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Faculty of Agriculture

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022

AG3EL09 Hi- tech Horticulture

Knowledge is Power Programme: B.Sc. (Hons.) Branch/Specialisation: Agriculture

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 50

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

I (IV	icqs,	should be written in full inste	ad of only a, b, c of d.				
Q. 1	i.	Which among the following protected structures are commonly used for hardening of plants?		1			
1		(a) Walk in tunnel	(b) Shadenet house				
		(c) Green house	(d) Low tunnel				
	ii.	Which among the following protected structures are commonly us					
		for early rooting of cuttings?					
		(a) Walk in tunnel	(b) Shadenet house				
		(c) Green house	(d) Mist chamber				
	iii.	Which is the ideal thickness of black polythene mulch for fruit					
		plants?					
		(a) 100 microns	(b) 200 microns				
		(c) 250 microns	(d) 300 microns				
	iv.	8					
		(a) Non-Pressure Compensating					
		(c) Pressure Compensating with Anti leak					
		(d) Anti-leak					
	v.	Avoid clogging of drippers _		1			
		(a) Higher (b) Very high					
	vi.	uitable for high density orcharding?	1				
		* *	(c) Amrapalli (d) Dasheri				
	vii.	emitted, reflected or diffracted by the sensed objects.					
		(a) Electric waves	(b) Sound waves				
	:::	(c) Electromagnetic waves	· /	1			
	VIII.	ii. To know the change in cropping pattern of a particular area, which					
		one is the best measure to consider-					
		(a) Satellite navigation(c) Satellite imagery					
		(c) Saterine imagery	(u) All of these				

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	ix.	A precision instrument used to measure chlorophyll content is-					
		(a) SPAD meter (b) LCC					
		(c) Green Seeker (d) Quantum sensor					
	х.	Which equipment is used for fertilizer application under drip	1				
		irrigation?					
		(a) Disk filter (b) Venturi (c) Solenoid valve (d) Flush valve					
Q.	i.	Enlist the commonly used protected cultivation structures.	1				
2							
	ii.	Write the importance of media on plant growth.	2				
	iii.	Write short note on low tunnel, shadenet house and green house.	5				
OR	iv.	What are the advantages and disadvantages of soilless culture?	5				
Q.	i.	Enlist the advantages of protected cultivation.	1				
3	1.	Emist the advantages of protected eartivation.	1				
	ii.	What is drip irrigation system? Write some of its benefits.	3				
	iii.	What are important climate parameters? Name climate parameter	4				
		measuring instruments used in green houses?					
OR	iv.	List out the equipments used for environmental parameters	4				
		monitoring in green houses.					
Q.	i.	Explain any three forms of Nitrogen fertilizers that are used in green	2				
4	1,	house cultivation.	_				
	ii.	What is fertigation? List out the equipment used in fertigation.	6				
OR	iii.	Describe the components of precision farming.	6				
_							
Q.	1.	What ate the different applications of remote sensing technology in	2				
5	ii.	agriculture? Evaluin Differential Con Positioning System (DCPS)	2				
	11. 111.	Explain Differential Geo-Positioning System (DGPS). What is variable rate application? How it is helpful in horticultural	2				
	111.	crop production?	7				
OR	iv.	How GIS is useful in soil classification land use planning?	4				
Q.		Attempt any two:					
6							
	i.	Define precision farming and its significance in horticultural crops.	4				
	ii.	Write down the application and advantages of plastic mulching in	4				

vegetable crops.

iii. What types of sensors are used for mechanization vegetable farming? 4

Marking Scheme AG3EL09 Hi- tech Horticulture

Q. 1	i.	Which among the following protected structure for hardening of plants?	res are commonly used	1		
	ii.	(b) Shadenet house Which among the following protected structu for early rooting of cuttings?	res are commonly used	1		
	iii.	(d) Mist chamber Which is the ideal thickness of black polyplants?	thene mulch for fruit	1		
	iv.	(a) 100 micronsWhich among the following is not a type of dripper?(d) Anti-leak				
	v.	Avoid clogging of drippers pH is helpful. (d) Lower				
	vi.					
	vii.	Remote sensing techniques make use of the properties of 1 emitted, reflected or diffracted by the sensed objects.				
	viii.	 (c) Electromagnetic waves To know the change in cropping pattern of a particular area, which one is the best measure to consider- (c) Satellite imagery 				
	ix.	A precision instrument used to measure chlorophyll content is- (a) SPAD meter				
	х.	Which equipment is used for fertilizer a irrigation? (b) Venturi	application under drip	1		
Q. 2	i.	Protected cultivation structures. explanation)	(As per	1		
<i>4</i>	ii. iii.	Importance of media on plant growth. Low tunnel Shadenet house Green house.	(As per explanation) 1.5 Marks 1.5 Marks 2 Marks	2 5		
OR	iv.	Advantages Disadvantages	2.5 Marks 2.5 Marks	5		
Q. 3	i.	Advantages of protected cultivation.	(As per explanation)	1		

	ii.	Drip irrigation system Some of its benefits.	2 Marks 1 Mark	3
	iii.	Climate parameters and Name climate	(As per explanation)	4
OR	iv.	List out the equipments used for environment on the equipments used for environment of the equipment of the	ronmental parameters (As per	4
Q. 4	i.	Three forms of Nitrogen fertilizers	(As per explanation)	2
	ii.	What is fertigation	2 Marks	6
		List out the equipment used in fertigation.	4 Marks	
OR	iii.	Components of precision farming.	(As per explanation)	6
Q. 5	i.	Different applications of remote .	(As per explanation)	2
	ii.	Differential Geo-Positioning System (DGPS).	(As per explanation)	2
	iii.	Variable rate application and How it is helpful in horticultural crop production (As per explanation)		
OR	iv.	` I I /		
		r and r	(As per explanation)	
Q. 6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Define precision farming	2 Marks	4
		its significance in horticultural crops.	2 Marks	
	ii.	application	2 Marks	4
		Advantages.	2 Marks	
	iii.	Types of sensors are used explanation)	(As per	4
