Total No. of Questions: 3

Total No. of Printed Pages:3

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Pharmacy

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022 PY3CO17 Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry -I

Programme: B. Pharma Branch/Specialisation: Pharmacy

| Durati | on: 3 | Hrs. | Maximum Mark | s: 75 | | | | |
|---------|---------|--|---|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Note: A | All que | stions are compulsory. Interna | al choices, if any, are indicated. | | | | | |
| Q.1 | i. | Dried latex of the drug is us | sed in preparation, except: | 2 | | | | |
| | | (a) Opium | (b) Gatta parcha | | | | | |
| | | (c) Papain | (d) Balsam | | | | | |
| | ii. | Drug not belonging to volat | ile oil class: | 2 | | | | |
| | | (a) Peppermint | (b) Clove | | | | | |
| | | (c) Castor oil | (d) Garlic | | | | | |
| | iii. | Which of following is not the | ne function of gibberellins? | 2 | | | | |
| | | (a) Stimulate cell elongation | n in stem | | | | | |
| | | (b) Promote senescence in 1 | (b) Promote senescence in leaves | | | | | |
| | | (c) Parthenocarpic fruit dev | elopment | | | | | |
| | | (d) Stimulates bolting/flower | ering in response to long days | | | | | |
| | iv. | Step of preparation of crud | e drug in which sand, dirt, and foreign | 2 | | | | |
| | | organic matter from crude d | lrug are removed is called as- | | | | | |
| | | (a) Dibbling | (b) Sophistication | | | | | |
| | | (c) Layering | (d) Garbling | | | | | |
| | v. | Through plant tissue cultur | e growing the cell, tissue and organ in | 2 | | | | |
| | | culture medium is called | | | | | | |
| | | (a) Totipotency | | | | | | |
| | | (b) Stored food | | | | | | |
| | | (c) Inter specific hybridizati | on | | | | | |
| | | (d) Dormancy | | | | | | |
| | vi. | . Which of the following is the main application of embryo cultu | | | | | | |
| | | (a) Clonal propagation | | | | | | |
| | | (b) Production of embryoid | S | | | | | |
| | | (c) Induction of somaclonal | variation | | | | | |
| | | (d) Overcoming hybridizati | on barriers | | | | | |
| | | | P.T | .O. | | | | |

[2]

| | vii. | "Like can be treated by like" is the fundamental principle of | | | | | | |
|--|------|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | (a) Homeopathy system of medicine | | | | | | |
| | | (b) Ayurveda system of medicine | | | | | | |
| | | (c) Chinese system of medicine | | | | | | |
| | | (d) Unani system of medicine | | | | | | |
| viii. Which of the following does not take part in the biosynthe | | | | | | | | |
| | | terpenes? | | | | | | |
| | | (a) Mevalonic acid (b) Methylerythritol phosphate | | | | | | |
| | | (c) Acetyl- COA (d) Phenol | | | | | | |
| | ix. | Cotton consists ofcellulose. | 2 | | | | | |
| | | (a) 10% (b) 40% (c) 70% (d) 90% | | | | | | |
| | х. | Name the coenzyme of riboflavin (B2)? | 2 | | | | | |
| | | (a) NAD and NADP (b) FAD and FMN | | | | | | |
| | | (c) Coenzyme A (d) Thiamine pyrophosphate | | | | | | |
| Q.2 | | Attempt any two: | | | | | | |
| | i. | Briefly explain various types of adulterations. | 10 | | | | | |
| | ii. | Describe conservation methods used for medicinal plants. | 10 | | | | | |
| | iii. | (a) What is quantitative microscopy of crude dugs? | 5 | | | | | |
| | | (b) The role of ethylene and abscisic acid is both positive and | 5 | | | | | |
| | | negative. Justify the statement. | | | | | | |
| Q.3 | | Attempt any seven: Two questions from each section is compulsory. | | | | | | |
| | | Section - A | | | | | | |
| | i. | What is an explant? What types of explants are used in plant tissue culture? | 5 | | | | | |
| | ii. | Describe the components of nutrient media used in plant tissue | 5 | | | | | |
| | | culture. | | | | | | |
| | iii. | How plant growth regulators affect the plant morphogenesis? | 5 | | | | | |
| | | Section - B | | | | | | |
| | iv. | Write an exhaustive note on growth of Indian traditional medicines. 5 | | | | | | |
| | v. | What is alkaloid? Classify of alkaloids with suitable examples. 5 | | | | | | |
| | vi. | Describe identification tests for alkaloids, glycosides and flavonoids. | 5 | | | | | |

