Enrollment No. ENLLO301664



Faculty of Engineering Mid Sem II Examination April -2023 CS3CO37 Advanced Java Programming

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All

Maximum Marks: 30

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.	Marks	BL	СО	РО	PSO
Q.1 i. What are the major components of the JDBC? a. DriverManager, Driver, Connection, Statement, and ResultSet b. DriverManager, Driver, Connection, and Statement c. DriverManager, Statement, and ResultSet d. DriverManager, Connection, Statement, and	1	BL2	CO3	POI	
ResultSet. ii. Java code is embedded under which tag in JSP? a. Declaration b. Scriptlet	1	BLI	CO3	POI	
c. Expression d. Comment iii. JSP uses server-side scripting that is translated into and compiled before they are run. a. Applet b. Servlets	1	BLI	CO3	POI	
iv. What is the main purpose of the Spring Framework?	1	BLI	CO4	POI	
a. To provide a comprehensive programming and					

- a. To provide a comprehensive programming and configuration model for Java-based enterprise applications.
 - b.To provide a comprehensive programming and configuration model for JavaScript-based web applications.
 - c. To provide a comprehensive programming and configuration model for PHP-based web applications.
 - d.To provide a comprehensive programming and configuration model for Python-based web applications.

	V.	Which interface out of the following options will you use to perform destruction of beans in the context of the life cycle methods?	1			of Quest
	vi.	a. Initializing Bean b. Post Construct c. Disposable Bean d. Pre Destroy Spring is a framework? a. free b. open source	1	BI.I	CO4	POI
		c. under license d. proprietary				
0.2	i.	What do you mean by API?	2	BLI	CO3	POI
***		Explain JSP building blocks in detail?	4	BLI	CO3	POI
		Write all the steps of java application with Database.	6	BL3	CO3	PO3
OR	iv.	Explain any five implicit object of JSP with HTML and JSP tag.	6	BL3	CO3	POI
Q.3	i.	What do you mean by spring framework?	2	BLI	CO4	POI
	ii.		4	BLI	CO4	POI
	iii	What do you mean by dependency injection?	6	BLI	CO4	PO2
OR		Write the Difference between POJO and Bean.	6	BL2	CO4	PO2

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Faculty of Engineering

Mid Sem II Examination April -2023

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.I.

CS3EL11/IT3CO29 Statistical Analysis/Computational Statistics

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All/IT

Duration: 1.5Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 30

(MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning. PO Marks BL 0.1 Which one of the distribution is discrete BLors COat POor PSOorns distribution a. Exponential distribution b. Normal Distribution c. Poisson Distribution d. None of these. In which distribution, curve is symmetrical Blag COm POm PSOm about mean a. Binomial distribution b. Exponential Distribution c. Poisson Distribution d. None of these. "For any binomial distribution mean is 5 111. BLot COop POor PSOop and standard distribution is 3". The above statement is a. False b. True d. None of these. c. Can't say If r = 1, then correlation coefficient is BLat, COat POat PSOur a. perfect and positive b. Perfect and negative c. High degree and positive d. None of these. If r = 0, then the regression lines are BLot COot POut PSOn 1 a. Identical b. Perpendicular to each other

c. Parallel to each other d. None of these.

vi. The normal equation for fitting of a straight line
$$y = ax + b$$
 is $\sum xy =$
a. $a \sum x + b \sum y$
b. $ma + b \sum x$
c. $a \sum x + b \sum x^2$
d. None of these.

- ii. Six dice are thrown 729 times. How many times do you expect at least three dice to show a five or six?
- iii. Find the first and second moment about origin for poisson distribution.
- OR iv. In a test on 2000 electric bulbs, it was found that the life of a particular make was normally distributed with an average life of 2040 hours and standard deviation of 60 hours. Estimate the number of bulbs likely to burn for
 - a. more than 2150 hours
 - b. less than 1950 hours.

- ii. Show that the coefficient of correlation is the geometric mean of the coefficient of regression.
- iii. Find the rank correlation coefficient for the following data:

1	X	68	64	75	50	64	80	75	40	55	64
7	Y	62	58	68	45	81	60	68	48	50	70

OR iv. Fit second degree parabola to the following data regarding x as an independent

vanian	nc.			71-75007
X:	0 1	2	3	4
1"	1 5	10	22	38

2 BLot.: COm POot PSOn:

3 BLar COn POH and SOur

7 BLos COn POmmPSOns

7 BLas COng POntos PSOm

2 Bland COm POm PSOm

3 BLot COm POm PSOm

7 BLas COnt POntarPSOn

7 BL₀₁ CO₀₂ PO_{01 is}PSO₀₂

also also also also also



Faculty of Engineering Mid Sem II Examination April -2023 CS3CO39 Database Management System

Programme: B.Tech.

