

Enrollment No.....



**Faculty of Engineering**  
**End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022**  
**CA5CO34 Data Structures & Algorithms**

Programme: MCA

Branch/Specialisation: Computer  
Application**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Identify the notation:  $abc+-de*/$ . **1**  
 (a) Infix notation (b) Prefix notation  
 (c) Postfix notation (d) None of these
- ii. Which of the following is not the correct statement for a stack data structure? **1**  
 (a) Arrays can be used to implement the stack  
 (b) Stack follows FIFO  
 (c) Elements are stored in a sequential manner  
 (d) Top of the stack contains the last inserted element
- iii. Rear is always in queue at position where element is \_\_\_\_\_. **1**  
 (a) Inserted (b) Deleted (c) Push (d) Add
- iv. When the user tries to delete the element from the empty queue then the condition is said to be a \_\_\_\_\_. **1**  
 (a) Underflow (b) Overflow  
 (c) Garbage collection (d) Full
- v. What is the optimal time complexity to count the number of nodes in a linked list? **1**  
 (a)  $O(n)$  (b)  $O(1)$  (c)  $O(\log n)$  (d) None of these
- vi. Insertion of an element at the middle of a linked list requires the modification of how many pointers? **1**  
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
- vii. If the number of records to be sorted is small, then \_\_\_\_\_ sorting can be efficient. **1**  
 (a) Merge (b) Heap (c) Selection (d) Bubble

P.T.O.

[2]

- viii. Which of the following algorithms is not feasible to implement in a linked list? **1**  
 (a) Linear search (b) Merge sort  
 (c) Insertion sort (d) Binary search
- ix. A graph in which all vertices have equal degree is known as \_\_\_\_\_. **1**  
 (a) Complete graph (b) Regular graph  
 (c) Multi graph (d) Simple graph
- x. A graph is a tree if and only if graph is- **1**  
 (a) Directed graph (b) Contains no cycles  
 (c) Planar (d) Completely connected
- Q.2 i. If the Input sequence is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 then, find out the total number of Stackable permutation are there. **2**  
 ii. Differentiate linear and non-linear data structure with example. **3**  
 iii. What is recursion? How recursion work in the form of stack justify by using factorial program? **5**
- OR iv. Explain the different types of operations on stack in details. Write a program for push operation. **5**
- Q.3 i. Explain heap data structure in details. **4**  
 ii. Explain the algorithm and working of “Tower of Hanoi” problem with solution for 3 discs. **6**
- OR iii. Write a program for Insertion – **6**  
 (a) Into simple Queue (b) Into C-Queue
- Q.4 i. Differentiate Malloc( ) and Calloc( ) with syntax and example. **3**  
 ii. Explain and write a program for singly linked list for– **7**  
 (a) Inserting four nodes  
 (b) Display data of nodes  
 (c) Counting total number of node  
 These operations are executed into single program and also explain its memory representation.
- OR iii. Explain and write a program for Doubly linked list- **7**  
 (a) Inserting three nodes  
 (b) Delete the First node into the list.  
 These operations are executed into single program and explain with memory representation.

[3]

- Attempt any two:
- Q.5 i. What is binary search? Explain it by using an algorithm. **5**  
 ii. Write an algorithm for shell sort. Sort the following numbers in ascending order 23, 12, 45, 54, 76, 67, 88, 97, 54 using shell sort. **5**  
 iii. Write an algorithm to sort N elements using Bubble sort also estimate time and space complexity. **5**
- Q.6 i. Let us consider a forest with N vertices and k component then how many edges are there in the forest. **4**  
 ii. What is Dijkstras algorithm? Explain it by using suitable example. **6**
- OR iii. Give the prefix & postfix form of the given expression, also draw its expression tree. **6**  
 (a)  $a + ((b * (c - e)) / f)$  (b)  $(a + b) * c - (d - e) * (f + g)$

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**Marking Scheme**  
**CA5CO34 Data Structure & Algorithm**

Q.1	i)	c) postfix notation	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	ii)	b) Stack follows FIFO	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	iii)	a) inserted	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	iv)	a) underflow	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	v)	a) O(n)	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	vi)	d) 2	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	vii)	c) Selection	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	viii)	d) Binary Search	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	ix)	b) Regular graph	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
	x)	b) Contains no cycles	1 Mark	<b>1</b>
Q.2	i.	42 by applying catalan formula	2 Marks	<b>2</b>
	ii.	At least three differences	1 Mark each (1 Mark*3)	<b>3</b>
	iii.	Recursion	2 Marks	<b>5</b>
		Program	2 Marks	
OR	iv.	Memory representation	1 mark	<b>5</b>
		Definition	1 mark	
		Types	2 Marks	
		Program	2 Marks	
Q.3	i.	Definition	2 Marks	<b>4</b>
		Max and min heap	2 Marks	
	ii.	Explain	1 Marks	<b>6</b>
		Algorithm	3 Marks	
OR	iii.	3 dice shifted	2 Marks	<b>6</b>
		Program: - simple Queue	3 Marks	
		CQueue	3 Marks	
Q.4	i.	Syntax	0.5 Marks	<b>3</b>
		example	0.5 Marks	
		At least 3 differences	2 Marks	
	ii.	Explanation	1 Marks	
		For each program in which memory representation is include		
			2 Marks each (2 Marks*3)	

OR	iii.	Explanation	1 Mark	<b>7</b>
		For each program in which memory representation is include	3 Marks each (3 Marks*2)	
Q.5	i.	For definition	2 Marks	<b>5</b>
		For algorithm	3 Marks	
	ii.	For algorithm	3 Marks	<b>5</b>
		For numerical question	2 Marks	
OR	iii.	For algorithm	3 Marks	<b>5</b>
		For time and space complexity	2 Marks	
Q.6				
		i.	n-k is correct answer	4 Marks
		ii.	Algorithm	3 Marks
			Example	3 Marks
	iii.	When exactly correct	3 Marks each (3 Marks*2)	<b>6</b>

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