon consisting a nanostructure of a single layer of atoms arranged in a two-dimensional, honeycomb lattice? 1  
(a) Optical Fiber (b) Nanowire  
(c) Graphene (d) None of these

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- vii. IR spectroscopy is related to transitions in- **1**  
 (a) Vibrational energy levels (b) Electronic energy levels  
 (c) Nuclear energy levels (d) None of these
- viii. Which of the following can be used as a carrier gas in gas chromatography? **1**  
 (a) Nitrogen (b) Argon (c) Helium (d) All of these
- ix. The ratio of amount of heat (emitted or absorbed) to the absolute temperature of a system is denoted as- **1**  
 (a) Enthalpy (b) Entropy (c) Energy (d) Work
- x. Which of the following is a thermodynamically highest unstable state? **1**  
 (a) Pure metal (b) Corroded metal  
 (c) Ore of metal (d) None of these
- Q.2 i. Define steam emulsification number and fire point. **2**  
 ii. What do you mean by viscosity index? A lubricating oil has a S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210<sup>0</sup> F and 660 seconds at 100<sup>0</sup> F. The high viscosity standard oil has S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210<sup>0</sup> F and 400 seconds at 100<sup>0</sup> F. The low viscosity standard oil has S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210<sup>0</sup> F and 800 seconds at 100<sup>0</sup> F. Calculate the viscosity index of the oil. **3**
- iii. Describe in brief about liquid lubricants. Discuss the thin mechanism of lubrication with suitable diagram and examples. **5**
- OR iv. Write definition and importance of the following terms - iodine number, total acid number. **5**
- Q.3 i. What do you mean by biodegradable polymer? List any four advantages of biodegradable polymer. **2**  
 ii. Describe the classification of polymer with suitable examples on the basis of following criteria: tacticity, heat effect, polymeric structure **3**  
 iii. What are biopolymers? Discuss properties and applications of natural rubber. **5**
- OR iv. Write preparation, properties and applications of the following polymers: PVC, PTFE (Teflon) **5**
- Q.4 Attempt any two:  
 i. Describe characteristic properties of optical fiber and superconductor. **5**

- ii. Why is graphene considered as nanostructure? Describe applications of followings: graphene, carbon nanotube. **5**
- iii. Describe properties and applications of fullerenes. **5**
- Q.5 i. What do you mean by spectroscopy and electromagnetic spectrum? **2**  
 ii. Define the following terms: Chromophore, Bathochromic shift, Beer Lambert's law **3**  
 iii. Describe the principle and instrumentation of UV spectroscopy. **5**
- OR iv. Discuss instrumentation and applications of gas chromatography. **5**
- Q.6 Attempt any two:  
 i. Write any two statements to define the entropy. Describe internal energy and external energy. **5**  
 ii. What is EMF? Describe the method to determine solubility product with the help of emf measurement. **5**  
 iii. What is electrochemical corrosion? Explain the mechanism of electrochemical corrosion with suitable example. **5**

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### Marking Scheme

#### EN3BS14 / BC3BS04 Engineering Chemistry

Q.1	i)	Lubricating oil having low aniline point results in-	1
		(b) Deterioration of rubber	
	ii)	Which of the following way of lubrication shows the lowest value of coefficient of friction:	1
		<b>(a) Thick film lubrication</b>	
	iii)	Nylon 66 is an example of:	1
		<b>(b) Copolymer</b>	
	iv)	A polymer with an amide linkage is known as-	1
		(a) Nylon 6, 6	
	v)	Central part of optical fiber is named as:	1
		<b>(a) Core</b>	
Q.2	vi)	What is the name of an allotrope of carbon consisting a nanostructure of a single layer of atoms arranged in a two-dimensional, honeycomb lattice?	1
		<b>(c) Graphene</b>	
	vii)	IR spectroscopy is related to transitions in:	1
		<b>(a) Vibrational energy levels</b>	
	viii)	Which of the following can be used as a carrier gas in gas chromatography:	1
		<b>(d) All of the given options</b>	
	ix)	The ratio of amount of heat (emitted or absorbed) to absolute temperature of a system is denoted as:	1
		<b>(b) Entropy</b>	
	x)	Which of the following is a thermodynamically highest unstable state:	1
		<b>(a) Pure metal</b>	
Q.2	i.	Define Steam emulsification number – <b>1 mark</b>	2
		and fire point. – <b>1 mark</b>	
Q.2	ii.	What do you mean by viscosity index? – <b>0.5 mark</b>	3
		A lubricating oil has a S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210° F and 660 seconds at 100° F. The high viscosity standard oil has S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210° F and 400 seconds at 100° F. The low viscosity standard oil has S.U.V. of 58 seconds at 210° F and 800 seconds at 100° F. Calculate the viscosity index of the oil. – <b>0.5 mark (formula) + 1.5 mark (solution and answer) (35-Answer)</b>	

