

Total No. of Questions: 3

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Pharmacy
End Sem Examination May-2024

PY3CO33 Computer Applications in Pharmacy

Programme: B. Pharm.

Branch/Specialisation: Pharmacy

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

- Q.1 i. The binary equivalent of the decimal number 10 is. **1**
(a) 0100 (b) 1010 (c) 0101 (d) None of these
- ii. What is it called when the data is sourced from the place of origin? **1**
(a) Secondary (b) Primary
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- iii. Which of these elements in HTML can be used for making a text **1**
bold?
(a) <a> (b) <pre> (c)
 (d)
- iv. "CREATE TABLE" command is used to CREATE which type of **1**
table in MYSQL?
(a) Permanent Table (b) Virtual Table
(c) Temporary Table (d) None of these
- v. Which of the following is not a mechanism for pharmacokinetic **1**
analysis?
(a) Human model
(b) Compartment analysis
(c) Non compartment analysis
(d) Physiologic modeling
- vi. In which of the model peripheral compartments are connected to a **1**
central compartment?
(a) Compartment model (b) Catenary model
(c) Physiologic model (d) Mammillary model

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- vii. Which of the following is an example of Homology and similarity tool? **1**
 (a) EMBOSS (b) RasMol (c) BLAST (d) PROSPECT
- viii. Which of the following tools is used for the identification of motifs? **1**
 (a) BLAST (b) PROSPECT
 (c) COPIA (d) Pattern hunter
- ix. Chromatography is a physical method that is used to separate and analyse? **1**
 (a) Simple mixtures (b) Viscous mixtures
 (c) Metals (d) Complex mixtures
- x. Liquid chromatography can be performed in which of the following ways? **1**
 (a) Only in columns
 (b) Either in columns or on plane surfaces
 (c) Only on plane surfaces
 (d) Neither in columns nor on plane surfaces

Q.2

Attempt any two:

- i. Write a note on the binary number system and octal number system with examples of each. **5**
- ii. Write a short note on pharmacy drug databases, types and examples of each. **5**
- iii. (a) Explain requirement and feasibility analysis of information systems. **2.5**
 (b) Explain CSS with examples. **2.5**

Q.3

Attempt any six: Two questions from each section is compulsory.

Section - A

- i. Write short note on: (any two) **5**
 (a) Hospital and clinical pharmacy
 (b) Diagnostic system
 (c) Lab-diagnostic system
- ii. Write short note on: (any two) **5**
 (a) Patient monitoring system
 (b) Pharma information system

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- (c) Mobile technology and adherence monitoring
- iii. What is Pharmacokinetics? Discuss all the steps of Pharmacokinetics. **5**

Section - B

- iv. What are the concept and objectives of bioinformatics? **5**
- v. Explain the impacts of bioinformatics in vaccine discovery. **5**
- vi. Discuss about bioinformatics databases, tools and algorithms. **5**

Section - C

- vii. Explain the role of computers as data analysis in preclinical development. **5**
- viii. Write short note on Laboratory Information management System (LIMS). **5**
- ix. Explain about Text Information Management System (TIMS). **5**

Marking Scheme

Computer Applications in Pharmacy -PY3CO33 (T)

Q.1	i)	B.1010		1
		To get the binary equivalent of any number, we need to divide the number by 2 and obtain the remainders as We then write the remainders in the reverse order as 1010		
	ii)	B. Primary		1
	iii)	D. 		1
	iv)	A. Permanent Table		1
	v)	A. Human model		1
	vi)	D. Mammillary model		1
		It is the most common compartment model used in pharmacokinetics.		
	vii)	C. BLAST		1
	viii)	C. COPIA		1
	ix)	D. Complex mixtures		1
	x)	B. Either in columns or on plane surfaces		1
		Liquid chromatography can be performed either in columns or on plane surfaces. It could be liquid-solid chromatography or liquid-liquid chromatography.		
Q.2	Attempt any two:			
	i.	Binary number system.	2 Marks	5
		Octal number system.	2 Marks	
		Examples of each.	1 Marks	
	ii.	Pharmacy Drug databases	2 Marks	5
		Types.	2 Marks	
		Example.	1 Marks	
	iii.	(a) Definition	0.5 Marks	2.5
		the Explanation of requirement and feasibility analysis of information systems	2 Marks	
		(b) for definition and full form of CSS.	1 Marks	2.5
		explanation	1.5 Marks	

Q.3 Attempt any six: Two questions from each section is compulsory.

Section - A

i.	Each part	2.5 Marks	5
ii.	Each part	2.5 Marks	5
iii.	definition of Pharmacokinetics	2 Marks	5
	all steps of Pharmacokinetics.	3 Marks	

Section - B

iv.	Concept of Bioinformatics.	2.5 Marks	5
	Objectives of Bioinformatics.	2.5 Marks	
v.	Impacts	3 Marks	5
	Explanation	2 Marks	
vi.	for Bioinformatics Databases.	2 Marks	5
	for tools.	1 Marks	
	for Algorithms.	2 Marks	

Section - C

vii.	The role of Computers as data analysis in Preclinical development	5 Marks	5
viii.	for Laboratory Information management System (LIMS).	5 Marks	5
ix.	for Text Information Management System (TIMS).	5 Marks	5
