```
a = [4,6,8,7,9]
b = sorted(a)
a.sort()
print(a)
print(b)
     [4, 6, 7, 8, 9]
[4, 6, 7, 8, 9]
import numpy as np
A = np.arange(1,13)
print(A)
     [ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12]
import numpy as np
A = np.arange(1,13).reshape(3,4)
print(A)
[ 1 2 3 4]
 [ 5 6 7 8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]]
A = np.linspace(1,13,12).reshape(2,6)
print(A)
                    2.09090909 3.18181818 4.27272727 5.36363636 6.45454545]
      [ 7.54545455  8.63636364  9.72727273  10.81818182  11.90909091  13.
A = np.linspace(1,13,18).reshape(3,6)
print(A)
     [[ 1.
                    1.70588235 2.41176471 3.11764706 3.82352941 4.52941176]
      [ 5.23529412  5.94117647  6.64705882  7.35294118  8.05882353  8.76470588]
      [\ 9.47058824\ 10.17647059\ 10.88235294\ 11.58823529\ 12.29411765\ 13.
B = np.array([45,12,78,96,32,58,47,50,14]).reshape(3,3,1)
print(B)
     [[[45]
       [12]
       [78]]
      [[96]
       [32]
       [58]]
      [[47]
       [50]
       [14]]]
B = np.array([45,12,78,96,32,58,47,50,14])
B.reshape(3,3,1)#changes the shape of the array
#reshape - change needs saving in another variable
print(B)
     [45 12 78 96 32 58 47 50 14]
```

```
#Arthematic Operations on the matrix
A = np.array([45,87,96,2,3]).reshape(5,1)
B = np.array([21,32,44,56,78]).reshape(1,5)
C = A-B
print("A - Arrary:\n",A)
print("\n")
print("B - Arrary:\n",B)
print("\n")
print("diff:\n",C)
print("\n")
D = A+B
print("sum:\n",D)
print("\n")
X = A*B
print("mul:",X)
print("\n")
Y = A/B
print("div:\n",Y)
print("\n")
H = A@B
print("matrix-mul:\n",H)
print("\n")
S = A.dot(B)
print("maximum :\n",S.max(axis=0))
print("\n")
print("minimum :\n",S.min(axis=1))
    A - Arrary:
     [[45]
     [87]
     [96]
     [ 2]
     [ 3]]
    B - Arrary:
     [[21 32 44 56 78]]
    diff:
     [[ 24 13 1 -11 -33]
     [ 66 55 43 31 9]
     [ 75 64 52 40 18]
     [-19 -30 -42 -54 -76]
     [-18 -29 -41 -53 -75]]
    sum:
     [[ 66 77 89 101 123]
     [108 119 131 143 165]
     [117 128 140 152 174]
     [ 23 34 46 58 80]
     [ 24 35 47 59 81]]
    mul: [[ 945 1440 1980 2520 3510]
     [1827 2784 3828 4872 6786]
     [2016 3072 4224 5376 7488]
     [ 42 64 88 112 156]
     [ 63 96 132 168 234]]
    div:
     [4.57142857 3.
                        2.18181818 1.71428571 1.23076923]
                       0.04545455 0.03571429 0.02564103]
     0.0952381 0.0625
     matrix-mul:
     [[ 945 1440 1980 2520 3510]
     [1827 2784 3828 4872 6786]
     [2016 3072 4224 5376 7488]
     [ 42 64 88 112 156]
     [ 63 96 132 168 234]]
    {\tt maximum} :
     [2016 3072 4224 5376 7488]
```

```
minimum :
      [ 945 1827 2016 42 63]
#Joining The Array's
A = np.array([12,45,78,36]).reshape(2,2)
B = np.array([2,4,5,6]).reshape(2,2)
print("A-Array:\n",A)
print("\n")
print("B-Array:\n",B)
print("\n")
print("After vertical stacking:")
print(np.vstack((A,B)))
print("\n")
print("After Horizontally stacking:")
print(np.hstack((A,B)))
print("\n")
print(np.stack((A,B),axis=0))
     A-Array:
      [[12 45]
      [78 36]]
     B-Array:
      [[2 4]
      [5 6]]
     After vertical stacking:
     [[12 45]
      [78 36]
     [ 2 4]
      [5 6]]
     After Horizontally stacking:
     [[12 45 2 4]
      [78 36 5 6]]
     [[[12 45]
       [78 36]]
      [[ 2 4]
[ 5 6]]]
A = np.arange(30).reshape(2,3,5)
print(A)
print("\n After dstack\n")
print(np.dstack(A))
     [[[ 0 1 2 3 4]
[ 5 6 7 8 9]
       [10 11 12 13 14]]
      [[15 16 17 18 19]
       [20 21 22 23 24]
       [25 26 27 28 29]]]
      After dstack
     [[[ 0 15]
      [ 1 16]
       [ 2 17]
       [ 3 18]
      [ 4 19]]
      [[ 5 20]
      [ 6 21]
       [ 7 22]
       [ 8 23]
       [ 9 24]]
      [[10 25]
       [11 26]
       [12 27]
       [13 28]
       [14 29]]]
```

```
#Splitting Array's
A = np.arange(25).reshape(5,5)
print("A-Array:\n",A)
print("\n")
print("After V-Splittting")
print(np.vsplit(A,5))
print("\n")
print("After H-Splittting")
print(np.hsplit(A,5))
print("\n")
print(np.vsplit(A,(2,4)))
    A-Array:
     [[0 1 2 3 4]
     [56789]
     [10 11 12 13 14]
     [15 16 17 18 19]
     [20 21 22 23 24]]
    After V-Splittting
    After H-Splittting
    [array([[ 0],
          [5],
          [10],
           [15],
          [20]]), array([[ 1],
          [ 6],
          [11],
          [16],
          [21]]), array([[ 2],
           [7],
          [12],
          [17],
          [22]]), array([[ 3],
          [8],
          [13],
          Γ181.
