Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Engineering End Sem Examination May-2024

## OE00069 IoT with Applications

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: All

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. Which of the following is not a typical component of an IoT system?

  (a) Sensors
  (b) Cloud computing
  (c) Mobile phones
  (d) Drones

  ii. What is one of the main challenges associated with IoT security?

  (a) Lack of connectivity
  - (a) Lack of connectivity(b) Limited data storage(c) Privacy and data protection
  - (d) High cost of devices
  - ii. What is the significance of M2M communication in smart cities?
    - (a) It increases traffic congestion
    - (b) It reduces energy consumption
    - (c) It leads to more pollution
    - (d) It doesn't impact city infrastructure
  - iv. Which technology is often used to manage and orchestrate VNFs in 1 NFV environments?
    - (a) Artificial Intelligence (AI)
    - (b) Machine Learning (ML)
    - (c) Software-Defined Networking (SDN)
    - (d) Blockchain
  - v. What role does user feedback play in IoT design methodology?
    - (a) It has no impact on the design process
    - (b) It helps refine and improve the IoT system
    - (c) It delays the deployment phase
    - (d) It is used for marketing purposes only

P.T.O.

1

[2]

	vi.	Which activity is part of the validation phase in IoT design methodology?	1	
		(a) Identifying user requirements		
		(b) Developing software code		
		(c) Creating personas		
		(d) Testing the IoT system with real users		
	vii.	What role do IoT devices play in DDoS attacks?	1	
		(a) They can be hijacked to launch DDoS attacks		
		(b) They are immune to DDoS attacks		
		(c) They protect against DDoS attacks		
		(d) They are not connected to the internet		
	viii.	At layer 3 of the layered attacker model, attackers typically exploit	1	
		vulnerabilities in:		
		(a) Hardware components		
		(b) Operating systems and applications		
		(c) Network protocols and configurations		
		(d) User behaviour		
	ix.	Which industry benefits from IoT applications in predictive	1	
		maintenance?		
		(a) Manufacturing (b) Smart payment		
		(c) Entertainment (d) Education		
	х.	What types of sensors are commonly used in Home IDS?	1	
		(a) Temperature sensors (b) Motion sensors		
		(c) Sound sensors (d) All of these		
Q.2	i.	Define IoT and explain its core concept.	2	
	ii.	What is MQTT? Discuss the role of the MQTT protocol in supporting	3	
		lightweight and efficient communication in IoT.		
	iii.	Explain the difference between COAP and HTTP protocols in the context of IoT.	5	
OR	iv.	What are different communication models in IoT? Explain briefly.	5	
Q.3 i.		Differentiate between IoT & M2M on the basis of different parameters.		
	ii.	Explain the role of cloud computing in IoT data storage. What are the	7	
OP		advantages and considerations of using cloud storage for IoT data?	_	
OR	iii.	Write short notes on-	7	
		(a) SDN (b) NFV		

[3]

Explain the concept of REST based communication API using a 3

		diagram.	
	ii.	What do you understand by IoT levels? Explain the difference between	7
		different levels on IoT.	
OR	iii.	Explain functional view specification & operational view specification	7
		considering case study of home automation.	
Q.5	i.	Differentiate between authentication & authorisation in IOT.	3
	ii.	Explain the concept of key exchange & management for secure	7
		communication in IoT.	

OR iii. Explain the layered attack model. Give brief description of possible 7

solution for different types of attacks.

Q.6 Attempt any two:

Q.4 i.

- i. Explain the case study of home automation system using different 5 sensors which can be deployed in IoT.
- i. What is a weather monitoring system in the context of IoT? What types 5 of weather parameters can be monitored using IoT-based weather monitoring systems?
- iii. What are the different tasks that can be performed by home intrusion 5 detection system? Explain briefly.

