## Enrollment No.....

## Faculty of Engineering End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022 **CB3CO04** Object Oriented Programming

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CSBS

### **Duration: 3 Hrs.**

**Maximum Marks: 60** 

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

```
What will be output of the following c program?
                                                                              1
     #include <stdio.h>
      int main()
      int i,j;
      int mat[3][3]={9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1};
      for(i=2;i>=0;i--)
        for(j=0;j<=2;j++)
           printf("%d",*(*(mat+j)+i));
     (a) 741852963
                                          (b) 123456789
     (c) 987654321
                                          (d) 478125693
ii. What will be output of the following c program?
     #include <stdio.h>
     int main()
      int i=5, j=5;
      while(i+1?--i:j++)
      printf("%d",i);
     return 0;
     (a) 1234
                    (b) 1243
                                          (c) 4321
                                                         (d) 2134
     What will be output of the following c program?
                                                                              1
     #include <stdio.h>
     int y=100;
     int fun(int y)
```

P.T.O.

```
Derived(){}
                  Derived(){}
                  private:
                  protected:
             };
            int main()
              cout << "Executed" << endl;</pre>
           (a) Executed (b) Error
                                       (c) Exception
                                                             (d) None of these
      viii. Which is the correct statement about operator overloading in C++?
                                                                                1
           (a) Only arithmetic operators can be overloaded
           (b) Associativity and precedence of operators does not change
           (c) Precedence of operators are changed after overloading
           (d) Only non-arithmetic operators can be overloaded
          By default mode of, all the files in C++ are opened in _____ mode.
                                                                                1
           (a) Text
                                       (b) Binary
           (c) ASCII
                                       (d) VTC
          The _____ diagram is time oriented?
                                                                                1
           (a) Collaboration
                                       (b) Sequence
           (c) Activity
                                       (d) None of these
           What is function? Write syntax of function declaration.
Q.2 i.
          How pointer can store the address of an array? Justify your answer with 3
          Write a program to reverse any string without using string library 5
           function.
OR iv.
          What is entry control loop? Write a program to print factorial of a 5
           number.
Q.3 i.
           Explain the use of new keyword.
                                                                                2
          Write difference between C and C++.
                                                                                3
          What is object oriented programming? Explain characteristics of object 5
           oriented programming.
OR iv. How abstraction is implemented in object oriented programming? 5
```

Explain with example.

```
[2]
```

```
[3]
```

```
y = 130;
        return y;
     int main()
      int y = 120;
      y=fun(y);
      printf("%d", y);
      return 0;
     (a) 100
                                                 (d) Garbage value
                    (b) 120
                                  (c) 130
iv. An expression A.B in C++ means _
                                                                            1
     (a) A is member of object B (b) B is member of Object A
     (c) Product of A and B
                                  (d) None of these
     What will be the output of the following C++ code?
                                                                            1
     #include <iostream>
     #include <string>
     using namespace std;
     class A{
      int a;
      public:
      A(){
      a = 25;
      void assign(int i){
      a = i;
      int return_value(){
      return a;
     int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
      A obj;
      obj.assign(15);
      cout<<obj.return_value();</pre>
     (a) 25
                                                 (d) Unpredicted value
                    (b) 15
                                  (c) 0
```

```
vi. Predict the output of the following C++ code?
                                                                            1
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class A
      static int a;
        public:
      void show()
      a++;
      cout<<"a: "<<a<<endl;
     };
     int A::a = 5;
     int main()
      A a;
      return 0;
     (a) Error as a private member a is referenced outside the class
     (b) Segmentation fault
     (c) No output
     (d) Program compiles successfully but gives run-time error
vii. What is the output of this program?
     #include<iostream>
     using namespace std;
      class Base
          public:
            Base(){}
            ~Base(){}
            protected:
            private:
       };
       class Derived:public Base
          public:
```

