

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering
End Sem Examination Dec-2023
CS3EA09 Graph Theory

Programme: B.Tech.

Branch/Specialisation: CSE All

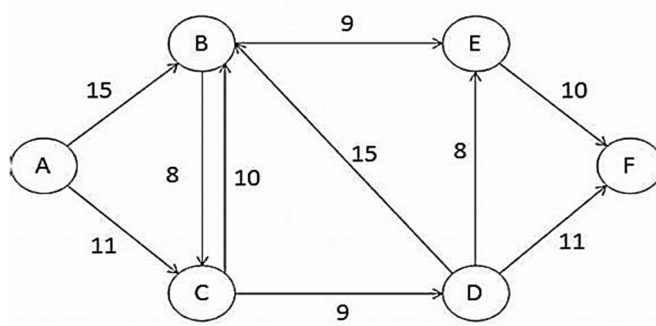
Duration: 3 Hrs.**Maximum Marks: 60**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

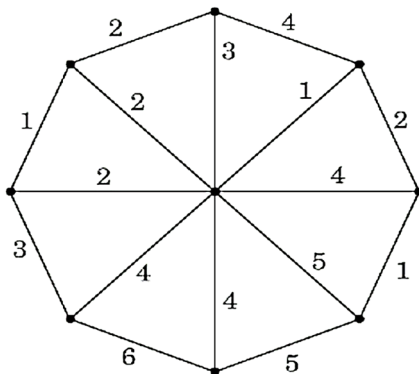
- Q.1 i. How many simple graphs are possible with 5 vertices & 4 edges? **1**
(a) C(5,4) (b) P(4,5) (c) C(10,4) (d) P(10,4)
- ii. If we delete an edge in graph G then no. of components in graph G. **1**
(Here n is the no. of vertex & k is no. of components)
(a) n & k (b) n & k+1 (c) n & k-1 (d) n-1 & k+1
- iii. A tree has..... no. of perfect matching. **1**
(a) n (equal to vertex) (b) At most n
(c) At least 1 (d) At most 1
- iv. What is the minimum number of edges needed to generate the **1**
connectivity in a simple graph with 10 vertices?
(a) 37 (b) 38 (c) 39 (d) 40
- v. Which of the following shows the simplest non-planar graph? **1**
(a) $|V|=5$ & $|E|=9$ (b) $|V|=6$ & $|E|=10$
(c) $|V|=5$ & $|E|=10$ (d) $|V|=6$ & $|E|=11$
- vi. What is the chromatic number of an n vertices simple connected graph **1**
which does not contain any odd length cycle? (where $n \geq 2$)
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) n (d) n-1
- vii. How many ways can 10 persons be seated at a round table? **1**
(a) 5,040 (b) 36,28,800 (c) 40,320 (d) 3,62,880
- viii. How many number of diagonals which can be drawn by joining the **1**
angular points of a hexagon
(a) 10 (b) 15 (c) C(2,6) (d) P(6,2)
- ix. The recurrence relation $f(n)=f(n-1)+f(n-2)$ is used to find- **1**
(a) Even number (b) Odd number
(c) Prime number (d) None of these

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- x. Partitioning of integer means- **1**
- (a) Representing an integer as sum of positive and negative real numbers
 - (b) Representing an integer as sum of positive and negative integers
 - (c) Representing an integer as sum of positive integers
 - (d) Representing an integer as sum of positive real numbers
- Q.2 i. Explain the difference between walks and paths with an example. **2**
- ii. Prove that the maximum number of edges in a simple graph with n vertices is $n(n-1)/2$. **3**
- iii. What are the different properties of Euler graphs and Bipartite graphs. **5**
- OR iv. What is a subgraph? Explain different types of subgraphs with examples. **5**
- Q.3 i. Define combinational & geometric graphs. **2**
- ii. In a given transport network, find the all cut-sets that separates source from sink & also find out the cut-set with minimum capacity & define maximum flow minimum-cut theorem. **8**



- OR iii. Define spanning tree. Using Prim's algorithm to find the minimum spanning tree of the graph. find the weight of this minimum spanning tree. **8**



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- Q.4 i. What is a Greedy coloring algorithm? **3**
- ii. Define chromatic number, chromatic partition & independent numbers. Prove that the chromatic polynomial equation for a complete graph is $P_n(\lambda) = \lambda(\lambda-1)(\lambda-2)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-4)\dots$ **7**
- OR iii. What are the different types of diagraphs? Explain with an example. **7**
- Q.5 i. Suppose we have 5 letters & 5 envelopes, one letter per envelope. How many ways can we place such that. **4**
- (a) All are wrongly placed.
 - (b) At least one letter is correctly placed
 - (c) Only one letter is wrongly placed
 - (d) Define derangement with formula.
- ii. Prove that $C(n-1, r) + C(n-1, r-1) = C(n, r)$. **6**
- OR iii. Use mathematical induction to prove that $2 \cdot 7^n + 3 \cdot 5^{n-5}$ is divisible by 24 for all $n > 0$. **6**
- Q.6 Attempt any two:
- i. Define summations operator with an example. **5**
 - ii. Solve this recurrence relation (Given $a_0=3$ & $a_1=2$) **5**
 - $a_n - 6a_{n-1} + 8a_{n-2} = 0$
 - iii. Explain first order & second order recurrence relation with example. **5**

Marking Scheme

Graph Theory-CS3EA09(T)

Q.1	i)	(c) C(10,4)		1
	ii)	(b) n & k+1		1
	iii)	(d) At most 1		1
	iv)	(a) 37		1
	v)	(c) $ V =5$ & $ E =10$		1
	vi)	(a) 2		1
	vii)	(d) 3,62,880		1
	viii)	(b) 15		1
	ix)	(d) None of these (Fibonnaci numbers)		1
	x)	(c) representing an integer as sum of positive integers		1
Q.2	i.	Method-	1 mark	2
		Answer-	1 mark	
	ii.	Complete proof with steps	(As per explanation)	3
	iii.	Each define-1 mark		5
OR	iv.	Define-	1 mark	5
		Diagram	1 mark	
		Each type-	(1.5 mark *2)	
Q.3	i.	Each-1 mark	(1 Mark*2)	2
	ii.	Minimum cut-set capacity-	1 Marks	
		Maximum flow minimum-cut theorem-	2 Marks	
		Solution steps with table-	5 Marks	
OR	iii.	Definition-	2 Marks	8
		solution steps-	5 Marks	
		Minimum spanning tree weight-	1 Mark	
Q.4	i.	Define Algorithm-3 marks		3
	ii.	Define chromatic number	1 Mark	7
		Define chromatic partition-	1 Mark	
		Define independent numbers	1 mark	
		Proof	4 Marks	
OR	iii.	Explain each graph with example-	(3.5 marks*2)	7

Q.5	i.	Each-1 mark	(1 Mark*4)	4
	ii.	Both side proof	(3 Marks*2)	6
OR	iii.	Complete solution steps	4 Marks	6
		Answer	2 Marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Define	2 Marks	5
		Solution steps	3 Marks	
	ii.	Solution steps	4 Marks	5
		Answer-	1 Mark	
	iii.	Each with example-	2.5 Marks	5
