

## ODISHA GOVT SCHEMES

### SVAMITVA Scheme in Odisha

- The SVAMITVA Scheme has notified 3,094 villages across five districts; Rayagada (2,654 villages), Jharsuguda (372 villages), Nabarangpur (35 villages), Gajapati (21 villages), and Dhenkanal (12 villages).
- The SVAMITVA Scheme (Survey of Villages Abadi and Mapping with Improved Technology in Village Areas) was launched on April 24, 2020, by Prime Minister Narendra Modi.
- **Objective:** To provide an integrated property validation solution for rural India by mapping land parcels using drone technology and issuing legal ownership cards (property cards) to village household owners.
- **Collaboration:** The scheme is a collaborative effort between the Ministry of Panchayati Raj, Survey of India (Sol), Revenue and Panchayati Raj departments, and the National Informatics Centre (NIC).
- **Target:** Aims to survey 6.62 lakh villages across India from 2021 to 2025 using advanced technologies like drones.

### Odisha to Implement Ayushman Bharat

- The Odisha government has announced the implementation of Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri – Jan Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY) from February 2025.
- **Health Coverage:** Around 3.5 crore people in Odisha will receive individual health cards, ensuring no one is excluded from health insurance benefits.
- **Coverage Limits:** ₹5 lakh per family per year for secondary and tertiary care hospitalization at empanelled public and private hospitals.
- **Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri – Jan Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY) was launched in 2018, in Ranchi, Jharkhand by Prime Minister Narendra Modi.**

### Quality of Life Initiative

- The **Quality of Life Initiative** in Bhubaneswar is a collaborative effort between the **Bhubaneswar Municipal Corporation (BMC)** and the **United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)** to enhance urban living standards through data-driven, people-centric solutions.
- It aims to improve living conditions in Bhubaneswar by aligning policies with residents' needs and aspirations.
- Bhubaneswar is the only South Asian city selected by UN-Habitat for this initiative, reflecting its role as a model for urban development.
- **UN-Habitat** promotes sustainable urban development and adequate shelter for all. Established in 1977, headquartered in Nairobi, Kenya.

#### Odisha government's new initiative for ex-Agniveers

- The Odisha government has approved the framing of the "Odisha Ex-Agniveers (Recruitment to Uniform Services) Rules, 2024."
- This initiative reserves 10% of seats for ex-Agniveers in uniformed services like police, forest, excise, fire, and other services as decided by the government. The reservation is for Group C and D posts in direct recruitment.
- It is a horizontal reservation, which means it is applied across all eligible candidates, including those who already benefit from other reservations, as long as they meet the minimum qualifications set for the posts.
- Ex-Agniveers will receive a three-year age relaxation in the prescribed upper age limit for Group C and D posts. Additionally, they will be exempted from the physical efficiency test.
- **Key Features of the Agnipath Scheme:**
  - **Duration of Service:** Agniveers serve for a tenure of four years in various branches of the Armed Forces.
  - **Age Eligibility:** Candidates between 17.5 to 23 years are eligible to apply.
  - **Financial Package:**
    - **First Year:** Approximately ₹4.76 lakhs per annum.
    - **Fourth Year:** Up to ₹6.92 lakhs per annum.
    - **Seva Nidhi Package:** A one-time corpus of around ₹11.71 lakhs is provided upon completion of service, exempt from Income Tax.

- **Post-Service Opportunities:** Up to 25% of Agniveers may be selected for enrollment into the regular cadre, based on performance and organizational requirements.

### Odisha's Poor Performance in APAAR ID

- The **Automated Permanent Academic Account Registry (APAAR)** IDs, launched under the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, aim to provide every student with a 12 digit unique academic identifier to track records, reduce dropouts, and integrate with DigiLocker for digital storage of achievements.
- Odisha has underperformed in this initiative, ranking **18th nationally** with only **10%** completion.
- **841,718 students** in Classes XI and XII (enrolled via the SAMS portal) have only **84,677 APAAR IDs** generated (10% completion).
- Odisha's low performance is attributed to poor ID generation in districts like **Ganjam (5%)**, **Koraput (3%)**, and **Mayurbhanj (4%)**, despite high enrollment numbers.
- **District-Wise Breakdown:**
  - **Low Performers:** **Ganjam:** 5% ID generation, **Koraput:** 3% ID generation, **Mayurbhanj:** 4% ID generation.
  - **High Performers:** **Jharsuguda:** 41% ID generation. **Angul:** 22% ID generation.