Duration: 1.5Hrs.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All

Maximum Marks: 30

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning. Marks BL01 CO3 PO01 4NF is designed to cope up with: a) Transitive dependency b) Join dependency c) Multi valued dependency d) None of these BLUI CO3 POUL 5NF should restrict the a) Transitive dependency b) Join dependency c) Multi valued dependency d) None of these BL01 CO3 PO01 Data that causes inconsistency leads to: III. a) Data integrity b) Data redundancy c) Data anomaly d) Good data BLOI CO4 POOI Transaction enters into its state IV. when it finishes the final statement. a) Abort state b) Partially committed state c) Committed state d) Active state In locking Protocols what exclusive mode BLUI CO4 POUL defines. a) Read only b) Write only c) Read and Write both None

vi. A system is in a state if there exists a set of transactions such that every transaction in the set is waiting for another transaction in the set. a) Idle b) Waiting c) Deadlock d) Ready	1	BL01 CO4 PO01
Q.2 i. Discuss problems caused by redundancy	2	BL02 CO3 PO02
and the purpose of normalization. Define functional dependency and explain	2	BL02 CO3 PO02
its uses in database design. What is key? Explain the following keys	3	BL03 CO3 PO02
with example: a) Candidate Key b) Primary Key c) Foreign Key iv. Find all CANDIDATE KEYs and Prime and non-Prime attributes in the following relation:	5	BL03 CO3 PO03
R(ABCDEFGII) FD: $CH \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow CFH$ $E \rightarrow A$, $F \rightarrow EG$ OR v. Find the all CANDIDATE KEY of the following: a) $R(A,B,C,D)$ and $FD = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D\}$ b) $R(A,B,C,D)$ and $FD = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow A\}$	5	BL03 CO3 PO03
Q.3 i. Define a Transaction? List the properties of	3	BL01 CO4 PO01
transactions and explain them. Draw a transaction state diagram and describe each state that a transaction goes	4	BL03 CO4 PO01
through during its execution. What is the 2-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability?	5	BL02 CO4 PO03
OR iv. Explain the different types of failures in DBMS.	5	BL01 CO4 PO01



Q.1

Faculty of Engineering Mid Sem II Examination April -2023 CS3CO38 Theory of Computation

rogramme: B.Tech. Duration: 1.5 Hrs.

1& IV

C.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All

Maximum Marks: 30

lote: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 MCQ otatio

s and symbols have their usual meaning.	Marks	BL	CO	PO	PSO
Which of the following Language is Context	1	Blan	COnt	PO3	PSO.
free					
a. L- a^n, n is prime number					
b. L- a^nb^nc^m, n,m >-0 & n<-m					
c. L= a^nb^n n>=0					
d. All of the above					
i. Context free language is not closed under	1	BLag	COut	PO3	PSO.
which operation					
a. Union b. Intersection c. Complement d. Reverse					
c. Complement d. Reverse	1	BLat	COm	PO3	PSO:
violates the condition of GNF					
a. A->AB b. A->aBDG					
c. A->a d. A->bB					
iv. Consider the following statement	1	B1.02	СОн	PO2	
I. CYK is a membership algorithm applied					
only on a grammar in CNF form.					
II. If a grammar G is ambiguous than					
language generated by G will also be					
ambiguous.					
III. There exist a deterministic PDA for every					
context free language					
IV. One of the applications of context free grammar exists in compilation of source					
programs from high level to low level					
language.					
Select the correct statement-					
Street the correct statement					

1,11 & IV

d.

