# EE321 DSP LAB

**EXPERIMENT NO: 04** 

# (DFT) DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM

Date: 28th Feb'24

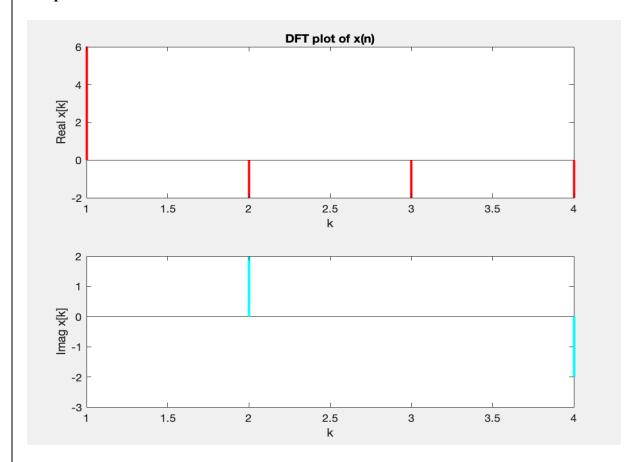
Lab Group No: 12

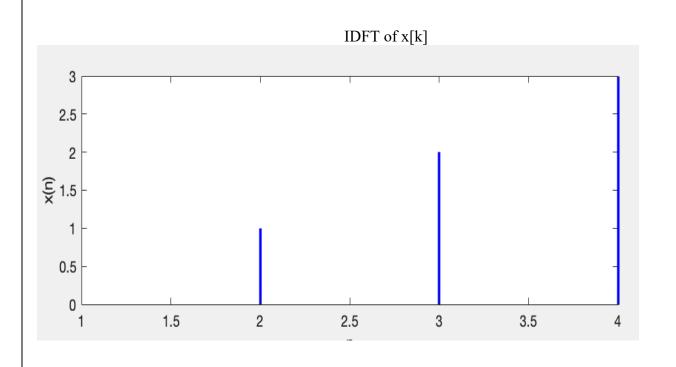
Submitted By:

- 1) Aviral Srivastava-[2101EE88]
- 2) Divyansh Gupta-[2101EE89]
- 3) Ayush Tripathi-[2101EE90]

```
Aim 1: Find the DFT and IDFT of the given sequence using definitions. Say, x[n] = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}
MATLAB Code:
clc;
clear all;
x = [0,1,2,3];
N = length(x);
Wn = exp((-1i * 2*pi)/N);
dftt= zeros(1,N);
for k = 1 : N
    for n = 1 : N
         dftt(k) = dftt(k) + x(n) * (Wn)^{(n-1)*(k-1)};
    end
end
disp(dftt)
subplot(2,1,1)
stem(real(dftt),'Marker','none','Color',[1 0 0], 'LineWidth',2)
ylabel('Real x[k]')
xlabel('k')
title('DFT plot of x(n)')
subplot(2,1,2)
stem(imag(dftt), 'Marker', 'none', 'Color', [0 1 1], 'LineWidth', 2)
ylabel('Imag x[k]')
xlabel('k')
idft=zeros(1,N);
for n = 1 : N
    for k = 1 : N
         idft(n) = idft(n) + dftt(k) * (1/Wn)^{((n-1)*(k-1))};
    idft(n)=(idft(n))/N;
end
disp(idft)
%subplot(2,1,1)
%(idft, 'Marker', 'none', 'Color', [0 0 1], 'LineWidth', 2)
%ylabel('x(n)')
%xlabel('n')
DFT of x(n):
X[k] = [6.0000 + 0.0000i, -2.0000 + 2.0000i, -2.0000 - 0.0000i, -2.0000 - 2.0000i]
IDFT of x[k]:
X(n) = [0.0000 - 0.0000i, 1.0000 - 0.0000i, 2.0000 - 0.0000i, 3.0000 + 0.0000i]
```

## Output:





#### Aim 2: Repeat Aim 1 using COMPACT MATRIX representation.

**MATLAB Code:** 

```
clc ;
clear all ;
x = [0,1,2,3];
N = length(x);
Wn = exp((-1i * 2*pi)/N);
Dn = zeros(N);
for row = 1:N
    for col = 1:N
        Dn(row,col) = (Wn)^{(row-1)*(col-1)};
    end
end
disp(Dn)
dft = Dn * transpose(x) ;
disp(dft)
%Method 1 for IDFT with complexity 0(N^2)
Idft1 = (conj(Dn) * dft)/N ;
disp(idft)
%Method 2 for IDFT with complexity O(N^3)
idft2 = (inv(Dn) * dft);
disp(idft2)
Output:
Dn matrix: (4*4)
 1.0000 + 0.0000i
                    1.0000 + 0.0000i 1.0000 + 0.0000i 1.0000 + 0.0000i
 1.0000 + 0.0000i 0.0000 - 1.0000i -1.0000 - 0.0000i -0.0000 +1.0000i
 1.0000 + 0.0000i -1.0000 - 0.0000i
                                       1.0000 + 0.0000i -1.0000 - 0.0000i
 1.0000 + 0.0000i -0.0000 + 1.0000i -1.0000 - 0.0000i
                                                           0.0000 - 1.0000i
DFT matrix: (4*1)
   6.0000 + 0.0000i
  -2.0000 + 2.0000i
  -2.0000 - 0.0000i
  -2.0000 - 2.0000i
IDFT1 matrix:
 0.0000 - 0.0000i
 1.0000 - 0.0000i
 2.0000 - 0.0000i
 3.0000 + 0.0000i
IDFT2 matrix:
 -0.0000 - 0.0000i
 1.0000 + 0.0000i
 2.0000 + 0.0000i
 3.0000 - 0.0000i
```

