Total No. of Questions: 7 Total No. of Printed Pages: 3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Management Studies End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022 MS5EM07 Consumer Behavior

Programme: MBA Branch/Specialisation: Management

Maximum Marks: 60 **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1

		s) should be written in full ins	tead of only a, b, c or d.	15 01		
Q.1	i.	Any individual who purchas his/her end-use is called a	es goods and services from the market for	1		
	ii.	is a branch which deal	(c) Consumer (d) All of these s with the various stages a consumer goes roducts or services for his end use.	1		
		(a) Consumer behaviour				
		(c) Consumer attitude	(d) Consumer perception			
	iii.	The is a person wi	thin a reference group who, because of	1		
		special skills, knowledge, personality, or other characteristics, ex				
		influence on others.				
		(a) Facilitator	(b) Referent actor			
		(c) Opinion leader	• •			
	iv.	Which of the following is N decision process?	OT one of the five stages of the consumer	1		
		(a) Need recognition	(h) Brand identification			
		(c) Information search				
	v.	* /	nuli's in Howard Sheth Model	1		
	٧.	(a) Significance stimuli		1		
		` / •	(d) All of these			
	vi	` '	iprocal relations between the company &	1		
	V1.	the customer & originates among them for bilateral communication.				
		(a) Nicosia model	(b) Blackwell model.			
		(c) Howard & Sheth model				
	vii.					
		attitudes and opinions.				
		(a) Reference groups	(b) Teenage groups			
		(c) Religious groups	(d) Adult groups			

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	viii.	The stages through which families time is a description of what is called		1
		(a) Adoption process	(b) Lifestyle cycle	
		(c) Values and lifestyle	(d) Family life cycle	
	ix.	Blanket contracts are typically part of the business buying process?	of which of the following stages in	1
		(a) General need description(c) Supplier selection	(b) Product specification(d) Order-routine specification	
	X.	All of the following are among th business market and a consumer mar (a) Purchase decisions to satisfy need (b) Market structure and demand.	e primary differences between a ket except	1
		(c) The nature of the buying unit.		
		(d) The types of decisions and the de	cision process involved.	
Q.2	i. ii.	Define consumer behaviour. List any four characteristics of consu	ımer behaviour.	2 2
	iii.	Explain factors affecting consumer b		4
OR	iv.	Write a note on applications of consu		4
Q.3	i. ii.	Enlist the steps involved in consume Explain the significant steps inv consumer behaviour?		3 5
OR	iii.	Explain the expectation-disconfirmation	tion model.	5
Q.4 OR	i. ii. iii.	What are learning constructs & perce Explain Howard and Sheth Model in Explain the following in brief:	detail.	3 5 5
		(a) Nicosia Model (b) Diffusion 1	Process	
Q.5	i.	What is opinion leadership? Highligh Attempt any two:	nt the profile of an opinion leader.	2
	ii.	What is a reference group? What important in reference group influence		3
	iii.	Explain the concept of family life marketers?		3
	iv.	Briefly explain the term subculture a	nd its types?	3

Q.6	i. ii. iii.	Attempt any two: Explain various factors affecting Organisational buying. Explain buy grid model. Write a brief note on recent trends in consumer behaviour	4 4 4
Q.7		Marketers are now working to harness the new-found communications power of their everyday customers by turning them into influential brand ambassadors, Companies like Sony, Microsoft and McDonald's are now developing a new breed of brand ambassador programs that organize and multiply consumer to consumer interactions about their brands. Marketers select their brand ambassadors very carefully, based on customers' devotion to brand and the size of their social circles. For the ambassador, rewards include product samples, gifts discounts and token cash payments. Perhaps most important to many brand enthusiasts, they get inside access to company's information about new product and services about to be launched. One such success story was Sony. Sony used brand ambassadors to jumpstart the launch of its new GPS camera, a high-tech device that draws on satellite tracking technology to let you record the exact location of every picture you take and later map them out using Google maps. Out of 2000 or more online applicants, Sony picked only 25 brand ambassadors. The ambassadors were given a free camera and other equipment along with lesson on how to use them. They were encouraged to show the camera to friends, associates, and anyone else who asked handout discount coupons and blog weekly about their travel and picture taking adventures on a dedicated Sony micro site. Questions:	
		(a) Based on your own understanding of reference groups, how effective would brand ambassadors be as reference groups for relatively expensive, infrequently bought product and services? How would your answer change if the product in question was detergent or cooking oil?	5
		(b) In your view, in the Indian marketing context, is the concept of	5

