Total No. of Questions: 6

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Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Engineering

End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2022 CB3CO19 Services Science & Service Operational Management

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: CSBS

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. The period of time the customer and the service provider interact is often referred to as _______?

 (a) The service operation (b) The service encounter (c) The servicescape (d) The back office operation

 ii. The characteristic of being produced and consumed simultaneously is
 (a) Inseparability (b) Intangibility
 - (c) Homogeneity (d) Perishability
 - iii. Word-of-Mouth communication networks are particularly important **1** for service firms because-
 - (a) Service customers tend to rely more on personal than nonpersonal source of information.
 - (b) Service firms do not believe in promotional efforts.
 - (c) Service firms can seldom afford to pay for promotional expenditures.
 - (d) Service customers tend to rely more on non-personal than personal sources of information.
 - iv. Design thinking is-
 - (a) Thinking about design
 - (b) Designing a way in which people think
 - (c) Asking users to solve problem
 - (d) Defining, framing and solving problems from user's perspective

P.T.O.

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[2]

v.	The real purpose of service recovery is not only to correct the	1			
	problem, but rather				
	(a) To give face to the customer(b) To educate the customer				
	(c) To give as much as possible to the customer				
	(d) To keep the customer				
vi.	What does a customer with strong commitment may demand during				
	service failure?				
	(a) High and immediate compensation				
	(b) No effect as customer is convinced				
	(c) Less immediate compensation				
	(d) None of these				
vii.	The two main approaches to forecasting are and	1			
	·				
	(a) Qualitative and quantitative				
(b) Historical and quantitative					
	(c) Judgemental and historical				
	(d) Qualitative and judgemental	_			
viii.	The process of using the present and past conditions for analyzing				
	future aspects is classified as-				
	(a) Forecasting (b) Term analysis				
	(c) Expectations analysis (d) All of these	_			
ix.	Innovation is defined as-	1			
	(a) The commercialization of a new product or process				
	(b) The invention of new product or process				
	(c) A new product or process idea				
	(d) The implementation of a new production method	_			
х.	Service Innovation can help to provide a temporary competitive				
	advantage when-				
	(a) Barriers to entry are high				
	(b) Barriers to imitation are low and intellectual property rights are difficult to enforce				
	(c) There are few other competitors				
	(d) Barriers to entry are low				

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Q.2	i. Discuss the role of service in economy and society.				
	ii.	Explain service package.	3		
	iii.	Write a note on value co-creation.	5		
OR	iv.	Discuss kinds of service encounter.	5		
Q.3	i.	Discuss strategic service vision.	2		
	ii.	What are the elements of service delivery system?	8		
OR	iii.	Explain SERVQUAL model in detail.	8		
Q.4	i.	Write a note on service guarantee.	3		
	ii.	How to recover from service failure?	7		
OR	iii.	Discuss real time example of service failure and recovery.	7		
Q.5	i.	Discuss different methods of demand forecasting.	4		
	ii.	Discuss the role of inventory in services.			
OR	iii.	Discuss the techniques for optimizing the vehicle route.			
Q.6		Attempt any two:			
	i.	Write note on services productivity.	5		
	ii.	Explain the need of service innovation.	5		
	iii.	Discuss key performance indicators of measuring service productivity.	5		

Marking Scheme

CB3CO19 Services Science & Service Operational Management

Q.1	i.	The period of time the customer and the service provider interact is		
		often referred to as? (b) The service encounter		
	ii.	The characteristic of being produced and consumed	Leimultaneouely	1
	11.	is-	Simultaneously	1
	:::	(a) Inseparability		1
	iii.	Word-of-Mouth communication networks are partic for service firms because-	ularly important	1
			1 .1	
		(a) Service customers tend to rely more on personal source of information.	sonal than non-	
	iv.	Design thinking is-		1
		(d) Defining, framing and solving problems from us	ser's perspective	
	v.	The real purpose of service recovery is not only	to correct the	1
		problem, but rather		
		(a) To give face to the customer		
	vi.	What does a customer with strong commitment may service failure?	demand during	1
	:	(c) Less immediate compensation	omd	1
	vii.	The two main approaches to forecasting are	and	1
		(a) Qualitative and quantitative		
	viii.	The process of using the present and past condition	ns for analyzing	1
		future aspects is classified as-		
		(a) Forecasting		
	ix.	Innovation is defined as-		1
		(a) The commercialization of a new product or product	ess	
	х.	Service Innovation can help to provide a temporary competitive		
		advantage when-		
		(b) Barriers to imitation are low and intellectual prodifficult to enforce	operty rights are	
Q.2	i.	Role of service in economy and society.		2
	ii.	Service package Concept	1 mark	3
		Definition	2 marks	

	iii.	Value co-creation definition Explanation Example	2 marks 2 marks 1 mark	5
OR	iv.	Three kinds of service encounter. Explanation	3 marks 2 marks	5
Q.3	i.	Strategic service vision.		2
	ii.	Elements of service delivery system	4 marks	8
		Explanation of each	4 marks	
OR	iii.	SERVQUAL model-		8
		Explanation of each element of service quality	4 marks	
		Explanation of gaps	4 marks	
Q.4	i.	Write a note on service guarantee.		3
	ii.	How to recover from service failure		7
		Methods of service recovery	4 marks	
		Benefits of service recovery	1 mark	
OD		Explanation	2 marks	_
OR	iii.	Real time example of service failure and recovery. As per the explanation		7
Q.5	i.	Different methods of demand forecasting.	2 marks	4
C		Explanation	2 marks	
	ii.	Discuss the role of inventory in services.		6
		As per the explanation		
OR	iii.	Techniques for optimizing the vehicle route.	5 marks	6
		Benefits	1 mark	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Services productivity.		5
	ii.	Need of service innovation.		5
	iii.	Key performance indicators	3 marks	5
		Explanation	2 marks	