to the statement	1	BLu			
v. Select the correct statement a. Each NPDA can be converted into equivalent					
DPDA					
b. Push down automata is equivalent to finite					
automata with memory in the form of input					
tane					
c. NPDA is more powerful than DPDA					
d. None of the above			co	P/32	
vi. Which of the following is not a context free	1	Blanz	COnt	1.()=	
a. WcW, W is any string over a and b.					
b. WcW^r, W is any string over a and b,r					
denotes the reverse.					
c. WW'r, W is any string over a and b, r					
denotes the reverse.					
d. Language only contains the strings with					
balanced parentheses.					
		D.C	co	PO3 F	503
Q.2 i. State whether the given context free grammar	3	BL ₀₂	COM		
is ambiguous or unambiguous.					
S->A/B , A->aAb/ab , B->abB/ ε	4	BLat	COnt	PO3 1	PSO3
ii. Remove the unit production and null	4				
production rule from the given grammar					
S->AaB/AB/A A->aA/a B->b/bB/ε					
A-2aA/a B-20/0B/ C					
iii. Explain the CYK algorithm with example?	5	BLo	COnt	PO3	
OR iv. Explain the closure properties of context free	5	BL ₀₂	COm	PO3	
language.					
		The same	3	-	
Q.3 i. Explain the notion of acceptance in push	3	BLan	COn	PO2	
down automata		121	co	B(2)2	
ii. Define PDA with Tuples.	4	BLag		PO2	
iii. Explain the conversion of context free	5	BLat	COm	PO2	
grammar in to equivalent push down					
automata using below CFG					
S->aAB					
A-a D-bB/b					
B->bB/b OR iv. Explain the pumping lemma for context free	5	BLag	COm	PO2	
OR iv. Explain the pumping lemma for context free		1135	Stanton	L G	
tanguage with example					



Faculty of Engineering Mid Sem II Examination April -2023 CS3CO36 Operating System

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All

Duration: 1.5Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 30

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

			Marks	BI.	CO	PO	PSO
Q.1	i	The address generated by the CPU is referred to as a) Physical address b) Logical address c) Neither physical nor logical d) None	1	BL ₀₁	COug	POol	PSO _{IIN}
	ii	Physical memory is broken into fixed- sized blocks called a) Frames b) Pages c) Backing Store d) Segment	1	BLo	CO ₀₂	POur	PSO ₁₁
	ii	Which table contains the base address of each page in physical memory a) process b) memory c) page d) frame	1	BLog	C.O ¹⁰⁵	PO ₀₂	PSO _{ox}
	iv	Which algorithm chooses the page that has not been used for the longest period of time whenever the page required to be replaced a) FIFO b) LRU c) Optimal d) None	1	BL ₀₂	COm	PO ₀ :	PSO ₁₂
	v	A process refers to 5 pages, A, B, C, D, E in the order: A, B, C, D, A, B, E, A, B, C, D, E. If the page replacement algorithm is FIFO, the number of page transfers with an empty internal store of 3 frames is	1	BL _{u2}	COut	POur	PSO
		a) 8 b) 10 c) 9 d) 7					

	vi	Memory allocation and deallocation is managed by a) CPU b) MMU c) GPR d) None	1	BL ₀₁	COnt	PO ₀₃	
Q.2	i.	Define fixed and dynamic partition of	2	BLot	COng	POor	PSOON
4	ii.	memory with example. Write down the difference between logical address space and physical	2	BLoz	COu;	POut	PSO ₀₅
		address.	2	BLo	COnz	POot	PSOm
	iii.	Differentiate Paging and Segmentation.	3 5	BLos	COnz	POn	PSOm
	iv.	200 KB, 400 KB, 600 KB, 500 KB, 300 KB and 250 KB. These partitions need	3	DEIN			
		to be allocated to four processes of sizes 357 KB, 210 KB, 468 KB and 491 KB in that order. Perform the allocation of processes using first fit, best fit and					
OR	v.	worst fit algorithm. Explain the concept of paging with segmentation using suitable example.	5	BL ₀₂	CO02	POn	PSO
0.2		What is demand paging.	2	BLui	COns	POnt	PSOII
Q.3	i.	Explain the concept of Virtual Memory.	4	BL ₀₂	COm	PO _{0,3}	PSO ₁₂
	ii.	example. Which algorithm suffers from this problem.	6	BLoz	COm	POnt	
OR	iv	Consider a reference string: 4, 7, 6, 1, 7, 6, 1, 2, 7, 2, the number of frames in the	AT THE	BLuv			PSO ₀₄



