Total No. of Questions: 6

Total No. of Printed Pages: 3

## Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Science

## End Sem (Even) Examination May-2022 FS3CO11 Forensic Biology

Programme: B.Sc. (FS) Branch/Specialisation: Forensic Science

Maximum Marks: 60

Tote: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of the (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.  Q.1 i. The percentage of formed element in the blood is— (a) 45 % (b) 50 % (c) 55 % (d) 65 %  ii. Uric acid results from metabolism.  (a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate (c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using— (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except: (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another. (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen (b) No measurable amount of sperm in semen	Duration: 3	Hrs. Maximum Marks:	, ou
Q.1 i. The percentage of formed element in the blood is- (a) 45 % (b) 50 % (c) 55 % (d) 65 %  ii. Uric acid results from metabolism. (a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate (c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except: (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another. (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	Note: All qu	uestions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answer	s of
(a) 45 % (b) 50 % (c) 55 % (d) 65 %  ii. Uric acid results from metabolism. (a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate (c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except: (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another. (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	Q.1 (MCQs)	should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.	
ii. Uric acid results from metabolism.  (a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate (c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:  (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another. (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	Q.1 i.	The percentage of formed element in the blood is-	1
(a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate (c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except: (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another. (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
(c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine  iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:  (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.  (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.  (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.  (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to-  (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	ii.	Uric acid results from metabolism.	1
iii. The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using— (a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:  (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.  (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.  (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.  (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called—  (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence  (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to—  (a) Protect the body from an attack  (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation  (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain  (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		(a) Protein (b) Carbohydrate	
(a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves  iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:  (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.  (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.  (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.  (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called-  (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence  (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to-  (a) Protect the body from an attack  (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation  (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain  (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		(c) Purine (d) Pyrimidine	
iv. Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:  (a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.  (b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.  (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.  (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called-  (a) Fluorescence  (b) Effervescence  (c) Incandescence  (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to-  (a) Protect the body from an attack  (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation  (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain  (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	iii.	The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using-	1
<ul> <li>(a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.</li> <li>(b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.</li> <li>(c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.</li> <li>(d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.</li> <li>v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- <ul> <li>(a) Fluorescence</li> <li>(b) Effervescence</li> </ul> </li> <li>(c) Incandescence</li> <li>(d) All of these</li> <li>vi. The purpose of hair is to- <ul> <li>(a) Protect the body from an attack</li> <li>(b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation</li> <li>(c) Protect the body from rugged terrain</li> <li>(d) None of these</li> </ul> </li> <li>vii. Azoospermia means what? <ul> <li>(a) No sperm in semen</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		(a) Vacuum (b) Tape lift (c) Forceps (d) Gloves	
(b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type. (c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	iv.	Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:	1
(c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing. (d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		(a) Fibers can be transferred from one person's clothing to another.	
(d) Pollen from plants in your yard may be found on shoes.  v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		(b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.	
v. When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called- (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		(c) Hair from pet may be transferred to your clothing.	
of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called  (a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to-  (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
(a) Fluorescence (b) Effervescence (c) Incandescence (d) All of these vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	v.	1	1
(c) Incandescence (d) All of these  vi. The purpose of hair is to- (a) Protect the body from an attack (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
vi. The purpose of hair is to-  (a) Protect the body from an attack  (b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation  (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain  (d) None of these  vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
<ul> <li>(a) Protect the body from an attack</li> <li>(b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation</li> <li>(c) Protect the body from rugged terrain</li> <li>(d) None of these</li> <li>vii. Azoospermia means what?</li> <li>(a) No sperm in semen</li> </ul>			
(b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation (c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen	vi.		1
(c) Protect the body from rugged terrain (d) None of these vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen		•	
(d) None of these vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
vii. Azoospermia means what?  (a) No sperm in semen			
(a) No sperm in semen			
` ' -	V11.		1
(b) No measurable amount of sperm in semen		• • •	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•	
(c) Too much sperm in semen to provide adequate imprenation			
(d) None of these			$\circ$

P.T.O.