\*\*\*\*\*

[4]

## **Marking Scheme**

## IOT WITH APPLICATION (IoT) OE00069

Q.1	i)	Which of the following is not a typical component of an IoT system?	1
		C) Mobile Phones	
	ii)	What is one of the main challenges associated with IoT security?	1
		C) Privacy and data protection	
	iii)	What is the significance of M2M communication in smart cities?	1
		B) It reduces energy consumption	
	iv)	Which technology is often used to manage and orchestrate VNFs in NFV environments?	1
		C) Software-Defined Networking (SDN)	
	v)	What role does user feedback play in IoT design methodology?	1
		B) It helps refine and improve the IoT system	
	vi)	Which activity is part of the validation phase in IoT design	1
		methodology?	
		D) Testing the IoT system with real users	
	vii)	What role do IoT devices play in DDoS attacks?	1
		A) They can be hijacked to launch DDoS attacks	
	viii)	At Layer 3 of the Layered Attacker Model, attackers typically	1
		exploit vulnerabilities in:	
		B) Operating systems and applications	
	ix)	Which industry benefits from IoT applications in predictive maintenance?	1
		A) Manufacturing	
	x)	What types of sensors are commonly used in Home IDS?  D) All of the above	1
Q.2	i.	Define IoT and explain its core concept.	2
		Definition 1 Marks	
		Core concept 1 Marks	
	ii.	What is MQTT .Discuss the role of the MQTT protocol in	3
	111	supporting lightweight and efficient communication in IoT.	
		MQTT 1 Marks	
		Role of MQTT 2 Marks	
	iii.	Explain the difference between COAP and HTTP protocols in the	5
		context of IoT.	-
		COAP 2.5 Marks	

		HTTP 2.5 Marks	
OR	iv.	What are different Communication Models in IoT? Explain	5
		briefly.	
		Each models 1 marks	
Q.3	i.	Differentiate between IoT & M2M on the basis of different Parameters?	3
		IoT 1.5 Marks	
		M2M 1.5 Marks	
	ii.	Explain the role of cloud computing in IoT data storage. What are the advantages and considerations of using cloud storage for IoT	7
		data?	
		role of cloud computing in IoT data storage 3 Marks advantages 2 Marks	
		considerations 2 Marks	
OR	iii.	Write Short notes on (a) SDN 3.5 Marks	7
		(b)NFV 3.5 Marks	
Q.4	i.	Explain the Concept of REST based Communication API using a	3
		diagram?	
		Concept of REST based Communication API 2 Marks	
	ii.	Diagram 1 Marks What do you understand by IoT levels? Explain the difference	7
	11.	between different levels on IoT?	,
		Explanation & diagram 2 Marks	
0.5		Different levels 5 Marks	_
OR	iii.	Explain Functional view Specification & Operational view Specification considering case study of home automation? Functional view Specification 3.5 Marks	7
		Operational view Specification 3.5 Marks	
		operational view operations on the firming	
Q.5	i.	Differentiate between Authentication & Authorisation in IOT	3
	••	Each difference 1 marks	_
	ii.	Explain the concept of Key exchange & Management for secure communication in IoT?	7
		Concept & steps 3 Marks	
		Diagram 4 Marks	
OR	iii.	Explain the layered Attack Model? Give brief description of	7
		possible solution for different types of attacks?	
		layered Attack Model 3 Marks possible solutions 4 Marks	
		DOSSIDIE SOUIDOUS 4 IVIATES	

P.T.O.

[2]

Q.6 Attempt Any two

i. Explain the case study of Home Automation system using 5 different sensors which can be Deployed in IoT?

Diagram 1 Marks
Sensors explanations 4 Marks

ii. What is a weather monitoring system in the context of IoT? What 5 types of weather parameters can be monitored using IoT-based weather monitoring systems?

weather monitoring system 1 Marks weather parameters can be monitored 4 Marks

iii. What are the different tasks that can be performed by Home 5 Intrusion Detection system? Explain briefly.

Each task 1 marks.

\*\*\*\*\*