Total No. of Questions: 6

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### Enrollment No.....



# Faculty of Engineering End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2018 EE3EL04/EX3EL04

Energy Conservation & Management

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: EE/EX

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

Q.1 i. Energy can neither be created nor destroyed implies 1 (a) Energy is converted from one form to another form (b) Energy is only available in form of heat. (c) Energy is created only by burning fuel (d) Energy cannot be converted from one form to another Which of the following can be the effect of Green House Gases? 1 (b) More earth temperature (a) Flood (c) Food shortage (d) All of these Which of the following gives less light for the same wattage? 1 (b) Conventional tube light (a) Incandescent bulb (c) CFL (d) LED Which of the following is an example of Renewable Energy 1 source? (a) Wind (b) Petrol (c) LPG (d) Coal Which rating or labelling is provided by the Bureau of Energy 1 Efficiency, Govt. of India and displayed on electrical home appliances such as refrigerator, TV, air conditioner to indicate their energy efficiency? (a) BIS (b) ISI (c) Power (d) Star labelling

P.T.O.

V1.	"Energy Saved is Energy Gene	erated" implies that	1		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	conservation is lost and cannot be			
	recovered				
	II. Energy requirement is red				
	••	le for use by saving is more than the			
	amount of energy saved				
	IV. Energy requirement increases by saving energy				
	Which of the above statements				
	(a) I (b) II and III	` '			
vii.	The reduction of utility load	primarily during peak demand is	1		
	known as				
	(a) Peak clipping	(b) Load shifting			
	(c) Valley filling	(d) MTP analysis			
viii.	If the load current decreases the	hen the power factor	1		
	(a) Will also decrease	(b) Will increase			
	(c) Will remains unchanged	(d) None of these			
ix.	While purchasing an air con	nditioner, we need to consider the	1		
	followings				
	I. Size of room				
	II. No of persons using the room				
	III. Colour of the room				
	IV. Manufacture of the air-conditioner				
	Which of the above statements are correct?				
	(a) I,III and IV	(b) I and II			
	(c) I and III	(d) III and IV			
х.	The device used to measure th	e wind speed is known as	1		
	(a) Anemometer	(b)Earth tester			
	(c) Wind turbine	(d) Odometer			
i.	Discuss environmental aspect	in energy conservation methods.	2		
ii. What are the various efforts which countries must undertake for			3		
	sustainable energy developmen	nt?			

Q.2

	111.	with the help of neat sketch discuss the structure of atmosphere along with temperature profile of atmosphere and related phenomenon.	5
OR	iv.	What are the main reasons of global warming and climate change? What could be the steps which can possibly be taken to solve this issue?	5
Q.3	i.	What is energy management and what are its objectives?	2
	ii.	What is energy audit? How is energy audit classified?	8
OR	iii.	What is energy policy? List out the complete questionnaire for energy audit.	8
Q.4	i.	What is demand side management? What is its significance?	3
	ii.	Discuss different types of tariffs used for charging the consumers	7
		of electric energy.	
OR	iii.	What do you mean by payback period? Discuss in brief the present value method vs internal rate of return method of evaluation of projects.	7
Q.5	i.	How energy efficient motors are different than normal motors?	4
	ii.	Explain what do you mean by variable speed drives? What are	6
		different energy efficient drives used for energy conservation?	
OR	iii.	What is the significance of power factor in energy conservation?	6
		How is the power factor controlled in a power system?	
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	What do you mean by co-generation? Discuss the impact of price	5
		of electricity on co-generation.	
	ii.	Discuss in detail energy conservation measures for industries.	5
	iii.	Explain energy related standards and norms used in India. Also	5
		discuss about energy conservation building codes (ECBC).	

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## Marking Scheme

## EE3EL04/EX3EL04 Energy Conservation & Management

Q.1	i.	Energy can neither be created nor destroyed implies	1
		(d) Energy cannot be converted from one form to another	
	ii.	Which of the following can be the effect of Green House Gases?	1
		(d) All of these	
	iii.	Which of the following gives less light for the same wattage?	1
		(a) Incandescent bulb	
	iv.	Which of the following is an example of Renewable Energy source?	1
		(a) Wind	
	v.	Which rating or labelling is provided by the Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Govt. of India and displayed on electrical home	1
		appliances such as refrigerator, TV, air conditioner to indicate	
		their energy efficiency?	
		(d) Star labelling	
	vi.	"Energy Saved is Energy Generated" implies that	1
		I. Energy saved by energy conservation is lost and cannot be recovered	
		II. Energy requirement is reduced by energy savings	
		III. Amount of energy available for use by saving is more than the amount of energy saved	
		IV. Energy requirement increases by saving energy	
		Which of the above statements are correct?	
		(b) II and III	
	vii.	The reduction of utility load primarily during peak demand is	1
		known as	
		(a) Peak clipping	
	viii.	If the load current decreases then the power factor	1
		(b) Will increase	

	ix.	While purchasing an air conditioner, we	need to consider the	1	
		followings I. Size of room			
		II. No of persons using the room			
		III. Colour of the room			
		IV. Manufacture of the air-conditioner			
		Which of the above statements are correct?			
		(b) I and II			
	х.	The device used to measure the wind speed is known as			
	Α.	(a) Anemometer	is known as	1	
Q.2	i.	Environmental aspect in energy conservation	in methods	2	
Q.2	1.	1 mark for each point	(1 mark *2).	4	
	ii.	Sketch	2 marks	5	
	111.	Temperature profile of atmosphere	2 marks	J	
		Related phenomenon.	1 mark		
OR	iii.	Reasons of global warming and climate change			
011	1111	reasons of groom warming and crimate end	2 marks		
		Steps which can possibly be taken to solve this issue			
		1 mark for each point (1 mark *3)	3 marks		
		r			
Q.3	i.	Energy management	1 mark	2	
		Its objectives	1 mark		
	ii.	Energy audit	2 marks	8	
		Energy audit classified	6 marks		
OR	iii.	Energy policy	2 marks	8	
		Questionnaire for energy audit.	6 marks		
Q.4	i.	Demand side management	1 marks	3	
		Its significance	2 marks		
	ii.	Tariffs used for charging the consumers of	electric energy	7	
		1 mark for each tariff	(1 mark *7)		
OR	iii.	Payback period	2 marks	7	
		Present value method vs internal rate	of return method of		
		evaluation of projects	5 marks		

Q.5	i.	i. Energy efficient motors are different than normal motors		4
		1 mark for each point	(1 mark * 4)	
	ii.	Variable speed drives	2 marks	6
		Energy efficient drives used for energy cons	servation	
			4 marks	
OR	iii.	Significance of power factor in energy cons	ervation	6
			2 marks	
		Power factor controlled in a power system	4 marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Co-generation	2 marks	5
		Impact of price of electricity on co-generati	on	
		At least 3 points	3 marks	
ii.		Energy conservation measures for industries.		5
		1 mark for each point	(1 mark * 5)	
	iii.	Standards and norms used in India	2 marks	5
		Energy conservation building codes	3 marks	

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