

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering  
End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022  
CS3CO13 / IT3CO06

## Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CSE/IT

**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. How many passes does an insertion sort algorithm consist of when an array of N elements is given- **1**  
 (a) N (b) N+1 (c) N-1 (d)  $N^2$
- ii. What is the worst time complexity of Insertion sort? **1**  
 (a)  $n^2$  (b)  $n \log n$  (c) n (d)  $n (\log n)^2$
- iii. When the given inputs are already sorted, which sorting technique gives worst performance? **1**  
 (a) Radix Sort (b) Quick Sort  
 (c) Heap Sort (d) Merge Sort
- iv. Average case complexity of binary search is- **1**  
 (a)  $\Theta(\log n)$  (b)  $\Theta(n/2)$  (c)  $\Theta(1)$  (d)  $\Theta(n^2)$
- v. Principle of optimality holds in- **1**  
 (a) Backtracking (b) Greedy method  
 (c) Divide and conquer (d) Dynamic Programming
- vi. Number of Spanning tree of a complete graph with n vertices are- **1**  
 (a)  $n^{n-2}$  (b)  $nC(n-1)$  (c)  $n^{n-1}$  (d)  $n^{n(n-2)}$
- vii. Dijkstra's Algorithm cannot be applied on \_\_\_\_\_ **1**  
 (a) Directed and weighted graphs  
 (b) Unweighted graphs  
 (c) Graphs having negative weight function  
 (d) Undirected and unweighted graphs

P.T.O.

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- viii. Branch and bound applied on- **1**  
 (a) Minimization problems (b) Maximization problems  
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- ix. Which one of the following is an application of the backtracking algorithm? **1**  
 (a) Finding the shortest path  
 (b) Crossword  
 (c) Ludo  
 (d) Finding the efficient quantity to shop
- x. What answers “are we building a right product”? **1**  
 (a) Verification (b) Performance  
 (c) Testing (d) Validation
- Q.2 i. What are asymptotic notations? Explain. **4**  
 ii. Solve the recurrence relations using Masters Theorem. **6**  
 (a)  $T(n)=3T(n-4)+n^2$   
 (b)  $T(n)=4T(n/2)+\log n$   
 (c)  $T(n)=3T(n/3)+\sqrt{n}$   
 (d)  $T(n)=3T(n/4)+3n$
- OR iii. Sort these elements using Selection Sort in ascending order. **6**  
 12 29 25 8 32 17 40  
 Also write best, worst and average case complexity of selection sort.
- Q.3 i. Write a note on minimum Spanning tree. **3**  
 ii. How Strassen’s matrix multiplication is different from simple matrix multiplication method. Also analyse their complexity. **7**
- OR iii. Sort these elements using Heap sort (Max Heap) **7**  
 99, 70, 52, 81, 63, 95, 21, 85, 42, 64, 87, 92
- Q.4 i. Find Optimal Merge Pattern for 7 files whose length are 12, 9, 3, 11, 15, 20, 13. **4**  
 ii. A Knapsack capacity is 100. The weights and values of 5 objects is as follows: **6**

Weight ( $W_i$ )	10	20	30	40	50
Values ( $P_i$ )	20	30	66	20	60

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- Solve the Knapsack problem using Greedy Strategy & find the maximum profit that can be obtained.
- OR iii. Find the longest common subsequence from X and Y  $X=(H,U,M,A,N)$  **6**  
 $Y=(C,H,I,M,P,A,N,Z,E,E)$
- Q.5 i. What do you mean by dynamic programming? Write any two benefits of using dynamic programming. **4**  
 ii. Solve the 0/1 knapsack problem using FIFO branch & bound **6**  
 $n=4$ ,  $m=15$ ,  $(p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4) = (10, 10, 12, 18)$ ,  $(w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4) = (2, 4, 6, 9)$
- OR iii. Explain how a reliability design can be obtained using dynamic programming. **6**
- Q.6 Attempt any two: **5**  
 i. Define hamiltonian cycle with the example. **5**  
 ii. What is backtracking? Find a solution to the 4 queens problem using backtracking strategy. **5**  
 iii. Explain P, NP, NP-Complete and NP-Hard problem. **5**

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**Marking Scheme**  
**CS3CO13-IT3CO06 Design and Analysis of Algorithms**

Q.1	i)	How many passes does an insertion sort algorithm consist of when an array of N elements is given (c) N-1	<b>1</b>
	ii)	What is the best time complexity of selection sort? (a) $N^2$	<b>1</b>
	iii)	When the given inputs are already sorted, which sorting technique gives worst performance. (b) Quick Sort	<b>1</b>
	iv)	Average case complexity of binary search is (a) $\Theta(\log n)$	<b>1</b>
	v)	Principle of optimality holds in (d) Dynamic Programming	<b>1</b>
	vi)	Number of Spanning tree of a complete graph with n vertices are (a) $n^{(n-2)}$	<b>1</b>
	vii)	Dijkstra's Algorithm cannot be applied on _____ (c) Graphs having negative weight function	<b>1</b>
	viii)	Branch and bound applied on (a) Minimization problems	<b>1</b>
	ix)	Which one of the following is an application of the backtracking algorithm? (b) Crossword	<b>1</b>
	x)	What answers "are we building a right product?" (d) Validation	<b>1</b>
Q.2	i.	Asymptotic notations 1 mark for each	<b>4</b>
	ii.	Solve these Recurrence Relation (a) $T(n) = 3T(n/3) + \Theta(n)$ 2 marks (b) $T(n) = T(n-1) + 5n$ 2 marks (c) $T(n) = 8T(n/4) + \Theta(n \log n)$ 2 marks	<b>6</b>
OR	iii.	Sorting using Selection Sort 4 Marks best average and worst complexity 2 marks	<b>6</b>
Q.3	i.	Minimum Spanning tree 3 marks	<b>3</b>
	ii.	Strassen's matrix multiplication and simple matrix multiplication method comparison 5 marks analysis of their complexity 2 marks	<b>7</b>
OR	iii.	Sort these elements using Heap sort (Max Heap) 99, 70, 52, 81, 63, 95, 21, 85, 42, 64, 87, 92	<b>7</b>

		Stepwise 7 marks	
Q.4	i.	Find Optimal Merge Pattern for 7 files whose length are 12, 9,3,11,15,20,13 Stepwise 4 mark	<b>4</b>
	ii.	Stepwise 6 marks	<b>6</b>
OR	iii.	Longest common subsequence from X and Y Table 4 marks Subsequence from table 2 marks	<b>6</b>
Q.5	i.	Definition 2 Marks Any two benefits 2 Mark	<b>4</b>
	ii.	Solve the 0/1 knapsack problem using FIFO branch & bound Tree for FIFO branch and bound 7 marks stepwise	<b>6</b>
OR	iii.	Algorithm or complete definition 5 marks Example 2 marks	<b>6</b>
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Definition 2 marks Example 1 mark	<b>5</b>
	ii.	Definition 2 marks Solution 3 marks	<b>5</b>
	iii.	P problem 1 mark NP problem 1 mark NP-Complete problem 1 mark NP Hard Problem 2 marks	<b>5</b>

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