



Faculty of Engineering / Science

End Semester Examination May 2025

EN3BS16 / BC3BS06 Engineering Physics

Programme	: B.Tech. / B.Sc.	Branch/Specialisation	: ALL
Duration	: 3 hours	Maximum Marks	: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Assume suitable data if necessary.

Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

Section 1 (Answer all question(s))		Marks	CO	BL
Q1. The wave function associated with a material particle is-		1	2	2
<input type="radio"/> Only finite <input type="radio"/> Only continuous <input type="radio"/> Only single valued <input checked="" type="radio"/> Finite, continuous and single valued				
Q2. An electron, proton and a car all have the same wavelength. The one possessing highest velocity is-		1	1	3
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Electron <input type="radio"/> Proton <input type="radio"/> Car <input type="radio"/> All have same velocity				
Q3. The value of grating element depends on-		1	2	1
<input type="radio"/> Width of opaque space <input type="radio"/> Width of slit <input checked="" type="radio"/> Width of opaque space and slit <input type="radio"/> Distance between source and screen				
Q4. Which of the following materials exhibits double refraction?		1	2	1
<input type="radio"/> Water <input type="radio"/> Glass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Calcite <input type="radio"/> Air				
Q5. The liquid drop model explains:		1	2	1
<input type="radio"/> The discrete energy levels of nucleons <input type="radio"/> The stability of noble gases <input checked="" type="radio"/> Nuclear binding energy and fission process <input type="radio"/> The behavior of ideal gases				
Q6. What two fields are used in the velocity selector of the Bainbridge mass spectrograph?		1	3	1
<input type="radio"/> Gravitational and electric <input checked="" type="radio"/> Magnetic and electric <input type="radio"/> Thermal and electromagnetic <input type="radio"/> Optical and sound				
Q7. The number of atoms in FCC structure is:		1	3	1
<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 4				
Q8. The interaxial angles of a triclinic crystal system are given by-		1	3	2
<input type="radio"/> $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90$ degree <input type="radio"/> $\alpha = \beta = 90$ degree $\gamma = 120$ degree <input checked="" type="radio"/> $\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90$ degree				
Q9. According to Einstein's relation, ratio of probability of spontaneous emission to stimulated emission depends on-		1	3	2
<input type="radio"/> Momentum <input checked="" type="radio"/> Frequency <input type="radio"/> Temperature <input type="radio"/> Mass				
Q10. If V-Number of fiber is 3.55 then it is a _____ fiber.		1	4	3
<input type="radio"/> Single mode <input type="radio"/> Graded index <input type="radio"/> Step index <input checked="" type="radio"/> Multimode				

Section 2 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

- Q11.** An electron has a momentum 5.4×10^{-26} kg.m/ sec with an accuracy of 0.05%. Find the minimum uncertainty in the location of the electron. 3 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Correct Formula	1
Remaining calculation	2

- Q12. (a)** What is Compton's effect? Obtain the expression for Compton's shift. Why does the Compton Effect primarily occur with high-energy photons, rather than with visible light? 7 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Compton Effect	1
Diagram	1
Derivation	4
Reason for only high energy photons	1

(OR)

- (b)** Obtain Schrodinger's wave equation for a particle in a square well potential and discuss energy levels when the well is infinitely deep.

Rubric	Marks
Upto Boundary Conditions and Schrodinger's Eq	2
Full Derivation	4
Explanations of energy levels	1

Section 3 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

- Q13.** The Newton's ring are seen in reflected light of wavelength 5896 angstrom. The radius of curvature of plano convex lens is 1 m and air film is replaced by a liquid whose refractive index is to be calculated under the condition if 16th ring is dark and its diameter is 5.1 mm. 3 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Correct Formula	1
Remaining calculation	2

- Q14. (a)** Explain the formation of interference fringes by means of Fresnel's biprism when a monochromatic source of light is used, and derive the expression for the fringe width. Write the formula for determination of wavelength of monochromatic light using biprism method.

7 2 1

Rubric	Marks
Explanation of fringe formation	2
Diagrams	1
Fringe width derivation	3
Wavelength measurement	1

(OR)

- (b)** Discuss difference between Fraunhofer and Fresnel diffraction. Derive an expression for the intensity due to single slit diffraction.

Rubric	Marks
difference between Fraunhofer and fresnel diffraction (only two required)	2
Diagram	1
Derivation	4

Section 4 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

- Q15.** The magnetic induction in a cyclotron which is accelerating protons is 1.5 weber /m^2 . How many times per second should the potential across the Dees reverse?

3 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Correct Formula -1	1
Remaining calculation	2

- Q16. (a)** What is a LINAC? Explain its working principle with suitable diagram. What are the limitations of LINAC?

7 2 1

Rubric	Marks
What is a LINAC	1
Diagram	2
working principle	3
limitations of LINAC	1

(OR)

- (b)** Explain the principle, construction and working of G. M. Counter. How is quenching achieved in it?

Rubric	Marks
Diagrams	2
principle, construction and working	4
quenching	1

Section 5 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

- Q17.** Write a short note on intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. What would be the position of Fermi level in these semiconductors? 3 3 2

Rubric	Marks
Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors	2
Fermi level position	1

- Q18. (a)** Explain the concept of Miller indices. How they are calculated? In a crystal, a lattice plane makes intercepts at a length of a , $b/2$ and c . Find the miller indices of the plane. 7 4 1

Rubric	Marks
concept of Miller indices	1
Process of calculation	3
Solution of problem	3

(OR)

- (b)** What is the Meissner Effect? What are the applications of superconductivity?

Rubric	Marks
What is the Meissner Effect	3
Diagrams	1
Applications of superconductivity	3

Section 6 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

- Q19.** An optical fiber has a numerical aperture of 0.22 and relative refractive index difference Δ is 0.012. Determine the refractive index of the core, refractive index of the cladding and acceptance angle of the fiber. 3 4 3

Rubric	Marks
Correct Formula	1
Remaining calculation	2

Q20. (a) Explain the working principle of optical fiber. Classify the fibers on the basis of modes and on the basis of refractive index profile.

7 3 1

Rubric	Marks
Working principle of optical fiber	2
on the basis of modes with diagram	2.5
on the basis of refractive index profile with diagram	2.5

(OR)

(b) Explain the construction and working of He-Ne laser with the help of block diagram and energy level diagram. Can we use optical pumping in this laser? Justify your answer.

Rubric	Marks
Block diagram	1
Energy level diagram	2
Construction and working	3
question on optical pumping	1
