

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering
End Sem Examination May-2023

ME3CO15 I. C. Engines

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: ME

Duration: 3 Hrs.**Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. A stoichiometric air fuel ratio is _____. 1
 (a) Chemically correct mixture (b) Lean mixture
 (c) Rich mixture for idling (d) Rich mixture for overloads
- ii. The theoretically correct air fuel ratio for petrol engine is of the order of _____. 1
 (a) 6:1 (b) 9:1 (c) 12:1 (d) 15:1
- iii. What is the combustion in spark ignition engine? 1
 (a) Heterogeneous (b) Laminar
 (c) Homogeneous (d) None of these
- iv. Which of the following does not relate to BS-III spark ignition engine? 1
 (a) Spark plug (b) Carburetor (c) Fuel injector (d) Ignition coil
- v. The combustion in compression ignition engine is _____. 1
 (a) Homogeneous (b) Heterogeneous
 (c) Laminar (d) None of these
- vi. In a diesel engine, the fuel is ignited by _____. 1
 (a) Spark
 (b) Injected fuel
 (c) Heat resulting from compressing the air that is supplied for combustion
 (d) Combustion chamber
- vii. What is volumetric efficiency? 1
 (a) A measure of the power of the engine
 (b) A measure of the speed of the engine
 (c) A measure of pressure rise in the cylinder
 (d) A measure of breathing capacity of the engine

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- viii. _____ is the difference between indicated and brake power of an engine. **1**
 (a) Air flow (b) Emissions
 (c) Friction power (d) None of these
- ix. How does the supercharger increase power output? **1**
 (a) By increasing the charge pressure
 (b) By increasing the charge temperature
 (c) By increasing the speed of the engine
 (d) By increasing the quantity of fuel admitted
- x. Which type of supercharger is used at low speeds? **1**
 (a) Centrifugal type supercharger
 (b) Vane type supercharger
 (c) Root's supercharger
 (d) Twin-screw supercharger
- Q.2 i. Write any four performance parameters of an I. C. Engine. **4**
 ii. Compare with at least six point the air standard and actual cycles. **6**
- OR iii. Discuss the effect of variable specific heats and dissociation losses on performance of fuel air cycle. **6**
- Q.3 i. Discuss in brief the different types of combustion chambers for S. I. Engine. **4**
 ii. Discuss the stages of combustion in detail with the help of diagram. **6**
- OR iii. Explain the effect of any six engine variables on flame front propagation for S. I. Engine. **6**
- Q.4 i. What are different types of combustion chambers for C. I. Engine? **4**
 ii. Explain the effect of any six engine variables on delay period for C. I. Engine. **6**
- OR iii. Compare with at least six points the knocking in petrol and detonation in diesel engine. **6**
- Q.5 i. Explain the Morse test in detail. **4**
 ii. Write different methods for measurement of indicated power of an I. C. engine and explain any one in detail with diagram. **6**
- OR iii. Explain the measurement of frictional power by Willan's line method with the help of diagram. **6**
- Q.6 i. Explain need and effect of supercharging in brief. **4**

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- ii. Draw the main four types of arrangement of supercharging and explain any one of them. **6**
- OR iii. Write any three limitations of supercharging and any three advantages of turbocharging. **6**

Marking Scheme
ME3CO15 (T) I. C. Engines

Q.1	i)	A stoichiometric air fuel ratio is _____. (a) Chemically correct mixture	1
	ii)	The theoretically correct air fuel ratio for petrol engine is of the order of _____. (d) 15:1	1
	iii)	What is the combustion in spark ignition engine? (c) Homogeneous	1
	iv)	Which of the following does not relate to spark ignition engine? (c) Fuel injector	1
	v)	The combustion in compression ignition engine is _____. (b) Heterogeneous	1
	vi)	In a diesel engine, the fuel is ignited by _____. (c) Heat resulting from compressing the air that is supplied for combustion	1
	vii)	What is volumetric efficiency? (d) A measure of breathing capacity of the engine	1
	viii)	_____ is the difference between indicated and brake power of an engine. (c) Friction power	1
	ix)	How does the supercharger increase power output? (a) By increasing the charge pressure	1
	x)	Which type of supercharger is used at low speeds? (a) Centrifugal type supercharger	1
Q.2	i.	Write any four performance parameters of an I. C. Engine.	1*4
	ii.	Compare with at least six point the air standard and actual cycles.	1*6
OR	iii.	Discuss the effect of variable specific heats and dissociation losses on performance of fuel air	3+3

cycle.

Q.3	i.	Discuss in brief the different types of combustion chambers for S. I. Engine.	1*4
	ii.	Discuss the stages of combustion in detail with the help of diagram.	(1.5*3) + (1.5-Dig.)
OR	iii.	Explain the effect of any six engine variables on flame front propagation for S. I. Engine.	1*6
Q.4	i.	What are different types of combustion chamber for C.I Engine	2+2
	ii.	Explain the effect of any six engine variables on delay period for C. I. Engine.	1*6
OR	iii.	Compare with at least six points the knocking in petrol and detonation in diesel engine.	1*6
Q.5	i.	Explain the Morse test in detail.	4
	ii.	Write different methods for measurement of indicated power of an I. C. engine and explain any one in detail with diagram.	2+4
OR	iii.	Explain the measurement of frictional power by Willan's line method with the help of diagram.	4 + (2-Dig.)
Q.6	i.	Explain need and effect of supercharging in brief.	2+2
	ii.	Draw the main four types of arrangement of supercharging and explain any one of them.	4+2
	iii.	Write any three limitations of supercharging and any three advantages of turbocharging.	3+3
