Total No. of Questions: 6

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Faculty of Science End Sem Examination Dec-2023

FS3SE06 Digital Biometry

Programme: B.Sc. (Hons.) Branch/Specialisation: Forensic

Science

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

cessa	ıry. No	otations and symbols have their usual	meaning.		
Q .1	i.	is a branch of informati	on technology that aims towards	1	
		establishing one's identity based on	personal traits.		
		(a) Control systems	(b) Biometrics		
		(c) Convex optimization	(d) Pulse		
	ii.	Biometrics is a technology used	to an individual's	1	
		physical and behavioral characteristics.			
		(a) Identify	(b) Analyze		
		(c) Measure	(d) All of these		
	iii.	sense the temperature diffe	erences on the contact surface, in	1	
		between fingerprint ridges and valleys.			
		(a) Thermal scanners	(b) Meta dermal scanners		
		(c) UV scanners	(d) None of these		
	iv.	The recognition of fingerprint pattern is based on			
		(a) Minutiae's	(b) Patterns		
		(c) Skin	(d) Both (a) and (b)		
v.	v.	Pixels with intensity levels above the	e threshold are classified as white,	1	
		while those below the threshold are classified as			
		(a) Black (b) Blue	(c) Brown (d) Green		
	vi.	In histogram graph the horizontal	-	1	
		whereas vertical axis represents the			
		(a) Number of pixels	(b) Number of lines		
		(c) Number of area	(d) Both (a) and (b)		

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	vii.	Which is the correct mechanism of iris recognition?	1		
		(a) Take a photography- clip out the iris part- block division-converted			
		into feature values-perform matching.			
		(b) Take a photography-clip out the iris- perform matching			
		(c) Take a photography-block division- clip out the iris- perform			
		matching			
		(d) Take a photography- converted into feature values-perform matching-clip out the iris			
viii.	viii.	The iris is the colored,portion of the eye behind the cornea.	1		
		(a) Donut-shaped			
		(b) Leaf shape			
		(c) Patels shape			
		(d) None of these			
	ix.	Behavioural biometrics analyzes a user's digital physical and behaviour.	1		
		(a) Cognitive (b) Voluntary			
		(c) Covert (d) Both (a) and (b)			
	х.	Signature recognition is an example ofbiometrics that identifies 1			
		a person based on their handwriting.			
		(a) Behavioural (b) Cognitive			
		(c) Voluntary (d) None of these			
Q.2	i.	Define biometrics and explain the characteristics of a good biometric	2		
		system.			
	ii.	Explain the working principle of automated fingerprint identification systems with block diagram.	3		
	iii.	Explain the key biometric processes.	5		
OR	iv.	Explain about the voice scan and retina scan biometrics.	5		
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Q.3	i.	What is fingerprint biometric? Explain its advantages.	2		
	ii.	Explain the following- fingerprint patterns, fingerprint features,	8		
		fingerprint image and width between two ridges.			
OR	iii.	Explain in detail fingerprint image processing.	8		
Q.4	i.	Explain in brief about the - fundamental steps in image processing and image enhancement.	3		
	ii.	What is image segmentation? Explain in detail.	7		
OR	iii.	What is gradient based segmentation? Explain in detail.	7		

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Q.5	Explain the iris system architecture.	4	
	ii.	Explain the followings-	6
		(a) Iris recognition (b) Location	
		(c) Doubly dimensionless (d) Projection	
OR	R iii. Explain in detail about the coordinate system of iris.		6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	Explain the working principles and components of signature-scan -	5	
		keystroke scan.	
	ii.	Give your view on privacy and standards in biometrics.	5
	iii.	Write about the sympathetic biometric systems – need for standards –	5
		different biometric standards.	
