Total No. of Questions: 6

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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering End Sem Examination May-2023

CS3CO35 Microprocessor & Interfacing

Branch/Specialisation: CSE/All Programme: B.Tech.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCOs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning

ecesi	sary. 1	Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.					
Q.1	i.	Which of the following is true about microprocessors?	1				
		(a) It has an internal memory					
		(b) It has interfacing circuits					
		(c) It contains ALU, CU, and registers					
		(d) It uses Harvard architecture					
	ii.	Which of the following flag is used to mask INTR interrupt?	1				
		(a) Zero flag (b) Auxiliary carry flag					
		(c) Interrupt flag (d) Sign flag					
	iii.	Which of the following is a special-purpose register of	1				
		microprocessor?					
		(a) Program counter (b) Instruction register					
		(c) Accumulator (d) Temporary register					
	iv.	v. How many address lines are present in 8086 microprocessors?					
		(a) 16 (b) 20 (c) 32 (d) 40					
	v.	v. Which of the following is true about MOV A, B instruction? (a) It means move the content of register A to register B (b) It uses immediate addressing mode (c) It doesn't affect the flag register (d) It is a 2-byte instruction					
	vi.	vi. ISR stand for-					
		(a) Interrupt save routine (b) Interrupt service routine					
		(c) Input stages routine (d) Interrupt service routing					
	vii.	Which is a type of microprocessor that is designed with limited	1				
	number of instructions?						
		(a) CPU (b) RISC (c) ALU (d) MUX					
		P.T	.O.				

viii. How many 2k*8 ROM chips would be required to build a 16*8 1 memory system? (d) 16

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(a) 2 (b) 4 (c) 8

In stack organization the insertion operation is known as _____.

(a) Pop

(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these

In direct memory access mode, the data transfer takes place-

(b) Push

(b) Indirectly (a) Directly

(c) Directly and Indirectly (d) None of these

What are flag register? Explain various flag registers of 8085. O.2 i.

With neat diagram explain the architecture of 8085. ii.

OR iii. With neat diagram explain the working of DMA controller.

Differentiate between microprocessor and microcontroller. Q.3 i.

What are addressing modes in 8086? Discuss each with example.

OR iii. Explain the purpose of the following signals in 8085:

(a) READY (b) AD0-AD7 (c) HOLD (d) IO/ M

(e) INTR

Q.4 i. Discuss the importance of stack and subroutines in 8085 assembly 4 language programming.

ii. Describe the classifications of instructions in the 8085-instruction 6 set. Provide an example for each classification.

Write an assembly language program to add two 8-bit numbers.

Q.5 Attempt any two:

> Explain the difference between hardware interrupts and software 5 interrupts. Give an example of each type.

> Compare and contrast the IO mapped I/O and memory-mapped I/O 5 techniques.

Draw the timing diagram for the instruction "MOV A, M" and 5 OR iii. explain the T-states and machine cycles involved.

What is the intel architecture? Q.6 i.

Explain the architecture of the intel atom processor. Describe its features and capabilities.

OR iii. Describe the intel architecture and explain how an intel architecture 8 System works.

05 (111) timing diagram = 3 marks, T state & machine Cycle = 2 marks. CS3CO35 (T) Micro Processor & Interfacing (11) architecture/= 2 marks.

(11) architecture of intel atom processur.

Limarks feature, and capability = 4 marks. (iii) Intel architecture = 4 marks. System works = 4 marks. 2 Morks for englaration. 3 Marks diagram, explaination 4 marks.
Diagram - 3 marks, working 4 marks. 3 difference = 3 marks. @3(1) (03(ii) Ready @merks and a marks marks. Ready @merks ADO-ADT amarks. Marks. @ 3(11) Stack - 2 marks, Subsautines - 2 marks. 0401 I marks for each. complete program with comment. Q4 (iii)

0.5 (i) 1 difference = 1 marks. Scan 05 (ii) 1 difference = 1 marks.