Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:2

Enrollment	No



Q.1

## Faculty of Engineering

## End Sem (Even) Examination May-2019 CS2EL04 Wireless Communication

Programme: Diploma Branch/Specialisation: CSE

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- (-)			<i>j</i> , .	,	
i.	The time over which a call can be maintained within a cell without handoff is called				1
	(a) Run time	(b) Peak time	(c) Dwell tin	me (d) Cell time	
ii.	Co-channel interference is a function of				1
	(a) Radius of	cell	(b) Transmit	ted power	
			(d) Frequency of mobile user		
iii.	Which of the following techniques do not help in expanding the			1	
	capacity of cellular system?				
	(a) Sectoring		(b) Scatterin	g	
	(c) Splitting		(d) Microcel	l zone concept	
iv.	TDMA Preamble contains			1	
	(a) Address	(b) Data	(c) Guard bit	ts (d) Trail bits	
v.	Which of the following does not come under subsystem of GSM				1
	architecture?				
	(a) BSS	(b) NSS	(c) OSS	(d) Channel	
vi.	supports the operation and maintenance of GSM.				1
	(a) BSS	(b) NSS	(c) OSS	(d) MSC	
vii.	Constant er	nvelope mod	ulation techi	niques occupy	1
	bandwidth tha	an linear modu	lation schemes	S.	
	(a) Larger	(b) Smaller	(c) Same	(d) Twice	
viii.	What is the modulation index of MSK?				1
	(a) 0.1	(b) 1	(c) 0.5	(d) 0	

P.T.O.

[2]

	ix.	WiMAX uses the  (a) Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing  (b) Time division multiplexing  (c) Space division multiplexing	1
	х.	(d) All of these An interconnected collection of piconet in Bluetooth system is called (a) Scatternet (b) Micronet (c) Mininet (d) None of these	1
Q.2	i.	Define Adjacent channel interference.	2
	ii.	Define the frequency reuse concept.	3
	iii.	Explain channel assignment strategies in detail.	5
OR	iv.	Explain the various types of Handoff processes available.	5
Q.3	i.	Define cell splitting.	2
	ii.	Explain in detail the TDMA & FDMA multiple access techniques.	8
OR	iii.	Explain in detail the features of a common channel signalling network, its types, advantages and disadvantages.	8
Q.4	i.	Explain MSC and its registers in GSM.	3
	ii.	Briefly explain GSM system architecture and its functional blocks.	7
OR	iii.	Explain in details GSM Channels.	7
Q.5	i.	Define QPSK.	4
	ii.	Explain in detail the generation & detection of MSK technique.	6
OR	iii.	Explain in detail the generation & detection of GMSK modulation?	6
Q.6		Write a short note on any two:	
	i.	Bluetooth.	5
	ii.	Zig bee.	5
	iii.	Wi-max.	5

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## **Marking Scheme**

## **CS2EL04 Wireless Communication**

<b>Q</b> .1	i. The time over which a call can be maintained within a cell				
		handoff is called			
		(c) Dwell time			
	ii.	Co-channel interference is a function of	f	1	
		(a) Radius of cell			
	iii.	Which of the following techniques do	o not help in expanding the	1	
		capacity of cellular system?			
		(b) Scattering			
	iv.	TDMA Preamble contains 1			
		(a) Address			
	V.	Which of the following does not come under subsystem of GSM architecture?			
		(d) Channel			
	vi.	supports the operation and maintenance of GSM.			
		(c) OSS			
	vii.	vii. Constant envelope modulation techniques occupy bar			
		than linear modulation schemes.			
		(a) Larger			
	viii.	viii. What is the modulation index of MSK?			
		(c) 0.5			
	ix.	WiMAX uses the			
		(a) Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing			
	х.	An interconnected collection of piconet in Bluetooth system is ca			
		(a) Scatternet			
Q.2	i.	Adjacent channel interference.		2	
		At least 3 points			
	ii.	Frequency reuse concept.		3	
		Definition	1 mark		
		Description	2 marks		
	iii.	Channel assignment strategies		5	
OR	iv.	Handoff processes	1 mark	5	
		Various types of Handoff	4 marks		

Q.3	i.	Cell splitting.		2
	ii.	TDMA multiple access techniques	4 marks	8
		FDMA multiple access techniques	4 marks	
OR	iii.	Features of a common channel signalling	1 mark	8
		Its types	3 marks	
		Advantages	2 marks	
		Disadvantages.	2 marks	
Q.4	i.	MSC	1 mark	3
		Its registers in GSM.	2 marks	
	ii.	GSM system description	2 marks	7
		GSM system architecture	3 marks	
		Its functional blocks.	2 marks	
OR	iii.	GSM description	2 marks	7
		Channels description	5 marks	
Q.5	i.	Description of QPSK.	2 marks	4
		Diagram	2 marks	
	ii.	Generation of MSK technique	3 marks	6
		Detection of MSK technique	3 marks	
OR	iii.	GMSK modulation		6
		Generation	3 marks	
		Detection	3 marks	
Q.6		Write a short note on any two:		
	i.	Bluetooth.		5
	ii.	Zig bee.		5
	iii.	Wi-max.		5

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