Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022 CB3CO12 Computer Networks

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: CSBS

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of

	-) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.	18 0			
Q.1	i.	Which term refers to a network that provides secure access to the corporate offices by suppliers, customers, and collaborators? (a) Internet (b) Intranet (c) Extranet (d) Extendednet	1			
	ii.	Which physical topology is mostly used for setup of LAN?	1			
		(a) Token Ring (b) Token Bus				
		(c) Star (d) Mesh				
	iii.	Hamming code is used for-	1			
		(a) Error Detection				
		(b) Error-Correction				
	(c) Error-Correction and Detection					
		(d) Detection of bursty error				
	iv.	What is contained in the trailer of a data-link frame?	1			
		(a) Logical address (b) Physical address				
		(c) Data (d) Error detection				
	v.	What is the prefix length notation for the subnet mask	1			
		255.255.255.224?				
		(a) $/25$ (b) $/26$ (c) $/27$ (d) $/28$				
	vi.	Which address prefix range is reserved for IPv4 multicast?	1			
	(a) 240.0.0.0 – 254.255.255.255					
		(b) 224.0.0.0 – 239.255.255.255				
		(c) 169.254.0.0 – 169.254.255.255				
		(d) 127.0.0.0 – 127.255.255.255				
	vii.	Which of the following are transport layer protocols used in	1			
		networking?				
		(a) TCP and FTP (b) UDP and HTTP				
		(c) TCP and UDP (d) HTTP and FTP				

P.T.O.

	viii.	Transmission control protocol	1		
		(a) Is a connection-oriented protocol			
		(b) Uses a three way handshake to establish a connection			
		(c) Receives data from application as a single stream			
		(d) All of these			
	ix.	Which of the following is an application layer service?	1		
		(a) Network virtual terminal			
		(b) File transfer, access, and management			
		(c) Mail service			
		(d) All of these			
	х.	Which is a time-sensitive service?	1		
		(a) File transfer (b) File download			
		(c) E-mail (d) Internet telephony			
Q.2	i.	Why OSI model is known as layered architecture?	2		
	ii.	List three major transmission media usen in networking. Mention	3		
		two advantages and disadvantages for all three.			
	iii.	What is the difference between Frequency Division Multiplexing	5		
		and Wave Division Multiplexing? Why sync pulse is required in			
		TDM?			
OR	iv.	What are the Functions of Transport, Network and Data Link Layer?	5		
		Which Layer is responsible for Reliable connection? .			
	_				
Q.3	i.	What are the functions of LLC? Why is Ethernet said to be	4		
		1-persistent protocol?			
	ii.	How Selective repeat request is different from Go-back-N ARQ.	6		
		Explain with a suitable diagram with 08 packets sent from sender to			
O.D.		receiver.			
OR	111.	In a CSMA / CD network running at 1 Gbps over 1 km cable with	6		
		no repeaters, the signal speed in the cable is 200000 km/sec. What is			
		minimum frame size for this network?			
Q.4	i.	Discuss all classes of class base IPv4 classification.	4		
V .,	ii.	Why IP addressing is called logical addressing. How IP address gets	6		
		changed when user moves from one network to another network.	·		
		Which protocol helps in getting IP address.			
OR	iii.	Explain the header format of IPv6 addressing scheme.	6		
		-			

Q.5	i.	TCP is called as a reliable communication while UDP is unreliable, why? If UDP is unreliable then why it is used in networking, justify	4
	ii.	your answer. Which parameter can be smoothed with the help of leaky bucket algorithm? How token bucket algorithm is different from leaky bucket.	6
OR	iii.	Transport layer is known as Process to Process communication support layer, justify your answer. Explain port numbering system used at transport layer.	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	List the four protocols used in e-mail communication. Discuss functions of each protocols. (Two functions of each)	5
	ii.	How DNS is different from DDNS. Explain in detail.	5
	iii.	Write short notes on cryptography.	5

Marking Scheme CB3CO12 Computer Networks

Q.1	i.	Which term refers to a network that provides secure access to the corporate offices by suppliers, customers, and collaborators? (c) Extranet	1
	ii.	Which physical topology is mostly used for setup of LAN?	1
		(c) Star	
	iii.	Hamming code is used for-	1
		(c) Error-Correction and Detection	
	iv.	What is contained in the trailer of a data-link frame?	1
	••	(d) Error detection What is the profix length notation for the subnot most.	1
	v.	What is the prefix length notation for the subnet mask 255.255.255.224?	1
		(c) /27	
	vi.	Which address prefix range is reserved for IPv4 multicast?	1
		(b) 224.0.0.0 – 239.255.255.255	_
	vii.	Which of the following are transport layer protocols used in	1
		networking?	
		(c) TCP and UDP	
	viii.	Transmission control protocol	1
		(d) All of these	
	ix.	Which of the following is an application layer service?	1
		(d) All of these	
	х.	Which is a time-sensitive service?	1
		(d) Internet telephony	
Q.2	i.	OSI model is known as layered architecture 2 marks	2
	ii.	Any three major transmission media (0.5 mark * 3) 1.5 marks	3
		Two advantages for all three (0.25 mark * 3) 0.75 mark	
		Two disadvantages for all three (0.25 mark * 3) 0.75 mark	
	iii.	Any four differences (1 mark * 4) 4 marks	5
		Sync pulse 1 mark	
OR	iv.	Functions of Transport, Network and Data Link Layer	5
		(3 functions of each layer) (1.5 marks * 3) 4.5 marks	
		Layer is responsible for Reliable connection 0.5 mark	
Q.3	i.	Functions of LLC 2 marks	4

		Ethernet	2 marks	
	ii.	Selective repeat request	4 marks	6
		Suitable diagram	2 marks	
OR	iii.	As per calculation / explanation	6 marks	6
Q.4	i.	Five classes (0.8 mark * 5) 4 marks	4
	ii.	IP addressing is called logical addressing	2 marks	6
		IP address gets changed	3 marks	
		Protocol helps in getting IP address	1 mark	
OR	iii.	IPv6 addressing header format diagram	3 marks	6
		Explanation	3 marks	
Q.5	i.	Reliable communication	2 marks	4
		UDP is unreliable	2 marks	
	ii.	Parameter can be smoothed	1 mark	6
		Diagram with explanation	3 marks	
		Difference	2 marks	
OR	iii.	Transport layer is known as	3 marks	6
		Port numbering system	3 marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Any four protocols names	1 mark	5
		Functions of each protocols (1 mark * 4)	4 marks	
	ii.	DNS is different from DDNS		5
		As per explanation		
	iii.	Cryptography		5
		As per explanation		
