Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Engineering / Science End Sem Examination Dec-2023 EN3HS01 / BC3HS03

History of Science & Technology

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: All

/ B. Sc.

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

field of science?  (a) Vikram Sarabhai (b) Har Gobind Khurana (c) C.V Raman (d) Jagdish Chandra Bose  iii. The Technology Mission was initiated by: (a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) M. Visveswaraya (c) APJ Abdul Kala (d) Rajiv Gandhi  iv. Which of the following is an achievement of CSIR? (a) PASTER programme (b) Amul Milk Food (c) Smart city mission (d) Swachh Bharat Mission  v. The full form of STP is: (a) Science and Technology Programme (b) Scientific and Technical Programme (c) Science and Technology Policy (d) Scientific and Training Policy  vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: (a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978	Q.1	i.	Sushrut was known for his contribution in the field of:		1		
ii. Who was the first Indian scientist to receive Noble prize in the field of science?  (a) Vikram Sarabhai (b) Har Gobind Khurana (c) C.V Raman (d) Jagdish Chandra Bose  iii. The Technology Mission was initiated by: (a) Jawaharlal Nehru (b) M. Visveswaraya (c) APJ Abdul Kala (d) Rajiv Gandhi  iv. Which of the following is an achievement of CSIR? (a) PASTER programme (b) Amul Milk Food (c) Smart city mission (d) Swachh Bharat Mission  v. The full form of STP is: (a) Science and Technology Programme (b) Scientific and Technical Programme (c) Science and Technology Policy (d) Scientific and Training Policy  vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: (a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978			(a) Mathematics	(b) Agriculture			
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<ul> <li>(a) Science and Technology Programme</li> <li>(b) Scientific and Technical Programme</li> <li>(c) Science and Technology Policy</li> <li>(d) Scientific and Training Policy</li> <li>vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: <ul> <li>(a) 1978-1980</li> <li>(b) 1974-1978</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			(c) Smart city mission	(d) Swachh Bharat Mission			
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(c) Science and Technology Policy (d) Scientific and Training Policy vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: (a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978			(a) Science and Technology	Programme			
(d) Scientific and Training Policy vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: (a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978			(b) Scientific and Technical Programme				
vi. The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in: (a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978			(c) Science and Technology	Policy			
(a) 1978-1980 (b) 1974-1978							
		vi.	The fifth Five Year plan sta	The fifth Five Year plan started an ended in:			
(c) 1961- 1966 (d) 1969- 1974			(a) 1978-1980	(b) 1974-1978			
			(c) 1961- 1966	(d) 1969- 1974			

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vii. The National institute of Ocean Technology is in:		ean Technology is in:	1	
		(a) Vishakhapatnam	(b) Chennai	
		(c) Goa	(d) Mumbai	
	viii.	DAE (Department of Atomic	Energy) came into existence on:	1
		(a) 10 October 1974	(b) 8 July 1964	
		(c) 8 August 1954	(d) 6 April 1986	
	ix.	Performance analysis of Airc	craft is an example of:	1
		(a) Technology transfer	(b) Technology forecasting	
		(c) Technology barrier	(d) Technological innovation	
	х.	Bicycle water pump is an example of:		1
		(a) Appropriate technology	(b) Technological innovation	
		(c) Technology assessment	(d) Technology barrier	
Q.2	i.	How science and faith are	e related to each other? Justify the	2
		statement with two examples	3.	
	ii.	Explain using examples ho	w science improvises the quality of	3
		life.		
	iii.	Write in detail the qualities of	of a good scientist.	5
OR	iv.	Name any five scientists and	their contribution in various fields.	5
Q.3 i.		Discuss the evolution of tech	nical education in India.	3
	ii.	Discuss about the technology towards the society.	logy mission and its contributions	7
OR	iii.	What do you mean by resear	rch and development (R&D)? Write a	7
			ions promoting scientific research in	
		India and their contributions.	•	
Q.4		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Discuss in detail about t independent India.	he Nehru's vision of science for	5
	ii.	1	any two science and technological	5
		policies in independent India	·	
	iii.	Discuss some of the devel	opment in the field of science and	5
		technology happened during	all five year plans (till 2017).	

Q.5	i.	Discuss in brief about ocean development. What are the major	3	
		areas where the department focusses its attention?		

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i. Write a note on biotechnology and its application in the field of medicine and agriculture.

OR iii. What are the non-conventional energy sources? Discuss about 7 some of the non-conventional energy sources in detail.

Q.6 i. What do you mean by technological innovation?

ii. Write a note on technology transfer and types of technology transfer.

OR iii. Write short notes on the following:

(a) Appropriate technology (b) Technology forecasting

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[1]

## **Scheme of Marking**

## EN3HS01 History of Science Technology

Q.1	1)	(c) Medicine	]			
	ii)	(c) C.V Raman	1			
	iii)	(d)Rajiv Gandhi				
	iv)	(b)Amul Milk Food				
	v)	(c)Science and Technology Policy	1			
	vi)	(b) 1974-1978	1			
	vii)	(b) Chennai	1			
	viii)	(c)3 August 1954	1			
	ix)	(b)Technology Forecasting	1			
	x)	(a) Appropriate technology	1			
Q.2 i. ii.	i.	Two examples showing the relation between science and faith.	2			
		1 marks each (1 mark * 2)				
	ii.	Three examples illustrating the usage if science in day-to-day life	3			
	iii.	Five qualities of scientist	5			
		1 mark for each (1 mark * 5)				
OR	iv.	Each Scientist and their contribution	5			
		1 mark for each (1 mark * 5)				
Q.3 i.	i.	A note from the beginning of technical education and the technical colleges	3			
	ii.	Introduction to technology mission 1 mark	7			
		its 6 mission 1 marks each with contribution				
OD		(1 mark * 6) 6 marks	_			
OR	iii.	Discussion on R& D 1 mark each and	ĺ			
		different research organisations carry 2 mark each.				
Q.4	i.	The major contribution by Nehru in the field for science and	5			
		technology needs to be discussed.				
	ii.	Out of four policies only two has to explained each carrying 2.5 marks	5			
OR	iii.	Each technological development in new era carries 1 mark each	5			
Q.5	i.	A note on ocean development carries 1 mark and	3			
		its role and activities carry 2 marks.				
ii.	ii.	Introduction to Biotechnology 1 mark.	7			
		application in the field of medicine and agriculture 3 marks each.				

iii.	e:	•	7
i.	Introduction and definition of any four Technolog	gical Innovation	2
ii.	Introduction to Technology Transfer its 4 types each carry 1.5 marks (1.5 marks *4)	2 marks	8
iii.	The sub parts carry 4 marks each.	Omarks	8
		<ul> <li>examples of non-conventional energy carries 2 magnetical introduction and definition of any four Technolog</li> <li>ii. Introduction to Technology Transfer its 4 types each carry 1.5 marks (1.5 marks *4)</li> </ul>	its 4 types each carry 1.5 marks (1.5 marks *4) 6 marks

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P.T.O.