Total No. of Questions: 6

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## Faculty of Management End Sem (Even) Examination May-2018 MS5CO12 Legal Aspects of Business

Programme: MBA Branch/Specialisation: Management

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

Q.1 i. When the contract is perfectly valid in its substance but cannot be 1

- enforced because of certain technical defects. This is called a/ an
  (a) Unilateral Contract

  (b) Bilateral Contract

  (c) Unenforceable Contract

  (d) Void Contract
  - ii. Contracts under unilateral mistake are...... if such mistake is caused by the fraud or misrepresentation of the other party.
    - (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Illegal (d) Unenforceable
  - iii. Section 2, sub-section\_\_\_\_\_, of the Sale of Goods Act, 1930 defines "Goods"
    - (a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 7 (d) None of these
  - iv. Where an unpaid seller has made part delivery of the goods he may exercise his right\_\_\_\_\_
    - (a) Return on the remainder (b) Of lien on the remainder
    - (c) Sale to any other person (d) None of these
  - v. ..... means 'something legally transferrable from one person to another for a consideration'.
    - (a) Instrument (b) N
      - (b) Negotiable
    - (c) Negotiable Instrument (d) All of these In case of Bills of Exchange, drawee is the......
    - (a) Maker (b) Acceptor (c) Payee (d) None of these

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	vii.	<ul> <li>As per Consumer Protection Act 1986, 'unfair trade practice' includes-</li> <li>I. Falsely represents that the goods/services are of a particular standard, quality or grade</li> <li>II. Falsely represents any re-built, second-hand, reno-vated, reconditioned or old goods as new goods</li> <li>III. Represents that the goods or services have sponsor-ship, approval, performance, characteristics, accessories, uses or benefits which such goods or services do not have</li> <li>(a) I and II (b) I and III (c) II and III (d) I, II and III</li> </ul>	1		
	viii.	The Consumer protection act 1986 extends to	1		
		(a) The whole India			
		(b) The whole India except Jammu and Kashmir			
		(c) The whole India except Nagaland tribal area			
		(d) Both (b) & (c)			
	ix.	Which section of IT Act deals with the legal recognition of electronic records?	1		
		(a) Section 4 (b) Section 2 (c) Section 5 (d) Section 6			
	х.	Digital Signatures are created and verified using –	1		
		(a) Program (b) Graphical coding			
		(c) HTML (d) Cryptography			
Q.2	i.	Discuss the rules regarding communication of offer and acceptance.	4		
	ii.	What is "mistake" as it affects the validity of a contract? Explain 6			
		various types of mistakes.			
OR	iii.	What are Quasi contracts? Discuss the rights and obligations of a	6		
		finder of goods.			
Q.3	i.	Explain meaning of price. What are the rules given in Sales of Goods	4		
		Act, 1930, regarding fixation of price.			
	ii.	What do you understand by contract of sale? Differentiate between	6		
ΟD	:::	sale and agreement to sale.	•		
OR	iii.	Distinguish between Sales and Agreement to Sale.	6		
Q.4	i.	'A cheque is a bill of exchange drawn on a banker'. Comment.	4		
-	ii.	What do you mean by Promissory Note? What are the essential	6		
		requirements of a valid promissory note?			

OR	iii.	What is meant by –  (a) Dishonor for non acceptance and dishonor for non payment  (b) Holder and holder in due course	6
Q.5	i.	Can the following be regarding as consumer? Explain your answer  (a) A patient of a government hospital  (b) A person who registers himself for a telephone connection	4
	ii.	Where and how can a complaint be made? State the jurisdiction of the various redressal agencies in this regard.	6
OR	iii.	Examine the rights of a consumer enshrined under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.	6
Q.6		Write short note on (any two):	
	i.	Digital Signature	5
	ii.	E-Governance	5
	iii.	Electronic Records	5

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## Marking Scheme MS5CO12 Legal Aspects of Business

Q.1	i.	(c) Unenforceable Contract		1
	ii.	(b) Void		1
	iii.	(c) 7		1
	iv.	(b) Of lien on the remainder		1
	v.	(c) Negotiable instrument		1
	vi.	(b) Acceptor		1
	vii.	(d) I, II and III		1
	viii.	(b) The whole India except Jammu and Kashmir		1
	ix.	(a) Section 4		1
	х.	(d) Cryptography		1
Q.2	i.	Communication of offer	2 marks	4
		Acceptance	2 marks	
	ii.	Mistake	2 marks	6
		Types of mistakes.	4 marks	
		1 mark for each type (1 mark * 4)		
OR	iii.	Quasi contracts	2 marks	6
		Rights and obligations of a finder of goods.	4 marks	
Q.3	i.	Meaning of price.	1 mark	4
		Rules regarding fixation of price	3 marks	
	ii.	Contract of sale	2 marks	6
		Difference between sale and agreement to sale	4 marks	
OR	iii.	Distinguish between Sales and Agreement to Sale		6
		6 points – 1 mark for each point	(1 mark * 6)	
Q.4	i.	Correct explanation	4 marks	4
	ii.	Promissory Note	2 marks	6
		Essentials	4 marks	
		1 mark for each point (1 mark * 4)		
OR	iii.	(a) Dishonor for non acceptance and dishonor for no	on payment	6
			3 marks	
		(b) Holder and holder in due course	3 marks	

Q.5	i.	Can the following be regarding as consumer		4	
		(a) A patient of a government hospital	2 marks		
	(b) A person who registers himself for a telephone connection				
		2	2 marks		
	ii.	Where and how can a complaint be made	2 marks	6	
		State the jurisdiction of the various redressal agencies in this regard.			
		4	4 marks		
OR	iii. Rights of a consumer under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986			6	
		1 mark for each point (1 ma	rk * 6)		
Q.6		Write short note on (any two):			
	i.	Digital Signature correct explanation 5 marks		5	
	ii.	E-Governance correct explanation 5 marks		5	
	iii.	Electronic Records correct explanation 5 marks		5	

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