Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering

End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2018 CE3CO15 Quantity Surveying & Estimation

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: CE

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

(MCC	(s) sh	ould be written	in full instead of onl	y a, b, c or d.		
Q.1	i.	The useful part of liveable area of a b		a building is kno	own as	
		(a) Carpet are	a	(b) Circulatio	n area	
		(c) Horizontal	circulation area	(d) Plinth are	a	
	ii.	Estimate expe	ected to be least accur	ate is		
		(a) Supplemen	ntary estimate	(b) Plinth are	estimate	
		(c) Detailed ea	stimate	(d) Revised e	stimate	
	iii.	The expected	out turn of cement co	oncrete 1:2:4 per	mason per day is	
		(a) 1.5 m^3	(b) 2.5 m^3	(c) 3.5 m^3	(d) 5.0 m^3	
	iv.	The expected out turn for earthwork in excavation in ordinary soil per				
V.		mazdoor per o	lay is			
		(a) 1 cum	(b) 2 cum	(c) 3 cum	(d) 4 cum	
	v.	In measuring from work no deduction is made for opening up to				
		(a) 1.0 sq.m.	(b) 0.5 sq.m.	(c) 0.4 sq.m.	(d) 0.01 sq.m.	
	vi.	One cubic metre of mild steel weighs about				
		(a) 9850 kg	(b) 7850 kg	(c) 9850 kg	(d) 6850 kg	
	vii.	The detention period in a septic tank is assumed -				
		(a) 20 minutes	s (b) 25 minutes	(c) 30 minute	es (d) 40 minutes	
	viii.	Original cost	of property minus dep	preciation is		-
		(a) Scrape Va	lue	(b) Salvage V	⁷ alue	
		(c) Reliable V	alue	(d) Book Val	ue	
	ix.	A tender is ad	vertised in			-
		(a) Newspape	rs	(b) Business	environment	
		(c) Domestic	markets	(d) Sellers		
	х.	The process o	f evaluating cost of c	onstruction of a	project is called-	-
		(a) Estimate	(b) Tender	(c) Contract	(d) Actual cost	

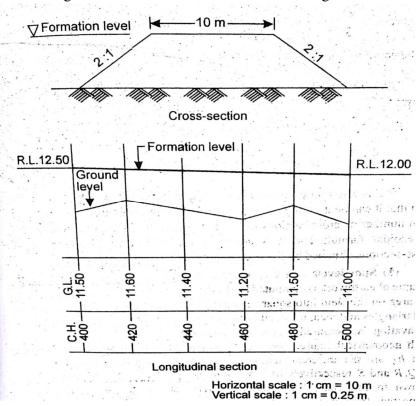
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Q.2	i.	What are various purposes of estimation?				
	ii.	What are the Schedule of rates?				
	iii.	What are Principles of estimating, Explain Various types of Estimate?				
OR	iv.	Write short notes on-	5			
		(a) Contingencies (b) Work charge establishment				
Q.3	i.	Explain the importance of rate analysis?	2			
	ii.	Workout the rate analysis of the Brickbat lime concrete (proportion 1:2:4)	8			
		for foundation and plinth.				
OR	iii.	Workout the rate analysis of the Providing and laying mild steel	8			

Q.4 i. Draw the forms of measurement sheet and abstract sheet for building 3 work.

reinforcement.

ii. Calculate the volume of earthwork for a proposed road having formation 7 width 10 m side slope 2:1 using mid-sectional area method. The cross-section and longitudinal section of a road is shown in fig. below.



OR	iii.	Prepare a preliminary estimate of a building having Plinth area equal to
		1600 sq. m. given that:

- (a) Plinth area rate Rs. 2000/- per sq. m.
- (b) Extra for Architectural work 3/2% of Building cost.
- (c) Extra for Electrical installation (10), +Water supply and sanitary installations (6) = 10+6=16% of building cost.

7

- (d) Extra for other services 8% of the building cost.
- (e) Contingencies and Supervision charges 10%
- Q.5 i. Explain Fair Market Value, Book Value, Salvage Value and Scrap Value.
 - ii. What is sinking fund and depreciation, Describe Methods of calculating 6 depreciation?
- OR iii. A three storyed building is standing on a plot of land measuring 800sq.m. The plinth area of each storey is 400sq.m. The building is of R.C.C framed structure and the future life may be taken as 70 years. The building fetches a gross rent of RS.1500.00 per month. Workout the capitalized value of property on the basis of 6% net yield. For sinking fund 3% compound interest may be assumed. Cost of land may taken RS. 40.00 per sq.m. Other data required may be assumed suitably.

Q.6 Attempt any two:

- i. How Tenders are Invited, Describe Pre and post qualification of 5 contractors and tender documents.
- ii. Define Contract and Explain Types of Contracts.
- iii. What is arbitration, what are the various qualities and powers of an 5 Arbitrator?