### CM Aspire scheme

- The CM Aspire scheme was launched by the Chief Minister to provide a wide range of opportunities for the youth in government skilling institutions.
- It includes employability skill training, the creation of vibrant model career centres, research fellowships, and overseas fellowships for deserving youth.
- The scheme also offers senior secondary certificates for ITI students and the prestigious Mukhyamantri Dakshya Puraskar.
- Ten Biswakarma Centres will be set up to offer skill training in construction work.

### Debalaya Yojana

- The Odisha government has introduced the **Debalaya Yojana**, a comprehensive initiative aimed at preserving and improving the operational efficiency of temples and mutts across the state.

- The scheme addresses challenges related to maintenance, security, and management of religious institutions.
- The Debalaya Yojana builds on the legacy of the Augmentation of Basic Amenities and Development of Heritage and Architecture (ABADHA) scheme, which primarily focused on repair work.

### Gomata Scheme

- The Odisha Cabinet has approved the **Goal for Management and Treatment of Animals (Gomata) Scheme** with a budget of **₹342.65 crore** to enhance veterinary services for livestock farmers over three years (2024–2027).
- It aims to provide veterinary services to livestock farmers through treatment, vaccination, disease control, and surveillance. Focus on door-to-door delivery via mobile veterinary units.

### Poverty and Human Development Monitoring Agency (PHDMA)

- The **Poverty and Human Development Monitoring Agency (PHDMA)** of Odisha received recognition from **NITI Aayog** for its **narrative-based monitoring and evaluation technique**, which prioritizes qualitative insights over traditional quantitative metrics.
- PHDMA's approach was lauded at the **National Conference for Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning (NCEML-2024)**, organized by NITI Aayog's Development Monitoring and Evaluation Office (DMEO) in New Delhi.
- PHDMA engages in deep dialogue with beneficiaries, observing their lived experiences and surroundings, and documenting narratives to assess service availability and utility. This contrasts with quantitative methods that measure outcomes without capturing human impact. Insights derived from this approach, aligned with the **Multi-dimensional Poverty Index (MPI)**, provide actionable data for policymakers.

### Road Safety Policy

- Odisha has launched a comprehensive **Road Safety Policy** targeting a **50% reduction in road accident fatalities and injuries by 2030**, aligning with national and global road safety goals.

- The policy emphasizes a **4E approach—Engineering, Education, Enforcement, and Emergency Care**—along with administrative and technology-driven interventions.
  - **Engineering:** Focus on black spot rectification, road safety audits, and infrastructure upgrades.
  - **Enforcement:** Strengthen the **Intelligent Enforcement Management System (IEMS)**, deploy highway patrolling vehicles, and integrate e-challans with the Crime and Criminal Tracking Network & Systems (CCTNS).
  - **Education:** Launch awareness campaigns and training programs via partnerships with institutions like **IIT Madras**.
  - **Emergency Care:** Enhance trauma care facilities and post-accident response mechanisms.
- **A Centre of Excellence (CoE)** will be established to drive innovations in road safety, focusing on root-cause analysis of major accidents for corrective measures.

#### Rice ATM

- Bhubaneswar has introduced India's first rice ATM, which streamlines the Public Distribution System (PDS). It ensures beneficiaries receive the correct amount of rice without delays.
- Ration cardholders can withdraw up to 25 kg of rice by entering their card number and verifying their identity through biometric authentication.
- The rice ATM is designed to reduce delays, prevent theft, and ensure accurate weight distribution, improving the overall efficiency of food distribution.

