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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering
End Sem Examination May-2024
EC3CO21 Fiber Optic Communications

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: EC

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. Refractive index profile suitable for SI fibers is- **1**
(a) 2 (b) 0 (c) Infinite (d) 1
- ii. In fiber optic communication, the refractive index of clad should be- **1**
(a) Higher than core (b) No relation
(c) Less than core (d) Equal to core
- iii. Optical signal broadens due to- **1**
(a) Attenuation (b) Absorption
(c) Scattering (d) Dispersion
- iv. The power of a signal is reduced to half then the attenuation is (in dB) **1**
(a) 2 (b) -2 (c) -3 (d) 3
- v. Emitted Wavelength depends on- **1**
(a) Conduction band (b) Valence band
(c) Band gap energy (d) None of these
- vi. Single longitudinal mode operation in LASER is obtained by **1**
(a) Eliminating all transverse mode
(b) Eliminating all longitudinal modes
(c) Increasing the length of cavity
(d) Reducing the length of cavity
- vii. Phototransistor operate in **1**
(a) Cutoff region
(b) Saturation region
(c) Reverse saturation region
(d) Active region
- viii. The absorption of photons in a photodiode is dependent on: **1**
(a) Absorption coefficient (b) Properties of material
(c) Charge carrier at junction (d) Amount of light

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- ix. WDM system key feature include- **1**
(a) Wavelength routing
(b) Capacity upgrade
(c) Transparency
(d) All of these
- x. The nonlinear effects in optical fiber occur due to- **1**
(a) Intensity dependence of refractive index of the medium
(b) Due to inelastic-scattering phenomenon
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of these
- Q.2 i. Explain the classification of optical fiber. **4**
ii. Define numerical aperture. Derive the formula for numerical aperture. **6**
- OR iii. Explain modified chemical vapor deposition fiber fabrication technique. **6**
- Q.3 i. Derive the formula for material dispersion. **4**
ii. Explain the signal attenuation in fibers. **6**
- OR iii. Explain the signal dispersion in fibers. **6**
- Q.4 i. Explain the direct and indirect bandgap material by E-K diagram. **4**
ii. Explain any one basic LED configurations being used for fiber optics. **6**
- OR iii. Explain the three key transition processes involved in laser action. **6**
- Q.5 i. Explain optical detection principle with the help of neat diagram. **4**
ii. What is the need of optical amplifier? Explain the working of semiconductor optical amplifier. **6**
- OR iii. Explain the PIN photodetector. Also draw energy band diagram for PIN photodiode. **6**
- Q.6 Attempt any two: **5**
i. Explain WDM. **5**
ii. Explain nonlinear optical effects. **5**
iii. Explain optical isolators and circulators. **5**

P.T.O.

Scheme of Marking
Fiber Optic Communications (T) - EC3CO21

Q.1	i)	Refractive index profile suitable for SI fibers is (c) Infinite	1
	ii)	In fiber optic communication, the refractive index of clad should be (c) Less than core	1
	iii)	Optical signal broadens due to (d) Dispersion	1
	iv)	The power of a signal is reduced to half then the attenuation is (in dB) (c) -3	1
	v)	Emitted Wavelength depends on (c) Band Gap Energy	1
	vi)	Single longitudinal mode operation in LASER is obtained by (d) Reducing the length of cavity	1
	vii)	Phototransistor operate in (d) Active Region	1
	viii)	The absorption of photons in a photodiode is dependent on: (a) Absorption Coefficient	1
	ix)	WDM system key feature include (d) All of the above	1
	x)	The nonlinear effects in optical fiber occur due to (c) Both A and B	1
Q.2	i.	Explain the classification of optical fiber. Classification details 4 marks	4
	ii.	Define numerical aperture. Derive the formula for numerical aperture. Definition of NA 1 mark Diagram 2 marks Derivation 3 marks	6
OR	iii.	Explain modified chemical vapor deposition fiber fabrication technique. Diagram 3 marks Explanation 3 marks	6
Q.3	i.	Derive the formula for material dispersion. Derivation 4 marks	4
	ii.	Explain the signal attenuation in fibers. Types of attenuation 2 marks	6

OR	iii.	Explanation about causes 4 marks Explain the signal dispersion in fibers. Types of dispersion 2 marks Explanation about causes 4 marks	6
Q.4	I	Explain the direct and indirect bandgap material by E-K diagram. Direct BG 2 marks Indirect BG 2 marks	4
	Ii	Explain any one basic LED configurations being used for fiber optics. SLED or ELED diagram 2 marks Explanation 4 marks	6
OR	iii	Explain the three key transition processes involved in laser action. Each process 2 marks	6
Q.5	i	Explain optical detection principle with the help of neat diagram. Diagram 2 marks Theory 2 marks	4
	Ii	What is the need of optical amplifier. Explain the working of semiconductor optical amplifier. Need of amplifier 2 marks SOA diagram 2 marks Theory 2 marks	6
OR	iii	Explain the PIN photodetector. Also draw energy band diagram for PIN photodiode. PIN diagram 2 marks EB Diagram 2 marks Theory 2 marks	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	I	Explain WDM. Diagram 2.5 marks Theory 2.5 marks	5
	Ii	Explain nonlinear optical effects. Theory 5 marks	5
	iii	Explain optical isolators and circulators. Isolators 2.5 marks Circulators 2.5 marks	5
