

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering  
End Sem Examination May-2024

IT3CO32 Microprocessor &amp; Microcontroller

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: IT

**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. Which of the following is true about microprocessors? **1**  
 (a) It has an internal memory  
 (b) It has interfacing circuits  
 (c) It contains ALU, CU, and registers  
 (d) It uses Harvard architecture
- ii. Which of the following is a property of RST 7.5 interrupt? **1**  
 (a) It is a non-maskable interrupt  
 (b) It has 3<sup>rd</sup> highest priority  
 (c) It uses level-triggered signal  
 (d) Its vectored address is 003C H
- iii. The IF is called as..... **1**  
 (a) initial flag (b) indicate flag (c) interrupt flag (d) inter flag
- iv. The 1 MB byte of memory can be divided into segment- **1**  
 (a) 1 Kbyte (b) 64 Kbyte (c) 33 Kbyte (d) 34 Kbyte
- v. DMA stands for- **1**  
 (a) Display Memory Access (b) Directly Memory Access  
 (c) Device Memory Access (d) Direct Memory Access
- vi. Which of the following is not true features of 8257? **1**  
 (a) It has three channels which can be used over three I/O devices  
 (b) Each channel has 16-bit address and 14-bit counter  
 (c) Each channel can transfer data up to 64kb  
 (d) Each channel can be programmed independently
- vii. The internal RAM memory of the 8051 is: **1**  
 (a) 32 bytes (b) 64 bytes  
 (c) 128 bytes (d) 256 bytes

[2]

- viii. The 8051 microcontroller is of \_\_\_\_\_ pin package as a \_\_\_\_\_ processor. **1**  
 (a) 30, 1byte (b) 20, 1 byte (c) 40, 8 bit (d) 40, 8 byte
- ix. The CISC stands for \_\_\_\_\_. **1**  
 (a) Computer Instruction Set Compliment  
 (b) Complete Instruction Set Compliment  
 (c) Computer Indexed Set Components  
 (d) Complex Instruction Set Computer
- x. Which of the block is not considered as a block of an architecture of 80286? **1**  
 (a) Address unit (b) Bus unit  
 (c) Instruction unit (d) Control unit
- Q.2 i. Draw memory ready cycle for 8085 microprocessor. **2**  
 ii. Draw and explain the flag register in 8085 microprocessor. **3**  
 iii. Explain the addressing modes with example in 8085 microprocessor. **5**
- OR iv. Explain the types of interrupt for 8085 microprocessor. **5**
- Q.3 i. Define the physical address with example in 8086 microprocessor. **2**  
 ii. Explain the segmentation of memory of 8086 microprocessor. **3**  
 iii. Write assembly language program for find out largest number form an array with comments and example using 8086 microprocessor. **5**
- OR iv. Draw and explain the pin diagram of 8086 microprocessor with minimum and maximum mode. **5**
- Q.4 i. Draw the pinout diagram of 8259 interrupt controller. **2**  
 ii. Draw and explain the PROM memory interfacing with of 8086 microprocessor. **3**  
 iii. Draw the 8253 program counter timer interfacing with microprocessor and explain it. **5**
- OR iv. Draw and explain the Pin diagram of 8251 USART. **5**
- Q.5 Attempt any two:  
 i. Write down any ten differences between microcontroller and microprocessor. **5**  
 ii. Draw and explain the internal architecture of 8051 microcontroller. **5**  
 iii. Define memory organization and addressing modes in 8051 microcontroller. **5**

[3]

- Q.6 Attempt any two:  
 i. Write down any ten differences between RISC and CISC. **5**  
 ii. Draw and explain the Von Neumann and Harvard Architecture. **5**  
 iii. Draw model for ARM processor and explain it. **5**

\*\*\*\*\*

## Marking Scheme

### IT3CO32 Microprocessor & Microcontroller

Q.1	i)	c	1
	ii)	d	1
	iii)	c	1
	iv)	b	1
	v)	d	1
	vi)	a	1
	vii)	c	1
	viii)	c	1
	ix)	d	1
	x)	d	1
Q.2	i.	Diagram of memory ready cycle for 8085 microprocessor	2
	ii.	Draw flag register in 8085 microprocessor.	1 Marks
		Explain the flag register in 8085 microprocessor.	2 Marks
	iii.	5 addressing modes with example of 8085 microprocessor.	5 Marks
OR	iv.	the types of interrupt for 8085 microprocessor.	5 Marks
Q.3	i.	physical address with example in 8086 microprocessor	2 Marks
	ii.	the segmentation of memory	3 Marks
	iii.	assembly language program for find out largest number form an Array	3 Marks
		for comment	1 Marks
		for example	1 Marks
OR	iv.	Pin diagram of 8086 microprocessor	2 Marks
		explain the Pin diagram of 8086 microprocessor with minimum and maximum mode	3 Marks
Q.4	i.	Diagram of 8259 interrupt controller pin diagram.	2 Marks
	ii.	Diagram for memory interfacing with microprocessor	1 Marks
		explain the memory interfacing with microprocessor	2 Marks
	iii.	Diagram 8253 program counter timer interfacing with microprocessor.	2 Marks
		Explain the 8253 program counter timer interfacing with microprocessor.	3 Marks

OR	iv.	Draw the Pin diagram of 8251 USART.	2 Marks
		Explain the Pin diagram of 8251 USART.	3 Marks
Q.5	i.	Each Difference between Microcontroller and microprocessor	5 Marks
		0.5mark	
	ii.	Draw internal architecture of 8051 microcontroller	2 Marks
		explain the internal architecture of 8051 microcontrolle	3 Marks
	iii.	Define memory organization 8051 microcontroller	2 Marks
		Addressing modes in 8051 microcontroller.	3 Marks
Q.6	i.	Each difference between RISC and CISC	0.5 total
			5 Marks
	ii.	Draw and explain the Von Neumann	3 Marks
		Draw and explain Harvard Architecture	2 Marks
	iii.	Draw model for ARM processor	2 Marks.
		Explain model for ARM processor.	3 Marks

\*\*\*\*\*