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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering
End Sem (Even) Examination May-2019
EE3CO03 / EX3CO03 Electrical Measurement and
Instrumentation

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: EE/EX

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Spiral springs are used in instruments to? **1**
(a) Provide damping torque
(b) Provide linear deflection
(c) Lead current to moving coil and provide controlling torque
(d) None of these
- ii. Which one of the following materials is used in fabrication of **1**
swamping resistance in PMMC instrument?
(a) Copper (b) Aluminium (c) Manganin (d) Tungsten
- iii. Induction type single phase energy meters measure electric energy in? **1**
(a) KWh (b) KW (c) Ohms (d) None of these
- iv. In a 3-phase power measurement by two wattmeter method, both the **1**
watt meters has identical readings. The power factor of the load is?
(a) Unity (b) 0.707 lead (c) 0.707 lag (d) None of these
- v. In a Wheatstone bridge method, the bridge is said to be balanced, **1**
when the current through the galvanometer is?
(a) 1 A (b) 5 A (c) 0 A (d) 10 A
- vi. To measure a very high resistance, which of following is suitable? **1**
(a) Kelvin double bridge (b) Megger
(c) Wheatstone bridge (d) All of these
- vii. The Q meter works on the principle of? **1**
(a) Series resonance (b) Parallel resonance
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these

P.T.O.

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viii.	The A.C bridge used for the measurement of inductance?	1
	(a) Anderson bridge (b) Schering bridge	
	(c) De-Sauty bridge (d) All of these	
ix.	CRO stand for?	1
	(a) Cathode ray oscilloscope	
	(b) Capacitance resistance oscilloscope	
	(c) Current Resistance oscillator	
	(d) None of these	
x.	Which of the following materials can be used as photoconductive transducer?	1
	(a) Nickel (b) Cobalt (c) Selenium (d) Iron	
Q.2	i. Differentiate between accuracy and precision.	2
	ii. Discuss construction and principle of operation of galvanometer.	3
	iii. Explain loading effects due to series & shunt connected instruments.	5
OR	iv. Describe the various types of errors in measurement system.	5
Q.3	i. Describe the construction details of an electrodynamicometer type wattmeter with diagram.	4
	ii. Sketch circuit diagram for power measurement in a 3-phase circuit star connected load using two wattmeter's and derive equation for power measurement with phasor diagram.	6
OR	iii. Discuss construction and theory of operation for single phase energy meter.	6
Q.4	i. Discuss classification of resistance in brief.	3
	ii. Explain working of Kelvin's double bridge method for measurement of low resistance with circuit diagram and derive its mathematical equation.	7
OR	iii. What are the factors affecting earth resistance? Discuss following methods for measurement of earth resistance: (a) Fall of potential method (b) Earth tester	7
Q.5	i. Explain Wein-bridge for measurement of unknown frequency with necessary mathematical equations.	4

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	ii.	Explain Schering bridge for measurement of capacitance and derive expression for the unknown capacitance with necessary phasor diagram.	6
OR	iii.	Explain Maxwell's inductance-capacitance bridge for measurement of unknown inductance by deriving necessary mathematical equations. Mention advantage and dis-advantage for the same.	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Write short note on: (a) Piezo-electric transducer (b) Hall-effect transducer	5
	ii.	What is LVDT? Explain its working with necessary diagram and applications of LVDT.	5
	iii.	Explain with neat diagram various parts and working of CRO.	5

Marking Scheme

EE3CO03 / EX3CO03 Electrical Measurement and Instrumentation

Q.1	i.	Spiral springs are used in instruments to?	1
		(c) Lead current to moving coil and provide controlling torque	
	ii.	Which one of the following materials is used in fabrication of swamping resistance in PMMC instrument?	1
		(c) Manganin	
	iii.	Induction type single phase energy meters measure electric energy in?	1
		(a) KWh	
	iv.	In a 3-phase power measurement by two wattmeter method, both the watt meters has identical readings. The power factor of the load is?	1
		(a) Unity	
	v.	In a Wheatstone bridge method, the bridge is said to be balanced, when the current through the galvanometer is?	1
		(c) 0 A	
Q.2	vi.	To measure a very high resistance, which of following is suitable?	1
		(b) Megger	
	vii.	The Q meter works on the principle of?	1
		(a) Series resonance	
	viii.	The A.C bridge used for the measurement of inductance?	1
		(a) Anderson bridge	
	ix.	CRO stand for?	1
		(a) Cathode ray oscilloscope	
	x.	Which of the following materials can be used as photoconductive transducer?	1
		(c) Selenium	
Q.2	i.	Differentiate between Accuracy	2
		Precision.	
		1 mark	
	ii.	Operation of galvanometer	3
		Construction	
		2 marks	
Q.2		Principle	1 mark
	iii.	Loading effects due to	5
		Series instruments	
		2.5 marks	
Q.2		Shunt connected instruments.	2.5 marks

OR	iv.	Types of errors in measurement system.	5
		Gross error	1 mark
		Random error	2 marks
OR		Systematic	2 marks
Q.3	i.	Construction of an electro-dynamometer type wattmeter with diagram.	4
	ii.	Circuit diagram	1 mark
		Phasor diagram	2 marks
OR		Derivation	3 marks
	iii.	Operation for single phase energy meter	6
		Construction	3 marks
Q.4		Theory	3 marks
Q.4	i.	Classification of resistance	3
	ii.	Kelvin's double bridge method for measurement of low resistance	7
		Working	2 marks
OR		Circuit diagram	2 marks
		Derivation	3 marks
	iii.	Factors affecting earth resistance	7
Q.5		(a) Fall of potential method	2.5 marks
		(b) Earth tester	2.5 marks
Q.5	i.	Wein-bridge explanation	2 marks
		Mathematical equations.	2 marks
	ii.	Schering bridge for measurement of capacitance	6
OR		Phasor diagram	2 marks
		Derivation for the unknown capacitance	3 marks
		Schering bridge circuit diagram.	1 mark
Q.6	iii.	Maxwell's inductance-capacitance bridge theory + diagram	6
			2 marks
		Derivation	2 marks
Q.6		Advantage and dis-advantage	2 marks
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Write short note on:	5
		(a) Piezo-electric transducer	2.5 marks
Q.6		(b) Hall-effect transducer	2.5 marks

ii.	LVDT working + diagram	3 marks	5
	Applications of LVDT	2 marks	
iii.	Various parts and working of CRO.		5
	Diagram	2 marks	
	Working + various parts	3 marks	
