Worksheet 5

Exercise 1

$$P(X > 345) = P(X = 346) + P(X = 347) =$$

$$= (347) \cdot 0.98^{346} \cdot 0.02 + (347) \cdot 0.98^{347} =$$

$$= 347.0.98^{346}.0.02 + 0.98^{347} =$$

Exercise 2

$$\Rightarrow P(A) = P(X = 100) = \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 100 \end{pmatrix} \cdot p^{100}$$

with
$$p = 1 - \frac{2}{20000} = 0.9999$$

$$\Rightarrow P(\overline{A}) = P(X < 100) \approx 0.01$$

Exercise 3

$$P(X = 9) = P(X = 9) + P(X = 10) =$$

$$= (10) \cdot 0.8^{9} \cdot 0.2 + (10) \cdot 0.8^{10}$$

Exercise 4

$$P(X=6) = 1 - (\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6}) = \frac{1}{4}$$

Cumulative Distribution Function:

$$T(x) = P(X \le x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{3}, & \text{if } 1 \le x < 2 \\ \frac{7}{12}, & \text{if } 2 \le x < 4 \\ \frac{9}{12}, & \text{if } 4 \le x < 6 \end{cases}$$

$$1, & \text{if } x > 6$$

$$P(X < 4) = P(X = 1) + P(X = 2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$P(X = 2) = 1 - P(X < 2)$$

$$= 1 - P(X = 1)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(2 \le X < 6) = P(X = 2) + P(X = 4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$M = \frac{1}{12} \times P(X = x_1)$$

$$= 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 3$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{12} \times P(X = x_1) - M$$

$$= 1 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 16 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 36 \cdot \frac{1}{4} - 9 = 4$$

$$Exercise 5$$

$$X \stackrel{?}{=} \text{ "number of milkrun - trains per hour"}$$

$$X \sim P_5(4), P(X = k) = \frac{1}{4!} \cdot e^{-4}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(X = 3) = \frac{1}{3!} \cdot e^{-4} \times \frac{0.1354}{2}$$

$$Exercise 6$$

$$X \sim E \times p(\frac{1}{3})$$

$$(a) M = \frac{1}{2} = 3 \quad (Y = a - s) \quad \text{memoryless}$$

$$(b) P(X \ge 7 \mid X \ge 2) = P(X \ge 2) = 1 - F(2) = 3$$

(a)
$$P(24 \le X \le 36) = \mp(36) - \mp(24) =$$

$$= \mp_{o} \left(\frac{36-30}{2} \right) - \mp_{o} \left(\frac{24-30}{2} \right)$$

$$= T_{0}(3) - T_{0}(-3)$$

$$= 2 + (3) - 1 \approx 0.9973$$

(b)
$$P(X = 35) = 1 - P(X \le 35) =$$

$$= 1 - \mp (35) = 1 - \mp_{o} \left(\frac{35 - 30}{2}\right) =$$

$$= 1 - \mp_{o} \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \approx 0.00621$$

(c)
$$P(30-8 \le X \le 30+8) \stackrel{?}{=} 0.98$$

$$(=) T(30+5)-T(30-5)=0.98$$

$$(\Rightarrow) + \left(\frac{\delta}{2}\right) - + \left(\frac{\delta}{2}\right) = 0.98$$

$$(=)$$
 2 $+$ $(\frac{\delta}{2})$ - 1 = 0.98

$$(3) + \left(\frac{\delta}{2}\right) = 0.99$$

$$(=)$$
 $\frac{\delta}{2}$ = 2.33 $(=)$ δ = 4.66