Total No. of Questions: 6

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## Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Science End Sem Examination Dec-2023

BC3CO52 Network Security
Programme: B.Sc. Branch/Specialisation: Computer

Science

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

• `	~ /	should be written in full inste otations and symbols have the	ad of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable defined in the contraction of	lata
Q.1	i.	Which of the following is a type of network attack in which attacker masquerades as a trusted entity to gain unauthoriz access to network resources?		
		(a) Injection	(b) Spoofing	
		(c) Hijacking	(d) Sniffing	
	ii.	Which of the following is a	type of encryption that uses the same	1
		key for both encryption and decryption?		
		(a) Symmetric encryption	(b) Asymmetric encryption	
		(c) Hashing	(d) Digital signature	
	iii.	Which of the following is an objective of network security?		
		(a) Confidentiality	(b) Integrity	
		(c) Availability	(d) All of these	
	iv.	Compromising confidential information comes under		1
		(a) Bug	(b) Threat	
		(c) Vulnerability	(d) Attack	
	v. What are the major components of the intrusion detect		ents of the intrusion detection system?	1
		(a) Analysis Engine	(b) Event Provider	
		(c) Alert Database	(d) All of these	
	vi.	Where is an Intrusion Preve	ention Systems (IPS) commonly placed	1
		in a network?		
		(a) In front of the firewall	(b) In line with the firewall	
		(c) Behind the firewall	(d) On the end users' device	

P.T.O.

	vii.	VPN is abbreviated as	1	
		(a) Visual Private Network (b) Virtual Protocol Network		
		(c) Virtual Private Network (d) Virtual Protocol Networking		
	viii.	There are types of VPNs.	1	
		(a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 5 (d) 4		
	ix.	routes user queries or commands to appropriate	1	
		nodes in a sensor network.		
		(a) Bridge and gateway both (b) Gateway only		
		(c) Bridge only (d) None of these	1	
	х.	A sensor network in WSN can be of topology.		
		(a) Star		
		(b) Advanced multi-hop wireless mesh		
		(c) Multi-hop wireless mesh		
		(d) All of these		
Q.2	i.	What is network security? State different types of network	2	
Q.2	1,	security protections.	4	
	ii.	How network attacks can be prevented?	3	
	iii.	Explain define Hellman key exchange algorithm.	5	
OR	iv.	Explain how public key cryptography may be used for	5	
011	-,,	identification.		
Q.3	i.	How do you define risk, vulnerability, and threat, in the context of	2	
		network security?		
	ii.	What is Firewall? Describe how firewall can be used to protect the	8	
		network.		
OR	iii.	What is cryptanalysis? Explain various types of cryptanalysis with	8	
		an example.		
Q.4	i.	Explain Intrusion detection. How does an IDS work?	3	
	ii.	Explain any two approaches for intrusion detection. How they	7	
OD		prevent intrusions?	-	
OR	iii.	What is IP security? How it works?	7	
Q.5	i.	What are the benefits of using a VPN?	4	
₹.2	ii.	What Security Vulnerabilities are addressed by VPN?	6	
	11,	That became y americanities are addressed by 1111.	•	

OR iii.		What is VPN? Discuss the need of firewall in VPN along with its	
		types.	
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Explain Fault-tolerance techniques in computer system in brief.	5
	ii.	What are the enabling technologies for sensor networks?	5
	iii.	Discuss the differences between proactive and reactive routing	5
		protocols.	

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## **Scheme of Marking**

## Network Security-BC3CO52(T)

Q.1	i)	b) Spoofing		1
	ii)	a).Symmetric encryption		1
	iii)	d). All of the above		1
	iv)	b)Threat		1
	v)	d)All of the mentioned		1
	vi)	b)In line with the firewall		1
	vii)	c)Virtual Private Network		1
	viii)	b)2		1
	ix)	b)gateway only		1
	x)	d)All the above		1
Q.2	i.	What is Network Security?	1 mark	2
	ii.	Types of Network Security Protections- Network attacks can be prevented	1 mark	3
iii.		Explanation Explain define Hellman key exchange algorithm Explanation		5
OR	iv.	Public key cryptography may be used for identification.  Explanation		5
Q.3	i. How do you define risk, vulnerability, and threat, in the context of network security?		n the context of	2
	ii.	What is Firewall? Firewall can be used to protect the network?	4 marks 4 marks	8

OR	iii.	What is cryptanalysis?	4 marks 4 marks	8
		Types of cryptanalysis with an example.	4 marks	
Q.4	i.	Explain Intrusion detection.	1 marks	3
		How does an IDS work?	2 marks	
	ii.	Any two approaches for intrusion detection.		7
		(2 marks for each (2 marks * 2)	4 marks	
		How they prevent intrusions? 3		
OR	iii.	What is IP security?	4 marks	7
		How it works?	3 marks	
Q.5	i.	Benefits of using a VPN?		4
	ii.	Security Vulnerabilities Are Addressed By VPN?		6
		Explanation		
OR	iii.	What is VPN?	2 marks	6
		Need of Firewall in VPN along with its types.	4 marks	
Q.6				
	i.	Explain Fault-tolerance Techniques in Computer S	ystem in brief?	5
		Explanation		
	ii.	What are the enabling technologies for sensor networks?		5
		Explanation		
	iii.	Discuss the differences between proactive and r	reactive routing	5
		protocols? 1 mark for each difference	(1 mark * 5)	

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