#### [2]



Q.1

### Enrollment No.....

# Faculty of Engineering

## End Sem (Odd) Examination Dec-2019 EN3ES05 Basic Computer Engineering

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: All

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

MCQs)	should be written in full instea	ad of only a, b, c or d.	
i.	Dot-matrix is a type of:		1
	(a) Tape (b) Disk	(c) Printer (d) Bus	
ii.	Which of the following ke	eeps track of the address of the next	1
	instruction?		
	(a) Accumulator	(b) Program counter	
	(c) Memory address register	(d) Data register	
iii.	Which of the following dat tree-structured diagram?	a model schema is represented using a	1
	(a) Network data model	(b) Hierarchical data model	
	(c) Relational data model	(d) Object-oriented data model	
iv.	The term is used to		1
IV.	(a) Attribute (b) Instance	(c) Field (d) Tuple	1
v.	Operating system is a	(c) Field (d) Tuple	1
٧.	(a) System software	(b) Application software	1
	` ' •		
•	(c) Compiler	(d) Hardware device	1
vi.		dulers is also known as job scheduler?	1
	(a) CPU scheduler	(b) Long-term scheduler	
	(c) Mid-term scheduler	(d) None of these	4
vii.	OSI stands for		1
	(a) Open system interconnection		
	(b) Operating system interface		
	(c) Optical service implemen	ntation	
	(d) None of these		
viii.	Expand WAN?		1
	(a) World area network	(b) Wide area network	
	(c) Web area network	(d) None of these	
		P.T	.O.

	ix.	In this programming language all the instructions written in the form of mnemonics code:	
		(a) Assembly language (b) High level language	
		(c) Machine language (d) None of these	
	х.	C, C++ are the examples of	1
		(a) First generation language (b) Second generation language	
		(c) Third generation language (d) Fourth generation language	
Q.2	i.	What is importance of input and output devices?	2
	ii.	Briefly explain any two output devices.	3
	iii.	What are the different types of buses? Explain the difference	5
		between address bus and the data bus.	
OR	iv.	What is memory? What are the different types of memory?	5
Q.3	i.	What is Data dictionary?	2
	ii.	How is the hierarchical data model different from the network data	8
		model? Explain in detail.	
OR	iii.	Explain the architecture of DBMS and advantages of DBMS.	8
Q.4	i.	Explain the difference between multiprogramming and time-sharing	3
		operating system.	
	ii.	Define Operating System. Explain the different functions of operating system.	7
OR	iii.	What is deadlock? What are the necessary condition for a deadlock	7
		to occur?	
Q.5	i.	Why do we need computer networking? Differentiate between	4
<b>C</b>		LAN, WAN and MAN.	
	ii.	Define TCP/IP and its different layers.	6
OR	iii.	Explain the different topologies used in computer network.	6
Q.6		Attempt any two:	
	i.	What are the characteristics of good programming language?	5
	ii.	What is software? What are different types of software?	5
	iii.	Explain the categories of programming language.	5

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# Marking Scheme EN3ES05 Basic Computer Engineering

Q.1	i.	Dot-matrix is a type of:		1
		(c) Printer		
	ii.	Which of the following keeps track of the add	dress of the next	1
		instruction?		
		(b) Program counter		
	iii.	Which of the following data model schema is represented using a		1
		tree-structured diagram?		
		(b) Hierarchical data model		
	iv.	The term is used to refer to a row.		1
		(d) Tuple		
	v.	Operating system is a		1
		(a) System software		4
	vi.	Which of the following schedulers is also known a	s job scheduler?	1
		(b) Long-term scheduler		1
	vii.	OSI stands for (a) Open system interconnection		1
	viii.	Expand WAN?		1
	, 111.	(b) Wide area network		-
	ix.	In this programming language all the instruction	ons written in the	1
		form of mnemonics code:		_
		(a) Assembly language		
	х.	C, C++ are the examples of		1
		(c) Third generation language		
Q.2	i.	Importance of input devices	1 mark	2
		Importance of output devices	1 mark	
	ii.	Any two output devices.		3
		1.5 mark for each	(1.5 mark * 2)	
	iii.	Types of buses	1 mark	5
		Difference between address bus and the data bus		
		At least 4 points 1 mark for each (1 mark * 4)	4 marks	
OR	iv.	Memory	2 marks	5
		Different types of memory	3 marks	
Q.3	i.	Data dictionary		2

	ii.	Hierarchical data model	4 marks	8
		Network data model	4 marks	
OR	iii.	Architecture of DBMS	3 marks	8
		Advantages of DBMS		
		At least 5 advantages 1 mark for each (1 mark * 5)	5 marks	
Q.4	i.	Multiprogramming operating system	1.5 marks	3
		Time-sharing operating system	1.5 marks	
	ii.	Define Operating System	2 marks	7
		Functions of operating system		
		At least five functions 1 mark for each (1 mark * 5)	5 marks	
OR	iii.	Deadlock	3 marks	7
		Necessary condition for a deadlock to occur		
		1 mark for each (1 mark * 4)	4 marks	
Q.5	i.	Need of computer networking	1 mark	4
Q.5	1.	Difference between LAN, WAN and MAN	1 IIIaik	7
		At least three points 1 mark for each (1 mark * 3)	3 marks	
	ii.	Define TCP/IP and its different layers.	3 IIIaiks	6
	11.	1 mark for each layer	(1 mark * 6)	U
OR	iii.	•	(1 mark * 0)	6
OK	111.	Topologies used in computer network  1 mark for each	(1 mode * 6)	O
		1 mark for each	(1 mark * 6)	
Q.6		Attempt any two:		
	i.	Characteristics of good programming language		5
		1 mark for each	(1 mark * 5)	
	ii.	Software	2 marks	5
		Types of software	3 marks	
	iii.	Categories of programming language.		5
		Low level language	2.5 marks	
		High level language	2.5 marks	

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