Faculty of Engineering Mid Sem II Examination April - 2023

CS3CO35 Microprocessor & Interfacing

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CS-All

Maximum Marks: 30

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

	a. o	ts that are r 8085 are . 32 . 16 total of 8	Marks 1	BL BL02 BL02	CO CO3	PO PO3, PO11	PSO
iii.	connected to the 8085 microprocessor?	b. 32KB d. 64KB tem buses are b. 5	1	BL02	CO3	PO3. PO11	
iv.	required by the instruction 3000H. a. 2 machine cycle	d. 4 cles are	1	BL01	CO4	PO3. PO5. PO11	
ν.	b. 5 machine cycle c. 4 machine cycle d. 1 machine cycle Which of following is maskable interrupt? a. RST 6.5 c. RST 7.5	a non- b. TRAP d. INTR	1	B1.02	CO4	PO3, PO5, PO11	

	vi.	Which of the following is non vectored interrupt? a. RST 7.5 b. INTR c. RST 4.5 d. TRAP	1	B1.02	CO4	PO3, PO5, PO11
Q.2	i.	What do you mean memory	2	BL02	CO3	PO3
	ii.	interfacing? Give an example. Differentiate between Memory mapped I/O interfacing and I/O mapped I/O interfacing techniques.	4	B1.02	CO3	PO3. PO11
	iii.	Draw the interfacing of 4K RAM having starting address of 7000H with 8085 Microprocessor. Use de-	6	BL02	CO3	PO3. PO11
OR	iv.	multiplexed address/data lines and 3:8 decoder. Draw and explain the programmable timer interface (Intel 8253/54) with 8085.	6	BL02	CO3	PO3. PO11
Q.3	i.	What is a machine cycle? Give an example.	2	BL02	CO4	PO3. PO11. PO5
	ii.	Explain maskable and non maskable interrupts with examples.	4	BLOI	CO4	PO3. PO11. PO5
	iii.	Draw the timing diagram for Memory Read Operation in 8085.	6	B1.02	CO4	PO3. PO11. PO5
OR	iv.	Draw the timing diagram for MOV A, B Instruction in 8085.	6	BL03	CO4	PO3. PO11. PO5

Durati	on: 1.5Hrs.	Max	imun	n Mai	rks: i	10
Note: /	All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are	e indica	ed. /	Inswe	ers of	Q.1
) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assu	me surta	DIE G	ava ii	nece	Sary
Notatio	ns and symbols have their usual meaning.	Marks	101	co	PC	PSO
	The second secon	MINERS		COI		1.050
).l i.	Users have the ability to customize and save a desktop so it will look the same way each time a particular user logs on in	1	Dian			
	a) Assisted desktop b) Persistent desktop b) Non-Persistent desktop d) All of the mentioned					
ii.	Which choice below most accurately describes a business continuity program?	s 4	81.2	CO3	PO	
	A) Ongoing process to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to identify the impact of potential losses and maintain viable recovery					
	 b) A program that implements the mission, vision, and strategic goals of the organization 					
	 c) A determination of the effects of a disaster on human, physical, economic, and natural resources 					
	 d) A standard that allows for rapid recovery during system interruption and data loss 					
iii	. Why is it important to test disaster recovery plans frequently?	1.	81.4	COL	POS	
	The businesses that provide subscription services might have changed ownership.					
	b) A plan is not considered viable until a test has been performed					
	c) I iployee might get bored with planning process					
	d) Natural disaster can change frequently.					

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)	What is the default level of access a newly created 13M User is granted? a) Administrator access to all AWS services. b) Power user access to all AWS services. c) Read only access to all AWS services. d) No access to any AWS services.	ı	HI 1 CO4	POY
.3	L mail, attachments, FTP sites is an example of which state of digital data? a) Data at rest b) Data in flight c) Data in use d) All of the above	1	BI 2 CO4	PO3
١	 i. Attack that allows an attacker to access the host system from within the virtual systems? a) VM sprawl b) VDI snapshot c) VM escape d) Type II Hypervisor 	1	BL2 (O4	PO2
02 1	How VDI does differs from Data primarily?	2	BL2 CO3	Dr. 12
ı	. If you want to take responsibility for some of the aspects of disaster recovery plan . Which model of Disaster recovery is a better choice and why?	2	BL4 (O3	
	1 Explain basic architecture of lass with fundamental components?	3	BL2 COS	P().1
i	Describe the various steps involved in SLA	5	BL2 (03	PO2
OR 1	What are the different considerations while choosing DRaas?	5	B12 (O)	PO2
Q.3 i	cloud?	2	BI.4 CO4	PO2
	. Distinct between the different data states?	4	BL2 CO4	PO5
	 Briefly describe various Virtualization technology weakness. 	6	BL2 CO4	Pt)%
OR i	v. State the various best practices for keeping virtual environment safe?	6	BL2 CO4	POS