Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

## Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Engineering

## End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022 CS3EA01 / IT3EA01 Artificial Intelligence

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: CSE/IT

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

**Note**: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Which is not the commonly used programming language for AI?
  - (a) PROLOG (b) Java
- (c) LISP (d) Perl
- ii. Which search method takes less memory?
  - (a) Depth-First Search (b) Breadth-First Search
  - (c) Optimal Search
- (d) Linear Search
- iii. A heuristic is a way of trying-
- (a) To discover something or an idea embedded in a program
- (b) To search and measure how far a node in a search tree seems to be from a goal
- (c) To compare two nodes in a search tree to see if one is better than the other
- (d) All of these
- iv. A\* algorithm is based on-
- (b) Depth-First Search
- (c) Best-First Search

(a) Breadth-First Search

- (d) Hill Climbing
- v. Which is not a property of representation of knowledge?
  - (a) Representational Verification
  - (b) Representational Adequacy
  - (c) Inferential Adequacy
  - (d) Inferential Efficiency
- vi. What are Semantic Networks?
  - (a) A way of representing knowledge
  - (b) Data Structure
  - (c) Data Type
  - (d) None of these

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	vii.	Which is true for Decision theory?	1					
		(a) Decision Theory = Probability theory + utility theory						
		(b) Decision Theory = Inference theory + utility theory						
		(c) Decision Theory = Uncertainty + utility theory						
		(d) Decision Theory = Probability theory + preference						
	viii.	• • • • •						
		(a) Both discrete and continuous variables						
	(b) Only Discrete variables							
		(c) Only Discontinuous variable						
		(d) Both Discrete and Discontinuous variable						
	ix.	Which is the best way to go for Game playing problem?	1					
		(a) Linear approach (b) Heuristic approach						
		(c) Random approach (d) Optimal approach						
	х.	To which depth does the alpha-beta pruning can be applied?	1					
		(a) 10 states (b) 8 States (c) 6 States (d) Any depth						
Q.2	i.	What is meant by state space search? 2						
	ii.	Discuss the areas of application of Artificial Intelligence. 3						
	iii.	Differentiate BFS and DFS. 5						
OR	iv.	Define Expert system? Explain in brief about applications of Expert	5					
		systems.						
Q.3	i.	What are the requirements of good control strategy?						
	ii.	Discuss the importance of heuristics in problem solving.						
	iii.	i. Using a suitable example, illustrate steps of A* search. Why is						
		Search better than Best First Search.						
OR	iv.	Explain the problem characteristics for 8-puzzle problem and chess	5					
		game.						
Q.4	i.	Describe Semantic networks in brief.	3					
	ii.	Consider the following sentences:	7					
		I. John like all kinds of food.						
		II. Apples are food.						
		III. Chicken is food.						
		IV. Anything anyone eats and isn't killed by is food.						
		V. Bill eats peanuts and is still alive.						
		VI. Sue eats everything Bill eats.						

		Give following answers based on above sentences.					
		(a) Translate these sentences into formulas in predicate logic					
		(b) Prove that John likes peanuts using backward chaining					
		(c) Convert the formulas of part (a) into clause form.					
		(d) Prove that John likes peanuts using resolution.					
		(e) Use resolution to answer the question, "What food does Sue eat?"					
)R	iii.	Using following facts answer the questions using chaining backward	7				
		method. "Did Marcus hate Caesar?"					
		(a) Marcus was a man.					
		(b) Marcus was a Pompeian.					
		(c) All Pompeians were Romans.					
		(d) Caesar was a Ruler.					
		(e) All Romans were either loyal to Caesar or hated him.					
		(f) Everyone is loyal to someone.					
		(g) People only try to assassinate rulers they are not loyal to.					
		(h) Marcus tried to assassinate Caesar.					
).5	i.	Explain nonmonotonic reasoning with suitable example.	4				
	ii.	Discuss following problems whether the search should proceed forward or backward reasoning.	6				
		(a) Natural language understanding					
		(b) Water jug problem					
PR	iii.		6				
2.6		Attempt any two:					
	i.	Discuss block world problem in robotics.					
	ii.	Explain alpha-beta cutoffs with suitable example.					
	iii.	Write MiniMax Search algorithm and explain with tic-tac-toe example.					

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## Marking Scheme CS3EA01 / IT3EA01 Artificial Intelligence

		CSSEAUT/TTSEAUT AT UNCAI THE HIGHE					Two comparison 1 mark for each (1 mark * 2)	2 marks	
Q.1	i.	Which is not the commonly used programming language	for AI?	1	OR	iv.	Problem characteristics for 8-puzzle problem	2.5 marks	5
		(d) Perl			OIL	1,,	Chess game	2.5 marks	
	ii.	Which search method takes less memory?		1			Chess game	2.5 marks	
		(a) Depth-First Search			Q.4	i.	Semantic networks		3
	iii.	A heuristic is a way of trying-		1	۷.۱	1.	Description	2 marks	
		(d) All of these					Example	1 mark	
	iv.	A* algorithm is based on-		1		ii.	Give following answers based on above sentences.	1 mark	7
		(c) Best-First Search				11.	(a) Translate	2 marks	,
	v.	Which is not a property of representation of knowledge?		1			(b) Prove that	2 marks	
		(a) Representational Verification					(c) Convert	1 mark	
	vi.	What are Semantic Networks?		1			(d) Prove	1 mark	
		(a) A way of representing knowledge					(e) Use resolution	1 mark	
	vii.	Which is true for Decision theory?		1	OR	iii.	Chaining backward method.	1 mark	7
		(a) Decision Theory = Probability theory + utility theory			OIC	1111.	As per the explanation		,
	viii.	A Hybrid Bayesian network contains		1			715 per tile explanation		
		(a) Both discrete and continuous variables			Q.5	i.	Nonmonotonic reasoning		4
	ix.	Which is the best way to go for Game playing problem?		1	<b>Q</b> .5	1.	Definition Definition	2 marks	-
		(b) Heuristic approach					Example	2 marks	
	х.	To which depth does the alpha-beta pruning can be applie	d?	1		ii.	(a) Natural language understanding	2 marks	6
		(d) Any depth				111.	Correct Answer	1 mark	v
							Justification	2 marks	
Q.2	i.	Definition of state space search	1 mark	2			(b) Water jug problem	<b>=</b> 11.0011.5	
		Example	1 mark				Correct Answer	1 mark	
	ii.	Three the areas of application of Artificial Intelligence		3			Justification	2 marks	
		1 mark for each	(1 mark * 3)		OR	iii.	Intelligent agent	3 marks	6
	iii.	Difference BFS and DFS.		5	011	1111	Concepts of rationality	3 marks	Ū
		1 mark for each difference	(1 mark * 5)				Concepts of functionally	e maria	
OR	iv.	Definition of Expert system	2 marks	5	Q.6		Attempt any two:		
		Three Applications of Expert systems			₹.⊍	i.	Block world problem in robotics		5
		1 mark for each (1 mark * 3)	3 marks				Discussion Discussion	3 marks	
							Example	2 marks	
Q.3	i.	Requirements of good control strategy		2		ii.	Definition of alpha-beta cutoffs	2 marks	5
		1 mark for each	(1 mark * 2)				Example	3 marks	_
	ii.	Importance discussion	1 mark	3		iii.	MiniMax Search algorithm	3 marks	5
		Example	1 mark				Tic-tac-toe example	2 marks	-
		Heuristics definition	1 mark				*****	, <del>,,_</del>	

iii. Example

A\* Search better than Best First Search

2 marks

1 mark

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