| Q.4 | i.<br>ii. | Which keyword is used to call current instance of object and how? Can private member is access outside the class explain with example?   | 2 3 | Q.4 | i.<br>ii. | Which keyword is used to call current instance of object and how? Can private member is access outside the class explain with example?   | 2 |
|-----|-----------|--|-----|-----|-----------|--|---|
|     | iii.      | How and when constructor is call? Write a program for constructor overloading?   | 5   |     | iii.      | How and when constructor is call? Write a program for constructor overloading?   | 5 |
| OR  | iv.       | Write a program to implement a class book having data member: title, authorname, price and publishername. And two member function getdata() and showdata() to show details of book. Create an objects of book class to store record of 20 books? (Assume necessary data members and member functions)  | 5   | OR  | iv.       | Write a program to implement a class book having data member: tit1e, authorname, price and publishername. And two member function getdata() and showdata() to show details of book. Create an objects of book class to store record of 20 books? (Assume necessary data members and member functions)  | 5 |
| Q.5 | i.        | Name the operators which are not overloaded in C++?  | 2   | Q.5 | i.        | Name the operators which are not overloaded in C++?  | 2 |
|     | ii.       | Inheritance provides code reusability? Justify your answer.  | 3   |     | ii.       | Inheritance provides code reusability? Justify your answer.  | 3 |
|     | iii.      | What do you mean by diamond problem? How this problem is solved in C++?  | 5   |     | iii.      | What do you mean by diamond problem? How this problem is solved in C++?  | 5 |
| OR  | iv.       | We want to calculate the total marks of each student of a class in Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics and the average marks of the class. The number of students in the class is entered by the user. Create a class named Marks with data members for roll number, name and marks. Create three other classes inheriting the Marks class, namely Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics, which are used to define marks in individual subject of each student. Roll number of each student will be generated automatically. | 5   | OR  | iv.       | We want to calculate the total marks of each student of a class in Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics and the average marks of the class. The number of students in the class is entered by the user. Create a class named Marks with data members for roll number, name and marks. Create three other classes inheriting the Marks class, namely Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics, which are used to define marks in individual subject of each student. Roll number of each student will be generated automatically. | 5 |
| Q.6 | i.        | Write use of UML.  | 2   | Q.6 | i.        | Write use of UML.  | 2 |
|     | ii.       | What do you mean by generic programming?   | 3   |     | ii.       | What do you mean by generic programming?   | 3 |
|     | iii.      | Write a program to copy content of one file to another file.   | 5   |     | iii.      | Write a program to copy content of one file to another file.   | 5 |
| OR  | iv.       | Draw a class diagram for given problem statement:  Create a class named Shape with a function that prints "This is a shape".  Create another class named Polygon inheriting the Shape class with the   | 5   | OR  | iv.       | Draw a class diagram for given problem statement:  Create a class named Shape with a function that prints "This is a shape".  Create another class named Polygon inheriting the Shape class with the   | 5 |
|     |           | same function that prints "Polygon is a shape". Create two other classes named Rectangle and Triangle having the same function which prints "Rectangle is a polygon" and "Triangle is a polygon" respectively. Again, make another class named Square having the same function which prints "Square is a rectangle".   |     |     |           | same function that prints "Polygon is a shape". Create two other classes named Rectangle and Triangle having the same function which prints "Rectangle is a polygon" and "Triangle is a polygon" respectively. Again, make another class named Square having the same function which prints "Square is a rectangle".   |   |
|     |           | *****  |     |     |           | *****  |   |

