



Faculty of Engineering

End Semester Examination May 2025

CA5CO26 Computer Networks Fundamental

Programme	:	MCA / BCA-MCA (Integrated)	Branch/Specialisation	:	-
Duration	:	3 hours	Maximum Marks	:	60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

Section 1 (Answer all question(s))						Marks	CO	BL
Q1.	Which of the following is not a network topology?					1	1	2
	<input type="radio"/> Star	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Cluster						
	<input type="radio"/> Mesh	<input type="radio"/> Ring						
Q2.	Which layer of the OSI model is responsible for the physical connection between devices?					1	2	2
	<input type="radio"/> Data link layer	<input type="radio"/> Transport layer						
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Physical layer	<input type="radio"/> Network layer						
Q3.	Which error detection technique uses a polynomial division method to detect errors in transmitted data?					1	2	2
	<input type="radio"/> Parity Check Checksum	<input type="radio"/> Vertical Redundancy Check (VRC)						
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)	<input type="radio"/> Checksum						
Q4.	Which multiple access protocol is used in wireless networks to avoid collisions?					1	2	3
	<input type="radio"/> CSMA/CD	<input type="radio"/> Pure ALOHA						
	<input type="radio"/> Slotted ALOHA	<input checked="" type="radio"/> CSMA/CA						
Q5.	Which IEEE standard defines wireless LAN (Wi-Fi) communication?					1	1	2
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> IEEE 802.11	<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.15						
	<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.3	<input type="radio"/> IEEE 802.5						
Q6.	Which network technology uses Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) for data transmission?					1	3	3
	<input type="radio"/> Token ring	<input type="radio"/> Ethernet						
	<input type="radio"/> ISDN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> SONET						
Q7.	Which network device operates at the Network Layer (Layer 3) of the OSI model?					1	2	2
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Router	<input type="radio"/> Hub						
	<input type="radio"/> RJ-45	<input type="radio"/> Gateway						
Q8.	Which type of IP address allows for nearly unlimited number of unique addresses?					1	2	2
	<input type="radio"/> MAC Address	<input type="radio"/> IPv4						
	<input type="radio"/> IPv5	<input checked="" type="radio"/> IPv6						
Q9.	A _____ is a TCP name for a transport service access point.					1	2	2
	<input type="radio"/> Pipe	<input type="radio"/> Node						
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Port	<input type="radio"/> Ring						

Q10. Which is not a application layer protocol?

1 2 2

- ☐ FTP
 ☒ TCP
 ☐ SMTP
 ☐ HTTP

Section 2 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q11. Explain the key differences between the OSI and TCP/IP reference models.

4 1 2

Rubric	Marks
4 differences between OSI and TCP/IP.	4

Q12. (a) Describe the different network topologies along with their advantages and disadvantages.

6 2 2

Rubric	Marks
Describe the different network topologies	3
advantages and disadvantages.	3

(OR)

(b) Explain different multiplexing schemes and their significance in bandwidth utilization.

Rubric	Marks
different multiplexing schemes	3
significance in bandwidth utilization	3

Section 3 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q13. Compare the various Automatic Repeat Request (ARQ) techniques used for error and flow control in the data link layer.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
1.Stop-and-Wait ARQ 2.Go-Back-N ARQ 3.Selective Repeat ARQ	5

Q14. Explain the working principles of the following error detection techniques:

5 2 2

- Parity Check
- Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Q15. Difference between CSMA/CD and CSMA/CA with neat and clean diagram.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Section 4 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q16. Compare ethernet, fast ethernet, gigabit ethernet, and 10-gigabit ethernet in terms of speed, cable type, and application.

5 2 2

Rubric	Marks
Point wise explanation required like Technology Speed Cable Type Application Ethernet	5

Q17. Explain the architecture of an ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) network and its key layers.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
3+2	5

Q18. What is IEEE 802.3? Explain its significance in wired networking.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Section 5 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q19. Differentiate between IPV4 and IPV6.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Q20. Define the routing protocol. Explain distance vector routing and link state routing.

5 3 2

Rubric	Marks
3+2	5

Q21. Write the design issues and duties of network layer.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
design issues (2.5) +duties(2.5)	5

Section 6 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

Q22. Explain the leaky bucket and token bucket congestion control algorithms.

5 3 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5

Q23. Explain the workings of the Domain Name System (DNS) and its components.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Detail Explanation required with diagram	5

Q24. Explain the duties of transport layer and application layer.

5 4 3

Rubric	Marks
2.5+2.5	5