          [23]]), array([[ 4],
           [ 9],
          [14],
          [19],
          [24]])]
    [array([[0, 1, 2, 3, 4],
          [5, 6, 7, 8, 9]]), array([[10, 11, 12, 13, 14],
          [15, 16, 17, 18, 19]]), array([[20, 21, 22, 23, 24]])]
    4
A = np.array([23,43,54,23,45,57,67,78,58,99]).reshape(2,5)
print("A-Array:\n",A)
print("\n")
print("max:\n",A.argmax(axis = 0))
print("\n")
print("min:\n",A.argmin(axis = 0))
    A-Array:
     [[23 43 54 23 45]
     [57 67 78 58 99]]
    max:
     [1 1 1 1 1]
    min:
     [0 0 0 0 0]
A = np.array([23,45,67,89,9,44])
              : ",np.mean(A))
: ",np.median(A))
print("Mean
print("Median
                      : ",np.var(A))
print("Variance
print("Standard Deviation : ",np.std(A))
```

```
: 46.16666666666664
     Mean
               : 44.5
: 698.8055555555555
     Median
     Variance
     Standard Deviation : 26.43493059486927
#Trigonometry
A = np.pi
print("In radius :",A)
print("In Degree :",np.rad2deg(A))
     In radius : 3.141592653589793
     In Degree : 180.0
A = np.array([np.pi/4,np.pi/3,np.pi/2,np.pi])
print("In radius :",A)
print("In Degree :",np.rad2deg(A))
     In radius : [0.78539816 1.04719755 1.57079633 3.14159265]
     In Degree : [ 45. 60. 90. 180.]
print(np.sin(A))
     [7.07106781e-01 8.66025404e-01 1.00000000e+00 1.22464680e-16]
print(np.cos(A))
     [ 7.07106781e-01 5.00000000e-01 6.12323400e-17 -1.00000000e+00]
print(np.tan(A))
     [ 1.00000000e+00 1.73205081e+00 1.63312394e+16 -1.22464680e-16]
np.arccos(1)
     0.0
np.arcsin(1)
     1.5707963267948966
np.arctan(1)
     0.7853981633974483
#Hypotneuse
A = 6
B = 4
print(np.hypot(A,B))
     7.211102550927978
#Searching in array
A = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,1])
print(np.where(A==1))
     (array([0, 8]),)
#Searching even numbers in Array
print(np.where(A%2==0))
     (array([0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2]), array([1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3]))
#Search sort
A = np.array([12,34,55,78,87])
print(np.searchsorted(A,99))
     5
```

Linear aglgebra and universal functions

```
A = np.array([23,45,12,43,67])
B = np.array([90,98,12,65,62])
print("A-Array
print("B-Array
                           :",B)
                           :",np.add(A,B))
print("ADD
                           :",np.subtract(A,B))
print("SUBTRACT
print("Remainder
                             :",np.mod(A,B))
                             :",np.divide(A,B))
print("Divide
print("mod/div
                            :",np.divmod(A,B))
print("Diff of A
print("Diff of B
                           :",np.diff(A))
                           :",np.diff(B))
print("Union of A,B :",np.union1d(A,B))
print("Set of A,B :",np.setdiff1d(A,B))
print("Intersection of A,B :",np.intersect1d(A,B))
     A-Array
                       : [23 45 12 43 67]
: [90 98 12 65 62]
     B-Array
                        : [113 143 24 108 129]

: [-67 -53 0 -22 5]

: [23 45 0 43 5]

: [0.25555556 0.45918367 1. 0.66153846 1.080645:

: (array([0, 0, 1, 0, 1]), array([23, 45, 0, 43, 5]))

: [ 22 -33 31 24]
     ADD
     SUBTRACT
     Remainder
     Divide
                                                                  0.66153846 1.08064516]
     mod/div
     Diff of A
     Diff of B : [ 8 -86 53 -3]
Union of A,B : [12 23 43 45 62 65 67 90 98]
Set of A,B : [23 43 45 67]
     Intersection of A,B : [12]
Rounding
A = np.trunc([-7.4668, 7.3698])
print("Truncate :",A)
B = np.round([5.56, -6.84])
print("Round :",B)
C = np.fix([-6.456,7.325])
print("Fix :",C)
D = np.around(5.46695,5)
print("Around :",D)
E = np.floor(5.46)
print("Floor :",E)
F = np.ceil(5.46)
print("Ceiling :",F)
     Truncate : [-7. 7.]
