Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:2

Enrollment No.....



Q.

Faculty of Agriculture

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2019 AG3RC03 Agriculture Heritage

Programme: B.Sc. (Ag.) Branch/Specialisation: Agriculture

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 50

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

(M	(CQs)	should be writter	n in full instea	d of only a, b, c	e or d.	
.1	i.	Paddy cultivation	on started in			1
		(a) 7500 B.C. ((b) 2300 B.C.	(c) 2200 B.C.	(d) 2700 B.C.	
	ii.	Domestication of	of sheep starte	ed in		1
		(a) 8700 B.C. ((b) 6000 B.C.	(c) 4400 B.C.	(d) 2300 B.C.	
	iii.	Total cultivated area in India is				1
		(a) 130 M.ha. ((b) 160 M.ha	(c) 141 M.ha	(d) 150 M.ha	
	iv.	ICAR established in a year			1	
		(a) 1905	(b) 1928	(c) 1930	(d) 1929	
	v.	Full form of IT	K is			1
		(a) Internationa	l technical kno	owledge		
	(b) Indigenous technical knowledge					
		(c) Indigenous t	traditional kno	owledge		
		(d) None of these				
	vi.	Neem carnel are used to control				1
		(a) Insects	(b) Weeds	(c) Disease	(d) None of these	
	vii. Meaning of 'Ager' is				1	
		` /	(b) Soil		(d) Management	
	viii.					1
		(a) 400 M.ha.M		(b) 200 M.ha.l		
		(c) 300 M.ha.M (d) 350 M.ha.M				
	ix.	Cultivation of c				1
		(a) 7500 B.C. ((d) 2900 B.C	
	х.	Highest production of soybean in				1
		(a) MP	(b) UP	(c) MH	(d) PB	
						P.T.O.

[2]

Q.	2 i.	From where the Agriculture word derived?	1
	ii.	What is agricultural heritage?	2
	iii.	Differentiate between modern agriculture and ancient agriculture.	5
OF	R iv.	Describe the relevance of heritage in present day agriculture.	5
Q.	3 i.	Write the journey of Indian agriculture.	3
	ii.	Explain role of technology in Indian agriculture.	5
OF	R iii.	Describe the present status of farmer in society.	5
Q.	4 i.	What is indigenous traditional knowledge.	2
	ii.	Describe plant disease control through indigenous traditional	6
0.1		knowledge.	_
OF	R iii.	Describe the crop insect control through indigenous traditional knowledge.	6
Q.:	5 i.	Define agriculture and write its meaning.	2
	ii.	Describe the scope of agriculture.	2
	iii.	Describe the importance of agriculture in Indian economy.	4
OF		Discuss about water resource of India.	4
Q.	6	Attempt any two:	
	i.	Define crop and discuss about national agriculture set up in India.	4
	ii.	Differentiate between intercropping and mixed cropping.	4
	iii.	Describe the classification of crop on the basis of their life cycle	4
		with suitable example.	

Marking Scheme AG3RC03 Agriculture Heritage

Q .1	i.	Paddy cultivation started in		1	
		(c) 2200 B.C.			
	ii.	Domestication of sheep started in		1	
		(a) 8700 B.C.			
	iii.	Total cultivated area in India is		1	
		(c) 141 M.ha			
	iv.	ICAR established in a year		1	
		(d) 1929			
	v.	Full form of ITK is		1	
		(b) Indigenous technical knowledge /			
		(c) Indigenous traditional knowledge		_	
	vi.	Neem carnel are used to control		1	
		(a) Insects		_	
	vii.	Meaning of 'Ager' is		1	
		(b) Soil		_	
	viii.	Total annual rainfall of India is		1	
		(a) 400 M.ha.M		4	
	ix.	Cultivation of crop started in		1	
		(a) 7500 B.C.		_	
	х.	Highest production of soybean in		1	
		(a) MP			
2.2	i.	Definition of agriculture		1	
	ii.	Agricultural heritage		2	
		Any two points 1 mark for each	(1 mark *2)		
	iii.	. Differentiate between modern agriculture and ancient agriculture			
		Any five points 1 mark for each	(1 mark *5)		
OR	iv.	Relevance of heritage in present day agriculture.		5	
		Any five points 1 mark for each	(1 mark *5)		
Q.3	i.	Journey of Indian agriculture.		3	
		Any six points 0.5 mark for each	(0.5 mark *6)		
	ii.	Role of technology in Indian agriculture.		5	
		Any five points 1 mark for each	(1 mark *5)		

OR	iii.	Present status of farmer in society.	5			
		Any five points 1 mark for each (1 mark *5)				
Q.4	i.	Indigenous traditional knowledge.	2			
		Any four points 0.5 mark for each (0.5 mark *4)				
	ii.	Plant disease control through indigenous traditional knowledge.				
		Any six points 1 mark for each (1 mark *6)				
OR	iii.					
		Any six points 1 mark for each (1 mark *6).				
Q.5	i.	Define agriculture and meaning.	2			
	ii.	Scope of agriculture.	2			
	iii.	Importance of agriculture in Indian economy.	4			
		Any four points 1 mark for each (1 mark *4)				
OR	iv.	Water resource of India.	4			
		Any four points 1 mark for each (1 mark *4)				
Q.6		Attempt any two:				
	i.	Definition of crop 1 mark	4			
		National agriculture set up in India.				
		Any four points 1 mark for each (1 mark *4) 4 marks				
	ii.	Differentiate between intercropping and mixed cropping.				
		Any four points 1 mark for each (1 mark *4)				
	iii.	Classification of crop 3 marks	4			
		Example. 1 mark				
