

## Question - 1

SCORE: 5 points

## React Hooks

React

React Hooks

Medium

Which *useEffect* runs infinitely when the page is loaded?

- A) `useEffect(() => { console.log("updated 1"); });`  
B) `useEffect(() => { console.log("updated 2"); },[]);`

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ Both A and B
- ☒ None of the above

## Question - 2

SCORE: 5 points

## Query Based Question 2

React

Medium

Class Components

```
import { object } from "prop-types"
import React from "react";

class App extends React.Component {
  state = {
    count: 0,
  };
  add = () => {
    const { count } = this.state;
    this.setState({ count: count + 1 });
    console.log("Count is incremented", this.state.count);
  };

  render() {
    return (
      <React.Fragment>
        <button onClick={this.add}>Add</button>
      </React.Fragment>
    );
  }
}

export default App;
```

Which of the options will print the updated count state while calling the *add* function?

- ☐ add() { const { count } = this.state; await this.setState({ count: count + 1 }); console.log("Count is incremented", this.state.count); }
- ☐ async add() { const { count } = this.state; this.setState({ count: count + 1 }); console.log("Count is incremented", this.state.count); }
- ☒ add() { const { count } = this.state; this.setState({ count: count + 1 }, () =>{ console.log("Count is incremented", this.state.count); }); }
- ☐ None of the above

### Question - 3

Query Based Question

SCORE: 5 points

React React Hooks Medium

```
import React, { useState } from "react";

const App = () => {
  const [number, setNumber] = useState(0);

  const incrementNumber = () => {
    setNumber(number++);
  };

  return (
    <div>
      <p>Number: {number}</p>
      <button onClick={incrementNumber}>Increment Number</button>

    </div>
  );
};

export default App;
```

Which of the following is true about the code snippet?

- ☐ The incrementNumber function increments the number by one.
- ☐ The incrementNumber function decrements the number by one.
- ☐ The incrementNumber function updates the value of the number to undefined.
- ☒ The incrementNumber function throws an error.

### Question - 4

React Component

SCORE: 5 points

React React Hooks Medium

```
import React, { useState } from "react";

const app = () => {
  const [number, setNumber] = useState(12);
  return (
    <div>
      <p>Number:- {number}</p>
      <button onClick={() => setNumber(number + 1)}>+</button>
    </div>
  );
};

export default app;
```

Which of the following statements is true about this code snippet?

- ☐ The setNumber function is called incorrectly.
- ☒ A React functional component should have a capitalized name.
- ☐ The code is correct.
- ☐ setNumber is not declared correctly.

## Question - 5

### HOC

SCORE: 5 points

HOC

React

Medium

Which value of the parameter *test* will cause the message *hello* to be displayed?

```
const withHoc = (C, test = 'hello') =>
  test ? ({ message }) => <C message={message + test} /> : C;

const HocedC = withHOC(
  ({ message = 'hello' }) => <div>{message}</div>,
  /* value of test here */
);

const MyApp = () => <HocedC message='hello' />;
```

- ☐ null
- ☒ 'hellohello'
- ☐ undefined
- ☐ any string value

## Question - 6

### Reducer

SCORE: 5 points

Reducer

React

Medium

What will be the value of the *counter* after the button is clicked?

```
const reducer = (state, action) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'increment': {
      return state + 1;
    }
    case 'double': {
      return state * 2;
    }
    default: {
      return state;
    }
  }
};

const MyComponent = () => {
  const [counter, dispatch] = useReducer(reducer, 0);
  const fire = () => {
    ['increment', 'double', 'reset', 'increment'].forEach((type) => dispatch({ type }));
  };
  return <button onClick={fire}>{counter}</button>;
};
```

- ☐ 0
- ☐ 1
- ☒ 3
- ☐ undefined

## Question - 7

### React - Components 2

SCORE: 5 points

Functional Components

Medium

A `<BankDashboard/>` component includes a function `calculateEmi()` which does expensive calculations using financial data. The function performs its heavy calculation on every re-render which happens due to state changes inside the component. It causes the dashboard to load a bit slowly.