OR	iii.	Describe in brief about liquid lubricants. – <b>2 marks</b>	5
		Discuss the thin mechanism of lubrication with suitable diagram and examples– <b>2 marks + 1 mark (diagram)</b>	
OR	iv.	Discuss the definition and importance of following: iodine number, – <b>1 mark</b> (definition) + <b>1.5 marks</b> (importance) total acid number – <b>1 mark</b> (definition) + <b>1.5 marks</b> (importance)	5
Q.3	i.	What do you mean by biodegradable polymer? – <b>1 mark</b>	2
		List any four advantages of biodegradable polymer. – <b>1 mark</b>	
Q.3	ii.	Describe the classification of polymer with suitable examples on the basis of following criteria: tacticity, – <b>1 mark</b> heat effect, – <b>1 mark</b> polymeric structure – <b>1 mark</b>	3
Q.3	iii.	What are biopolymer? – <b>2 marks</b>	5
		Discuss properties <b>1.5 marks</b> (3 properties) and applications <b>1.5 marks</b> of natural rubber. (3 Application)	
OR	iv.	Write preparation, properties and applications of the following polymers: PVC, – <b>2.5 marks</b> (Preparation-1 marks, Properties- 0.5, Application-1 marks) PTFE(Teflon) – <b>2.5 marks</b> (Preparation-1 marks, Properties- 0.5, Application-1 marks)	5
Q.4	i.	Describe characteristic properties of optical fiber – <b>2.5 marks</b> and superconductor. – <b>2.5 marks</b> (Atleast 6 properties with details)	5
Q.4	ii.	Why is graphene considered as nanostructure? , – <b>1 mark</b> Describe 4 applications of followings: graphene, , – <b>2 marks</b> carbon nanotube , – <b>2 marks</b>	5
OR	iii.	Describe 5 properties -, – <b>2.5 marks</b> and 5 applications of fullerenes. , – <b>2.5 marks</b>	5
Q.5	i.	What do you mean by spectroscopy, – <b>1 mark</b> and electromagnetic spectrum? – <b>1 mark</b>	2
Q.5	ii.	Define the following terms: Chromophore, – <b>1 mark</b> Bathochromic shift, – <b>1 mark</b> Beer Lambert's law – <b>1 mark</b>	3
Q.5	iii.	Describe the principle – <b>2.5 marks</b> and instrumentation of UV spectroscopy. - <b>2.5 marks</b>	5
OR	iv.	Discuss instrumentation – <b>3 marks</b> and applications of gas chromatography. – <b>2 marks</b>	5

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- Q.6 Attempt any two:
- i. Write any two statements to define the entropy. -3 **marks** **5**  
Describe internal energy and external energy. -2 **marks**
  - ii. What is EMF? -2 **mark** **5**  
Describe the method to determine solubility product with the help of emf measurement, - 3 **marks**
  - iii. What is electrochemical corrosion?, - 3 **mark (Definition/Types)** **5**  
Explain mechanism of electrochemical corrosion with suitable example. - 2 **marks** (mechanism-1 marks, example-1 marks)

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