Total No. of Questions: 6 Total No. of Printed Pages:2

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering

End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2019

OE00061 Solar Energy and its Utilization

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: All

Maximum Marks: 60 Duration: 3 Hrs.

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- The average solar radiation received on horizontal surface in India is 1 Q.1 i. of the order of (in cal/cm²/day)
 - (a) 100-200 (b) 100-350 (c) 400-700 (d) 750-1000
 - An instrument used for measuring the intensity of direct solar 1 radiation at normal incidence is known as
 - (a) Pryheliometer
- (b) Pyranometer
- (c) Pyrgeometer
- (d) Pyradiometer
- Evacuation of the space between the absorber and the cover plate 1 practically eliminates
 - (a) Radiative losses
- (b) Convective losses
- (c) Conductive losses
- (d) None of these
- Which of the following is used as thermal storage media?
 - (a) Rockpile

- (b) Glauber's salt
- (c) Eutectic salt
- (d) All of these
- In which semiconductor, fermi energy level lies at exactly the 1 middle of the energy gap
 - (a) Extrinsic (b) P type
- (c) N type
- (d) Intrinsic
- Outside the earth's atmosphere, the solar energy flux is equal to 1 solar constant i.e. (in W/m^2)
 - (a) 1454
- (b) 1353
- (c) 1555
- (d) 1223
- Which of the following relation does not contribute to photovoltaic 1 current generation?
 - (a) Photons of quantum energy $\langle E_g \rangle$
 - (b) Photons of quantum energy >E_g
 - (c) Photons of quantum energy $=E_g$
 - (d) No relation

P.T.O.

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	V111.	For satellites the source of energy	nergy 18			
		(a) Solar cell (b) (Cryogenic storage			
		(c) Fossil Fuel (d) I	Edison cell			
	ix.	Objective of UNFCCC is to stabilize 1				
		(a) CO ₂ emission (b) I	NO ₂ emission			
		(c) Greenhouse gas emission (d) SO ₂ emission				
	х.	Kyoto Protocol came in existence in year				
		(a) 1997 (b) 1995 (c) 1	1993 (d) 1991			
Q.2	i.	Define insolation, diffuse radiation	n and beam radiation.	3		
	ii.	Write the name of the solar	radiation measuring instruments.	7		
		Explain any one in detail.				
OR	iii.	Explain the propagation of solar	radiation from the sun to earth	7		
		through atmosphere.				
Q.3	i.	Write a short note on heat transfer mechanism. 3				
Q. .5	ii.	What is the use of solar collector? Explain any one in detail.				
OR	iii. Explain the solar thermal power system in detail.					
		r	,	7		
Q.4	i.	What is meant by solar cell? Write	e down its applications.	3		
	ii.	Explain the photovoltaic principle. Also discuss the advantages and 7				
		disadvantages of PV cell.	C			
OR	iii.	Name the types of solar cells wh	ich are mostly used. Describe any	7		
		one in detail.				
Q.5	i.	Write down the comparison bet	ween on grid and off grid solar	3		
Q.5	1.	power system.	ween on gird and on gird som			
	ii.	Describe a basic photovoltaic syst	em for power generation.	7		
OR	iii.	Explain the solar cell module in de		7		
on	1111	Zapiani die solai con module in di		·		
Q.6	i.	How does the carbon trade work?		3		
	ii.	Evaluate the carbon credit of solar	energy system.	7		
OR	iii.		onmental impacts of solar energy	7		
		system.	_			

Marking Scheme

OE00061 Solar Energy and its Utilization

		0 = 0 0 0 0 1 8 0 101 = 1101 8, 0 1111 108 0 0 1111				ii
Q.1	i.	The average solar radiation received on horizont the order of (in cal/cm²/day) (c) 400-700	1		11	
	ii.	An instrument used for measuring the intensity of at normal incidence is known as (a) Pryheliometer	of direct solar radiation	1	OR	ii
	iii.	Evacuation of the space between the absorbe practically eliminates (b) Convective losses	r and the cover plate	1	Q.4	i.
	iv.	Which of the following is used as thermal storage (d) All of these	1		ii	
	v.	In which semiconductor, fermi energy level lies at the energy gap (d) Intrinsic	1			
	vi.	Outside the earth's atmosphere, the solar energy constant i.e. (in W/m ²) (b) 1353	1	OR	ii	
	vii.	Which of the following relation does not concurrent generation? (a) Photons of quantum energy <e<sub>g</e<sub>	1	0.7		
	viii.	For satellites the source of energy is (a) Solar cell		1	Q.5	i. ii
	ix.	Objective of UNFCCC is to stabilize (c) Greenhouse gas emission		1		
	х.	Kyoto Protocol came in existence in year (a) 1997		1	OR	ii
Q.2	i.	Definition of insolation, diffuse radiation and bear 1 mark for each	m radiation (1 mark * 3)	3	0.6	:
	ii.	Name of instruments Diagram Which radiation it measures Working	1 mark 2 marks 1 mark 3 marks	7	Q.6	i.
OR	iii.	Propagation of solar radiation from the sun to eart Diagram with clear labelling Theory	th through atmosphere 4 marks 3 marks	7	OR	ii
Q.3	i.	Heat transfer mechanism. Conduction	1 mark	3		

		Convention	1 mark	
		Radiation	1 mark	
	ii.	Use of solar collector	2 marks	7
		Name of different collectors	1 mark	
		Solar collector diagram	2 marks	
		Working	2 marks	
OR	iii.	Solar thermal power system		7
		Block diagram	3 marks	
		Working	4 marks	
Q.4	i.	Solar cell	1 mark	3
		Its applications	2 marks	
	ii.	Photovoltaic principle	2 marks	7
		Diagram	1 mark	
		Energy band diagram	2 marks	
		Advantages of PV cell	1 mark	
		Disadvantages of PV cell	1 mark	
OR	iii.	Types of solar cells	2 marks	7
		Material	1 mark	
		Diagram	2 marks	
		Working	2 marks	
Q.5	i.	Comparison b/w on grid and off grid solar power system		3
		At least 3 comparison 1 mark for each	(1 mark * 3)	
	ii.	Basic photovoltaic system for power generation		7
		Diagram	3 marks	
		Working	4 marks	
OR	iii.	Solar cell arrangement	2 marks	7
		Design classes theory	2 marks	
		Working	3 marks	
Q.6	i.	Carbon trade work		3
	ii.	Carbon credit of solar energy system.		7
		Definition	2 marks	
		International framework	2 marks	
		Evaluation	3 marks	
OR	iii.	Life cycle of solar energy system	3.5 marks	7
		Environmental impacts of solar energy system	3.5 marks	
		distributed.		
