

Program 3:

Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)

a. Push an Element on to Stack

b. Pop an Element from Stack

c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome

d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack

e. Display the status of Stack

f. Exit. Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 5
int s[MAX],top=-1,ele,i;

void push(int ele)
{
    if(top==MAX-1)
    {
        printf("Stack Over flow");
        return;
    }
    top++;
    s[top]=ele;
}

int pop()
{
    int ele;
    if(top== -1)
    {
        printf("Stack underflow");
        return;
    }
    ele=s[top];
    top--;
    return ele;
}

void display()
{
    if(top== -1)
    {
        printf("Stack underflow");
        return;
    }
    printf("Stack Contents are\n");
    for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
```

```
        printf("%d\n",s[i]);
    }
```

```
void pal()
```

```
{
top=-1;
int i=1,len=0,rev=0,digit,temp,n;
printf("Enter a Number\n");
scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
temp=n;
while(n!=0)
{
    digit=n%10;
    n=n/10;
    push(digit);
    len++;
}
```

```
while(len!=0)
{
    digit=pop();
    rev=rev+(digit*i);
    len--;
    i=i*10;
}
```

```
if(temp==rev)
printf("Number is a palindrome");
else
printf("Number is
not a palindrome");
}
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
int ch;
do
{
printf("1:push  2:pop  3:display  4:palindrome\n");
printf("Enter your choice\n");
scanf("%d",&ch);
```

```
switch(ch)
```

```
{
case 1:
    printf("Enter the element to be pushed \n");
    scanf("%d",&ele);
```

```

        push(ele);
        break;
case 2:
    ele=pop();
    printf("Element deleted is %d",ele);
    break;
case 3:
    display();
    break;
case 4:
    pal();
    break;
default: printf("invalid choice\n");
}
}while(ch<=4);
}

```

Output

1:push 2:pop 3:display 4:palindrome

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

10

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

20

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

30

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

40

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

50

Enter your choice

1

Enter the element to be pushed

60

Stack overflow

Enter your choice

3

Stack Contents are

50
40
30
20
10

Enter your choice

2

Element deleted is 50

Enter your choice

3

Stack Contents are

40

30

20

10

Enter your choice

2

Element deleted is 40

Enter your choice

2

Element deleted is 30

Enter your choice

2

Element deleted is 20

Enter your choice

2

Element deleted is 10

Enter your choice

2

Stack Underflow

Enter your choice

4

Enter a Number

1234

Number is not a Palindrome

Enter your choice

4

Enter a Number

1221

Number is a Palindrome

Enter your choice

5

Program 4:

Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, %(Remainder), ^(Power) and alphanumeric operands

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<process.h>

char infix[25],postfix[25];
int s[10],top=-1;
void push(char c);
int pri(char c);
char pop();

int pri(char c)
{
switch(c)
{
case '+':
case '-': return 1;
case '*':
case '/': return 2;
case '^': return 3;
case '(':
case '#': return 0;
}
}

void push(char c)
{
{
top++;
s[top]=c;
}

char pop()
{
{
char e;
e=s[top];
top--;
return e;
}

void main()
{
int i,j=0;
char ch,ele;
```

```

printf("enter the infix expression\n");
scanf("%s",infix);

push('#');

for(i=0;infix[i]!='\0';i++)
{
ch=infix[i];
if(isalnum(ch))
postfix[j++]=ch;
else if(ch=='(')
push(ch);
else if(ch==')')
{
while(s[top]!='(')
postfix[j++]=pop();
ele=pop();
}
else
{
while(pri (s[top]) >= pri (ch))
postfix[j++]=pop();
push(ch);
}
}
while(s[top]!='#')
postfix[j++]=pop();
postfix[j]='\0';
printf("postfix expression is %s",postfix);
getch();
}

```

OUTPUT

```

enter the infix expression
2+3*5
postfix expression is 235*+

```

```

enter the infix expression
(2+3)*5
postfix expression is 23+5*

```

Program 5:

Design, Develop and Implement a Program in C for the following Stack applications

a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^

b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<math.h>

int op1,op2,res,i,top=-1,s[10],ele,n;

void push(int ele)
{
    top++;
    s[top]=ele;
}

int pop()
{
    int ele;
    ele=s[top];
    top--;
    return(ele);
}

void main()
{
    int e;
    char postfix[20],ch;

    printf("enter the postfix exp\n");
    scanf("%s",postfix);

    for(i=0;postfix[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        ch=postfix[i];

        if(isdigit(ch))
            push(ch-'0');
        else
        {
            op2=pop();
            op1=pop();

            switch(ch)
```

```
{
case '+':res=op1+op2;
        break;
case '-':res=op1-op2;
        break;
case '*':res=op1*op2;
        break;
case '/':res=op1/op2;
        break;
case '^':res=pow(op1,op2);
        break;
}
push(res);
}
}
printf("result of postfix exp %d",res);
}
```

OUTPUT

enter the postfix exp

23+5*

result of postfix exp is 25

enter the postfix exp

235*+

result of postfix exp is 17

Tower of Hanoi

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void tow(int n, char s, char t, char d)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("move disk 1 from %c to %c\n",s,d);
        return;
    }

    tow(n-1,s,d,t);
    printf("move disk %d from %c to %c\n", n, s, d);
    tow(n-1,t,s,d);
}

void main()
{
    int n;
    printf("enter number of disks\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    tow(n,'s','t','d');
}
```

OUTPUT

Enter the number of disks : 1

Move disk 1 from s to d

Enter the number of disks : 3

Move disk 1 from s to d

Move disk 2 from s to t

Move disk 1 from d to t

Move disk 3 from s to d

Move disk 1 from t to s

Move disk 2 from t to d

Move disk 1 from s to d

Program 6:

Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX)

- a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE**
- b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE**
- c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE**
- d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE**
- e. Exit**

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 3
int cq[MAX],f=0,r=-1,i,j,c=0,n,ele;

void insert()
{
if(c==MAX)
{
printf("CIRCULAR QUEUE OVERFLOW\n");
return;
}
printf("enter the value\n");
scanf("%d",&ele);
r=(r+1)%MAX;
cq[r]=ele;
c++;
}

void delete_ele()
{
if(c==0)
{
printf("CIRCULAR QUEUE UNDERFLOW\n");
f=0,r=-1;
return;
}
printf("element deleted is %d",cq[f]);
f=(f+1)%MAX;
c--;
}

void display()
{
j=f;
```

```

if(c==0)
{
printf("CIRCULAR QUEUE UNDERFLOW\n");
return;
}
printf("contents of CQ are\n");
for(i=1;i<=c;i++)
{
printf("%d\t", cq[j]);
j=(j+1)%MAX;
}
}
void main()
{
int ch;
do
{
printf("1:insert 2:delete 3:display \n");
printf("enter your choice\n");
scanf("%d",&ch);
switch(ch)
{
case 1:insert();
break;
case 2:delete_ele();
break;
case 3:display();
break;
default:printf("invalid choice\n");
}
}while(ch<=3);
}

```

Output:

```

1:insert 2:delete 3:display
enter your choice
1
enter the value
10
1:insert 2:delete 3:display
enter your choice
1
enter the value
20
1:insert 2:delete 3:display

```

enter your choice

1

enter the value

30

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

1

CIRCULAR QUEUE OVERFLOW

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

3

contents of CQ are

10 20 30

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

2

element deleted is 10

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

3

contents of CQ are

20 30

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

1

enter the value

40

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

3

contents of CQ are

20 30 40

1:insert 2:delete 3:display

enter your choice

1

CIRCULAR QUEUE OVERFLOW