#### Gopabandhu Jan Arogya Yojana (GJAY)

- The Gopabandhu Jan Arogya Yojana (GJAY) is a healthcare scheme renamed from the Biju Swasthya Kalyan Yojana (BSKY). The state government announced the renaming in the 2024-25 budget presented by Chief Minister Mohan Charan Majhi.
- The government has allocated ₹5,450 crore for GJAY. This funding will replace the financial support previously given under the BSKY scheme.

#### Panchasakha Sikhya Setu

- The Odisha government **renamed the Mo School Abhiyan to Panchasakha Sikhya Setu** to revamp the education sector. This change was announced by Chief Minister Mohan Majhi in his budget speech on July 25, 2024.
- The Odisha government has allocated Rs 332 crore for the Panchasakha Sikhya Setu Abhiyan in the 2024-25 budget.
- Mo School Abhiyan was launched in 2017 by the BJD-led government in Odisha as a community-driven initiative to improve school infrastructure and educational outcomes.
- The primary objectives of the Panchasakha Sikhya Setu Abhiyan are:
  - Improve school facilities.
  - Introduce new teaching methods to enhance learning.
  - Integrate technology into classrooms for modern education.
  - Provide internship opportunities to students.
  - Encourage community involvement and partnerships with alumni.
  - Bridge learning gaps, especially for underprivileged students.

#### **Prani Sampad Samruddhi Yojana**

- The **Prani Sampad Samruddhi Yojana** aims to revitalize Odisha's livestock sector, with a primary focus on poultry development.
- The scheme is allocated **₹1,031.19 crore** over five years (2024–2029), with **₹171 crore** allocated for the 2025–26 fiscal year.
- It aims to increase annual meat production by **95.98 million tonnes** and daily egg production by **5.5 lakh**.

#### **Tribal Youth Micro Entrepreneurship (TYME)**

- The **Tribal Youth Micro Entrepreneurship (TYME)** initiative, launched by the Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA) Rayagada, aims to empower tribal youth from economically disadvantaged households as **micro-entrepreneurs (Juba Udyogis)**.
- The program provides training, financial support, and mentorship to enable youth to establish sustainable livelihoods and become role models in their communities.

- **Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA) Rayagada:** Established in 1979 under the Societies Act (1960), ITDA Rayagada oversees TYME as part of the broader **Integrated Tribal Development Project (ITDP)**.

### Odisha Government Renames and Discontinues Key Schemes

- The Mohan Majhi-led government in Odisha has announced plans to rename 21 schemes previously implemented under the government led by Naveen Patnaik.
- **KALIA Scheme → PM-KISAN**
  - **Original Scheme:** The **Krushak Assistance for Livelihood and Income Augmentation (KALIA)** scheme provided:
    - ₹10,000 annually to cultivators (₹5,000 each for Kharif and Rabi seasons).
    - Interest-free crop loans up to ₹50,000.
    - ₹12,500 to landless households for allied activities.
    - ₹10,000 annually to elderly and differently-abled individuals.
    - ₹2 lakh life/accident insurance for 57 lakh households.
  - **New Scheme:** Renamed as **PM-KISAN** (Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi), aligning with the central government's farmer assistance program .
- **LAccMI Initiative → Gramanchal Paribahan**
  - **Original Scheme:** The **Location Accessible Multi-modal Initiative (LAccMI)** aimed to establish a continuous public transport network, including Block, District, "Jagannath Express" (District to Bhubaneswar/Puri), and "LAccMI Express" (inter-district connectivity).
  - **New Scheme:** Rebranded as **Gramanchal Paribahan**, focusing on rural connectivity .
- **Discontinued Schemes:**
  - **Biju Swasthya Kalyan Yojana (BSKY)**
    - **Original Scheme:** Launched in 2018, BSKY provided cashless healthcare services to Odisha residents, covering both BPL and APL families. It aimed to reduce financial burdens on families seeking medical care .
    - **Status:** Phased out under the BJP government, with no clear replacement announced.
  - **Biju Pucca Ghar**

