

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Science / Engineering

End Sem Examination Dec 2024

CA3CO10 Computer Networks

 Programme: BCA / BCA-
 MCA (Integrated)
 Branch/Specialisation: Computer
 Application
Duration: 3 Hrs.**Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

		Marks	BL	PO	CO	PSO
Q.1	i. Which layer of the OSI model is responsible for end-to-end communication?	1	2	1, 3	1	
	(a) Physical (b) Data link					
	(c) Transport (d) Application					
	ii. In the TCP/IP model, which layer corresponds to the OSI model's Network layer?	1	1	1, 3	1	
	(a) Application (b) Internet					
	(c) Transport (d) Link					
	iii. Which of the following is NOT a type of guided transmission media?	1	1	1, 3	1	
	(a) Twisted pair (b) Coaxial cable					
	(c) Fiber optics (d) Radio waves					
	iv. What is the primary advantage of fiber optic cables over traditional copper cables?	1	1	1, 3	1	
	(a) Lower cost					
	(b) Higher bandwidth and longer distance transmission					
	(c) Easier installation					
	(d) Compatibility with existing infrastructure					
	v. What is the primary purpose of error detecting codes in data communication?	1	1	1, 3	2	
	(a) To correct errors					
	(b) To identify the presence of errors					
	(c) To increase transmission speed					
	(d) To reduce the bandwidth					

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vi.	Which of the following protocols allows multiple stations to communicate over the same channel without collisions? (a) Aloha (b) Go-Back-N (c) Stop-and-Wait (d) Selective Repeat	1	1	1, 3 2
vii.	What is the primary function of the network layer in the OSI model? (a) Ensuring error-free transmission (b) Routing data packets across networks (c) Providing user interfaces (d) Managing physical connections	1	1	1, 3 2
viii.	Which of the following field in IPv4 datagram is not related to fragmentation? (a) Flags (b) Offset (c) TOS (d) Identifier	1	1	1, 3 2
ix.	Which of the following is a key characteristic of the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)? (a) Connection-oriented (b) Reliable delivery (c) Low overhead (d) Error recovery	1	1	1, 3 3
x.	Which of the following regulates the speed of data transfer to prevent network congestion. (a) CRC (b) Token Bucket (c) ALOHA (d) None of these	1	1	1, 3 3
Q.2	i. What is internet? Explain the various hardware components used for internet.	4	1	1, 3, 6 1
	ii. Compare and contrast the OSI and TCP/IP reference models. Discuss the layers, protocols associated with each.	6	2	1, 3, 6 1
OR	iii. Discuss the role of different network hardware devices in managing and facilitating communication between devices.	6	2	1, 3, 6 1
Q.3	i. What are the main components of the electromagnetic spectrum used in wireless transmission? Provide examples of applications for at least three different frequency ranges.	4	1	1, 3, 6 1

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	ii. Discuss the characteristics and applications of guided transmission media, including twisted pairs, coaxial cables, and fiber optics. Compare their advantages and disadvantages.	6	2	1, 3, 6 1
OR	iii. Explain the principles of wireless transmission and also discuss about the different types (radio, microwave, infrared).	6	2	1, 3, 6 1
Q.4	i. Explain the concept of a sliding window protocol and how it improves upon the Stop-and-Wait protocol.	4	2	1, 3, 6 2
	ii. Draw and explain the conceptual view of CRC encoder and decoder? If data is "1101011011" and divisor is " $X^3 + X^2 + 1$ " then find out the redundant bits using CRC?	6	3	1, 3, 6 2
OR	iii. How performance is improved in Slotted ALOHA protocol compared to Pure ALOHA protocol? Draw and explain procedural flowchart of Pure ALOHA protocol?	6	3	1, 3, 6 2
Q.5	i. Explain the difference between store-and-forward packet switching and circuit switching. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each method?	4	2	1, 3, 6 2
	ii. Draw and explain the datagram format of IPv4?	6	3	1, 3, 6 2
OR	iii. Discuss about the Distance vector Routing Protocol and illustrate its operation through a practical example.	6	3	1, 3, 6 2
Q.6	i. Explain how the Domain Name System (DNS) resolves domain names to IP addresses with a suitable example.	4	2	1, 3, 6 3
	ii. Draw and explain the TCP segment format.	6	3	1, 3, 6 3
OR	iii. Describe the architecture of e-mail system.	6	3	1, 3, 6 3

Marking Scheme
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Q.1	i)	c) Transport	1
	ii)	b) Internet	1
	iii)	d) Radio waves	1
	iv)	b) Higher bandwidth and longer distance transmission	1
	v)	b) To identify the presence of errors	1
	vi)	a) Aloha	1
	vii)	b) Routing data packets across networks	1
	viii)	C. TOS	1
	ix)	c) Low overhead	1
	x)	b) Token Bucket	1
Q.2	i.	Discuss the internet 2M its hardware components 2M	4
	ii.	Compare and contrast the OSI and TCP/IP reference models. 2M Discuss the layers, protocols associated with each. 4M	6
	OR iii.	Discuss the role of different network hardware devices in managing and facilitating communication between devices.	6
Q.3	i.	What are the main components of the electromagnetic spectrum used in wireless transmission? 1M Provide examples of applications for at least three different frequency ranges. 3M	4
	ii.	Discuss the characteristics and applications of guided transmission media, including twisted pairs, coaxial cables, 4M fiber optics. Compare their advantages and disadvantages. 2M	6
	OR iii.	Explain the principles of wireless transmission 3M also discuss about the different types (radio, microwave, infrared). 3M	6
Q.4	i.	Explain the concept of a sliding window protocol 2M how it improves upon the Stop-and-Wait protocol. 2M	4
	ii.	Draw and explain the conceptual view of CRC encoder and decoder? 3M	6

		If data is "1101011011" and divisor is " $X^3 + X^2 + 1$ " then find out the redundant bits using CRC? (CRC=101) 3M	
OR	iii.	How performance is improved in Slotted ALOHA protocol compared to Pure ALOHA protocol? 2M Draw and explain procedural flowchart of Pure ALOHA protocol? 4M	6
Q.5	i.	Explain the difference between store-and-forward packet switching and circuit switching. 3M What are the advantages and disadvantages of each method? 1M	4
	ii.	Draw the explain the datagram format of IPv4?	6
OR	iii.	Discuss about the Distance vector Routing Protocol 4M illustrate its operation through a practical example. 2M	6
Q.6	i.	Explain how the Domain Name System (DNS) resolves domain names to IP addresses with a suitable example.	4
	ii.	Draw 2M explain the TCP segment format. 4M	6
OR	iii.	Describe the architecture of e-mail system.	6
