Total No. of Printed Pages:2 Total No. of Questions: 6

Enrollment No
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## Faculty of Science End Sem Examination Dec-2023

## FS3SE07 Digital & Fraud Investigation

Branch/Specialisation: Forensic Programme: B.Sc. Science

**Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60** 

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if neo

neces	sary.	Notations and symbol	s have their usual me	eaning.	
Q.1	i.	Which of the following is not a cybercrime which used devices to participate in criminal activities?			-
		(a) Cyberstalking	(b) DoS At	tack	
		(c) Identity Theft	(d) Phishing	g Emails	
	ii.	A VPN is a most common type of			-
		(a) DNS Spoofing	(b) Email S	(b) Email Spoofing	
		(c) GPS Spoofing	(d) IP Spoo	ofing	
	iii.	i. A layer creates communication channels between dev			-
		(a) Application	(b) Presenta	ation	
		(c) Session	(d) Transpo	ort	
	iv. Which of the following is not a type of SQL injection?			QL injection?	-
		(a) In-name SQLi	(b) Inferent	(b) Inferential SQLi	
		(c) Out-of-band SQL	i (d) System	SQLi	
	v.	logs are like digital journals the records the events ta			
	place at server.				
		(a) IP (b) En	nail (c) OS	(d) Server	
	vi.	AN IMEI Stands for	·		
	<ul><li>(a) International Mobile Equipment Identity</li><li>(b) Internal Mobile Equipment Identity</li></ul>				
		(d) Internal Mobile Establishment Identity			
	vii is defined as the use of tec			echnology to harass, threaten,	
			embarrass, or target other person.		
		(a) Cyberstalking	(b) Cyberbi	ullying	
		(c) Hacking	(d) Phishin	g	

P.T.O.

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viii. \_\_\_\_\_\_ of IT Act, 2000 states that any act of destroying, altering 1 or stealing computer system/network or deleting data with malicious intentions without authorization from owner of the computer is liable for the payment to be made to owner as compensation for damages. (b) Section 43A (a) Section 43 (c) Section 66 (d) Section 66E ix. \_\_\_\_\_ focuses on examining structured data, found in 1 application systems and databases, in the context of financial crime. (a) Database Forensics (b) Forensic Data Analysis (c) Network Forensics (d) Mobile Device Forensics write blocker offer monitoring and filtering any activity 1 that is transmitted or received between its interface connections to the computer and the storage device. (a) Data (b) Hardware (c) Network (d) Software What is logic bombing? Give example of it. O.2 i. ii. What do you mean by vishing, mishing, and stalking? iii. In detail, explain packet sniffing and its types. 5 OR iv. Which are the cybercrimes related to banking? Q.3 i. What do you mean by NIDS? ii. Differentiate between WEP, WPA, and WPA2 Encryption. OR iii. With the help of diagram, illustrate OSI model. Q.4 i. How to track mobile phone locations? ii. List and explain various evidence present in mobile phones. OR iii. What are the methods of extracting evidence for mobile devices? 7 List emerging trends on social media. O.5 i. Which are the major threats of social media? OR iii. What do you mean by intelligence gathering from social media? Which 6 are the tools and techniques used for it? Attempt any two: Elaborate various tools and techniques of computer forensic tools. 5 ii. List and explain different tasks performed by computer forensic tools. 5 5 iii. What do you mean by forensic workstations? Explain in detail.

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