[2]

	viii.	What are the two types of test used to determine if an evidences sample is actually blood?  (a) Presumptive  (b) Confirmatory	1
	ix.	<ul> <li>(c) Both presumptive and confirmatory</li> <li>(d) Neither presumptive nor confirmatory</li> <li>Which of the following is definite sign of death due to drowning?</li> <li>(a) Absence of sand and mud in mouth and nostrils</li> <li>(b) Presence of diatom in victim</li> </ul>	1
	х.	<ul> <li>(c) Absence of lathery froth in mouth and nostrils</li> <li>(d) Washer man's hands and feet</li> <li>Forensic Palynology is the study of which of the following?</li> <li>(a) Lip print for forensic purpose</li> <li>(b) Polymer for forensic purpose</li> <li>(c) Bite marks for forensic purpose</li> <li>(d) Pollen grains for forensic purpose</li> </ul>	1
Q.2 OR	i. ii. iii. iv.	Write characteristics of urine.  Describe the components of Semen with their structure.  Write an essay on the composition of blood?  Discuss on forensic importance of biological evidences.	2 3 5 5
Q.3 OR	i. ii. iii.	Define different types of searching method involves in searching of biological evidences.  Write short note on – Chain of custody.  List the different packaging method for blood, semen, vaginal fluid,	4 6 6
OK	111.	urine, vomit and sweat along with their forensic significance.	U
Q.4	i. ii.	What characteristics make hair a useful forensic tool? Write short note on- Cuticle, Medulla and Cortex.	3 7
OR	iii.	Explain the hair growth cycle.	7
Q.5	i. ii.	bodily fluids.	<b>4 6</b>

[3]

OR	iii.	Discuss the confirmatory and presumptive test of blood sample?	
Q.6	i.	Attempt any two: Explain the forensic significances of diatoms with well labelled diagram.	5
	ii. iii.	Explain pug marks of various animals.	5

\*\*\*\*\*

## Marking Scheme FS3CO11 Forensic Biology

Q.1 i.		The percentage of formed element in the blood is- (b) 50 %			
	ii.	Uric acid results from metabolism. (c) Purine			
	iii.	The best method for collecting small evidences is to pick it up using- (c) Forceps			
	iv.	Locard's exchange principle implies all of the following except:			
vii	v.	(b) Blood at a crime scene can be used to identify blood type.  When a sample of hair contains certain chemicals, it will absorb some of the light and then reemit light of a different color. This is called-			
	vi.	(a) Fluorescence The purpose of hair is to-			
	vii.	<ul><li>(b) Regulate body temperature to keep the body warm by insulation Azoospermia means what?</li><li>(a) No sperm in semen</li></ul>			
	viii.	What are the two types of test used to determine if an evidences a sample is actually blood?			
	ix. x.	<ul><li>(c) Both presumptive and confirmatory</li><li>(b) Presence of diatom in victim</li><li>Forensic Palynology is the study of which of the following?</li><li>(d) Pollen grains for forensic purpose</li></ul>			
Q.2	i. ii.	Composition Composition Structure	2 marks 2 marks 1 mark	2 3	
	iii.	Composition of blood As per explanation		5	
OR	iv.	Different biological evidences and their importance As per explanation		5	
Q.3	i. ii.	Any four searching methods Chain of custody Its Importance	(1 mark * 4) 3 marks 3 marks	<b>4 6</b>	
OR	iii.	Packaging of 6 different	(1 mark * 6)	6	

Q.4	i.	Characteristics make hair		3
	ii.	Structure	3 marks	7
		Note	4 marks	
		As per explanation		
OR	iii.	Different growth stages of hair		7
		As per explanation		
Q.5	i.	Principle and name of bodily fluids	2 marks	4
		On their colour observer under ALS	2 marks	
	ii.	Structure	2 marks	6
		Its Importance	4 marks	
OR	iii.	Confirmatory test	3 marks	6
		Presumptive test	3 marks	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Diagram	2 marks	5
		Significances	3 marks	
	ii.	Different pug marks		5
		As per explanation		
	iii.	Structure	2 marks	5
		Its Importance	3 marks	

\*\*\*\*\*