# Marking Scheme CB3CO04 Object Oriented Programming

| Q.1 | i.    | Ans: a 741852963   | 1 |
|-----|-------|--|---|
|     | ii.   | Ans: c. 4321   | 1 |
|     | iii.  | Ans: c. 130  | 1 |
|     | iv.   | Ans: b. B is member of Object A  | 1 |
|     | v.    | Ans: b. 15   | 1 |
|     | vi.   | Ans: c. No output  | 1 |
|     | vii.  | Ans: b. Error  | 1 |
|     | viii. | Ans: b. Associativity and precedence of operators does not change                            | 1 |
|     | ix.   | Ans: a. Text   | 1 |
|     | х.    | Ans: b. Sequence   | 1 |
|     |       |  |   |
| Q.2 | i.    | What is function? Write syntax of function declaration?                                      | 2 |
|     |       | Function Definition 1 mark   |   |
|     |       | Syntax 1 mark  |   |
|     | ii.   | How pointer can store the address of an array? Justify your answer with program?             | 3 |
|     |       | Syntax for address 1 mark  |   |
|     |       | Program 2 marks  |   |
|     | iii.  | Write a program to reverse any string without using string library function?                 | 5 |
|     |       | String input 2 marks   |   |
|     |       | Loop and correct program 3 marks   |   |
| OR  | iv.   | What is entry control loop? Write a program to print factorial of a number?                  | 5 |
|     |       | Entry control loop (for/while) 2 marks   |   |
|     | -     | Correct program 3 marks  |   |
| Q.3 | i.    | Explain the use of new keyword?  | 2 |
|     |       | New Definition 2 marks   |   |
|     | ii.   | Write difference between C and C++?  | 3 |
|     |       | 1 mark for each difference   |   |
|     | iii.  | What is object oriented programming? Explain characteristics of object oriented programming. | 5 |
|     |       | OOP Definition 2 marks   |   |

|              |  | Characteristics of OOPs 3 marks (.5 for each)                      |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| OR           | iv.  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | explain with example?  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Abstraction Definition 1 mark                                      |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Program 4 mark   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.4          | i.   | Which keyword is used to call current instance of object and how?  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | This keyword Definition 1 mark                                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Syntax 1 mark  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | ii.  | Can private member is access outside the class explain with        | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | example?   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Friend function 1 mark   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Syntax 2 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | iii.   | How and when constructor is call? Write a program for constructor  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | overloading?   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Constructor calling/declaration 1 mark                             |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.0          |  | Program 4 marks  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| OR           | iv. Write a program to implement a class book having data member   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | title, authorname, price and publishername. And two members function getdata() and showdata() to show details of book. Cre |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | an objects of book class to store record of 20 books? (As  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | necessary data members and member functions)   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Class Definition with members 3 marks                              |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Object creation and member calling 2 marks                         |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.5          | i.   | Name the operators which are not overloaded in C++?                | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Q.</b> 15 | **   | ::, sizeof, .*, ?: .5 mark for each                                |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | ii.  | Inheritance provides code reusability? Justify your answer         | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | 11.  | Reason 1 mark  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Syntax/Program 2 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              | iii.   | What do you mean by diamond problem? How this problem is           | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | solved in C++?   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Diamond problem/Ambiguity 2.5 marks                                |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Virtual function 2.5 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| OR           | iv.  | We want to calculate the total marks of each student of a class in | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics and the average marks of the    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | class. The number of students in the class is entered by the user. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | Create a class named Marks with data members for roll number,      |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | name and marks. Create three other classes inheriting the Marks    |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|              |  | class, namely Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics, which are used   |   |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  | to define marks in individual subject of each student. Roll number                      |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|  |  | of each student will be generated automatically.  Class Definition with members 2 marks |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Inheritance and calculation 2 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Object creation and member calling 1 mark   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Q.6  | i.   | Write use of UML?   | 2 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | UML Definition 2 marks  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | ii.  | What do you mean by generic programming?  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Definition with example 3 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | iii.   | Write a program to copy content of one file to another file?                            |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Object creation and open the file 1 mark  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Reading and writing with file 4 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |
| OR   | iv. Draw a class diagram for given problem statement:          |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Create a class named Shape with a function that prints "This |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| shape". Create another class named Polygon inheriting the Sh |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | class with the same function that prints "Polygon is a shape". Create                   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | two other classes named Rectangle and Triangle having the same                          |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | function which prints "Rectangle is a polygon" and "Triangle is a                       |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | polygon" respectively. Again, make another class named Square                           |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | having the same function which prints "Square is a rectangle". |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Class diagram with correct relation 5 marks   |   |  |  |  |  |

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