

Q.6

Attempt any two:

- i. Explain the various constraints in portfolio revision. **5** 2 3 5
- ii. Why there is a need for portfolio revision? Explain. **5** 2 3 5
- iii. Calculate Treynors performance index and rank the securities. **5** 2 3 5

Security	Return (%)	Risk (%)	Beta	Risk free rate
W	10	8	1.35	6%
X	12	7	1.50	6%
Y	15	6	1.15	6%
Z	18	5	0.90	6%

*Total No. of Questions: 6**Total No. of Printed Pages: 4***Enrollment No.....**

Knowledge is Power

Faculty of Management Studies**End Sem Examination Dec 2024****MS5EF14 Security Analysis & Portfolio Management**

Programme: MBA

Branch/Specialisation: Management /
Finance**Maximum Marks: 60****Duration: 3 Hrs.**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

Marks	BL	PO	CO	PSO
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- Q.1 i. Investors agree to invest in high-risk investments if only
 (a) There are any true speculations
 (b) The predicted return is satisfactory for taking a risk
 (c) There are no safe options except for holding cash
 (d) The return is short **1** 1 3 1
- ii. _____ is based on tips, rumours and hunches, unplanned and without knowledge of the exact nature of risk.
 (a) Investment (b) Speculation
 (c) Gambling (d) Arbitrage **1** 1 3 1
- iii. _____ Risks cover the risk of market, interest rate risk and purchasing power risk.
 (a) Systematic (b) Unsystematic risk
 (c) Financial (d) Business **1** 1 3 2
- iv. Who is called a father of fundamental analysis?
 (a) Benjamin Graham (b) Tinbergen
 (c) William (d) Elliot Wave **1** 1 3 2
- v. The most extreme form(s) of the Efficient Market Hypothesis (EMH) is-
 (a) Weak form (b) Semi-Strong form
 (c) Strong form (d) Semi-Weak form **1** 1 3 3

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- vi. Technical analysis is useful _____. **1** 1 3 3
- (a) To make an estimate of growth in a stock market
 - (b) To find out the market forces influencing stock market
 - (c) To indicate the direction of the overall market
 - (d) To analyze the economic activity of government.
- vii. The main objective of portfolio is to reduce _____ by diversification. **1** 1 3 4
- (a) Return (b) Risk
 - (c) Uncertainty (d) Percentage
- viii. The market portfolio has a beta of: **1** 1 5 4
- (a) 0.0 (b) -1.0 (c) 1.0 (d) 0.5
- ix. Portfolio _____ is the last step in the process of portfolio management. **1** 1 4 5
- (a) Valuation (b) Evaluation
 - (c) Revision (d) None of these
- x. _____ index is a ratio of return generated by the fund over and above risk free return during the given period and systematic risk associated with it Beta. **1** 1 7 5
- (a) Sharpe's (b) Jenson's
 - (c) Portfolio (d) Treynor's
- Q.2** i. Discuss the steps involved in the investment process. **4** 2 4 1
- ii. Describe the various types of non-marketable financial assets. **6** 2 3 1
- OR** iii. "Investors in India have better investment avenues to invest" – Do you agree with this statement. Substantiate your views. **6** 2 3 1
- Q.3** i. Discuss the relationship between risk and return. **4** 2 2 2
- ii. Explain how fundamental analysis is useful in selection of securities. **6** 2 4 2

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- OR iii. Under different economic conditions the stock of Waree Renewals provide the following returns: **6** 3 4 2

Economic condition	Return (%)	Probability
Good	35	0.10
Average	18	0.25
Bad	08	0.35
Poor	3	0.30

Calculate the expected return and risk associated with the stock.

- Q.4** i. Discuss the various forms of market efficiency. **4** 2 3 3
- ii. Explain technical analysis. How is it different from fundamental analysis? **6** 2 5 3

- OR** iii. Compare and contrast efficient market hypothesis with fundamental and technical analysis. **6** 2 5 3

- Q.5** i. Discuss any four limitations of Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM). **4** 2 3 4
- ii. Explain how the Sharpe single index model is used to measures security risk & return? **6** 2 1 4

- OR** iii. The return given by Company A & B in last two years are as follows: **6** 2 2 4

Year	A Return %	B Return %
2018	9	18
2019	12	15

- (a) What is the expected return on a portfolio made up of 55% of Company A and 45% of Company B?
- (b) What is the standard deviation of each stock?
- (c) What is the portfolio risk of a portfolio made up of 55% of Company A and 45% of Company B?

Marking Scheme

MS5EF14 (T) Security Analysis & Portfolio Management (T)

Q.1	i) b. The predicted return is satisfactory for taking a risk ii) c. Gambling iii) a. Systematic iv) a. Benjamin Graham v) c) Strong form vi) c. To indicate the direction of the overall market vii) b. Risk viii) c) 1.0 ix) b) Evaluation x) d) Treynor's		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Q.2	i. Four steps. ii. Six non-marketable financial assets.	4*1=4m 6*1=6m	4 6
OR	iii. As per explanation	6m	6
Q.3	i. As per explanation ii. As per explanation	4m 6m	4 6
OR	iii. Ex return -11.7% , Risk 6= 9.58%	6m	6
Q.4	i. Three forms ii. Definition Four different	4m 2m 4m	4 6
OR	iii. Comparison	6m	6
Q.5	i. Four limitations ii. As per explanation	4*1=4m 6m	4 6
OR	iii. A. 13.2% b. A=1.5% B. 1.5%, 6p=15%		6
Q.6	i. 5 Comparison ii. As per explanation iii. W=2.96, x=4.00, y=7.83, 2=13.33	5*1=5m 5m 5m	5 5 5