What change should be made to optimize the component's performance?

- ☐ Use StrictMode as it activates additional checks and warnings for its descendants.
- ☐ Wrap the component with the `React.memo` higher-order component.
- ☐ Wrap the `calculateEmi()` function with the `useContext` hook.
- ☒ Wrap the `calculateEmi()` function with the `useMemo` hook.
- ☐ Implement lazy loading for the component.

## Question - 8

### Hooks 2

SCORE: 5 points

React Hooks

Medium

A developer is struggling to resolve a warning with the following function in the repository.

```
function List (props) {  
  
  const [counter, setCounter] = useState(0);  
  
  useEffect (() => {  
  
    setCounter(counter)  
  
  }, []);  
  
  return <div>Counter: {counter} </div>;  
}
```

Which of the following is true about the warning?

- ☐ The warning can be resolved by adding the counter in the dependency array which is passed as a second argument to the useEffect().
- ☐ The warning can be resolved by removing the dependency array which is passed as a second argument to the useEffect() function.
- ☐ The warning can be suppressed by adding // eslint-disable-line react-hooks/exhaustive-deps after the useEffect().
- ☐ The warning is about useEffect(). There is a counter inside the useEffect() function with an empty dependency array as a second argument.
- ☒ All of the above

## Question - 9

### Hooks

SCORE: 5 points

Hooks

React Hooks

Medium

```
function App() {  
  const counterFn = () => {  
    const [counter, setCounter] = useState(0);  
    setCounter(counter++)  
  }  
  
  return (  
    <>  
      <div>  
        <button onClick={counterFn}>Incr Counter</button>  
      </div>  
    </>  
  )  
}
```

What is the problem with this code?

- ☐ The setCounter() function cannot be passed a variable with an operator. A static value should be passed instead.
- ☒

This will result in the error "React hooks must be called in a React function component or a custom React hook function".

- ☐ The code has a compile time exception and React cannot build the project.
- ☐ This causes an unhandled exception.

## Question - 10

SCORE: 5 points

### React Props

Data Passing

React Props

Medium

How can the component *MyChild1* access the *test* variable without using props?

```
const MyChild1 = () => {  
  return <div>{test}</div>;  
};  
  
const MyParent = () => {  
  const test = 'my value';  
  return <MyChild1 />;  
};
```

- ☐ It is not possible with React; we need to use props.



```
const Context = React.createContext();  
const MyChild1 = () => {  
  
  const test = useContext(Context);  
  return <div>{test}</div>;  
};  
  
const MyParent = ()  
  const test = 'my value'  
  return (  
    <Context.Provider value={test}>  
      <Mychild1 />  
    </Context.Provider>  
  );  
};
```



```
const MyParent = () => {  
  const test = 'my value';  
  return (  
    <React.Context value={test}>  
      <MyChild1 />  
    </React.Context>  
  );  
};
```



```
const MyChild1 = (props, {test}) => {  
  return <div>{test}</div>;  
};
```

```
const MyParent = () => {
  const test = 'my value';
  React .createContext(test)
  return ( <MyChild1 /> );
};
```

## Question - 11

Infinity

SCORE: 5 points

Medium React

Which of the following options will display values from 1 to 10 ([1,10)) infinitely?

