

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Science
End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2019
BC3CO09 Data Structure

Programme: B.Sc. (CS)

Branch/Specialisation: Computer
Science**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Which of the following abstract data types can be used to represent a many to many relations? 1
- (a) Tree only (b) Stack only
(c) Graph only (d) Both (b) and (c)
- ii. Running out of memory may occur due to 1
- (a) No-recursive function call
(b) Recursive function call
(c) Use of more global variable
(d) None of these
- iii. Sparse matrices have 1
- (a) Many zero entries (b) Many non zero entries
(c) Higher dimension (d) None of these
- iv. The smallest element of an array's index is called 1
- (a) Lower bound (b) Upper bound
(c) Range (d) Extraction
- v. What is the postfix form of the following prefix $*+AB-CD$? 1
- (a) $AB+CD-*$ (b) $ABC+*-$
(c) $AB+*CD-$ (d) $AB+C*D-$
- vi. What can be said about the array representation of a circular queue when it contains only one element? 1
- (a) $Front=Rear=Null$ (b) $Front=Rear+1$
(c) $Front=Rear-1$ (d) $Front=Rear$

P.T.O.

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- vii. What is true about linked list? **1**
 (a) A list is a dynamic data structure
 (b) A list is a static data structure having variable storage
 (c) A stack can't be implemented by a linear linked list
 (d) Both (a) and (b)
- viii. The maximum number of nodes on level i of a binary tree is **1**
 (a) 2^{i-1} (b) 3^{i-1} (c) $i+1$ (d) 2^{i+2}
- ix. Binary search can work only if **1**
 (a) List contain odd number of elements
 (b) List contain even number of elements
 (c) List should be sorted
 (d) No matter what type of list is.
- x. The average search time of hashing, with linear probing will be **1**
 less if the load factor
 (a) Is far less than one (b) Equals one
 (c) Is far greater than one (d) None of these

Q.2

- Attempt any two:
- i. What are the various operations that can be performed on different data structures? **5**
- ii. Define asymptotic notation. Explain various asymptotic notations used to calculate time complexities of an algorithm. **5**
- iii. List out the classification of data structure and explain them briefly. **5**

Q.3

- Attempt any two:
- i. Write a program to reverse a given string without using standard function. **5**
- ii. Write an algorithm to find maximum and minimum element in one-dimension array. **5**
- iii. A two-dimension array in C, defined as $a[4\dots 7][-1\dots 3]$ requires **5**
 2 bytes of storage space for each element. If array is stored in row major form, then calculate the address of element at location $a[6,2]$ where base address is 100.

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- Q.4 i. What is circular queue? How do you represent it? **3**
 ii. Write a program to insert a node in a queue and to delete a node from a queue. **7**
- OR iii. Convert expression $A+(B*C-(D/E-F)*G)*H$ into postfix form showing stack status after every step in tabular form. **7**
- Q.5 i. Define the following: **3**
 (a) Extended binary tree (b) Strictly binary tree
- ii. The following sequence gives the pre-order and in-order of the binary tree T: **7**
 Pre-order: A B D G C E H I F
 In-order: D G B A H E I C F
 Draw the diagram of the tree.
- OR iii. Write an algorithm to delete an item from specified position in the linked list. **7**
- Q.6 i. What is hashing? What is the use of hashing? **3**
 ii. Write a program to sort the elements of an array using bubble sort technique? **7**
- OR iii. What are the different types of searching techniques? Explain one which is more efficient among them. **7**

Marking Scheme
BC3CO09 Data Structure

Q.1	i.	Which of the following abstract data types can be used to represent a many to many relations? (c) Graph only	1
	ii.	Running out of memory may occur due to (b) Recursive function call	1
	iii.	Sparse matrices have (a) Many zero entries	1
	iv.	The smallest element of an array's index is called (a) Lower bound	1
	v.	What is the postfix form of the following prefix $*+AB-CD$? (a) $AB+CD-*$	1
	vi.	What can be said about the array representation of a circular queue when it contains only one element? (d) $Front=Rear$	1
	vii.	What is true about linked list? (d) Both (a) and (b)	1
	viii.	The maximum number of nodes on level i of a binary tree is (a) 2^{i-1}	1
	ix.	Binary search can work only if (c) List should be sorted	1
	x.	The average search time of hashing, with linear probing will be less if the load factor (a) Is far less than one	1
Q.2		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Operations that can be performed on different data structures 1 mark for each operation (1 mark * 5)	5
	ii.	Definition of asymptotic notation Describing notations	2 marks 3 marks
	iii.	Classification of data structure Diagram	2 marks
		Description	3 marks

Q.3		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Program to reverse a given string without using standard function Stepwise marking on the basis of logic	5
	ii.	Algorithm to find maximum and minimum element Stepwise marking	5
	iii.	Calculate the address of element at location $a[6,2]$ Writing formula Solution	5 1 mark 4 marks
Q.4	i.	Defining circular queue Representation	1 mark 2 marks
	ii.	Program to insert a node in a queue and to delete a node from a queue. Stepwise marking on the basis of logic	7
OR	iii.	Convert expression $A+(B*C-(D/E-F)*G)*H$ into postfix form showing stack status after every step in tabular form. Complete solution Stepwise marking	7
Q.5	i.	Define the following: (a) Extended binary tree (b) Strictly binary tree	1.5 marks 1.5 marks
	ii.	Draw the diagram of the tree. Complete solution Stepwise marking	7
OR	iii.	Algorithm to delete an item from specified position Stepwise marking	7
Q.6	i.	Definition of hashing Use of hashing	1.5 marks 1.5 marks
	ii.	Program to sort the elements of an array using bubble sort technique Stepwise marking	7
OR	iii.	Types of searching techniques Efficient techniques	5 marks 2 marks