- **Original Scheme:** Focused on providing permanent housing to economically weaker sections.
- **Status:** Discontinued, with no direct successor scheme identified.
- **Biju Sishu Surakhya Yojana**
  - **Original Scheme:** Aimed at child protection and welfare.
  - **Status:** Discontinued, with services potentially integrated into broader child development programs.
- **Mission Shakti**
  - **Original Scheme:** A women's empowerment initiative with 70 lakh members, providing financial support to women collectives.
  - **Status:** Replaced by **Subhadra Yojana**, which offers ₹10,000 annually to members of women's self-help groups (SHGs).

#### CM-KISAN Yojana

- The CM-KISAN Yojana is an initiative by the Government of Odisha aimed at providing financial support to farmers in the state.
- Under this scheme, farmers will receive a total of Rs 4,000 in two equal installments of Rs 2,000 each. Landless agricultural families will be provided Rs 12,500 in three installments.
- Payments will be made during Akshay Tritiya and Nuakhai.

#### "e-Chasa" initiative

- The "e-Chasa" initiative is a digital crop survey program introduced by the Government of Odisha to modernize the traditional crop survey process using technology.
- The initiative allows farmers to record their crop data digitally through smartphones or tablets. Farmers can input details such as crop type, area under cultivation, and estimated yield.
- Odisha is the first state to adopt a digital survey policy for agriculture. The government uses the data to evaluate crop production, track agricultural trends, and develop policies to support farmers more effectively.

#### Subhadra Scheme



- The Subhadra Scheme is a welfare initiative launched by the Odisha State Government to provide direct cash support to women, especially from economically weaker sections.

Key Features of the Subhadra Scheme	
<b>Named After</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The scheme is named after <b>Goddess Subhadra</b>, the sister of Lord Jagannath, who is worshipped alongside her brothers, Lord Jagannath and Lord Balabhadra.</li> </ul>
<b>Objective</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To provide <b>direct financial support</b> to women beneficiaries from economically weaker sections of Odisha. To ensure women's financial empowerment through <b>direct cash transfers</b>.</li> </ul>
<b>Annual Financial Assistance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rs 10,000</b> annually will be paid in two equal installments of Rs 5,000 each. Disbursed on: <b>Rakhi Purnima</b> (Raksha Bandhan, August) and <b>International Women's Day</b> (March 8).</li> </ul>
<b>Mode of Payment</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The amount will be transferred via <b>Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)</b> to the beneficiaries' <b>Aadhaar-linked bank accounts</b>. The scheme requires e-KYC for all beneficiaries to ensure transparency and reduce the possibility of leakages.</li> </ul>
<b>Subhadra Debit Card</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The beneficiaries will be issued a <b>Subhadra Debit Card</b> to withdraw money and make digital transactions.</li> </ul>
<b>Digital Transaction Incentive</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A <b>digital incentive</b> of Rs 500 will be given to the top 100 beneficiaries with the <b>highest digital transactions</b> in each gram panchayat or urban local body area. It aims to encourage digital literacy and usage among rural women.</li> </ul>
<b>Eligibility Criteria</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Women aged <b>21-60 years</b> from economically weaker sections. <b>Exclusions:</b> Government employees, income tax payees, and those receiving <b>Rs 1,500 or more monthly</b> from other government schemes.</li> </ul>
<b>Implementation Period</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The scheme will be implemented over <b>five years</b>, from <b>2024-25 to 2028-29</b>.</li> </ul>

<b>Beneficiary</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The scheme aims to benefit over <b>one crore women</b> across Odisha by <b>2028-29</b>.</li> </ul>
<b>Target</b>	

### Solarising Rourkela Initiative

- The Solarising Rourkela initiative aims to replace 30% of conventional energy with solar energy by 2030.
- Rourkela, along with Bhubaneswar and Sundargarh, has been chosen as one of the three model cities in Odisha by the Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (MNRE) for solar energy generation.
- The initiative supports the PM Surya GharMuft Bijli Yojana (PMSGMBY) by aligning with the state's Renewable Energy (RE) Policy, aiming to increase the adoption of solar energy at the household level.
- The "Pradhan Mantri Surya Ghar" scheme is a solar rooftop initiative launched by Prime Minister Modi on February 15, 2024 to provide free electricity to households through the installation of solar panels on rooftops.
  - Households under the scheme will receive 300 units of free electricity every month. Additionally, the scheme offers a subsidy of up to 70% on the cost of installing grid-connected solar rooftops.

