

Termination using common Lyapunov function

Presented By:

ANURAG PRASAD

21BSA10075

B.Tech(CSE) Year-III

Presented To:

Dr Ankur Jain

Assistant Professor,
School of Computing Science and Engineering (SCSE)

VIT Bhopal University,

Bhopal-Indore Highway, Kothrikalan,
Sehore, Madhya Pradesh - 466114

Email: ankurjainjob@gmail.com, ankur.jain@vitbhopal.ac.in

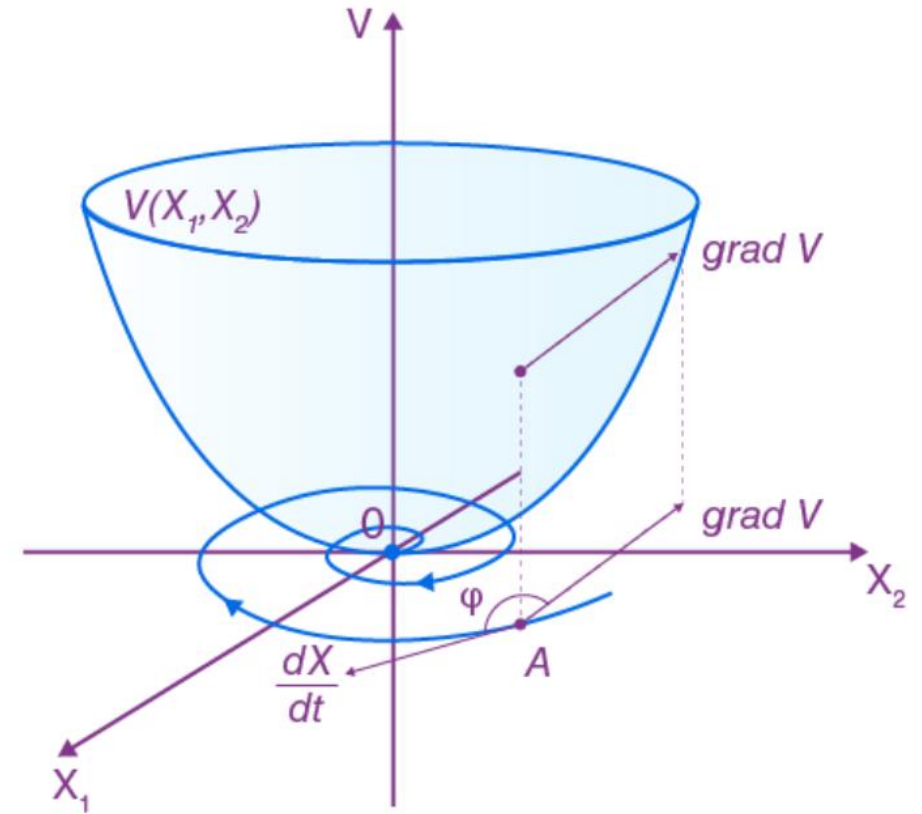
Mobile: 7415259169



VIT[®]
B H O P A L
www.vitbhopal.ac.in

Lyapunov function

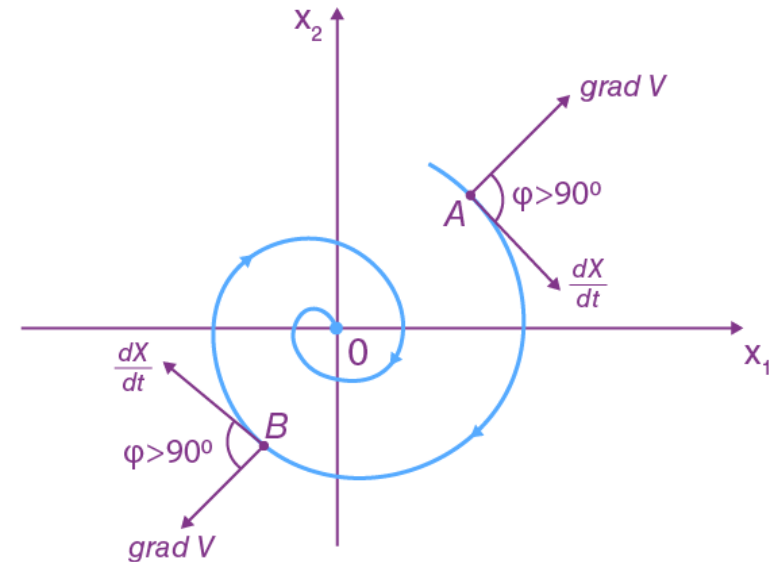
- A Lyapunov function helps us figure out if something will eventually stop or if it will go on forever by looking at the path it's following, like a car on a bumpy track.
- It's a tool that helps scientists and engineers understand how things behave in different situations.



