Total No. of Questions: 6

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## Enrollment No.....



## Faculty of Engineering End Sem Examination Dec-2023 CB3CO10 Compiler Design

Programme: B.Tech. Branch/Specialisation: CSBS

Duration: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 60

Note: All questions are compulsory. Internal choices, if any, are indicated. Answers of Q.1 (MCQs) should be written in full instead of only a, b, c or d.

- Q.1 i. In a compiler, keywords of a language are recognized during-
  - (a) Parsing of the program
  - (b) The code generation
  - (c) The lexical analysis of the program
  - (d) Dataflow analysis
  - ii. Regular expression are-
    - (a) Type 0 language
    - (b) Type 1 language
    - (c) Type 2 language
    - (d) Type 3 language
  - iii. A PDA machine configuration (p, w, y) can be correctly 1 represented as:
    - (a) (current state, unprocessed input, stack content)
    - (b) (unprocessed input, stack content, current state)
    - (c) (current state(current state, unprocessed input, stack content), stack content, unprocessed input)
    - (d) None of these
  - iv. Which of the following statement is correct?
    - (a) All Regular grammar are context free but not vice versa
    - (b) All context free grammar are regular grammar but not vice versa
    - (c) Regular grammar and context free grammar are the same entity
    - (d) None of these

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	v.	Which one of the following is a top-down parser?	1				
		(a) An LALR(k) parser					
		(b) An LR(k) parser					
		(c) Operator precedence parser					
		(d) Recursive descent parser					
	vi.	What is the similarity between LR, LALR and SLR?					
		(a) Use same algorithm, but different parsing table					
		(b) Same parsing table, but different algorithm					
		(c) Their Parsing tables and algorithm are similar but uses top down approach					
		(d) Both Parsing tables and algorithm are different					
	vii.	Who is responsible for the creation of the symbol table?	1				
		(a) Assembler (b) Compiler (c) Interpreter (d) All of these					
	viii.	Which of the following is drawback of static allocation strategy?	1				
		(a) Size of the data objects must be known at compile time					
		(b) Data structures cannot be created dynamically					
		(c) Recursive procedure are restricted					
		(d) All of these	1				
	ix.	The method which merges the bodies of two loops is?					
		(a) Loop rolling (b) Loop jamming					
		(c) Constant folding (d) None of these					
	х.	The graph that shows basic blocks and their successor relationship is called .	1				
		(a) DAG (b) Flow Graph					
		(c) Control Graph (d) Hamilton Graph					
Q.2	i.	Differentiate Compiler and Interpreter.					
	ii.	What is Finite State Machine (FSM)? Design a DFA to accept 7					
		the binary numbers which are divisible by 3.					
OR	iii.	Explain in detail the various phases of compiler with an example.					
Q.3	i.	What is Bottom-Up Parsing?	2				
	ii.	Check whether the given grammar is LL(1) or not					
		$S \rightarrow iEtSS' / a$					
		$S' \rightarrow eS / E$					
		$E \rightarrow b$					

OR	iii.	Write the CFG for the following language: (a) $L = \{0^i \ 1^j \ 2^{i+j} \   i \ , j>0\}$ (b) $L = \{a^n \ b^m \ c^m \ d^n \   m \ , n > 0\}$	8
Q.4	i. ii.	What is Syntax Directed Definition? Write its type. Construct the SLR(1) parsing table for the following grammar. $S \rightarrow L = R / R$ $L \rightarrow R / id$ $R \rightarrow L$	3 7
OR	iii.	Construct the LR(0) parsing table for the following grammar $S \to AA$ $A \to aA \mid b$	7
Q.5	i. ii.	Explain in detail different dynamic storage allocation strategies. Generate the three-address code for the following code segment: while ( $a < c$ and $b < d$ ) do if $a = 1$ then $c = c + 1$ ; else while ( $a < = d$ ) do $a = a + 3$ ;	4
OR	iii.	What are the features and capabilities of the symbol table?	6
Q.6	i. ii. iii.	Write short note on any two: Peephole Optimization Design Issues of Code generator Code Optimization Techniques	5 5 5

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## Marking Scheme CB3CO10 (T) Compiler Design

Parsing table:

Q.1	i)	(c) the lexical analysis of the program		1	Q.4	i.	Definition:	2 Marks
		(1) T 2.1		1			Types:	1 Marks
	ii)	(d) Type 3 language		1		ii.	First & follow:	3 Marks
	iii)	(a) (current state, unprocessed input, sta-	ck content)	1			LR(0) items:	2 Marks
		-		1			parsing table:	2 Marks
	iv)	iv) (a) All Regular grammar are context free but not vice versa		1	OR	iii.	First & follow:	3 Marks
	v) (d) Recursive descent parser			1			LR(0) items:	2 Marks
				1			parsing table:	2 Marks
	vi)	(a) Use same algorithm, but different parsing table			1		<b>5</b> 1	/1 3 # 1 July
	vii)	(b) Compiler			Q.5	i.	Each type storage allocation: 1 Marks	(1 Mark*4)
	, 11)			1		::	Three-address code upto if condition	3 Marks
	viii)	(d) All of the above		1		ii.	Three-address code upto it condition  Three-address else condition to end	3 Marks
	ix)	(b) Loop jamming					Three-address else condition to end	3 Marks
	IA)	(b) Loop janining		1	OR	iii.	Features:	3 Marks
	x)	(b) Flow Graph			OIL	111.	Capabilities:	3 Marks
				1			r	
					Q.6			
Q.2	i.	At least 3 difference each of:	(1 Mark*3)					236.1
₹		1.10.1040000 0411101000 041011 01.1	(1110111 0)	3		i.	Concept:	2 Marks
	ii.	Definition:	2 Marks				Objective:	1 Marks
		Finite Automata design:	5 Marks	7			Optimization Techniques:	2 Marks
OR	iii.	Phases:	5 Marks			ii.	Explain each issue:	(1 Mark*5)
OIL	111.	Exam:	2 Marks	7		iii.	Explain each technique:	(1 Mark*5)
			Z IVIMINS	•			•	
							*****	
Q.3	i.	Definition:	(As per explanation)	•			and and and and and	
		<b></b>	236.1	2				
	ii.	First:	2 Marks					
		Follow:	2 Marks					

4 Marks

OR iii. Each of: 4 Marks (Grammar 3 Marks and tuple 1 Marks)