

Faculty of Engineering

End Semester Examination May 2025

CA5CO26 Computer Networks Fundamental

Programme	:	MCA / BCA-MCA (Integrated)	Branch/Specialisation	:	-
Duration	:	3 hours	Maximum Marks	:	60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Assume suitable data if necessary.
Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

Section 1 (Answer all question(s))				Marks	CO	BL
Q1. Which of the following is not a network topology?				1	1	2
<input type="radio"/> Star		<input checked="" type="radio"/> Cluster				
<input type="radio"/> Mesh		<input type="radio"/> Ring				
Q2. Which layer of the OSI model is responsible for the physical connection between devices?				1	2	2
<input type="radio"/> Data link layer		<input type="radio"/> Transport layer				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Physical layer		<input type="radio"/> Network layer				
Q3. Which error detection technique uses a polynomial division method to detect errors in transmitted data?				1	2	2
<input type="radio"/> Parity Check Checksum		<input type="radio"/> Vertical Redundancy Check (VRC)				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)		<input type="radio"/> Checksum				
Q4. Which multiple access protocol is used in wireless networks to avoid collisions?				1	2	3
<input type="radio"/> CSMA/CD		<input type="radio"/> Pure ALOHA				
<input type="radio"/> Slotted ALOHA		<input checked="" type="radio"/> CSMA/CA				
Q5. Which IEEE standard defines wireless LAN (Wi-Fi) communication?				1	1	2
<input checked="" type="radio"/> IEEE 802.11		<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.15				
<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.3		<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.5				
Q6. Which network technology uses Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) for data transmission?				1	3	3
<input type="radio"/> Token ring		<input type="radio"/> Ethernet				
<input type="radio"/> ISDN		<input checked="" type="radio"/> SONET				
Q7. Which network device operates at the Network Layer (Layer 3) of the OSI model?				1	2	2
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Router		<input type="radio"/> Hub				
<input type="radio"/> RJ-45		<input type="radio"/> Gateway				
Q8. Which type of IP address allows for nearly unlimited number of unique addresses?				1	2	2
<input type="radio"/> MAC Address		<input type="radio"/> IPv4				
<input type="radio"/> IPv5		<input checked="" type="radio"/> IPv6				
Q9. A _____ is a TCP name for a transport service access point.				1	2	2
<input type="radio"/> Pipe		<input type="radio"/> Node				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Port		<input type="radio"/> Ring				

Q10. Which is not a application layer protocol?

1 2 2

- FTP TCP
 SMTP HTTP

Section 2 (Answer all question(s))

Q11. Explain the key differences between the OSI and TCP/IP reference models.

Marks CO BL
4 1 2

Q12. (a) Describe the different network topologies along with their advantages and disadvantages.

6 2 2

Rubric	Marks
4 differences between OSI and TCP/IP.	4

(OR)

(b) Explain different multiplexing schemes and their significance in bandwidth utilization.

Marks CO BL

Q13. Compare the various Automatic Repeat Request (ARQ) techniques used for error and flow control in the data link layer.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
different multiplexing schemes	3

Rubric	Marks
significance in bandwidth utilization	3

Section 3 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Q14. Explain the working principles of the following error detection techniques:

5 2 2

- Parity Check
- Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

Rubric	Marks
1.Stop-and-Wait ARQ 2.Go-Back-N ARQ 3.Selective Repeat ARQ	5

Q15. Difference between CSMA/CD and CSMA/CA with neat and clean diagram.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Section 4 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q16. Compare ethernet, fast ethernet, gigabit ethernet, and 10-gigabit ethernet in terms of speed, cable type, and application.

5 2 2

Rubric	Marks
Point wise explanation required like Technology Speed Cable Type Application Ethernet	5

Q17. Explain the architecture of an ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) network and its key layers.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
3+2	5

Q18. What is IEEE 802.3? Explain its significance in wired networking.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Section 5 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q19. Differentiate between IPV4 and IPV6.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Q20. Define the routing protocol. Explain distance vector routing and link state routing.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
3+2	5

Q21. Write the design issues and duties of network layer.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
design issues (2.5) +duties(2.5)	5

Section 6 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q22. Explain the leaky bucket and token bucket congestion control algorithms.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Q23. Explain the workings of the Domain Name System (DNS) and its components.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Detail Explanation required with diagram	5

Q24. Explain the duties of transport layer and application layer.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5