      Round : [ 6. -7.]
               : [-6. 7.]
     Fix
     Around : 5.46695
      Floor
               : 5.0
     Ceiling : 6.0
A = np.array([5,78,28,19,174])
print("Cumulative Sum :",np.cumsum(A))
print("Cumulative Product :",np.cumprod(A))
                            :",np.lcm.reduce(A))
print("LCM
print("GCD
                            :",np.gcd.reduce(A))
     Cumulative Sum : [ 5 83 111 130 304]
Cumulative Product : [ 5 390
                                             390 10920 207480 36101520]
     I CM
                        : 3008460
     GCD
                          : 1
A = np.array([[1,2],[3,4]])
print("Inverse Of A Matrix :",np.linalg.inv(A))
      Inverse Of A Matrix : [[-2. 1.]
      [ 1.5 -0.5]]
#Default limit 0 to 0.99
from numpy import random as rd
A = rd.randint(50, size=6)
print(A)
print(rd.rand(20))
      [44 17 17 21 25 2]
      [0.05557043 0.78546557 0.51199185 0.1682204 0.09096053 0.71872048
```

```
0.60153688 0.81132752 0.83314016 0.24055208 0.68441129 0.62581491
0.95339604 0.95035976 0.34667616 0.19583781 0.82820582 0.30148297
0.07345499 0.99413116]

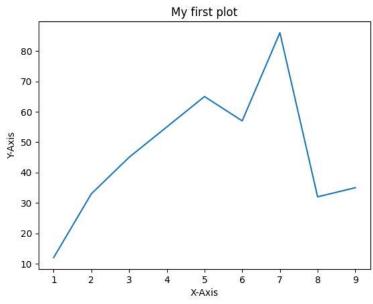
A = np.array([1,2,3])
B = np.array([4,5,6])
print("Inner Of A,B : ",np.inner(A,B))
print("Outer Of A,B : ",np.outer(A,B))
print("Cross Of A,B : ",np.cross(A,B))

Inner Of A,B : 32
Outer Of A,B : [ 4 5 6]
    [ 8 10 12]
    [12 15 18]]
Cross Of A,B : [-3 6 -3]
```

Ploting A List

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
X = [1,2,3,5,6,7,8,9]
Y = [12,33,45,65,57,86,32,35]
plt.plot(X,Y)
plt.title("My first plot")
plt.xlabel("X-Axis")
plt.ylabel("Y-Axis")
```

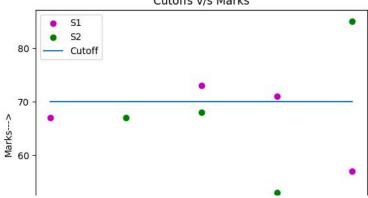
Text(0, 0.5, 'Y-Axis')



```
#There are five sudjects psychology,nanotechnology,medicine,onchology and anthropology.
#Two students have applied to do masters in any of these five fields with a line plot show in which field they can excel
#The Cutoff for each subject is 70
S1 = [67,45,73,71,57]
S2 = [43,67,68,53,85]
Marks = [70,70,70,70,70]
subs = ['psychology', 'nanotechnology', 'medicine', 'onchology', 'anthropology']
plt.scatter(subs,S1,label='S1',color='m')
plt.scatter(subs,S2,label='S2',color='green')
plt.plot(subs,Marks,label='Cutoff')
plt.title("Cutoffs v/s Marks")
plt.xlabel("Subjects--->")
plt.ylabel("Marks--->")
plt.legend()
```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7ad8b14573d0>

Cutoffs v/s Marks



#An India v/s Australia match is on live india has given target 268 for Australia. The runs for every 5 overs is given as follows #India = 25,51,84,131,160,189,220,250,267,297

#Australia has completed 25 overs

#Australia = 15,41,94,110,151

#plot overs v/s runs for both the countries with as a blue line and Australia as a yellow line give proper labels and legend the Marker for #Take overs from arange function create runs as arrays'''

import numpy as np

from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

india = np.array([25,51,84,131,160,189,220,250,267,297])

overs1=np.arange(5,51,5)

overs2=np.arange(5,26,5)

aus=np.array([15,41,94,110,151])

plt.title("--INDIA v/s AUSTRALIA Runs--")

plt.grid()

plt.xlabel("OVERS--->")

plt.ylabel("RUNS--->")

plt.plot(overs1,india,linewidth=3,marker='>',color='blue',label="INDIA")

 $\verb|plt.plot(overs2, aus, linewidth=3, marker='P', color="yellow", label="AUSTRALIA")| \\$

plt.legend()

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7ad8b1434d90>

--INDIA v/s AUSTRALIA Runs-300 250 200 150 100 50 OVERS--->