### PM-USHA Scheme

- The Chief Minister of Odisha signed an MoU with Union Education Minister Dharmendra Pradhan for implementing the PM-USHA (Pradhan Mantri Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan) scheme.
- The scheme was launched in 2013 as Rashtriya Uchchatar Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA) and renamed PM-USHA in 2018.
  - The scheme aims to:
    - Increase access to higher education, especially for marginalized groups.
    - Improve the quality of teaching-learning processes.
    - Enhance graduates' employability.
    - Promote research and innovation.
    - Strengthen institutional governance.

- It is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme providing strategic funding to state universities and affiliated colleges.

### Mukhyamantri Kamadhenu Yojana (MKY)

- The Mukhyamantri Kamadhenu Yojana (MKY) is a state-sector umbrella scheme approved by the Odisha cabinet to boost milk production in the state, benefiting more than 15.47 lakh farmers.
- The scheme has an outlay of Rs 1,423.47 crore. The government will assist farmers in establishing small dairy units, providing subsidized calf feed, expanding livestock insurance coverage, and strengthening dairy cooperatives.
- The Odisha government will bear 85% of the insurance premium for livestock, while the remaining 15% will be paid by the livestock owners. The insurance is part of the Go Sampad Bima Yojana, with a provision of Rs 187.42 crore, aimed at benefiting three lakh farmers.
- The MKY includes several sub-schemes.
  - The Go Palana Yojana, with an allocation of Rs 476 crore, will benefit 31,500 farmers.
  - The Buffalo Entrepreneurship Scheme has Rs 110.23 crore set aside for it, while Rs 216.09 crore has been allocated for the Calf-Rearing Programme, which will cover 75,000 farmers.

### SCHEMES MENTIONED IN ODISHA STATE BUDGET 2025-26

- **Samrudha Krushak Yojana:**
  - **Procurement Price:** The government will procure paddy from farmers at Rs. 3,100 per quintal, supplemented by input assistance over and above the Minimum Support Price (MSP).
  - **Budget Increase:** The budget for this program has been increased to Rs. 6,000 crore.
  - **Direct Benefit Transfer:** Farmers will receive payments directly into their bank accounts within 48 hours of procurement.
- **Integration of PM KISAN and CM Kisan:**

- **Multiplier Effect:** The integration of the Central Government's Direct Benefit Transfer Scheme "PM KISAN" with the State Scheme "CM Kisan" aims to augment farmers' income.
- **Budget Allocation:** Rs. 2,020 crore has been proposed for CM-Kisan for 2025-26.
- **Mukhyamantri Kamadhenu Yojana:** Provides support to farmers for establishing small dairy units, subsidies for calf feed and fodder production, insurance support for cows, and cash incentives for pouring milk during the lean season. Rs. 146 crore has been allocated for this scheme.
- **Prani Sampad Samruddhi Yojana (PSSY):** Rs. 171 crore allocated for poultry and small animal development.
- **Mukhyamantri Prani Kalyan Yojana (MPKY):** Rs. 34 crore allocated to support private goshalas, establish new goshalas, and support stray animal rescue and care centers in 24 Urban Local Bodies.
- **Goal for Management and Treatment of Animals (GOMATA):** Rs. 55 crore allocated to provide comprehensive veterinary health care services to farmers.
- The **Samruddha Sahara scheme** (Rs 408 crore) aims to modernize urban areas with innovation, sustainability, and inclusivity.
- Orissa is launching an umbrella program called **Building & Management of Aviation Assets and Network (B-MAAN)**, which aims to modernize and expand airports across the state to meet the growing demand.
- Government to launch a new scheme called **Shree Jagannath Darshan Yojana, offering free Darshan of Lord Jagannath and Mahaprasad to poor devotees.**
- **Setu Bandhana Yojana** aims to enhance rural connectivity through the construction of bridges on rural roads and important Panchayat Samiti roads. The scheme also includes bridge-cum-weir projects to store water during Monsoon for minor irrigation, domestic use, livestock feeding, ground water recharging, creating a green environment, and controlling soil erosion and reducing atmospheric temperature.
- A new scheme, **Antyodaya Gruha Yojana**, has been launched to provide concrete houses to the poorest families living below the poverty line with an approved outlay of Rs 7550 crore. At least 2,25,000 new concrete houses will be sanctioned in the next three years.
- Launched a new scheme **Swachha Odisha** with an outlay of Rs.261 crore to enhance solid, liquid, and wastewater management in cities and towns.

