

Faculty of Science / Engineering

End Semester Examination May 2025

CA3CO16 Network Security

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|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| Programme | : BCA / BCA-MCA (Integrated) | Branch/Specialisation | : - |
| Duration | : 3 hours | Maximum Marks | : 60 |

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Assume suitable data if necessary.
Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

| Section 1 (Answer all question(s)) | | Marks CO BL | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|-------------|
| Q1. What does CIA in security stand for? | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability | <input type="radio"/> Confidentiality, Information, and Authentication | <input type="radio"/> Cryptography, Internet Security, and Authorization | 1 1 1 | |
| Q2. What type of attack involves an unauthorized user gaining access to a system? | <input type="radio"/> Phishing | <input type="radio"/> Denial-of-Service | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Unauthorized Access | <input type="radio"/> Social Engineering | 1 1 1 |
| Q3. The process of converting plaintext into ciphertext is called- | <input type="radio"/> Decryption | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Encryption | <input type="radio"/> Hashing | <input type="radio"/> Key generation | 1 1 1 |
| Q4. The Hill Cipher is based on- | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Matrix multiplication | <input type="radio"/> Modular arithmetic | <input type="radio"/> XOR operations | <input type="radio"/> Bitwise shifting | 1 1 1 |
| Q5. Symmetric key cryptography uses: | <input checked="" type="radio"/> One key for encryption and decryption | <input type="radio"/> Two different keys | <input type="radio"/> Hashing | <input type="radio"/> Digital signatures | 1 1 1 |
| Q6. AES-256 means the key size is- | <input type="radio"/> 128 bits | <input type="radio"/> 92 bits | <input checked="" type="radio"/> 256 bits | <input type="radio"/> 512 bits | 1 1 1 |
| Q7. Which one is not an asymmetric encryption algorithm? | <input checked="" type="radio"/> AES | <input type="radio"/> RSA | <input type="radio"/> ECC | <input type="radio"/> Diffie-Hellman | 1 1 1 |
| Q8. The public key in RSA is used for: | <input type="radio"/> Decryption | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Encryption | <input type="radio"/> Hashing | <input type="radio"/> Signing | 1 1 1 |
| Q9. Which protocol ensures secure file transfer? | <input type="radio"/> FTP | <input checked="" type="radio"/> SFTP | <input type="radio"/> HTTP | <input type="radio"/> SMTP | 1 1 1 |

Q10. What is the main purpose of firewalls?

1 1 1

- Encrypt messages
- Monitor and filter network traffic
- Detect viruses
- Block spam

Section 2 (Answer all question(s))

Q11. What are the fundamental principles of network security?

Marks CO BL
4 2 1

| Rubric | Marks |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| four principles each one mark | 4 |

Q12. (a) Describe the various types modern nature of attacks in security.

6 1 1

| Rubric | Marks |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| each type with description 2 marks | 6 |

(OR)

(b) Classify different types of security attack.

| Rubric | Marks |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| each type with description 2 marks | 6 |

Section 3 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL
4 2 2

Q13. What is a Polygram substitution cipher? How does it different from a monoalphabetic cipher?

| Rubric | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Definition and Explanation of Polygram Substitution Cipher | 2 |
| How does it different from a monoalphabetic cipher | 2 |

Q14. (a) List four difference between substitution and transposition techniques in cryptography? Write steps to encrypt the message "SECURITY" with a shift of 5 by applying concept of Caesar cipher.

6 3 3

| Rubric | Marks |
|--|-------|
| four difference between substitution and transposition techniques in cryptography each with one mark | 4 |
| steps to encrypt the message "SECURITY" with a shift of 5 by applying concept of Caesar cipher.. | 2 |

(OR)

(b) Describe the Rail-Fence cipher. Write steps to encrypt the text "HELLO WORLD" using a depth of 3 by applying concept of Rail-Fence cipher.

| Rubric | Marks |
|--------------------------|-------|
| each steps have one mark | 6 |

Section 4 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL
4 2 2

Q15. Describe the types of Encryption Algorithms Modes.

| Rubric | Marks |
|--------------------|-------|
| each type one mark | 4 |

Q16. (a) Explain the steps involve in Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) with one example.

6 3 2

| Rubric | Marks |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| each step with example one marks each | 6 |

(OR)

(b) Explain the steps involve in data encryption standard (DES) with one example.

| Rubric | Marks |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| each step with example one marks each | 6 |

Section 5 (Answer all question(s))

Marks CO BL

4 2 2

Q17. List four difference between Symmetric and Asymmetric key cryptography.

| Rubric | Marks |
|--------------------------|-------|
| each difference one mark | 4 |

Q18. (a) What is a digital signature? Write down the steps followed in creating a digital signature.

6 3 2

| Rubric | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Digital Signature | 1 |
| steps followed in creating a digital signature | 5 |

(OR)

(b) Explain the steps involve in RSA algorithm with one example.

| Rubric | Marks |
|--------------------|-------|
| each step one mark | 6 |

Section 6 (Answer any 2 question(s))

Marks CO BL

5 3 2

Q19. Describe TCP/IP.

| Rubric | Marks |
|------------------------|-------|
| description with model | 5 |

Q20. List the different types of Internet Security Protocols and explain any two.

5 3 2

| Rubric | Marks |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| types of Internet Security Protocols | 1 |
| one explanation two mark | 4 |

Q21. What is network security? What are four different types of network security?

5 3 2

| Rubric | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Network Security | 1 |
| four different types of Network Security | 4 |
