

Enrollment No.....



Programme: B.Tech.

End Sem Examination Dec 2024

ME3CO18 Manufacturing Processes -I

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Branch/Specialisation: ME

Maximum Marks: 60

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q. 1

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

		[2]					[3]				
vi.	What is a key advantage of cold working in sheet metal processes?	1	1	6	3	3	Q.3	i.	What are the primary components of a gating system? What is the function of each?	4	1 2 2 3
	(a) Increased ductility						ii.	What are melting furnaces in the casting process? Why is furnace selection critical to the success of metal casting operations?	6	3 7 2 2	
	(b) Improved strength and surface finish						OR	iii. Explain the concept of directional solidification and how it helps to reduce casting defects.	6	2 1 2 3	
vii.	In which welding method is no filler material used?	1	2	1	4	3	Q.4	i.	What are the fundamental principles of sheet metal forming, and how does the process differ from other metalworking techniques?	4	1 1 3 3
	(a) Spot Welding						ii.	What are the key types of extrusion processes? How are they classified? Explain the advantages and limitations of each type.	6	1 1 3 3	
	(b) Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW)						OR	iii. What role does temperature play in forging? How do hot forging and cold forging differ in terms of their effects on the material?	6	2 3 3 2	
viii.	What type of current is commonly used in TIG welding?	1	1	1	4	3	Q.5	i.	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Gas Metal Arc Welding compared to other arc welding processes.	4	2 1 4 2
	(a) Alternating Current (AC)						ii.	What are the key factors that influence the choice of filler material in welding, and how does the selection impact the mechanical properties and integrity of the weld joint?	6	4 2 4 2	
	(b) Direct Current (DC)						OR	iii. Describe the types of defects that can occur during welding, and explain the techniques used to prevent or correct these defects.	6	4 2 4 3	
ix.	Which method is used to produce metal powders from solid metals?	1	1	5	5	3	Q.6	i.	What is sintering in powder metallurgy? How does the sintering process affect the microstructure and mechanical properties of the final part?	4	1 1 5 3
	(a) Atomization	(b) Electrolysis					ii.	Explain the various stages involved in the powder metallurgy process.	6	1 1 5 3	
	(c) Compression	(d) Casting					OR	iii. Discuss the advantages and limitations of powder metallurgy compared to conventional metalworking processes.	6	2 1 5 3	
x.	What is the main advantage of using powder metallurgy?	1	2	1	5	3					
	(a) High production costs										
	(b) Ability to produce complex shapes										
	(c) Limited material selection										
	(d) Requires extensive machining										
Q.2	i. How do pattern allowances affect the design of moulding patterns? Why are these allowances necessary?	4	3	1	1	3	Q.6	i.	What is sintering in powder metallurgy? How does the sintering process affect the microstructure and mechanical properties of the final part?	4	1 1 5 3
ii.	Evaluate the importance of draft allowance in pattern making. Explain how insufficient draft can lead to defects in the casting process.	6	3	2	1	3	ii.	Explain the various stages involved in the powder metallurgy process.	6	1 1 5 3	
OR	iii. Discuss the different types of patterns used in casting and describe the characteristics of each type.	6	1,2	1	1	3	OR	iii. Discuss the advantages and limitations of powder metallurgy compared to conventional metalworking processes.	6	2 1 5 3	

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Marking Scheme
ME3CO18 Manufacturing Processes -I

Q.1	i) Answer: B) Silica sand ii) Answer: B) To hold the sand grains together iii) Answer: A) High setup costs iv) Answer: D) High production rates and good surface finish v) Answer: D) All of the above vi) Answer: B) Improved strength and surface finish vii) Answer: B) Gas Tungsten Arc Welding (GTAW) viii) Answer: C) Both AC and DC ix) Answer: A) Atomization x) Answer: B) Ability to produce complex shapes	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OR	iii. What role does temperature play in forging. 2M How do hot forging and cold forging differ in terms of their effects on the material? 4M	6
Q.2	i. How do pattern allowances affect the design of moulding patterns? 2M Why are these allowances necessary? 2M ii. Evaluate the importance of draft allowance in pattern making. 3M Explain how insufficient draft can lead to defects in the casting process. 3M	4 6	Q.5	i. Advantages of Gas Metal Arc Welding processes. 2M Disadvantages of Gas Metal Arc Welding processes. 2M ii. What are the key factors that influence the choice of filler material in welding. 3M How does the selection impact the mechanical properties and integrity of the weld joint? 3M	4 6
OR	iii. The different types of patterns. 2M Their characteristics. 4M	6	OR	iii. Describe the types of defects that can occur during welding. 3M Explain the techniques used to prevent or correct these defects. 3M	6
Q.3	i. What are the primary components of a gating system. 2M what is the function of each? 2M ii. What are melting furnaces in the casting process, 3M why is furnace selection critical to the success of metal casting operations? 3M	4 6	Q.6	i. What is sintering in powder metallurgy. 2M How does the sintering process affect the microstructure and mechanical properties of the final part? 2M ii. Powder Production 1M Blending and Mixing 1M Compaction 1M Sintering 1M Secondary Operations (Optional) 1M Finishing 1M iii. The advantages of powder metallurgy processes (minimum 3 points) 3M The limitations of powder metallurgy processes. (minimum 3 points) 3M	4 6
OR	iii. Explain the concept of directional solidification. 3M How it helps to reduce casting defects. 3M	6			
Q.4	i. What are the fundamental principles of sheet metal forming 2M How does the process differ from other metalworking techniques? 2M ii. What are the key types of extrusion processes, how are they classified? 2M Explain the advantages and limitations of each type. 4M	4 6			