- 100% bioremediation of legacy waste
- Establishment of biogas plants in larger cities
- Strengthening solid waste management systems.
- The **Mukhyamantri Janajati Jeebika Mission** aims to improve income and living standards of over 1.5 lakh tribal households through diversified livelihoods in a cluster approach.
- To ensure the safety and security of women, the government proposes a new scheme called "**MukhyaMantri Kanya Bibaha Yojana**" for mass marriages.
- The **Mukhyamantri Sampoorna Pusti Yojana (MSPY)** aims to improve the nutrition of women, adolescent girls, and children across the state with a budget of Rs. 526 crore.
- The **Odisha Pusti Mission** will be established with Rs. 100 crore funding in the financial year 2025-26 to ensure effective delivery of nutritional support to beneficiaries.
- On August 15, 2025, 16.95 lakh pre-school children in Anganwadi Centres will receive uniforms under the **Malati Devi Prak Vidyalaya Paridhan Yojana**.
- **Advika, an adolescent-centric scheme**, aims to end child marriage and empower adolescents through education on cybersecurity and financial literacy.
- The **Ashirbad sub-scheme under Jashoda** is being implemented to protect children who have lost one or both parents due to COVID-19.
- The government is implementing the **Aama Kuni Pilla campaign, a home-based and parent-led** early stimulation program for children under 3 years of age, to sensitize parents about the importance of early childhood stimulation and education.
- The "Aame Padhiba Aama Bhasare" initiative aims to facilitate early childhood education in the mother tongue, aligning with the New Education Policy.
- **Godabarisha Mishra Adarsha Prathamik Vidyalaya**, inspired by Satyabadi Bakul Bana Vidyalaya, aims to establish holistic learning centers at the Panchayat level, upgrading around 7000 elementary schools with advanced infrastructure, learning resources, and life skills education.
- **Vyasakabi Fakir Mohan Scholarship** provides financial assistance to students pursuing Odia Honors and PG Courses within and outside Odisha.
- Launch a new scheme "**Odia Diaspora: O-SAMPARK**" with an allocation of Rs.10 crore to have continuous engagement with people of Odisha staying abroad.
- Rs.997 crore is proposed under the "**Nirmal**" scheme to ensure healthy and hygienic hospitals by strengthening ancillary services.
- Odisha's KHUSHI scheme promotes menstrual hygiene and awareness.

- The government plans to launch the Odisha Semiconductor Fab and Fabless Innovation and Acceleration Program under the brand name **O-Chip Program**, with an outlay of Rs.20 crore. This program will establish a Centre of Excellence (CoE) to extend technology, R&D, EDA (Electronic Design Automation) tools, infrastructural support, training, mentorship, and market-connect to selected start-ups, MSMEs, academic institutions, and researchers.
- The **Odisha AI Mission**, along with an MoU with Wadhwani Foundation and NASSCOM, will facilitate AI-focused training and collaboration. The Odia Virtual Academy will establish a Centre of Excellence to promote research activities and build the state's AI capacity.