

# Disease Management System

## A Modern Integrated Healthcare Platform

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# Agenda

- 1 Overview
- 2 Problem & Solution
- 3 Stakeholders
- 4 Patient Journey
- 5 System Design
- 6 Outcome

## Goal

Design an end-to-end **Disease Management System** that connects patients, doctors, labs, pharmacies, insurance, NGOs, and authorities on a single digital platform.

- ▶ Centralizes clinical and financial data.
- ▶ Provides role-based dashboards for each stakeholder.
- ▶ Enables better planning with real-time health analytics.

## Why do we need this system?

- ▶ Medical data is scattered across hospitals, labs and insurers.
- ▶ Patients struggle to track their full treatment history.
- ▶ Manual processes slow down insurance and NGO approvals.
- ▶ Authorities lack a unified view of city-wide disease trends.

## Key Pain Points

- ▶ **Fragmented Data:** records scattered and incomplete.
- ▶ **Poor Visibility:** doctors lack full patient history.
- ▶ **Slow Processes:** claims and sponsorships are manual.
- ▶ **Weak Analytics:** no single source of truth for reports.

## Centralized Digital Platform

- ▶ One system that stores all patient encounters, lab tests, prescriptions and payments.
- ▶ Dashboards for patients, doctors, insurance admins, NGO admins, labs, pharmacies and reporting authorities.
- ▶ Automated workflows for insurance claims and NGO sponsorships.
- ▶ Real-time reporting on diseases, capacity and financial flows.

# Key Stakeholders (Clinical Side)

## Patients

- ▶ Search nearby hospitals and specialists.
- ▶ View medical history, prescriptions and lab results.
- ▶ Manage wallet, insurance and NGO requests.

## Doctors

- ▶ Access complete patient records and encounter history.
- ▶ Record diagnoses, medications and follow-up plans.

# Key Stakeholders (Financial & Admin)

## System & Reporting Admins

- ▶ System Admin creates hospitals, doctors and patient accounts.
- ▶ Reporting Authority tracks active patients, disease patterns and capacity.

## Insurance, NGO, Lab & Pharmacy

- ▶ Insurance Admin: reviews and approves claims.
- ▶ NGO Admin: evaluates and sponsors eligible cases.
- ▶ Lab Admin: records tests and results.
- ▶ Pharmacy: manages medicines, pricing and billing.



# Use Case: Patient Journey

- ① Patient registers and searches for a specialist by city and ailment.
- ② Doctor encounters the patient and records diagnosis and medications.
- ③ Lab tests are ordered; results are attached to the patient record.
- ④ Patient submits an insurance claim and/or NGO sponsorship request.
- ⑤ Authorities use reporting views to track outcomes and trends.

# System Design (High Level)

## Architecture

- ▶ Role-based access control for all dashboards.
- ▶ Central patient record store linked to encounters, labs and payments.
- ▶ Separate services for clinical, financial and reporting workflows.

# Outcome & Impact

## Operational Benefits

- ▶ Reduced manual effort and paperwork.
- ▶ Faster insurance and NGO processing.
- ▶ Better coordination between doctors, labs and pharmacy.

## Patient & Policy Impact

- ▶ More transparent and predictable care journeys.
- ▶ Single view of medical and financial history for patients.
- ▶ Data-driven planning for health authorities.

Thank You

Questions?