

Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering
End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022
EN3BS14 Engineering Chemistry

Programme: B.Tech

Branch/Specialisation: All

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. The number of milligrams of KOH required to neutralize the free acids in 1 gram of the oil is known as- 1
(a) Base value (b) Acid value
(c) SAP value (d) Iodine value
- ii. What type of lubrication is used in delicate machines like watches, sewing machines, etc? 1
(a) Fluid film lubrication (b) Extreme pressure lubrication
(c) Boundary lubrication (d) None of these
- iii. Which is/are the biopolymers? 1
(a) Cellulose (b) Protein
(c) Nucleic acid (d) All of these
- iv. Polymer formed by the hexamethylene diamine and adipic acid is- 1
(a) Nylon 6 (b) Nylon 66 (c) Teflon (d) Buna-S
- v. C₆₀ is consisting of _____ pentagons and _____ hexagons. 1
(a) 20, 12 (b) 12, 20 (c) 32, 12 (d) 12, 32
- vi. CNT are made up of _____ sheet. 1
(a) Graphene (b) Ethylene (c) Styrene (d) Propylene
- vii. Which one is IR active molecule? 1
(a) H₂ (b) Cl₂ (c) O₂ (d) H₂O
- viii. Which of the following is directly proportional to the sample path length and concentration of the sample? 1
(a) Reflection of light (b) Refraction of light
(c) Absorbance of light (d) Intensity of the light

P.T.O.

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| | ix. | Free energy is represented as- | 1 |
| | | (a) $G=H-TS$ (b) $G= E-TS$ | |
| | | (c) $G= S-TH$ (d) $G= U-TS$ | |
| | x. | Chemical formula of rust is- | 1 |
| | | (a) Fe_2O_3 (b) $Fe_2O_3 \cdot xH_2O$ | |
| | | (c) $Fe(OH)_2$ (d) FeO | |
| Q.2 | i. | An oil sample under test has a Saybolt Universal Viscosity same as that of standard Gulf oil and Pennsylvanian oil at 210°F. Their Saybolt Universal Viscosities at 100°F are 520, 758, and 420 seconds respectively. Calculate viscosity index of the sample oil. | 4 |
| | ii. | Define lubricant. Why is lubricant needed? Discuss the classification of lubricants with suitable examples. | 6 |
| OR | iii. | Define and write the importance of the following in selecting a lubricating oil for a particular use: | 6 |
| | | (a) Flash point (b) Saponification value | |
| | | (c) Aniline point | |
| Q.3 | i. | What is natural rubber? Why Natural rubber needs vulcanization? | 4 |
| | ii. | What are the polymers? Write the detail note on the classification of polymers with example. | 6 |
| OR | iii. | Give the preparation, properties and applications of following polymers: | 6 |
| | | (a) Polyethylene (b) Bakelite | |
| Q.4 | i. | What is optical fiber? Write the applications of optical fibers. | 4 |
| | ii. | What is fullerene? Write the properties and applications of fullerene. | 6 |
| OR | iii. | What are the superconductors? Write the properties and applications of superconductors. | 6 |
| Q.5 | i. | Define spectroscopy. Write about the electromagnetic spectrum. | 4 |
| | ii. | What are the types of electronic transition that can occur in a molecule? Write about the instrumentation and applications of UV spectroscopy. | 6 |

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| OR | iii. | Describe the gas chromatography on following points: | 6 |
| | | (a) Instrumentation (b) Applications | |
| | | (c) Advantages | |
| Q.6 | i. | Define the following with significance: | 4 |
| | | (a) Enthalpy (b) Entropy | |
| | ii. | Define EMF. Describe the applications of EMF in chemistry field. | 6 |
| OR | iii. | What is corrosion? Write about the types of it. How can corrosion be prevented or controlled? | 6 |
