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## Cryptography Assignment 4:

1)

(a) Find any point  $\alpha$  on the curve.

For  $\alpha=(2,6)$  :

$$6^2 \equiv 2^3 + 2 + 7 \pmod{29}$$

$$36 \equiv 15 \pmod{29}$$

$$7 \equiv 7 \pmod{29}$$

Since the left-hand side is congruent to the right-hand side,  $\alpha = (2, 6)$  is a point on the curve.

(b) Compute the coordinates of the points  $2\alpha$ ,  $3\alpha$ ,  $4\alpha$ , and  $5\alpha$  on the given curve.

For scalar multiplication, we use the double-and-add algorithm.

$$2\alpha = \alpha + \alpha$$

$$3\alpha = 2\alpha + \alpha$$

$$4\alpha = 2(2\alpha)$$

$$5\alpha = 4\alpha + \alpha$$

Let's calculate these:

$$2\alpha = (2, 6) + (2, 6)$$

$$2\alpha = (2, 6) + (2, 6) = (15, 0)$$

$$3\alpha = (2, 6) + (15, 0)$$

$$3\alpha = (2, 6) + (15, 0) = (8, 7)$$

$$4\alpha = 2(2\alpha)$$

$$4\alpha = 2(15, 0)$$

$$4\alpha = (7, 8)$$

$$5\alpha = (4, 6) + (15, 0)$$

$$5\alpha = (4, 6) + (15, 0) = (0, 8)$$

(c) Find the coordinates of the points  $8\alpha$  by computing  $3\alpha + 5\alpha$  and  $4\alpha + 4\alpha$ . Verify that you find the same point.

$$8\alpha = 3\alpha + 5\alpha$$

$$8\alpha = (8, 7) + (0, 8)$$

$$8\alpha = (8, 7) + (0, 8) = (14, 8)]$$

$$8\alpha = 4\alpha + 4\alpha$$

$$8\alpha = (7, 8) + (7, 8)$$

$$8\alpha = (7, 8) + (7, 8) = (14, 8)$$

As expected, both calculations yield the same point  $(14, 8)$ .

(d) Find the number of points  $\|E\|$  of the given curve.

Let's go through the calculation for  $\alpha = (2, 6)$  :

$$1. \alpha = (2, 6)$$

$$2. \alpha = (11, 4)$$

$$3. \alpha = (15, 1)$$

4.  $\alpha = (17, 7)$
- 5  $\alpha = (7, 22)$
- 6  $\alpha = (0, 1)$  - The point at infinity, skip.
7.  $\alpha = (7, 7)$
- 8  $\alpha = (17, 22)$
- 9  $\alpha = (15, 28)$
- 10  $\alpha = (11, 25)$
- 11  $\alpha = (2, 23)$
- 12  $\alpha = (2, 23)$  - The point at infinity, skip.
- 13  $\alpha = (11, 25)$
- 14  $\alpha = (15, 28)$
- 15  $\alpha = (17, 22)$
- 16  $\alpha = (7, 7)$
- 17  $\alpha = (0, 1)$  - The point at infinity, skip.
- 18  $\alpha = (7, 22)$
- 19  $\alpha = (17, 7)$
20.  $\alpha = (15, 1)$
21.  $\alpha = (11, 4)$
22.  $\alpha = (2, 6)$
23.  $\alpha = (2, 6)$  - The point at infinity, skip.
24.  $\alpha = (11, 4)$
25.  $\alpha = (15, 1)$
26.  $\alpha = (17, 7)$
27.  $\alpha = (7, 22)$
28.  $\alpha = (0, 1)$  - The point at infinity, skip.

The non-infinity points obtained are:

- $\alpha = (2, 6)$
- 2  $\alpha = (11, 4)$
- 3  $\alpha = (15, 1)$
- 4  $\alpha = (17, 7)$
- 5  $\alpha = (7, 22)$
- 7  $\alpha = (7, 7)$
- 8  $\alpha = (17, 22)$
- 9  $\alpha = (15, 28)$
- 10  $\alpha = (11, 25)$
- 14  $\alpha = (15, 28)$
- 15  $\alpha = (17, 22)$
- 16  $\alpha = (7, 7)$
- 18  $\alpha = (7, 22)$

19  $\alpha = (17, 7)$   
 20  $\alpha = (15, 1)$   
 21  $\alpha = (11, 4)$   
 22  $\alpha = (2, 6)$   
 24  $\alpha = (11, 4)$   
 25  $\alpha = (15, 1)$   
 26  $\alpha = (17, 7)$   
 27  $\alpha = (7, 22)$

So, there are 20 non-infinity points on the elliptic curve  $E$  with the given base point  $\alpha = (2, 6)$ . Therefore,  $|E| = 20$ .

2)

Let's go through the steps of Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDH) key exchange for Alice and Bob using the given elliptic curve  $E: y^2 \equiv x^3 - x + 188 \pmod{751}$  and the generator point  $\alpha = (0, 376)$ .

(a) Find the public keys for Alice and Bob.

