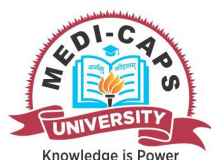


Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Agriculture

End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022

AG3CO10 Fundamentals of Crop Physiology

Programme: B.Sc. (Hons.) Branch/Specialisation: Agriculture

**Duration: 3 Hrs.****Maximum Marks: 50**

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. Who was firstly given the term mitochondria? **1**  
 (a) Kollikar (b) C. Benda (c) Altman (d) None of these
- ii. In Dorsiventral leaf stomata present on- **1**  
 (a) Upper surface of leaf  
 (b) Lower surface of leaf  
 (c) Both (a) and (b)  
 (d) None of these
- iii. Nitrogen is- **1**  
 (a) Immobile (b) Less mobile  
 (c) Highly mobile (d) Mobile
- iv. Boron shows deficiency symptoms on- **1**  
 (a) Lower leaf (b) New leaf  
 (c) Green veins of old leaf (d) Terminal bud
- v. Glycolysis pathway is also called as- **1**  
 (a) EMP pathway (b) EWP pathway  
 (c) Glucose pathway (d) Krebs cycle
- vi. What is the respiratory quotient of carbohydrate? **1**  
 (a) 1 (b) 0.1 (c) 2 (d) Zero
- vii. Precursor of ethylene- **1**  
 (a) Methane (b) Ethephon (c) Methionine (d) All of these
- viii. Write the name of antigibberellins- **1**  
 (a) GA3 (b) AMO-1618 (c) TIBA (d) All of these
- ix. Growth is a/an- **1**  
 (a) Reversible process (b) Irreversible process  
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these

P.T.O.

- x. Full form of LAD- **1**  
 (a) Leaf area day (b) Light area duration  
 (c) Leaf are date (d) None of these

- Q.2 i. Write the name of four anti transpirants. **1**  
 ii. Write down the difference between transpiration and guttation. **2**  
 iii. Explain in detail the ultrastructure of chloroplast with suitable diagram. **5**

- OR iv. Write down the mechanism of stomata opening and closing. **5**

- Q.3 i. Define the term hydroponics. **1**  
 ii. Write down the criteria of essentiality. **3**  
 iii. Explain in detail about passive transport mechanism. **4**

- OR iv. Write down the physiological role and deficiency symptoms of zinc. **4**

- Q.4 i. Why Calvin cycle is called C<sub>3</sub> cycle? **2**  
 ii. Explain various steps of TCA cycle in detail. **6**

- OR iii. What do you understand by the cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation? **6**

- Q.5 i. Differentiate between growth inhibitor and growth retardant. **2**  
 ii. Discuss the mode of action of auxin in plants. **2**  
 iii. Describe senescence and its types in plants. **4**

- OR iv. Explain the physiological effects of cytokinin in plants. **4**

- Q.6 Attempt any two:  
 i. Write down only formula and unit of CGR, LAI, RGR and NAR. **4**  
 ii. Describe various factors affecting growth and development. **4**  
 iii. What do you mean by S-Shaped growth curve in plants? Explain it in detail. **4**

\*\*\*\*\*

**Marking Scheme**  
**AG3CO10 Fundamentals of Crop Physiology**

Q.1	i.	Who was firstly given the term mitochondria? (b) C. Benda	<b>1</b>
	ii.	In Dorsiventral leaf stomata present on- (c) Both (a) and (b)	<b>1</b>
	iii.	Nitrogen is- (c) Highly mobile	<b>1</b>
	iv.	Boron shows deficiency symptoms on- (d) Terminal bud	<b>1</b>
	v.	Glycolysis pathway is also called as- (a) EMP pathway	<b>1</b>
	vi.	What is the respiratory quotient of carbohydrate? (a) 1	<b>1</b>
	vii.	Precursor of ethylene- (c) Methionine	<b>1</b>
	viii.	Write the name of antigibberellins- (b) AMO-1618	<b>1</b>
	ix.	Growth is a/an- (b) Irreversible process	<b>1</b>
	x.	Full form of LAD- (d) None of these	<b>1</b>
Q.2	i.	Any four names of anti transpirants	(0.25 mark * 4) <b>1</b>
	ii.	Transpiration	1 mark <b>2</b>
		Guttation	1 mark
	iii.	Explanation of ultrastructure of chloroplast	3 marks <b>5</b>
		Suitable diagram	2 marks
OR	iv.	Mechanism of stomata opening	2.5 marks <b>5</b>
		Mechanism of stomata closing	2.5 marks
Q.3	i.	Hydroponics	1 mark <b>1</b>
	ii.	Any three points on the criteria of essentiality	(1 mark * 3) <b>3</b>
	iii.	Passive transport mechanism	4 mark <b>4</b>
OR	iv.	Physiological role	2 marks <b>4</b>
		Deficiency symptoms	2 marks
Q.4	i.	Calvin cycle is called C <sub>3</sub> cycle	2 marks <b>2</b>

	ii.	Steps of TCA cycle	3 marks	<b>6</b>
		Diagram	3 marks	
OR	iii.	Cyclic photophosphorylation	3 marks	<b>6</b>
		Noncyclic photophosphorylation	3 marks	
Q.5	i.	Growth inhibitor	1 mark	<b>2</b>
		Growth retardant	1 mark	
	ii.	Mode of action of auxin in plants	2 marks	<b>2</b>
	iii.	Senescence	2 marks	<b>4</b>
		Its types	2 marks	
OR	iv.	Physiological effects of cytokinin	4 marks	<b>4</b>
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Formula of CGR, LAI, RGR and NAR	(0.5 mark *4)	<b>4</b>
		Unit of CGR, LAI, RGR and NAR	(0.5 mark *4)	
	ii.	Factors affecting growth	2 marks	<b>4</b>
		Factors affecting development	2 marks	
	iii.	S-Shaped growth curve	2 marks	<b>4</b>
		Explanation of it in detail	2 marks	

\*\*\*\*\*