

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering / Science
End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022
CS3CO31 / IT3CO02 / BC3CO36 Data Structures

Programme: B.Tech.
 / B.Sc.(CS)

Branch/Specialisation: CSE All / IT /
 Computer Science

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Which of the following is not true about abstract data type (ADT): 1
- (a) An abstract data type is a mathematical model
 - (b) Abstract data types are generalizations of primitive data types
 - (c) ADT's specification depends upon implementation
 - (d) ADT's specification is independent of any particular implementation
- ii. Any problem which is implemented with recursion can be 1
 implemented with:
- (a) Switch case (b) Loop (c) If-else (d) If elif else
- iii. Which of the following operations is performed more efficiently by 1
 doubly linked list than by singly linked list?
- (a) Deleting a node whose location is given
 - (b) Searching of an unsorted list for a given item
 - (c) Inserting a node after the node with given location
 - (d) Traversing a list to process each node
- iv. A variant of the linked list in which none of the node contains NULL 1
 pointer is-
- (a) Singly linked list (b) Doubly linked list
 - (c) Circular linked list (d) None of these
- v. Consider the following sequence of operations on an empty stack. 1
- push(31)
 push(65)
 pop()
 push(25)
 push(22)
 X = pop()

P.T.O.

Consider the following sequence of operations on an empty queue.

enqueue(90)

enqueue(14)

dequeue()

enqueue(21)

enqueue(77)

$Y = \text{dequeue}()$

The value of $X + Y$ is _____.

- (a) 38 (b) 36 (c) 99 (d) 112

- vi. The following postfix expression with single digit operands is evaluated using a stack: $16\ 2\ 4\ ^\wedge\ /\ 3\ 4\ *\ +\ 7\ 9\ *\ -$ note that $^\wedge$ is the exponentiation operator. The top two elements of the stack after the first $*$ is evaluated are: 1

- (a) 5,7 (b) 12,1
(c) 16, 2 (d) 5,1

- vii. Which one of the following in place sorting algorithms needs the minimum number of swaps? 1

- (a) Insertion sort (b) Bubble sort
(c) Selection Sort (d) Quick sort

- viii. Which one of the following sorting algorithms sort the following array by using minimum number of comparisons? 1

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| 23 | 37 | 53 | 59 | 64 | 72 | 89 | 94 | 156 | 197 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|

- (a) Insertion sort (b) Bubble sort
(c) Selection Sort (d) Quick sort

- ix. The postorder traversal of a binary tree is 8, 9, 6, 7, 4, 5, 2, 3, 1. The inorder traversal of the same tree is 8, 6, 9, 4, 7, 2, 5, 1, 3. The height of a tree is the length of the longest path from the root to any leaf. The height of the binary tree above is- 1

- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

- x. Most suitable data structure for breadth first search (BFS) implementation is- 1

- (a) Stack (b) Queue (c) Linked list (d) Tree

- Q.2 i. What do you understand by data structure? Give a real-life example where it can be used. 2

- ii. A 2-dimensional array is stored row by row, then what is the address of matrix element $A[i,j]$ for n row and m column matrix? How array representation of polynomial $2x^2+5xy+y^2$ can be done? 3
- iii. Write a program to copy an array into other array with the use of pointer. 5
- OR iv. Explain linear and non-linear data structure with the help of example. 5
- Q.3 i. List some applications of linked list? 2
- ii. Illustrate doubly linked list. Write down benefits and disadvantages of doubly linked list over singly linked list. 8
- OR iii. (a) Illustrate Circular linked list. 8
- (b) Write an algorithm for insertion in sorted linked list.
- Q.4 i. What do you understand by 'stack underflow' condition. Write a statement to detect it. 3
- ii. Write down some disadvantages of simple queue. How to overcome it? 7
- OR iii. Write an algorithm to convert postfix expression into infix expression. Demonstrate algorithm by evaluating postfix expression in tabular form: $3\ 5\ *\ 6\ 2\ /\ +?$ 7
- Q.5 i. Demonstrate binary search to search a key=54 in following array: 4
- | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| 13 | 37 | 43 | 54 | 64 | 82 | 99 | 124 | 166 | 234 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
- ii. (a) Enumerate methods for choosing the pivot element in quick sort. 6
- (b) Compare the various hashing techniques.
- OR iii. Consider the hash table of size 10. Using quadratic probing, insert the keys 72, 27, 36, 24, 63, 81, and 101 into hash table. Take $c_1=1$ and $c_2=3$. 6
- Q.6 Attempt any two:
- i. Demonstrate applicability of graph data structure? Describe the various representation of graph with example? 5
- ii. Brief the properties of AVL trees. Explain about rotations performed for insertion in AVL search tree with example. 5
- iii. Enumerate benefits for threaded tree. Write an algorithm for inorder traversal in a threaded binary tree. 5