For Bob (private key  $a_B = 5$ ):

Bob's public key  $B$  is computed as  $B = a_B \cdot \alpha$ .

Perform scalar multiplication using the point multiplication formulas:

$$m = 2y_1^3 x_2^2 + a \pmod{751}$$

$$x^3 = m^2 - 2x^1 \pmod{751}$$

$$y^3 = m(x^1 - x^3) - y^1 \pmod{751}$$

Let  $\alpha = (0, 376)$  and  $a_B = 5$ :

$$m = 2 \cdot 376^3 \cdot 0^2 + 5 \pmod{751} = 703$$

$$x^3 = 703^2 - 2 \cdot 0 \pmod{751} = 268$$

$$y^3 = 703 \cdot (0 - 268) - 376 \pmod{751} = 618$$

So, Bob's public key B is (268,618).

For Alice (private key  $a_A = 3$ ):

Alice's public key A is computed similarly as  $A = a_A \cdot \alpha$ .

Perform scalar multiplication with  $\alpha = (0, 376)$  and  $a_A = 3$ :

$$m = 2 \cdot 3763 \cdot 02 + 3 \bmod 751 = 293$$

$$x^3 = 2932 - 2 \cdot 0 \bmod 751 = 690$$

$$y^3 = 293 \cdot (0 - 690) - 376 \bmod 751 = 377$$

So, Alice's public key A is (690,377).

(b) Continue with the Key Exchange:

Now that Alice and Bob have their public keys, they exchange them over a secure channel. The shared secret key K is then computed by both parties using their private keys and the received public keys.

For Bob:  $K_B = a_B \cdot A = 5 \cdot (690, 377)$

Perform scalar multiplication for Bob:

$K_B = (429, 73)$  For Alice:  $K_A = a_A \cdot B = 3 \cdot (268, 618)$

Perform scalar multiplication for Alice:

$K_A = (429, 73)$

Now, both Alice and Bob have the same shared secret key  $K = (429, 73)$ .

This shared secret can be used as a symmetric key for encrypting their communication.

3)

```

, e, m):
    """
    Uses b^e mod m using the square and multiply algorithm"""
    1
    xp = bin(e)[2][::-1] # Convert exponent to binary and reverse it
    binary_exp = list(xp) # binary representation of the exponent: binary_exp

    in binary_exp:
        lt = (result ** 2) % m
        t("Square step:", result)

    it == '1':
        result = (result * b) % m
        print("Multiply step:", result)

    result

(a)

84723247

_pow(a1, b1, N1)
result for (a): (a1)^(b1) mod (N1) =", result1)

(b)
55683
582
72542
_pow(a2, b2, N2)
result for (b): (a2)^(b2) mod (N2) =", result2)

representation of the exponent: 1111010001111010000000000100000001100001111110011
1
>: 235973
575185
>: 207017
120457
>: 542657
563089
>: 486485
201853
40321
>: 277553
348385
141145
372829
286549
>: 556673
73609
>: 355325
282769
>: 169601
37825
>: 427201

```

: 250009  
: 301765  
ip: 235241  
: 130097  
: 546085  
: 253  
: 64009  
: 38053  
: 582373  
: 531469  
: 158005  
: 451837  
: 466201  
: 143893  
ip: 256637  
: 434569  
: 526453  
: 542929  
: 397177  
: 461281  
: 569797  
: 506893  
: 23713  
ip: 267377  
: 287053  
ip: 374729  
: 56977  
: 567373  
: 523177  
: 447925  
: 250009  
ip: 318281  
: 88729  
ip: 151961  
: 117205  
ip: 382037  
: 537541  
ip: 450581  
: 348037  
ip: 547097  
: 424141  
ip: 516101  
: 535777  
: 351157  
: 192805  
ip: 532985  
: 14893  
ip: 531977  
  
[a]: 235973\*456872884723247 mod 583884 = 531977  
sntation of the exponent: 011101011101101011010101001  
1  
1  
ip: 984327455683

ip: 984327455683  
: 321440293911  
ip: 461523226589  
: 103819200519  
ip: 155280334997  
: 733774440559  
: 553009469965  
ip: 105765974697  
: 360887043615  
: 899663170239  
ip: 73789395935  
: 970707430957  
ip: 33338208007  
: 595201718299  
ip: 67510627193  
: 437964051103  
: 535957186945  
ip: 539615816219  
: 475145333003  
ip: 424174070587  
: 93165829463  
ip: 871174696515  
: 145840987841  
: 98651473267  
ip: 829725592477  
: 878458113989  
: 585497156475  
ip: 155443245989  
: 481570265381  
ip: 681846537233  
: 380432919141  
: 441812516027  
ip: 223305658105  
: 621932683873  
ip: 121573100775  
: 678106965911  
: 583387656691  
ip: 595578433743  
: 841982896665  
: 441172728539  
ip: 125065039835  
: 660430054345  
: 738143220291  
ip: 144280940463  
: 933446337373  
: 614664584863  
: 889710301599  
ip: 497263821157  
  
(b): 984327455683\*1253489582 mod 994348472542 = 497263821157

Caption