Total No. of Questions: 3

Total No. of Printed Pages:2

Enrollment No.....



Faculty of Pharmacy End Sem Examination May-2024 PY3CO15 Physical Pharmaceutics -II

Programme: B. Pharm. Branch/Specialisation: Pharmacy

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 75

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Assume suitable data if necessary. Notations and symbols have their usual meaning.

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Q.1	i.	Differentiate dispersions as per size.	2
	ii.	Differentiate Lyophilic, Amphiphilic and Lyophobic colloids.	2
	iii.	Write Heckel equation.	2
	iv.	Enlist types of deformations of solids.	2
	v.	Define micro-emulsion and multiple-emulsion.	2
	vi.	Write briefly any two methods to identify type of emulsion.	2
	vii.	How will you measure Angle of Repose for given powder?	2
	viii.	Define types of particle diameter as per microscopic method.	2
	ix.	How kinetics of first order differs from zero-order reaction rate?	2
	х.	What you mean by accelerated stability study?	2
Q.2		Attempt any two:	
	i.	Write a note on Optical and Kinetic properties of Colloids.	10
	ii.	Classify Rheometers and describe principle and working of	10
		Ostwald's viscometer and rotational rheometer.	
	iii.	(a) Discuss the effect of Electrolytes on colloids.	5
		(b) Give an overview of types of flow as per Rheology.	5
Q.3		Attempt any seven: Two questions from each section is compulsory.	
		Section – A	
	i.	Differentiate flocculated and deflocculated suspensions.	5
	ii.	Describe stability issues in emulsions.	5
	iii.	What are approaches to improve stability of suspension?	5

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	Section - B	
iv.	Write a brief note on particle size determination by sedimentation method.	5
v.	Explain bulk density, tapped density and porosity of powder.	
vi.	Describe particle volume measurement by Coulter counter method.	5
	Section – C	
vii.	Enlist factors affecting stability of pharmaceuticals and approaches to improve it.	5
viii.	Discuss estimation of shelf-life using accelerated condition of temperature.	5
ix.	Write a note on photo-stability studies as per ICH guidelines.	5

Marking Scheme

Physical Pharmaceutics -II (T) - PY3CO15 (T)

		Physical Pharmaceutics -II (T)	- PY3CO15 (T)		
Q.1	i)	Differentiate dispersions as per size.	• •	2	
	ii)	Differentiate colloids.	(As per explanation)	2	
	iii)	Equation	1 Mark,	2	
	iv)	Explain density porosity concepts Types of formulation.	1 Mark (As per explanation)	2	
	v)	Micro-emulsionemulsion.	(As per explanation)	2	
	vi)	Any two methods type of emulsio	n. (As per explanation)	2	
	vii)	Measuregiven powder	(As per explanation)	2	
	viii)	Types method.	(As per explanation)	2	
	ix)	Knetics of reaction rate	(As per explanation)	2	
	x)	Mean by accelerated stability study	(As per explanation)	2	
Q.2	Atter	mpt any two:			
₹	i.	Optical Properties	5 Marks	10	
		Kinetic Properties –	5 Marks		
	ii.	Classify –	2 Mark	10	
		Ostwald's-	4 Marks		
		Rotational -	4 Marks		
	iii.	Effect of electrolytesexample –	5 Marks	5	
		Newtonian	2.5 Mark,	5	
		Non-Newtonian	2.5 Marks		
Q.3	Attempt any seven: Two questions from each section is compulsory.				
~	i.	Differentiate flocculated vs deflocculated suspension.			
		(As per explanation)			
	ii.	Enlist –	1 Marks	5	
		Any Two	(2 Marks*2)		

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iii.	Brief about types of instabilities –	1 Marks	5
	Any two approach in detail with reasons	(2 Marks *2)	
	Section – B		
iv.	.Concepts –	2.5 Marks,	5
	Method – Stoke's Law	2.5 Marks	
v.	Density	3 Marks	5
	Porosity	2 Marks	
vi.	Principle –	2 Marks	5
	Method –	2 Marks,	
	Figure –	1 Mark	
	Section – C		
vii.	Enlist Factors –	2 Marks,	5
	Approaches –	3 Marks	
viii.	Discuss estimation of shelf-life temperat	tures. –	5
		(As per explanation)	
ix.	Photo-stability guidelines.	(As per explanation)	5