Marking Scheme CE3CO15 Quantity Surveying & Estimation

Q.1	i.	The useful part of liveable area of a building is known as (a) Carpet area		1			
	ii.	Estimate expected to be least accurate is (b) Plinth are estimate		1			
	iii.	The expected out turn of cement concrete 1:2:4 per mason μ (d) 5.0 m ³	per day is	1			
	iv.	 The expected out turn for earthwork in excavation in ordinary soil per mazdoor per day is (c) 3 cum 					
	v.	In measuring from work no deduction is made for opening up to (c) 0.4 sq.m.					
	vi.	One cubic metre of mild steel weighs about (b) 7850 kg		1			
	vii.	ii. The detention period in a septic tank is assumed - (c) 30 minutes					
	viii	Original cost of property minus depreciation is (d) Book Value		1			
	ix.	A tender is advertised in (a) Newspapers		1			
	х.	The process of evaluating cost of construction of a project i (a) Estimate	s called-	1			
Q.2		What are various purposes of estimation With explanation 2 points Without explanation 4 points		2			
	ii.	Schedule of rates	2 1	3			
	111.	Principles of estimating Types of Estimate	2 marks	5			
OR	iv	Types of Estimate Write short notes on-	3 marks	5			
OK	1 V .	(a) Contingencies	2.5 marks	J			
		(b) Work charge establishment	2.5 marks				
Q.3	i.	Definition importance of rate analysis		2			

	Qty. or	Rate	Per	Amount	
	No.	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	
Materials:					
Brickbats	10.00cum	500.00	Cu m	5000.00	
Sand	5.00cum	200.00	Cu m	1000.00	
Slanked Lime	2.50cum	500.00	Cu m	1250.00	
				7250.00	2 marks
Labour:					
Mortar			Lump	350.00	
mixer(1:2)					
Male coolie	3 nos	140.00	Day	420.00	
Female coolie	6 nos	140.00	Day	840.00	
Bhisti	2 nos	130.00	Day	260.00	
Sundrries				10.00	2 marks
Labour cost				1880.00	
Add material co	ost			7250.00	
				9130.00	1 mark
10% contractor	's profit		913.00		
1.5% water cha	rge		136.00		
Rate per 10 cu	m		10179.95		
Rate per cu m				1018.00	
Approximate to)			1020.00	3 marks

ii.

OR iii. Rate analysis of the Providing and laying mild steel reinforcement.

	Qty or	Rate	Per	Amount	
	No.	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	
Materials:					
Mild steel	1.00	3400.00	Quin	3400.00	
Wastage @2%	quin			68.00	
Binding wires		30.00	Kg	30.00	
Sundries	1.00kg			12.00	
				3510.00	2 marks
Labour:					
Labour		275.00	Quin	275.00	

Sundries	1.00		10.00	2 marks
	quin			
Labour			285.00	
Add material			3510.00	
			3795.00	1 mark
10% contractor	's		379.50	
Rate per quin			4174.50	
Approximate to	ı		4175.00	3 marks

		Rate per quin	4174.50	
		Approximate to	4175.00	3 marks
Q.4	i.	Draw the forms of measurement sheet		1.5 marks
		Abstract sheet for building work.		1.5 marks
	ii.	Calculate the volume of earthwork for a	proposed r	oad having
		formation width 10 m side slope 2:1 using mid	l-sectional ar	ea method.
OR	iii.	Prepare a preliminary estimate of a building ha	ving Plinth a	rea equal to
		1600 sq. m. given that:		
		(a) Plinth area rate $-$ Rs. 2000/- per sq. m.		1 mark
		(b) Extra for Architectural work – 3/2% of Bu	ilding cost.	2 marks
		(c) Extra for Electrical installation (10), +Wa	ater supply a	and sanitary
		installations (6) = $10+6=16$ % of building	cost.	2 marks
		(d) Extra for other services -8% of the building	ng cost.	1 mark
		(e) Contingencies and Supervision charges 10	%	1 mark
Q.5	i.	Explain Fair Market Value, Book Value, Sa	lvage Value	and Scrap
		Value.		
		1 mark for each term		(1 mark
		*4)		
	ii.	Sinking fund		1 mark
		Depreciation		1 mark
		Methods of calculating depreciation		4 marks
OR	iii.	SOL: Gross income per year =1500X12 =Rs. 1	18,000.00	
		Outgoing per annum assuming suitable data :		
		(a) Reapaies at $1/12$ of gross income = Rs. 150		
		(b) Municipal tax 20% of gross rent = 18000X	20/100 = Rs	
				1 mark
		(c) Property tax 5% of gross rent = $18000X5/1$		
		(d) Insurance premium @0.5% of gross rent =	18000X.5/1	00 = 90.00

			1 mark	
		(e) Management charge@6% =18000X6/100 =1080	0.00	
		(f) Other charge $@2\% = 18000X2/100 = 360.00$		
			1 mark	
		(g) Sinking = 180000X0.0043 = 774.00	1 mark	
		Total of outgoing per annum = 8304.00		
		Net annual return = 18000-8304.00 =Rs. 9696.00)	
		Capitalized value of building = 9696X100/6 =Rs	. 1,61,600.00	
		+		
		Cost of land @Rs. 40.00 per sq m = $800X40 = R$	s. 32000.00	
		Total =Rs.	1,93,600.00	
		The total value of the whole property is equal to Rs	1 93 600 00	
		The total value of the whole property is equal to its	2 marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	How Tenders are Invited	1 mark	5
		Pre qualification of contractors	1 mark	
		Post qualification of contractors	1 mark	
		Tender documents.	4 marks	
	ii.	Define Contract	2 marks	5
		Types of Contracts.	3 marks	
		1 mark for each (1 mark * 3)		
	iii.	What is arbitration	2 marks	5
		Qualities and powers of an Arbitrator	3 marks	
		6 points with explanation 0.5 mark each (0.5 mark	*6)	
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