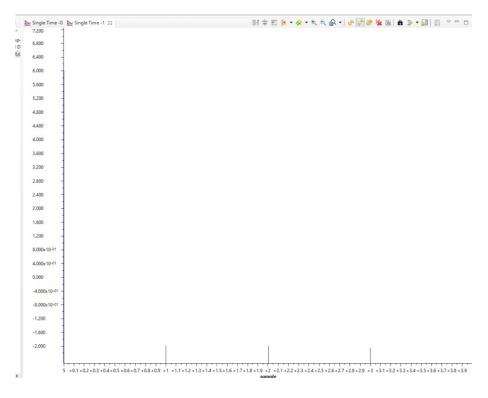
Aim 3: Consider Aim 1 and Aim 2 and write "C" program to verify using Code Composer Studio (CCS-7.4) IDE and the DSP TMS 320C6713 DSK Kit.

#### **Code For DFT:**

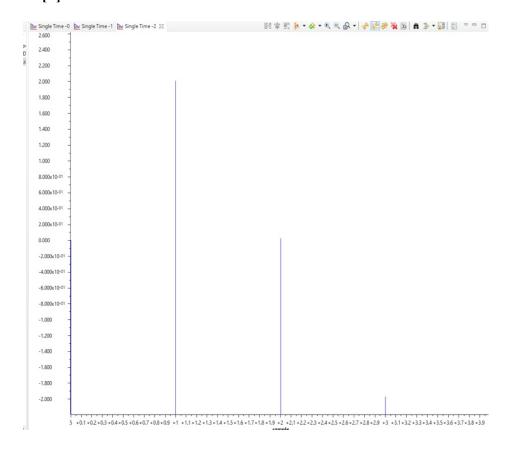
```
ic main.c 💢 🏗 exit.c
 1
 2
 3/**
 4 * main.c
 5 */
 6 #include<math.h>
 8 float yReal[4] = {0,0,0,0};
 9 float yImg[4] = {0,0,0,0};
10 int Xn[4] = {0,1,2,3};
11 int i , j;
12 float DnReal[4][4];
13 float DnImg[4][4] ;
14
15
16 int main(void)
17 {
18
       for(i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++){}
           for(j = 0 ; j < 4 ; j++){}
19
20
               DnImg[i][j] = -1*sin((2*3.146*i*j)/4);
               DnReal[i][j] = cos((2*3.146*i*j)/4);
21
 22
23
       }
24
25
 26
       for(i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++){}
27
 28
           for(j = 0; j < 4; j++){
               yReal[i] += Xn[j] * DnReal[i][j] ;
29
 30
               yImg[i] += Xn[j] * DnImg[i][j] ;
 31
           }
 32
      }
33
 34
35
 36
37
       return 0;
38 }
39
```

## **Output of Real and Imaginary Parts of DFT:**

#### Real part of x[k]:



#### Imaginary part of x[k]:

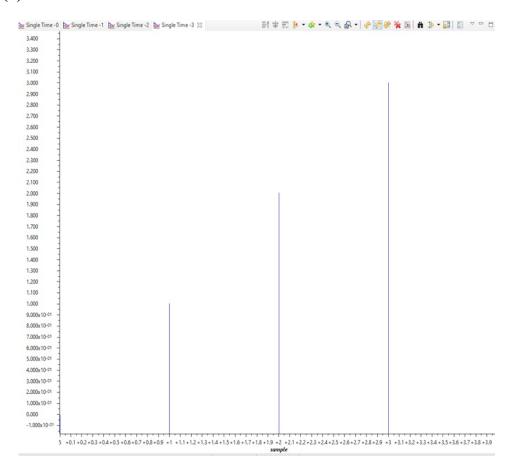


#### C Code for IDFT:

```
2
 3/**
 4 * main.c
5 */
 6 #include < math.h>
8 float yReal[4] = {0,0,0,0};
9 float yImg[4] = {0,0,0,0};
10 int Xn[4] = {0,1,2,3};
11 int i , j;
 12 float DnReal[4][4];
13 float DnImg[4][4];
14 float xReal[4] = {0,0,0,0};
15 float xImg[4] = {0,0,0,0};
17 int main(void)
18 {
        for(i = 0; i < 4; i++){
19
             for(j = 0 ; j < 4 ; j++){
    DnImg[i][j] = -1*sin((2*3.146*i*j)/4) ;
 20
21
                  DnReal[i][j] = cos((2*3.146*i*j)/4);
22
 23
 24
       }
 25
       for(i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++){
 26
            for(j = 0; j < 4; j++){
   yReal[i] += Xn[j] * DnReal[i][j];
   yImg[i] += Xn[j] * DnImg[i][j];</pre>
27
 28
 29
 30
 31
       }
 32
       for(i = 0; i < 4; i++){
  for(j = 0; j < 4; j++){
    DnImg[i][j] = -0.25*DnImg[i][j];
}</pre>
 33
 34
 35
 36
                  DnReal[i][j] = 0.25*DnReal[i][j] ;
            }
 37
 38
       }
 39
       for(i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++){}
 40
            41
 42
 43
 44
            }
 45
       }
 46
 47
 48
 49
50
 51
        return 0;
52 }
```

#### **Output of IDFT:**

## **Real Part of x(n):**



## **Imaginary Part of x(n):**

