## **Artificial Intelligence Lab 1: Python Introduction**

import numpy as np

#### Q1) [20 Marks] Random Number Generation

Using commands np.random.randint and np.random.rand, generate:

- (i) 100 random integers in the interval -10 to 10.
- (ii) uniform random numbers in the interval [0, 1].

### Q2) [40 Marks] Operations with Vectors

- a) [20 Marks]: Write a function which accepts integer n as input and outputs a data set of n points of form  $(x_i, y_i)_{i=1}^n$  in the 2-dimensional plane (chosen at random) in the interval  $[-1, 1) \times [-1, 1)$ . Here (x, y) means points are in 2-dimensions, and the subscript i in  $(x_i, y_i)$  means it is the i<sup>th</sup> data point.
- b) [10 Marks]: Given a point  $(x_{new},y_{new})$  find k=5,10,15 nearest point in the data set generated in part a). Distance between point in data set and the new point is given by  $\sqrt{(x_i-x_{new})^2+(y_i-y_{new})^2}$ . Can you find a better command in numpy to do this? (Hint: Search in np.linalg).
- c) [10 Marks]: Given a point  $(x_{new}, y_{new})$  find k = 5, 10, 15 points in the data set generated in part a) that make a positive angle with the new point. Implement this as a separate function.

#### Q3) **Plotting** [30 Marks]

- a) [10 Marks] Plot the data set in blue and the k points obtained in Q2 a) and Q2 b) in red.
- b) [10 Marks] Generate n = 100 random integers and plot their histogram.
- Q4)[10 Marks] Generate n=100 random points in the interval [-0.5,0.5]. Plot the sample mean given by

$$y_k = \frac{x_1 + \dots + x_k}{k} \tag{1}$$

as a function of k.

Also plot the functions  $f_1=\sqrt{rac{1}{k}}, f_2=-\sqrt{rac{1}{k}}$ 

# AI Lab 1

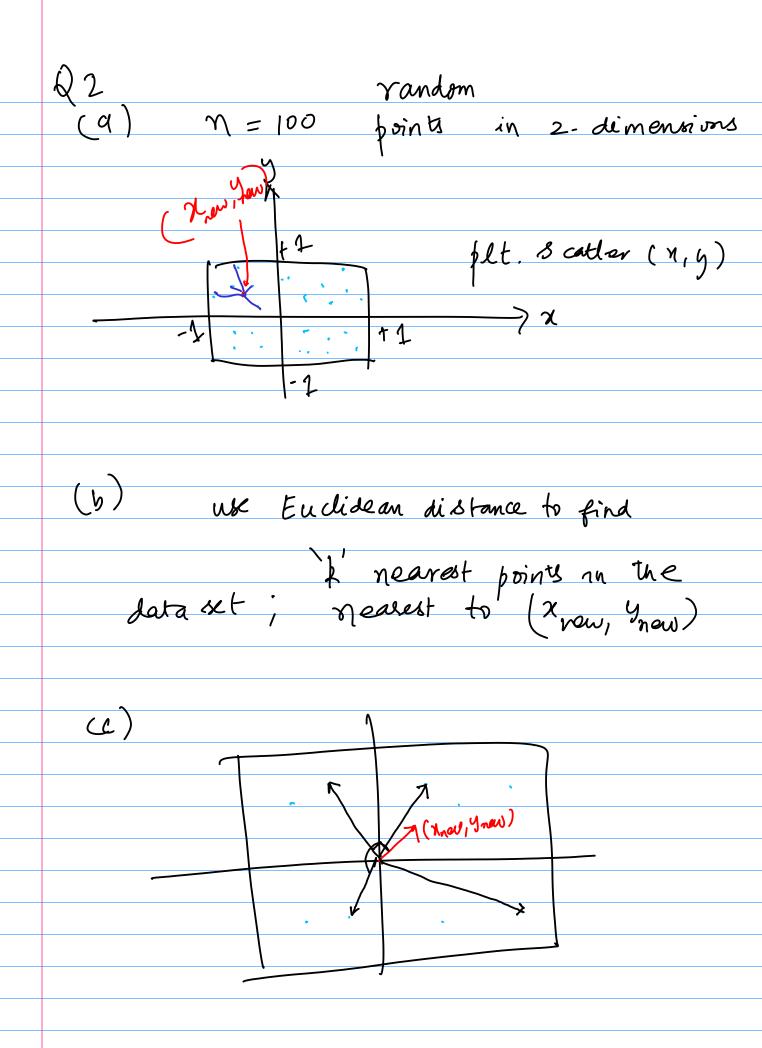
Q1) Generating random numbers (Basic Question) a) integer b) Real

Notation!

n' - points ; each point is in 2-dim (13,193) (12,192) (12,192) (12,194)

n = 4  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), (x_3, y_3), (x_4, y_4)$  para

Collection n points  $(\chi, \gamma)$ 



(a) using function in R2 to plot (b) Histogram plot Qh  $y_k = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + \dots x_k}{k}$  $y_1 = \frac{\chi_1}{1}, \quad y_2 = \frac{\chi_1 + \chi_2}{2}, \quad y_3 = \frac{\chi_1 + \chi_2 + \chi_3}{2}$ funning average