brand ambassadors likely to succeed? Justify your answer

Marking Scheme MS5EM07 Consumer Behavior

Q.1	1.	, i			1	
		his/her end-use is called a				
		(c) Consumer			_	
11	ii.	is a branch which deals with		•	1	
		through before purchasing products	or services for his end	use.		
	iii.	(a) Consumer behaviour The is a person within a	rafaranaa araun udaa	bassuss of	1	
	111.		• •		1	
		special skills, knowledge, personality, or other characteristics, exerts influence on others.				
		(c) Opinion leader				
	137	· / I	of the five stores of the	aa aansiimar	1	
	IV.	6			1	
		decision process? (b) Brand identification				
	**		Inputs are given by these stimuli's in Howard Sheth Model			
	v.	(d) All of these	ii noward Siletii Mode	I	1	
	37i	` '	relations between the	company &	1	
	vi. This model displays the reciprocal relations between the compa the customer & originates among them for bilateral communication					
		(a) Nicosia model				
	vii.		individuals look to wi	hen forming	1	
	V 111.	attitudes and opinions.	marviduais look to w	nen forming	•	
		(a) Reference groups				
	viii.	The stages through which families	s might pass as they	mature over	1	
		time is a description of what is calle				
		(d) Family life cycle				
	ix.		of which of the follow	ing stages in	1	
		the business buying process?		8 8		
		(d) Order-routine specification				
	х.	All of the following are among the	he primary differences	s between a	1	
		business market and a consumer ma				
		(a) Purchase decisions to satisfy nee	eds.	-		
Q.2	i.	Definition of consumer behaviour		1 mark	2	
		Example		1 mark		
	ii.	Any four characteristics	(0.5 mark * 4)	2 marks	2	
	iii.	Any four factors	(1 mark * 4)	4 marks	4	
OR	iv.	Any four applications	(1 mark * 4)	4 marks	4	

Q.3	i.	Five steps involved Example	(0.5 mark * 5)	2.5 marks	3
	ii.	Five stages involved	(1 mark * 5)	5 marks	5
OR	iii.	Explanation of expectation-disconfi	,	3 marks	5
OR	1111.	Diagram	imation model	2 marks	
Q.4	i.	Learning constructs		1.5 marks	3
		Perceptual constructs		1.5 marks	
	ii.	Explanation of Howard and Sheth M	Model	3 marks	5
		Diagram		2 marks	
OR	iii.	(a) Nicosia Model		2.5 marks	5
		(b) Diffusion Process		2.5 marks	
Q.5	i.	Definition of opinion leadership		1 mark	2
		Profile		1 mark	
		Attempt any two:			•
	ii.	Definition of reference group		1 mark	3
		Factors		2 marks	•
	iii.	Concept of family life cycle		2 marks	3
		Its implications for marketers		1 mark	•
	iv.			1.5 marks	3
		Its types		1.5 marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:			
Q.0	i.	Any four factors	(1 mark * 4)	4 marks	4
	ii.	Explanation of buy grid model	(1 mark 4)	2 marks	4
	11.	Diagram		2 marks	•
	iii.	Any four trends	(1 mark * 4)	4 marks	4
		-	,		
Q.7		Case study Questions			
-		(a) As per explanation		5 mark	5
		(b) As per explanation		5 mark	5
