Total No. of Questions: 6 Total No. of Printed Pages:2



Faculty of Management Studies End Sem Examination May-2024 MS50E01 Mutual Fund Management

Programme: MBA Branch/Specialisation: Management

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

•	•				
i.	ELSS stands for-		1		
	(a) Equity Linked Saving Scheme				
	(b) Equity Linked Son Scheme				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(d) None of these				
ii.	are a vehicle to mobilize moneys from investors, to invest				
	in different markets and securities.				
	(a) Bond (b) Shares	(c) Debenture (d) Mutual fund			
iii.	A close ended mutual fund has a fixed –		1		
	(a) NAV	(b) Fund size			
	(c) Rate of return	(d) Number of distributers			
iv.	As per Securities and Exc	change Board of India (Mutual fund)	1		
	=				
	appointed without prior approval of –				
	(a) Sponsor	(b) RBI			
	(c) SEBI	(d) Assets management company			
v.	How frequently must a mutual fund scheme calculate its NAV?		1		
	(a) Daily (b) Weekly	(c) Monthly (d) Yearly			
vi.			1		
	(a) Guaranteed returns	(b) Limited liquidity			
	(c) High transaction cost	(d) Professional management			
vii.		1			
	(a) Mutual fund	(b) Assets			
	(c) Both (a) and (b)	(d) None of these			
	ii. iv. v.	(a) Equity Linked Saving Scherocolor (c) Equity Line Saving Scherocolor (d) None of these iiare a vehicle to mode in different markets and sector (a) Bond (b) Shares iii. A close ended mutual fund he (a) NAV (c) Rate of return iv. As per Securities and Excent Regulation, 1996 No trusted appointed without prior appropriate (a) Sponsor (c) SEBI v. How frequently must a mutual (a) Daily (b) Weekly vi. One of the merits of mutual (a) Guaranteed returns (c) High transaction cost vii. Analysis of expenses ratio recolor (a) Mutual fund	(a) Equity Linked Saving Scheme (b) Equity Linked Son Scheme (c) Equity Line Saving Scheme (d) None of these iiare a vehicle to mobilize moneys from investors, to invest in different markets and securities. (a) Bond (b) Shares (c) Debenture (d) Mutual fund iii. A close ended mutual fund has a fixed – (a) NAV (b) Fund size (c) Rate of return (d) Number of distributers iv. As per Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual fund) Regulation, 1996 No trustee shall initially or any time thereafter be appointed without prior approval of – (a) Sponsor (b) RBI (c) SEBI (d) Assets management company v. How frequently must a mutual fund scheme calculate its NAV? (a) Daily (b) Weekly (c) Monthly (d) Yearly vi. One of the merits of mutual funds is- (a) Guaranteed returns (b) Limited liquidity (c) High transaction cost (d) Professional management vii. Analysis of expenses ratio related to – (a) Mutual fund (b) Assets		

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	viii.	AUM means-		1
		(a) Assets Under Manager	(b) Assets Under Management	
		(c) Assets Using Managers	(d) None of these	
	ix.	mutual fund company	was set up as a joint venture between	1
		RBI and Government of India.		
		(a) LIC MF	(b) SBI MF	
		(c) ICICI MF	(d) UTI MF	
х.		Mutual funds in India are permitted to invest in-		1
		(a) Securities	(b) Securities and gold	
		(c) Securities and real estate	(d) Securities, gold and real estate	
Q.2	i.	What do you understand by r	nutual fund?	2
	ii.	Write any three differences on shares and units of mutual fund. 3		
	iii.	How many types of mutual for	und schemes? Explain them.	5
OR	iv.	Financial growth of Indian people almost depends on mutual fund growth. Explain it		
Q.3	i.	How to calculate NAV of mu	utual fund?	3
	ii.	-	of Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) and	7
OR	iii.	Gold ETF. Discuss regulatory body of mutual fund.		7
Q.4	i.	Write short notes on merit of	mutual funds.	4
	ii.	What is the process of selection of fund?		
OR	iii.	Regulation and investors protection is need for an investor. Explain it.		
Q.5	i.	Briefly introduce the importance of mutual fund analysis in the investment decision making process.		4
	ii.	How to calculate capital gain	on sale of mutual fund?	6
OR	iii.	What are the different technic	ques used to analyse mutual fund?	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.		y growth of mutual fund in India?	5
	ii.	Write a short note on UTI scl		5
	iii.	Write a short note on SBI mu	ıtual fund.	5

[4] **Marking Scheme**

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Q.1	 i) ii) iii) iv) v) vi) vii) viii) ix) x) 	(a) (d) (b) (c) (a) (d) (d) (a) (b) (d) (a) (b) (d)		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Q.2	i.	Meaning of MF	2 Marks	2
	ii.	Each one difference	(1 Mark*3)	3
	iii.	5 Types of scheme	(1 Mark*5)	5
OR	iv.	History of MF (5 Years)	5 Marks	5
Q.3	i.	Formula of NAVR explain	3 Marks	3
	ii.	ETF	3.5 Marks	7
OD		Gold ETF	3.5 Marks	_
OR	iii.	All regulatory bodies	7 Marks	7
Q.4	i.	4 point each (one mark)	4 Marks	4
	ii.	Whole process	6 Marks	6
OR	iii.	Why Regulation & Inverse Protection (Sebi guidelines)	6 Marks	6
Q.5	i.	Importance of investment decision Making	(1 Mark*4)	4
	ii.	Both capital gain calculated	(3+3) Marks	6
OR	iii.	6 Difference techniques	(1 Mark*6)	6
Q.6				
	i.	5 Reason far slow growth	(1 Mark*5)	5
	ii.	5 UTI scheme mein US 64 scheme	5 Marks	5
	iii.	5 SBI MF scheme	(1 Mark*5)	5

Q.7 Case Study: This is open cases basis of perception. [1]

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