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Section - C

| vii. | Write an exhaustive note on medicinal agents from marine sources. | | | | |
|-------|---|---|--|--|--|
| viii. | Explain various natural pharmaceutical aids for manufacture of | 5 | | | |
| | dosage forms. | | | | |

ix. Define enzyme. Describe types and pharmaceutical importance of 5 enzymes.

Marking Scheme PY3CO17 Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry -I

| 2.1 | 1. | (d) Balsam | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|--|--------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| | ii. | Drug not belonging to volatile oil class: (c) Castor oil | | | | | | |
| | iii. | Which of following is not the function of g (d) Stimulates bolting/flowering in respons | | 2 | | | | |
| | iv. | Step of preparation of crude drug in which sand, dirt, and foreign organic matter from crude drug are removed is called as- (d) Garbling | | | | | | |
| | V. | Through plant tissue culture growing the cell, tissue and organ in culture medium is called | | | | | | |
| | vi. | Which of the following is the main application of embryo culture? (a) Clonal propagation | | | | | | |
| | vii. | "Like can be treated by like" is the fundamental principle of (a) Homeopathy system of medicine | | | | | | |
| | viii. | Which of the following does not take part in the biosynthesis of terpenes? (d) Phenol | | | | | | |
| | ix. | Cotton consists ofcellulose. (d) 90% | | | | | | |
| | х. | Name the coenzyme of riboflavin (B2)? (b) FAD and FMN | | 2 | | | | |
| 2.2 | | Attempt any two: | | | | | | |
| | i. | Definition of Adulterations Any 4 types (2 marks * 4) | 2 marks 8 marks | 10 | | | | |
| | ii. | Any 5 methods | (2 marks * 5) | 10 | | | | |
| | iii. | (a) Definition Methods | 1 mark 4 mark | 5 | | | | |
| | | (b) Positive Role | 2 marks | 5 | | | | |
| | | Negative Role | 2 marks | | | | | |
| | | Definition | 1 mark | | | | | |

| Q.3 | Attempt | any | seven: | Two | questions | from | each | section | is |
|-----|----------|------|--------|-----|-----------|------|------|---------|----|
| | compulso | ory. | | | | | | | |

| | | Section - A | | |
|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------|---|
| i. | Definition of Explant | | 1 mark | 5 |
| | Any types of with exp | olanation | 4 marks | |
| ii. | Any 5 components wi | ith uses | (1 mark * 5) | 5 |
| iii. | Definition | | 1 mark | 5 |
| | Description | | 4 marks | |
| | | Section - B | | |
| iv. | Definition of Indian to | raditional medicines | 1 mark | 5 |
| | Types | | 2 marks | |
| | Growth | | 2 marks | |
| v. | Definition of alkaloid | | 2 mark | 5 |
| | Classification | | 3 marks | |
| vi. | Name and Description | n of test | | 5 |
| | alkaloids | | 2 marks | |
| | glycosides | | 2 marks | |
| | flavonoids | | 1 marks | |
| | | Section - C | | |
| vii. | Definition | | 1 marks | 5 |
| | Any 4 examples | (1 marks * 4) | 4 marks | |
| viii. | Any 5 examples | | (1 marks * 5) | 5 |
| ix. | Definition of enzyme | | 1 mark | 5 |
| | Types | | 3 marks | |
| | Importance | | 1 marks | |
| | | | | |