- ☒ import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';  
export default function App() {  
 const [a, change\_a] = useState(1);  
 useEffect(() => {  
 setTimeout(() => {  
 change\_a((a) => a + 1); },  
 1000);  
 if(a>10){  
 change\_a((a) => 1);  
 }  
 });  
 return ({a});  
}
- ☐ import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';  
export default function App() {  
 const [a, change\_a] = useState(1);  
 useEffect(() => {  
 setTimeout(() => { change\_a((a) => a + 1); }, 1000);  
 if(a>11){  
 change\_a((a) => 1);  
 }  
 });  
 return ({a});  
}
- ☐ import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';  
export default function App() {  
 const [a, change\_a] = useState(1);  
 useState(() => {  
 setTimeout(() => { change\_a((a) => a + 1); },  
 1000);  
 if(a>10){  
 change\_a((a) => 1);  
 }  
 });  
 return ({a});  
}
- ☐ None above

## Question - 12

Snippet

SCORE: 5 points

What is the output of this component?

```
export default class Clock extends React.Component {
  constructor() {
    this.setState({time: new Date()});
  }
  componentDidMount() {
    this.setState({ time : "Time never changes"});
  }
  render() {
    return <h1>Look at the time: {this.state.time}</h1>;
  }
}
```

- ☐ {CurrentDateTime}
- ☐ Time never changes
- ☒ This code will not compile
- ☐ None of above

## Question - 13

SCORE: 5 points

Data

The component "Data.js" is imported and used with "App.js" and used on a page. What is the output of the "App" component?

App.js

```
import Data from "./Data";
function App() {
  return (
    <>
    <h1> The data is shown below </h1>
    <Data/>
    </>
  );
}

export default App;
```

Data.js

```
export default function Data (props) {
  return (
    <div>
      <h1>I am an H1 title</h1>
      <p> I am a paragraph. </p>
      <h1>{props.title}</h1>
    </div>
  );
}
```



```
Data.defaultProps={
  title:"I am the default"
};
```

- ☐ I am an H1 title  
I am a paragraph.
- ☒ I am an H1 title  
I am a paragraph.  
I am the default
- ☐ I am a paragraph  
I am the default
- ☐ This code will not compile.

## Question - 14

SCORE: 5 points

React: Hooks I

React

Front-End Development

Medium

JavaScript

```
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export default function App() {
  const [noOfChocolates, setChocolates] = useState(1);
  const [chocolatePrice, setChocolatePrice] = useState(1);
  const addChocolates = function() {
    setChocolatePrice(num2=>num2+1)
  }
  useEffect(() => {
    setChocolates(1);
    setChocolatePrice(1);
  });
  return (
    <div className="my-app">
      <h1>Chocolates = {noOfChocolates}</h1>
      <h2>Price = {chocolatePrice}</h2>
      <button onClick={addChocolates}>Add More Chocolates</button>
    </div>
  );
}
```

The react component for a chocolate shop renders as shown below.

# Chocolates = 1

Price = 1

Add More Chocolates

What are the values of *Chocolates* and *Price* after the "*Add More Chocolates*" button is clicked 5 times?

- ☒ Chocolates = 1  
Price = 1
- ☐ Chocolates = 6  
Price = 6
- ☐ Chocolates = 1  
Price = 6
- ☐ Chocolates = 6  
Price = 1

## Question - 15

SCORE: 5 points

React: Hooks

React

Front-End Development

Medium

Front-End Frameworks

JavaScript

```
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export default function App() {
  const [noOfChocolates, setChocolates] = useState(1);
  const [chocolatePrice, setChocolatePrice] = useState(1);
  const addChocolates = function() {
    setChocolatePrice(num2=>num2+1)
  }
  useEffect(() => {
    setChocolates(1);
    setChocolatePrice(1);
  });
  return (
    <div className="my-app">
      <h1>Chocolates = {noOfChocolates}</h1>
      <h2>Price = {chocolatePrice}</h2>
      <button onClick={addChocolates}>Add More Chocolates</button>
    </div>
  );
}
```

The react component for a chocolate shop renders as shown below.

Chocolates = 2

Price = 4

Add More Chocolates

What are the values of *Chocolates* and *Price* after the "*Add More Chocolates*" button is clicked 5 times?

- ☐ Chocolates = 7  
Price = 4
- ☐ Chocolates = 7  
Price = 9
- ☒ Chocolates = 2  
Price = 9
- ☐ Chocolates = 2  
Price = 4