A Lyapunov function with one stable equilibrium

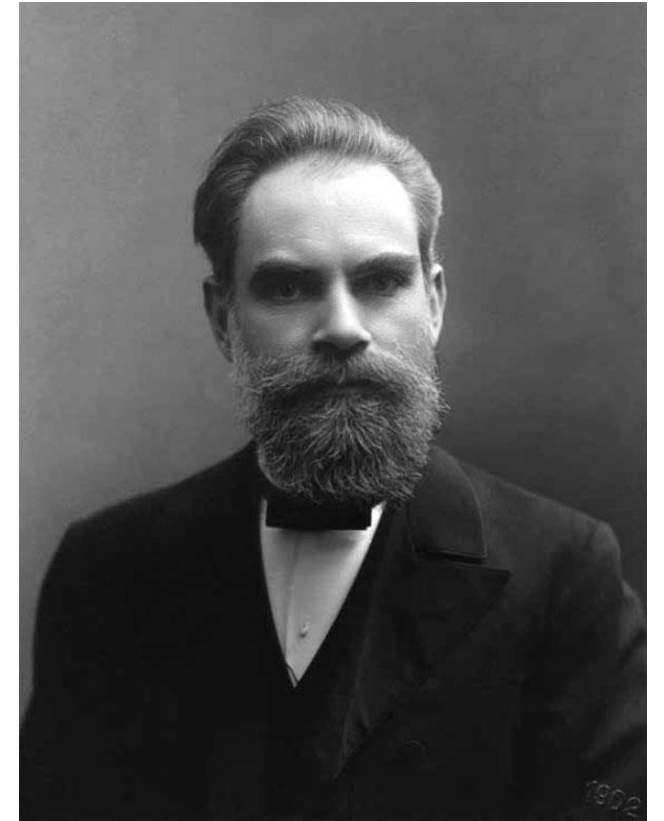
Lyapunov function

- Suppose $V(X)$ be a continuously differentiable function in the origin's neighbourhood U . If the following requirements are satisfied, the function $V(X)$ is known as the Lyapunov function for an autonomous system $X' = f(x)$.
- $V(X) > 0$ for all $X \in U \setminus \{0\}$
- $(dV/dt) \leq 0$ for all $X \in U$
- $V(0) = 0$



Aleksandr Lyapunov

- Aleksandr Mikhailovich Lyapunov (1857–1918) was a Russian mathematician renowned for his pioneering work in stability theory and dynamical systems.
- Lyapunov's groundbreaking contributions include the development of Lyapunov functions, mathematical tools used to analyze the stability of dynamic systems.
- His work significantly impacted control theory and engineering, providing a framework to assess whether systems would remain stable or evolve unpredictably.
- His contributions in stability analysis remain integral to the study of complex systems across various disciplines.



Aleksandr Lyapunov in 1908

"What does 'termination' mean in the context of a Lyapunov function?"

- In the context of a Lyapunov function, "termination" refers to the behavior of a system reaching a stable and unchanging state, typically at an equilibrium point, as indicated by the Lyapunov function and its derivatives.
- A Lyapunov function is a mathematical tool used to assess the stability of an equilibrium point in a dynamical system. It helps determine whether, over time, the system's trajectories will converge to and remain within a certain vicinity of the equilibrium point, indicating stability.
- It does not refer to the termination of the Lyapunov function itself.

" How to Achieve this Equilibrium/ Stability?"

- If a derivative dV/dt along a phase trajectory is always negative, the trajectory will tend to the origin, indicating that the system is stable. Whenever the derivative dV/dt is positive, the system is unstable because the trajectory goes away from the origin.
- **Stability Theorem in the Lyapunov Sense**
- If a Lyapunov function $V(X)$ exists in the neighbourhood U of an autonomous system's zero solution $X = 0$, the system's equilibrium point $X = 0$ is Lyapunov stable.

Reference/Resources

- <https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Left-a-Lyapunov-function-with-one-stable-equilibrium-Right-a-Lyapunov-function-with fig1 347796752>
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aleksandr_Lyapunov
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lyapunov_function
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lyapunov_stability
- <https://web.stanford.edu/class/ee363/lectures/lyap.pdf>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uXAx_641FPM
- <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/lyapunov-function>



THANK YOU!